

Queensland

Geothermal Energy Bill 2010



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2010

A Bill

for

An Act to enable and facilitate the production of geothermal energy, to amend this Act, amend and repeal the Geothermal Exploration Act 2004, to repeal the Timber Utilisation and Marketing Act 1987, to amend the Aboriginal Land Act 1991, Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995, Dangerous Goods Safety Management Act 2001, Electricity Act 1994, Environmental Protection Act 1994, Fire and Rescue Service Act 1990, Foreign Ownership of Land Register Act 1988, Forestry Act 1959, Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009, Land Act 1994, Land Court Act 2000, Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002, Land Title Act 1994, Local Government Act 2009, Mineral Resources Act 1989, Nature Conservation Act 1992, Pest Management Act 2001, Petroleum Act 1923, Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004, Queensland Heritage Act 1992, State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971, Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003, Sustainable Planning Act 2009. Torres Strait Islander Land Act 1991. Valuation of Land Act 1944, Water Act 2000, Whistleblowers Protection Act 1994 and Workplace Health and Safety Act 1995 for particular purposes and to make a consequential amendment of the Wild Rivers Act 2005

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The Pa	arlia	ment of Queensland enacts—	1
Cha	pte	er 1 Preliminary	2
Part	1	Introduction	3
1	She	ort title This Act may be cited as the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> .	4 5
2	Co	mmencement	6
	(1)	Subject to subsections (2) and (3), this Act commences on a day to be fixed by proclamation.	7 8
	(2)	The following provisions commence on the date of assent—	9
		(a) chapter 9, part 2;	10
		(b) chapter 10, part 1;	11
		(c) schedule 2, part 1.	12
	(3)	Schedule 2, part 3 commences immediately after all of chapter 10 and all of the other provisions of schedule 2 have commenced.	13 14 15
Part	2	Purposes and application of Act	16 17
3	Pui	rposes of Act and their achievement	18
	(1)	The main purpose of this Act is to encourage and facilitate the	19

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		production of geothermal energy for the benefit of all enslanders.	1 2
(2)	The	main purpose is achieved principally by—	3
	(a)	providing for the granting of authorities (called 'geothermal tenures') to explore for or produce geothermal energy; and	4 5 6
		Note—	7
		Under section 321, there are several exemptions from the requirement to hold a geothermal tenure. They include exemptions for—	8 9 10
		 exempt heat pump production 	11
		 other geothermal production that is not of a large-scale. 	12
	(b)	creating a regulatory system for the carrying out of activities relating to geothermal tenures.	13 14
(3)	Othe	r purposes of this Act are to—	15
	(a)	ensure the following for the carrying out of the activities—	16 17
		(i) minimisation of conflict with other land uses;	18
		(ii) constructive consultation with people affected by the activities;	19 20
		(iii) appropriate compensation for owners or occupiers of land adversely affected by the activities;	21 22
		(iv) responsible land and resource management; and	23
	(b)	encourage the use of renewable energy in the State.	24
		on of Act by Petroleum and Gas (Production and Act 2004	25 26
		Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004 (the Act) also facilitates the operation of this Act by—	27 28
	(a)	applying chapter 9 of that Act (the <i>P&G Act safety provisions</i>) to particular authorised activities for a geothermal tenure; and	29 30 31

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		(b) applying its provisions about investigations and s its provisions about enforcement to authorised ac for geothermal tenures.		1 2 3
5	Ac	t binds all persons		4
	(1)	This Act binds all persons, including the State and, extent the legislative power of the Parliament permit Commonwealth and the other States.		5 6 7
	(2)	However, the Commonwealth or a State can not be pros for an offence against this Act.	secuted	8 9
6	Ар	plication of Act to coastal waters of the State		10
	(1)	This Act applies to the coastal waters of the State as coastal waters of the State were part of the State.	s if the	11 12
	(2)	However, this Act does not apply to the adjacent area the <i>Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1982</i> .	under	13 14
7	Re	lationship with Nature Conservation Act 1992		15
		This Act is subject to the <i>Nature Conservation Act</i> sections 27 and 70QA.	1992,	16 17
		Editor's note—		18
		Nature Conservation Act 1992, sections 27 (Prohibition on geothermal activities and GHG storage activities) and (Prohibition on mining, geothermal activities and GHG activities in forest reserves)	70QA	19 20 21 22
8		elationship with GHG storage Act and principal middle petroleum Acts	ining	23 24
		The relationship between this Act and the following Act the tenures and other authorities under them is provide under chapter 5, parts 2 to 8 and—		25 26 27
		(a) for the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009</i> (the <i>storage Act</i>)—chapter 4, parts 2 to 8 of that Act;	GHG	28 29

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		(b) for the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> (the <i>Mineral Resources Act</i>)—part 7AAC of that Act;	1 2
		(c) for the <i>Petroleum Act 1923</i> (the <i>1923 Act</i>)—section 40(1A) and part 6FA of that Act;	3 4
		(d) for the P&G Act—chapter 3A of that Act.	5
9	Ac	t does not affect other rights or remedies	6
	(1)	Subject to sections 201 and 374 this Act does not affect or limit a civil right or remedy that exists apart from this Act, whether at common law or otherwise.	7 8 9
		Editor's note—	10
		sections 201 (Responsibility for geothermal well after decommissioning) and 374 (Protection from liability for particular persons)	11 12 13
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), compliance with this Act does not necessarily show that a civil obligation that exists apart from this Act has been satisfied or has not been breached.	14 15 16 17
	(3)	In addition, a breach of an obligation under this Act does not of itself give rise to an action for breach of statutory duty or another civil right or remedy.	18 19 20
	(4)	This Act does not limit a court's powers under the <i>Penalties</i> and Sentences Act 1992 or another law.	21 22

Part 3		Interpretation	1
Divi	sion 1	Dictionary	2
10		dictionary in schedule 3 defines particular words used in Act.	3 4 5
Divi	sion 2	Key definitions	6
Sub	division	1 Key concepts	7
11	Geo	geothermal energy thermal energy is heat energy derived from the earth's ral (subsurface) heat.	8 9 10
12	What ar	e geothermal resources	11
	mate Exan gro	thermal resources are geological strata and associated erial in which elevated levels of geothermal energy exist. Inples of associated material— Doundwater, other fluids and gases that may fill fractures or voids in ological strata	12 13 14 15 16
13	What is	geothermal exploration	17
	Geo	thermal exploration is—	18
	(a) (b)	exploring for and quantifying geothermal resources; and carrying out investigations and other activities associated with exploring for, or quantifying, geothermal resources.	19 20 21 22

	Note—	1			
	Some geothermal exploration and production is not regulated under this Act, but may be under other legislation. See section 321(b) and (d) to (f) and note and also sections 16, 35 and 77.	2 3 4			
W	hat is geothermal production	5			
(1) Geothermal production is the recovery of geothermal energy—	6 7			
	(a) on or from beneath the surface of the land in which it is contained, other than production testing; or	8 9			
	(b) from a place at which geothermal energy naturally appears at the surface of the land.	10 11			
	Example for paragraph (b)—	12			
	hot springs	13			
(2	However, for this Act, geothermal energy is only produced when it is used for any purpose.	14 15			
W	hat is exempt heat pump production	16			
	Exempt heat pump production is geothermal production using a geothermal heat pump if—	17 18			
	(a) the purpose of the production is to cool or heat buildings; and	19 20			
	(b) the production is not of a large-scale.	21			
R	eferences to large-scale geothermal production	22			
(1	This section applies to a reference in this Act to large-scale geothermal production.				
(2	In deciding whether geothermal production is or will not be of a large-scale, regard must be had to any criteria prescribed under a regulation.				
(3	In making a regulation under subsection (2), the following may be considered—	28 29			

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		(a) the temperature of fluid or gases extracted in the geothermal production;	1 2
		(b) the flow rate of fluid or gases extracted in the geothermal production;	3 4
		(c) the amount of geothermal energy produced.	5
	(4)	In this section—	6
		geothermal production includes proposed geothermal production.	7 8
17	Wh	nat is <i>production testing</i>	9
		Production testing is testing from a geothermal well to evaluate the feasibility of geothermal production.	10 11
18	Wh	nat is a <i>geothermal activity</i>	12
		A <i>geothermal activity</i> is any activity that may be an authorised activity for any geothermal tenure, whether or not a geothermal tenure has been granted for the activity.	13 14 15
Sub	divis	sion 2 Definitions relating to authorities under Act	16 17
19	Туј	pes of authority under Act	18
	(1)	The types of authority under this Act are—	19
		(a) a geothermal exploration permit (also called a geothermal permit)—	20 21
		(i) granted under section 40; or	22
		(ii) continued in force under section 79 or 287; or	23
		(iii) renewed under section 288; and	24

		Note—	1
		See also section 392 (Conversion of 2004 Act permits on 2010 Act start day).	2
		(b) a geothermal production lease (also called a geothermal lease)—	4 5
		(i) granted under section 82; or	6
		(ii) continued in force under section 79 or 287; or	7
		(iii) renewed under section 288.	8
	(2)	A <i>geothermal tenure</i> is a geothermal permit or a geothermal lease.	9 10
20	Wh	at are the <i>conditions</i> of a geothermal tenure	11
	(1)	The <i>conditions</i> of a geothermal tenure are—	12
		(a) the conditions stated in it from time to time; and	13
		(b) the geothermal tenure holder's obligations under chapters 2 to 6; and	14 15
		(c) any condition of the geothermal tenure imposed under chapters 2 to 6 or prescribed under section 378; and	16 17
		(d) a condition that the holder must ensure each person who, under section 353, may carry out an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure complies with its conditions to the extent the conditions apply to the carrying out of the activity.	18 19 20 21 22
	(2)	A condition mentioned in subsection (1)(b) or (c) is a <i>mandatory condition</i> of the geothermal tenure.	23 24
21		ferences to geothermal tenure or provisions of othermal tenure	25 26
	(1)	A reference in this Act to a geothermal tenure includes a reference to its provisions.	27 28

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	(2)	tenure	Ference in this Act to the provisions of a geothermal e is a reference to its mandatory or other conditions and ing written in it.	1 2 3
22	Wh	at is a	n authorised activity for a geothermal tenure	4
		that it	athorised activity, for a geothermal tenure, is an activity is holder is, under this Act or the tenure, entitled to carry relation to the tenure.	5 6 7
		Notes-	_	8
			The provisions of the geothermal tenure may restrict the carrying out of authorised activities. See sections 40, 82, 289, 290, 291 and 314(3).	9 10 11
			The carrying out of authorised activities is subject to the restrictions under chapters 2 to 6 and section 351 and holder's rights and obligations under those chapters.	12 13 14
Sub		sion 3	,	15
23	VVI		n eligible person	16
			igible person is—	17
		` /	an adult; or	18
			a company or registered body under the Corporations Act; or	19 20
		(c)	a government owned corporation.	21
24	Wh	at is a	work program for a geothermal permit	22
	(1)	initial	work program, for a geothermal permit, is its current or later work program approved under chapter 2, part 3 ended from time to time under that part.	23 24 25
	(2)		absection (1), the work program is current if the period to the program applies has started and not ended.	26 27

25	What is a development plan for a geothermal lease				
	(1)	initi	development plan, for a geothermal lease, is its current all or later development plan approved under chapter 3, 3 as amended from time to time under that part.	2 3 4	
	(2)		subsection (1), the development plan is current if the od to which the plan applies has started and has not ended.	5 6	
26		aticul <i>b-blo</i>	ation of earth's surface into <i>blocks</i> and <i>cks</i>	7 8	
	(1)		lock is the land resulting from a notional division of the h's surface—	9 10	
		(a)	by 2 meridians of longitude 5 minutes apart, each meridian being a multiple of 5 minutes of longitude from the meridian of Greenwich; and	11 12 13	
		(b)	by 2 parallels of latitude 5 minutes apart, each parallel being a multiple of 5 minutes of latitude from the equator.	14 15 16	
	(2)	bloc meri	ab-block is the land resulting from a notional division of a sk into 25 areas, each sub-block being bounded by 2 idians of longitude 1 minute of longitude apart and 2 illels of latitude 1 minute of latitude apart.	17 18 19 20	
	(3)		h block and sub-block must be identified in the way roved by the chief executive.	21 22	
27	Wh	at is	a resource Act	23	
		A re	esource Act is any of the following—	24	
		•	this Act	25	
		•	the GHG storage Act	26	
		•	the Mineral Resources Act	27	
		•	the 1923 Act	28	
		•	the P&G Act.	29	

Part 4			State ownership of geothermal energy		1 2
28	State ownership of geothermal energy				
	(1)	the S	-	ermal energy on or below the surface of any land in is, and is taken always to have been, the property of	4 5 6
	(2)	To re	emove	e any doubt, it is declared that—	7
		(a)	ener disco	erson does not acquire any property in geothermal egy merely because the person discovers it or overs geothermal resources from which geothermal egy may be extracted; and	8 9 10 11
		(b)		section (1) applies whether or not the land is hold or other land.	12 13
	(3)		section sectio	on applies despite any other Act, grant, title or other	14 15
29	Res	serva	tion	in land grants	16
	(1)			on applies to each grant under another Act of a right land.	17 18
	(2)			on applies whether the grant was made before or commencement of this section.	19 20
	(3)	The	grant	is taken to contain a reservation to the State of—	21
		(a)	_	geothermal energy on or below the surface of the ; and	22 23
		(b)	the e	exclusive right to do the following in relation to the	24 25
			(i)	to enter and carry out any geothermal activity;	26
			(ii)	to authorise, under this Act, persons to carry out any geothermal activity;	27 28

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	(iii) to regulate, under this Act, geothermal activities carried out by others. Note—	1 2 3
	See, however, section 368 (Provision for entry by State to carry out geothermal activity).	4 5
(4)	In this section—	6
	<i>grant</i> , of a right, includes an authority, lease, licence, permit or other instrument of tenure, however called.	7 8
Chapte	er 2 Geothermal exploration	9
o nap u	permits	10
	Notes—	11
	1 For the general requirement to have a geothermal tenure and the exceptions to the requirement, see section 321.	12 13
	2 In particular, section 321 does not require the holding of a geothermal permit for geothermal exploration that is only for exempt heat pump production.	14 15 16
	3 Chapter 5 (Coordination with particular authorities under other resource Acts) imposes requirements for and restrictions on the granting of, and restrictions on authorised activities that may be carried out under, particular geothermal tenures. See section 133.	17 18 19 20
Part 1	Key authorised activities	21
30 Op	eration of pt 1	22
	This part provides for the key authorised activities for a geothermal permit.	23 24
	Notes—	25
	1 For other authorised activities, see chapter 6, part 5, division 2 (Access to private land outside area of geothermal tenure) and	26 27

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		chapter 8, part 1, division 2 (General provisions about authorised activities).	1 2
		For general restrictions on authorised activities, their relationship with owners' and occupiers' rights and who may carry out authorised activities for a geothermal tenure holder, see chapter 4 and chapter 8, part 1, division 2.	3 4 5 6
31	Pri	ncipal authorised activities	7
			8 9
		(a) geothermal exploration;	10
		(b) evaluating the feasibility of geothermal production, including, for example, by production testing.	11 12
32	Inc	dental activities	13
	(1)	The geothermal permit holder may carry out any other activity (an <i>incidental activity</i>) in the permit's area if carrying out the activity is reasonably necessary for or is incidental to geothermal exploration.	14 15 16 17
		Examples of incidental activities—	18
		 constructing or operating facilities, plant or works, including, for example, communication systems, compressors, pipelines, pumping stations, reservoirs, roads, evaporation or storage ponds and tanks 	19 20 21 22
		 constructing or using temporary structures or structures of a technical nature 	23 24
	(2)	However, constructing or using a structure, other than a temporary structure, for office or residential accommodation is not an incidental activity.	25 26 27

Part :	2	Obtaining geothermal permit	1
Divisi	on	1 Restricted areas	2
33		nister's power to decide restricted areas for othermal tenures	3 4
	(1)	The Minister may declare that land in an area (a <i>restricted area</i>) is land for which a geothermal tenure application can not be made.	5 6 7
	(2)	However, a declaration can not be made under subsection (1) for excluded land or land in an existing geothermal tenure's area.	8 9 10
	(3)	The declaration must be made by gazette notice or by publishing a notice about the declaration.	11 12
34	Am	endment or cancellation of restricted area	13
	(1)	The power under section 33 to declare a restricted area includes the power to amend or cancel a restricted area.	14 15
	(2)	If land ceases to be in a restricted area, the relevant declaration may state a period within which geothermal permit applications for the land will not be considered, to allow them to be considered competitively after the period ends.	16 17 18 19 20
	(3)	Land mentioned in subsection (2) is a <i>released area</i> .	21
	(4)	The period stated under subsection (2) for a released area is the <i>application period</i> for the area.	22

Divi	sion	2	Applying for geothermal permit	1
35	Wh	o may	y apply	2
	(1)	•	eligible person may apply for a geothermal permit for other than—	3 4
		(a)	land in a restricted area; or	5
		(b)	excluded land; or	6
		(c)	land in an existing geothermal tenure's area; or	7
			land that has been in a geothermal tenure's area within 2 months before the making of the application.	8 9
	(2)		a geothermal permit application (the <i>relevant</i> cation) may be made for land the subject of an existing cation only if—	10 11 12
		` /	the land is in a released area and the relevant application is made during the application period for the area; or	13 14
			the existing application was made on the same day as the relevant application.	15 16
	(3)		ite subsection (1), a geothermal permit application can e made for geothermal exploration—	17 18
		(a)	for exempt heat pump production; or	19
		()	to evaluate the feasibility of exempt heat pump production.	20 21
	(4)	In this	s section—	22
			ng application means another geothermal permit cation made but not decided.	23 24
36	Re	quiren	nents for making application	25
		The a	pplication must—	26
		(a)	be made to the Minister in the approved form; and	27

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		(b)	include a proposed work program complying with the initial work program requirements; and	1 2
		(c)	include a statement about the extent to which the applicant has—	3
			(i) the financial and technical resources to carry out authorised activities for the proposed geothermal permit; and	5 6 7
			(ii) the ability to manage geothermal exploration; and	8
		(d)	state the name and address for service of 1 person on whom any notice to the applicant may be served; and	9 10
		(e)	be accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	11 12
Divi	sion	3	Deciding application	13
37			on on deciding during application period for larea	14 15
		with	e application is for land in a released area and is made in the application period for the area, the application can be decided before the end of that period.	16 17 18
		Note-	_	19
		See	e also section 43 (Priority for deciding competing applications).	20
38	Effe	ect of	identification of restricted area on application	21
	(1)	of th	efore the deciding of the application, any land the subject he application is declared to be in a restricted area, the decation lapses to the extent it applies to the restricted area.	22 23 24
	(2)	or ot	mount, whether by way of compensation, reimbursement therwise, is payable by the State to any person for or in ection with the operation of subsection (1).	25 26 27

39	De	ciding whether to grant geothermal permit	1
	(1)	The Minister must decide whether or not to grant the applicant a geothermal permit.	2 3
	(2)	However—	4
		(a) before deciding to grant the geothermal permit, the Minister must decide whether to approve the applicant's proposed initial work program for the permit; and	5 6 7
		(b) the Minister can not grant the geothermal permit unless the following apply—	8
		(i) the applicant continues to be an eligible person;	10
		(ii) the proposed work program has been approved;	11
		(iii) the relevant environmental authority has been issued;	12 13
		(iv) any relevant Water Act authorisation has been issued.	14 15
	(3)	The Minister may, as a condition of deciding to grant the geothermal permit, require the applicant to do either or both of the following within a stated reasonable period—	16 17 18
		(a) pay the annual rent for the first year of the geothermal permit;	19 20
		(b) give, under section 203, security for the geothermal permit.	21 22
	(4)	If the applicant does not comply with the requirement, the application may be refused.	23 24
40	Pro	ovisions and granting of geothermal permit	25
	(1)	If the Minister decides to grant the applicant a geothermal permit, the Minister must decide its provisions and grant the the applicant the permit.	26 27 28
	(2)	The permit must state its term and area.	29

	(3)	The term must end no later than 5 years after the permit takes effect.	1 2
	(4)	The area must comply with chapter 6, part 1.	3
	(5)	The permit may also state—	4
		(a) conditions or other provisions of the permit, other than conditions or provisions that are—	5 6
		(i) inconsistent with the mandatory conditions for geothermal permits; or	7 8
		(ii) the same as, or substantially the same as, or inconsistent with, any relevant environmental condition for the permit; and	9 10 11
		(b) the day the permit takes effect.	12
	(6)	However, the provisions of the permit may exclude or restrict the carrying out of an authorised activity for the permit.	13 14
	(7)	The day the permit takes effect can not be before the day it is granted.	15 16
	(8)	If no day of effect is stated, the permit takes effect on the day after it is granted.	17 18
41	Cri	iteria for decisions	19
		In deciding whether or not to grant the applicant a geothermal permit, or in deciding its provisions, the Minister must consider—	20 21 22
		(a) the applicant's proposed initial work program; and	23
		(b) the extent to which the Minister is of the opinion that the applicant is capable (the <i>capability criteria</i>) of carrying out authorised activities for the geothermal permit, having regard to the applicant's—	24 25 26 27
		(i) financial and technical resources; and	28
		(ii) ability to manage geothermal exploration.	29

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42	Not	The Minister must, as soon as practicable after deciding whether or not to grant the applicant a geothermal permit, give the applicant notice of the decision.	1 2 3 4
Divis	ion	4 Priority for deciding competing geothermal permit applications	5 6
43	Pric	ority for deciding competing applications	7
	(1)	This section applies if 2 or more geothermal permit applications are—	8 9
		(a) for land in a released area and made before the end of the application period for the area; or	10 11
		(b) for the same land and made on the same day.	12
		Note—	13
		Competing applications for land other than land in a released area can not be made on different days. See section 35.	14 15
	(2)	The applications take the priority the Minister decides, after considering the relative merits of each application.	16 17
Part	3	Work programs	18
Divis	ion	1 Function and purpose	19
44	Fur	action and purpose	20
	(1)	The work program for a geothermal permit gives detailed information about the nature and extent of activities to be carried out under the permit.	21 22 23
	(2)	The purposes of giving the information are to—	24

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		(a) (b)	allow resource management decisions to be made; and ensure appropriate development of the geothermal permit's area.	1 1 2 3
Divi	sion	2	Requirements for proposed initial work programs	4 5
45	Ор	eratio	on of div 2	6
		prog	s division provides for requirements (the <i>initial work</i> gram requirements) for a proposed work program for a posed geothermal permit.	
46	Pro	gran	m period	10
	(1)	The	proposed work program must state its period.	11
	(2)		period can not be longer than 5 years from when the posed geothermal permit is to take effect.	12 13
47	Ge	neral	I requirements	14
	(1)	The	proposed work program must provide for the following—	- 15
		(a)	its period;	16
		(b)	an overview of the activities proposed to be carried out under the proposed geothermal permit during all of its term (the <i>proposed activities</i>);	
		(c)	for each year of the program period—	20
			(i) the extent and nature of geothermal exploration proposed to be carried out during the year; and	21 22
			(ii) generally where the proposed activities will be carried out; and	23 24
			(iii) the estimated cost of the proposed activities;	25

	(d)	maps showing where the proposed activities will be carried out;	1 2
	(e)	reasons why the program is considered appropriate;	3
	(f)	any other matter prescribed under a regulation.	4
(2)		proposed program may include any other information want to the work program criteria.	5 6
(3)	A regulation may impose requirements about the form of the work program.		
(4)		proposed program can not be inconsistent with the datory conditions for geothermal permits.	9 10
(5)	In th	nis section—	11
	<i>prog</i> start	gram period start day means the day the program period is.	12 13
	year	, of the program period, means—	14
	(a)	the period starting on the program period start day and ending on the first anniversary of that day; and	15 16
	(b)	each subsequent period of 12 months or less during the program period, starting on an anniversary of the program period start day and ending on—	17 18 19
		(i) the next anniversary of that day; or	20
		(ii) if the program period ends before the next anniversary—the day the program period ends.	21 22
Wa	ter is	ssues	23
(1)	The	proposed work program must include an assessment of—	24
	(a)	water needed for the proposed activities; and	25
	(b)	the potential for obtaining any relevant Water Act authorisation; and	26 27
	(c)	the potential structural and other impacts of the carrying out of the proposed activities on aquifers.	28 29

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	(2)	and	proposed program must include a plan for the treatment disposal of any water taken or that may be taken because a proposed activities.	1 2 3
	(3)	This	section is subject to section 52(2).	4
Div	ision	3	Approval of proposed initial work programs	5 6
		Note-		7
		Fo	r the requirement for an initial work program, see section 39.	8
49	Cri	teria		9
	(1)		leciding whether to approve a proposed initial work gram, the Minister must consider the following—	10 11
		(a)	the potential of the proposed area of the geothermal permit for geothermal exploration;	12 13
		(b)	the extent and nature of the proposed geothermal exploration and when and where it will be carried out;	14 15
		(c)	any relevant environmental authority;	16
		(d)	any relevant Water Act authorisation;	17
		(e)	any potential structural and other impacts of the carrying out of the proposed activities on aquifers.	18 19
	(2)		matters mentioned in subsection (1) are the work gram criteria.	20 21
50	Vei	rificat	tion may be required	22
	(1)	Mini by a	Minister may by notice require the applicant to give the ister, within a stated reasonable period, a document made in appropriately qualified independent person verifying all my of the following—	23 24 25 26
		(a)	an assessment of data supplied in the proposed work program;	27 28

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		(b)	the source of the data;	1
		(c)	the work done for the proposed work program;	2
		(d)	that, in the person's opinion, the applicant has—	3
			(i) the financial and technical resources to carry out authorised activities for the proposed geothermal permit; and	4 5 6
			(ii) the ability to manage geothermal exploration.	7
	(2)		ne applicant does not comply with the requirement, the ister may refuse to approve the proposed program.	8 9
	(3)		applicant must bear any costs incurred in complying with requirement.	10 11
Divi	sion	4	Requirements for proposed later work programs	12 13
51	Ор	eratio	on of div 4	14
		prog	division provides for requirements (the <i>later work gram requirements</i>) for a proposed later work program for othermal permit.	15 16 17
		Note-	_	18
			r the requirements to give a proposed later work program, see ctions 118, 186(7) and 314.	19 20
52	Ge	neral	requirements	21
	(1)	The	proposed work program must—	22
		(a)	other than for the program period, comply with the initial work program requirements; and	23 24
		(b)	state the extent to which the current work program for the geothermal permit has been complied with; and	25 26
		(c)	if there have been any amendments to the geothermal permit or its current work program, state—	27 28

		(i) whether the changes have been incorporated in proposed program; and		1
		(ii) any effect the changes have on the prop program; and		3
		(d) state the effect of the discovery of geothermal resonon the proposed program.		5
	(2)	The proposed program can not be inconsistent with relevant environmental condition for the geothermal perm	•	7
53	Pro	ogram period	Ģ	9
		The program period for the work program can not be lot than the proposed term of the geothermal permit.	_	10 11
54		plementation of evaluation program for potential othermal commercial area		12 13
		If, under section 67, an evaluation program is taken to be additional part of the existing work program for geothermal permit, the proposed work program must income work necessary to implement the evaluation program for period of that program.	the 1 clude 1 or the 1	14 15 16 17
Divi	sion	Approval of proposed later work programs		19 20
55	Ар	oplication of div 5		21
		This division applies if, under this Act, the Minister is given proposed later work program for a geothermal permit approval.	t for	22 23 24
56		eothermal permit taken to have work program until		25 26
	(1)	This section applies until—		27

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		(a)	if the approval is given—the geothermal permit holder is given notice of the approval; or	1 2
		(b)	if the approval is refused—the refusal takes effect.	3
	(2)	-	pite the ending of the program period for the current work gram for the geothermal permit—	4 5
		(a)	the geothermal permit is taken to have a work program; and	6 7
		(b)	the holder may carry out any authorised activity for the geothermal permit.	8 9
57	Dec	cidin	g whether to approve proposed program	10
	(1)		Minister may approve or refuse to approve the proposed work program.	11 12
	(2)		eciding whether to give the approval, the Minister must sider the following—	13 14
		(a)	the capability criteria;	15
		(b)	the work program criteria;	16
		(c)	the extent to which the current work program for the geothermal permit has been complied with;	17 18
		(d)	any amendments made to the geothermal permit or any of the following for the permit, and the reasons for the amendments—	19 20 21
			(i) the current work program;	22
			(ii) the relevant environmental authority;	23
			(iii) any relevant Water Act authorisation;	24
		(e)	any geothermal viability report or independent viability assessment for the geothermal permit.	25 26
	(3)	initia	ion 50 applies for the proposed program as if it were an all work program and an application for approval of the all work program had been made.	27 28 29

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58	Sto	eps after, and taking effect of, decision	1
J 0	(1)	If the Minister decides to approve the proposed program, the	2
	()	Minister must give the geothermal permit holder notice of the decision.	3 4
	(2)	The approval takes effect when the holder is given the notice or, if the notice states a later day of effect, on the later day.	5 6
	(3)	If the Minister decides to refuse to approve the later work program, the Minister must give the holder an information notice about the decision.	7 8 9
	(4)	The refusal does not take effect until the end of the appeal period for the decision to refuse.	10 11
	(5)	Subsection (4) applies subject to section 332 and any decision of the Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to refuse.	12 13 14
Divi	sion	6 Amending work programs	15
59	Re	strictions on amending work program	16
	(1)	A geothermal permit holder may amend the work program for the permit.	17 18
	(2)	However, the amendment is subject to approval under this division.	19 20
	(3)	Also, a work program can not be amended if the program as amended would be inconsistent with—	21 22
		(a) the mandatory conditions for geothermal permits; or	23
		(b) any relevant environmental condition for the permit.	24
60	Ар	plying for approval to amend	25
	(1)	A geothermal permit holder may apply to the Minister for approval of an amendment of the work program for the permit.	26 27 28

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	(2)	The application must be in the approved form and accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	1 2
61	Vei	rification	3
		Section 50 applies for the application as if—	4
		(a) the application were an application for a geothermal permit; and	5 6
		(b) a reference in the section to a proposed work program were a reference to the amendment.	7 8
62	De	ciding application	9
	(1)	The Minister must consider and decide whether or not to approve the amendment.	10 11
	(2)	In making the decision the Minister must consider the following—	12 13
		(a) the capability criteria;	14
		(b) the work program criteria;	15
		(c) the extent to which the current work program for the geothermal permit has been complied with;	16 17
		(d) any amendments made to the geothermal permit or any of the following for the permit, and the reasons for the amendments—	18 19 20
		(i) the current work program;	21
		(ii) the relevant environmental authority;	22
		(iii) any relevant Water Act authorisation;	23
63	Ste	ps after, and taking effect of, decision	24
	(1)	If the Minister decides to approve the amendment, the Minister must give the geothermal permit holder notice of the decision.	25 26 27

	(2)	The approval takes effect when the holder is given the notice or, if the notice states a later day of effect, on the later day.	1 2
	(3)	If the Minister decides to refuse to approve the amendment, the Minister must give the holder an information notice about the decision.	3 4 5
	(4)	The refusal takes effect when the holder is given the notice or, if the notice states a later day of effect, on the later day.	6 7
	(5)	Subsection (4) applies subject to section 332 and any decision of the Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to refuse.	8 9 10
Part	4	Potential geothermal commercial areas	11
		Commercial areas	12
64	Pu	pose of potential geothermal commercial area	13
	(1)	The purpose of the declaration of an area as a potential	14
		geothermal commercial area for a geothermal permit is to encourage longer-term development of the area for geothermal production.	15 16 17
	(2)	encourage longer-term development of the area for	16
	(2)	encourage longer-term development of the area for geothermal production. The purpose is achieved by making special provisions about work programs and relinquishment for potential geothermal	16 17 18 19
	(2)	encourage longer-term development of the area for geothermal production. The purpose is achieved by making special provisions about work programs and relinquishment for potential geothermal commercial areas.	16 17 18 19 20
65		encourage longer-term development of the area for geothermal production. The purpose is achieved by making special provisions about work programs and relinquishment for potential geothermal commercial areas. Note—	16 17 18 19 20 21
65		encourage longer-term development of the area for geothermal production. The purpose is achieved by making special provisions about work programs and relinquishment for potential geothermal commercial areas. Note— For the provisions, see sections 67 and 115.	16 17 18 19 20 21 22

	(a)	made to the Minister in the approved form; and	1
	(b)	accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	2
(3)	The	application may be made—	3
	(a)	for more than 1 part of the geothermal permit's area; and	4
	(b)	even if another part of the geothermal permit's area is already a potential geothermal commercial area.	5 6
(4)	The	application must include—	7
	(a)	a report for or that includes the proposed potential geothermal commercial area that—	8 9
		(i) complies with the requirements prescribed under a regulation for geothermal viability reports; and	10 11
		(ii) is still relevant to the circumstances of the proposed potential geothermal commercial area; and	12 13 14
	(b)	an evaluation program for—	15
		(i) potential geothermal production in the proposed potential geothermal commercial area; and	16 17
		(ii) market opportunities for potential geothermal production.	18 19
(5)	How	vever, subsection (4)(a) does not apply if—	20
	(a)	a geothermal viability report or an independent viability assessment relates to or includes the proposed potential geothermal commercial area; and	21 22 23
	(b)	the report or assessment is still relevant to the circumstances of the proposed potential geothermal commercial area.	24 25 26
(6)	part	evaluation program may provide for a suspension of all or of the work program for the area the subject of the ication.	27 28 29

Deciding potential geothermal commercial area application		
(1)	The Minister may declare an area the subject of the application to be a potential geothermal commercial area only if satisfied—	3 4 5
	(a) the area is no more than is needed to cover the maximum extent of geothermal resources identified in the report; and	6 7 8
	(b) geothermal production in the area is not, and will not soon be, commercially viable, but is likely to become viable within 5 years.	9 10 11
(2)	The area declared must form a single contiguous parcel of land.	12 13
(3)	In deciding the application, regard must be had to—	14
	(a) whether the relevant geothermal permit's conditions have been substantially complied with; and	15 16
	(b) any other matter prescribed under a regulation.	17
(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the declaration may be made even if the geothermal permit is being continued in force under section 79 or 287.	18 19 20
(5)	If the Minister decides to refuse the application, the Minister must give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	21 22 23
Inc	clusion of evaluation program in work program	24
(1)	If the declaration is made, the evaluation program that accompanied the application is taken to be an additional part of the existing work program for the geothermal permit.	25 26 27
(2)	If there is an inconsistency between the evaluation program and the rest of the work program, the evaluation program prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	28 29 30

Ter	m of	declaration	1
(1)		eclaration of a potential geothermal commercial area inues in force for the period stated in the declaration.	2 3
(2)	The	period can not be more than 5 years.	4
(3)	In de	eciding a shorter period, the Minister must consider—	5
	(a)	when any discovery of geothermal resources was made; and	6 7
	(b)	any geothermal viability report or independent viability assessment for or that includes the proposed potential geothermal commercial area.	8 9 10
(4)	geot stati	pite subsection (1), the declaration ceases if the hermal permit holder gives the chief executive a notice ng that the holder no longer wishes the area to be a ntial geothermal commercial area.	11 12 13 14
		al geothermal commercial area still part of mal permit	15 16
		eclaration of a potential geothermal commercial area does change the land the subject of the declaration from g—	17 18 19
	(a)	part of the area of the geothermal permit the subject of the application for the declaration; and	20 21
	(b)	subject to the geothermal permit.	22
		f ending of declaration of potential geothermal rcial area	23 24
(1)	This	section applies if—	25
	(a)	all or part of the area of a geothermal permit is a potential geothermal commercial area; and	26 27
	(b)	the declaration of the potential geothermal commercial area ends more than 5 years after the geothermal permit originally took effect.	28 29 30

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	(2)	area If th	e declaration applied to a part of the geothermal permit's, the part ceases to be included in the area. ne declaration applies to all of the geothermal permit's, the permit ends.	1 2 3 4
Part	5		Provisions to facilitate transition to geothermal lease	5 6
71	Ар	plicat	tion of pt 5	7
		geot for	part applies if the Minister reasonably considers a hermal permit holder should apply for a geothermal lease all or part of the permit's area because the Minister siders geothermal production in the area—	8 9 10 11
		(a)	is currently of a large-scale; or	12
		(b)	is likely to become of a large-scale within 2 years.	13
72	Mir	nister	ial direction to apply for geothermal lease	14
	(1)		Minister may give the geothermal permit holder a notice ng the following—	15 16
		(a)	that the Minister proposes to do either of the following, (the <i>proposed action</i>) unless the holder has made an appropriate lease application—	17 18 19
			(i) excise a stated area from the area of the geothermal permit;	20 21
			(ii) cancel the geothermal permit;	22
		(b)	the grounds for the proposed action;	23
		(c)	the facts and circumstances forming the basis for the grounds;	24 25

		(d) that the holder may, within a state submissions to the Minister about why t not make a geothermal lease application 3, part 2 for the stated area.	he holder should	1 2 3 4
	(2)	The stated period must be reasonable but m than 6 months.	nust not be more	5 6
	(3)	In this section—		7
		<i>appropriate lease application</i> means a g application for—	eothermal lease	8 9
		(a) the stated area or an area that is substant the stated area; or	tially the same as	10 11
		(b) another area the Minister reasonably effectively allow the holder to carry activities for a geothermal lease in relatarea.	out authorised	12 13 14 15
73	Tal	king proposed action		1.6
13			an anlarif	16
	(1)	Proposed action under section 72 may be take	•	17
		(a) the stated period under that section has	ended; and	18
		(b) either—		19
		(i) the holder has not made an a application under that section; or	ppropriate lease	20 21
		(ii) any appropriate lease application u made by the holder has been refuse		22 23
		(c) the Minister has considered any subm the holder within the period.	issions made by	24 25
	(2)	If the Minister decides to take the propo- Minister must give the holder an information decision.		26 27 28
	(3)	A decision to take the proposed action does until the end of the appeal period for the decis		29 30
		until the cha of the appear period for the accis	81011.	

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Chapter 3	Geothermal production leases	1
	leases	2
Notes	_	3
1	Under this chapter, a geothermal lease can only be obtained for large-scale geothermal production. See section 77.	4 5
2	For the general requirement to have a geothermal tenure and the exceptions to the requirement, see section 321. In particular, section 321 only requires the holding of a geothermal lease for large-scale geothermal production.	6 7 8 9
3	Chapter 5 (Coordination with particular authorities under other resource Acts) imposes requirements for and restrictions on the granting of, and restrictions on authorised activities that may be carried out under, particular geothermal tenures. See section 133.	10 11 12 13
Part 1	Key authorised activities	14
74 Operation	on of pt 1	15
	part provides for the key authorised activities for a nermal lease.	16 17
Notes	<u> </u>	18
1	For other authorised activities, see chapter 6, part 5, division 2 (Access to private land outside area of geothermal tenure) and chapter 8, part 1, division 2 (General provisions about authorised activities).	19 20 21 22
2	For general restrictions on authorised activities, their relationship with owner's and occupiers' rights and who may carry out authorised activities for a geothermal tenure holder, see chapter 4 and chapter 8, part 1, division 2.	23 24 25 26
75 Principa	I authorised activities	27
	geothermal lease holder may carry out the following ities in the lease's area—	28 29
(a)	geothermal exploration;	30

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		_	
		(b) evaluating the feasibility of geothermal production, including, for example, by production testing;	1 2
		(c) geothermal production.	3
76	Inc	idental activities	4
	(1)	The geothermal lease holder may carry out any other activity (an <i>incidental activity</i>) in the lease's area if carrying out the activity is reasonably necessary for or is incidental to geothermal production.	5 6 7 8
		Examples of incidental activities—	9
		 constructing or operating facilities, plant or works, including, for example, communication systems, compressors, pipelines, pumping stations, reservoirs, roads, evaporation or storage ponds and tanks 	10 11 12 13
		 constructing or using temporary structures or structures of a technical nature 	14 15
	(2)	However, constructing or using a structure, other than a temporary structure, for office or residential accommodation is not an incidental activity.	16 17 18
	(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the use of infrastructure supporting the use of, or using, geothermal energy is not, of itself, an incidental activity.	19 20 21
		Example of infrastructure that uses geothermal energy—	22
		a power station	23

Part 2			Transition from geothermal permit to geothermal lease	1 2
Div	ision	1	Applying for geothermal lease	3
77	Wh	o ma	ay apply	4
	(1)	pers	eothermal permit holder who continues to be an eligible son may apply for a geothermal lease over all or part of the mit's area.	5 6 7
		Note	_	8
			or restrictions on what land may be included in a geothermal tenure, e sections 33, 35 and 183.	9 10
	(2)		wever, the holder can only apply for a geothermal lease for land for large-scale geothermal production.	11 12
	(3)		o, a person other than the holder may apply for the thermal lease—	13 14
		(a)	jointly with the holder; or	15
		(b)	with the holder's consent.	16
	(4)		remove any doubt, it is declared that a geothermal lease only be applied for or granted under this part.	17 18
78	Re	quire	ements for making application	19
		The	application must—	20
		(a)	be made to the Minister in the approved form; and	21
		(b)	address the capability criteria; and	22
		(c)	include a proposed development plan complying with the initial development plan requirements; and	23 24
		(d)	include a statement about the extent to which the applicant has—	25 26

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			(i)	the financial and technical resources to carry out authorised activities for the proposed geothermal lease; and	1 2 3
			(ii)	the ability to manage geothermal production; and	4
		(e)		e the name and address for service of 1 person on om any notice to the applicant may be served; and	5 6
		(f)		accompanied by the fee prescribed under a lation.	7 8
79	Со	ntinu	ing e	effect of geothermal permit for application	9
	(1)	relev	ant g	ion applies if, other than for subsection (2), the eothermal permit would, other than by cancellation Act, end before the application is decided.	10 11 12
	(2)		_	nermal permit continues in force for the area the the application until the earliest of the following—	13 14
		(a)	the t	term of the geothermal lease starts;	15
		(b)	a ref	fusal of the application takes effect;	16
		(c)	the a	application is withdrawn.	17
	(3)	_		ny ending of the program period for the current work for the geothermal permit—	18 19
		(a)	the and	geothermal permit is taken to have a work program;	20 21
		(b)		holder may carry out any authorised activity for the thermal permit.	22 23
Divi	sion	2		Deciding application	24
80	De	ciding	g wh	ether to grant geothermal lease	25
		geot	herma	o section 83, the Minister may grant the applicant a al lease only if satisfied the requirements mentioned 81 have been complied with.	26 27 28

Require	ments for grant	1
For s	section 80, the requirements are the following—	2
(a)	the applicant continues to be an eligible person;	3
(b)	the proposed area of the proposed geothermal lease—	4
	(i) is appropriate for the authorised activities proposed to be carried out; and	5 6
	(ii) contains adequately identified geothermal resources that are adequate for the geothermal lease's proposed purpose;	7 8 9
(c)	the relevant geothermal permit's conditions have been substantially complied with;	10 11
(d)	the Minister has approved the applicant's proposed initial development plan for the geothermal lease;	12 13
(e)	the relevant environmental authority has been issued;	14
(f)	any relevant Water Act authorisation has been issued;	15
(g)	the applicant has established that geothermal production in the geothermal lease's area will or is likely to happen within 2 years after the lease is to take effect;	16 17 18
(h)	the applicant has paid the annual rent for the first year of the proposed geothermal lease;	19 20
(i)	the applicant has, under section 203, given security for the geothermal lease;	21 22
(j)	the Minister is of the opinion that the applicant is capable (the <i>capability criteria</i>) of carrying out authorised activities for the geothermal lease having regard to the applicant's—	23 24 25 26
	(i) financial and technical resources; and	27
	(ii) ability to manage geothermal production.	28

82	Pro	ovisions and granting of geothermal lease	1
	(1)	If the Minister decides to grant the applicant a geothermal lease, the Minister must decide its provisions and grant the applicant the lease.	2 3 4
	(2)	The lease must state its term and area.	5
	(3)	The term must end no later than 30 years after the lease takes effect.	6 7
	(4)	The area must comply with chapter 6, part 1.	8
	(5)	The geothermal lease may also state—	9
		(a) conditions or other provisions of the lease, other than conditions or provisions that are—	10 11
		(i) inconsistent with the mandatory conditions for geothermal leases; or	12 13
		(ii) the same as, or substantially the same as, or inconsistent with, any relevant environmental condition for the lease; and	14 15 16
		(b) a day for the lease to take effect; and	17
		(c) a day by which geothermal production under the lease is to start (the <i>production commencement day</i>).	18 19
	(6)	However, the provisions of the lease may exclude or restrict the carrying out of an authorised activity for the lease.	20 21
	(7)	The day the lease takes effect can not be before the day it is granted.	22 23
	(8)	If no day of effect is stated, the lease takes effect on the day after it is granted.	24 25
	(9)	In deciding the provisions of the lease, the Minister must consider the development plan criteria and capability criteria.	26 27
	(10)	This section applies subject to section 83	28

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83		ovisions about grant and conditions of geothermal se for significant project	1 2
	(1)	This section applies if a proposed geothermal lease is for a significant project.	3 4
	(2)	The Minister must not grant the geothermal lease until the Minister has been given the coordinator-general's report for the project.	5 6 7
	(3)	Any coordinator-general's conditions for the geothermal lease must be stated in the lease.	8 9
	(4)	Any other condition of the geothermal lease stated under section 82 can not be inconsistent with the coordinator-general's conditions.	10 11 12
	(5)	If a mandatory condition for geothermal leases conflicts with any of the coordinator-general's conditions, the mandatory condition prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	13 14 15
	(6)	In this section—	16
		coordinator-general's conditions, for the proposed geothermal lease, means the conditions for the lease stated in the coordinator-general's report for the significant project.	17 18 19
		coordinator-general's report means the coordinator-general's report under the State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971 for the EIS for the significant project.	20 21 22
84	Info	ormation notice about refusal	23
		If the Minister decides to refuse to grant the applicant a geothermal lease, the Minister must give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	24 25 26
85	Wh	nen refusal takes effect	27
	(1)	A decision to refuse to grant the applicant a geothermal lease takes effect at the end of the appeal period for the decision.	28 29

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	(2)	Subsection (1) applies subject to section 332 and any decision of the Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to refuse.	1 2 3
Part	3	Development plans	4
Divis	sion	1 Function and purpose	5
86	Fur	nction and purpose	6
	(1)	The development plan for a geothermal lease (the <i>relevant lease</i>) gives detailed information about the nature and extent of activities to be carried out under the relevant lease.	7 8 9
	(2)	The development plan may—	10
		(a) also be about another geothermal lease or proposed geothermal lease if the other geothermal lease or proposed geothermal lease relates to the relevant lease; and	11 12 13 14
		(b) provide that when the plan is approved it will replace any development plan for the other lease.	15 16
	(3)	The purposes of giving the information are to—	17
		(a) allow resource management decisions to be made; and	18
		(b) ensure appropriate development of the geothermal lease's area.	19 20

Division 2		2	Requirements for proposed initial development plans	1 2
87	Ор	eratio	on of div 2	3
			division provides for requirements (the <i>initial lopment plan requirements</i>) for a proposed initial elopment plan for a proposed geothermal lease.	4 5 6
88	Pla	n per	riod	7
		for tl	plan period for the proposed development plan must be he following period from when the proposed geothermal e is to take effect—	8 9 10
		(a)	generally—5 years;	11
		(b)	if the applicant is seeking a term of less than 5 years for the proposed geothermal lease—the duration of the proposed term.	12 13 14
89	Ge	neral	requirements	15
	(1)		proposed development plan must provide for the owing—	16 17
		(a)	an overview of the activities proposed to be carried out under the proposed geothermal lease during all of its term (the <i>proposed activities</i>);	18 19 20
		(b)	a description of the proposed activities for each year of the plan period;	21 22
		(c)	reasons why the plan is considered appropriate;	23
		(d)	the following—	24
			(i) after geothermal energy has been produced, the purpose for which it will be used and by whom;	25 26
			(ii) the characteristics of geothermal resources in the geothermal lease's area;	27 28

		(iii)	the extent to which further drilling and artificial fracturing is proposed;	1 2
		(iv)	the scale and scope of geothermal production, including information about the following—	3 4
			• the number of geothermal wells	5
			• the time of commissioning of the geothermal wells	6 7
			• the expected life of geothermal resources	8
			• whether geothermal production is to be staged;	9 10
		(v)	the part of the area required for full and staged production proposals;	11 12
		(vi)	how many more geothermal wells need to be drilled;	13 14
		(vii)	when the area is expected to be free of drilling rigs;	15
		(viii)	the proposed level of investment, and whether the proposed holder has finance or how the proposed holder proposes to obtain finance;	16 17 18
		(ix)	the skills, experience and qualifications of staff who comply with the proposed holder's requirements for carrying out the proposed activities;	19 20 21 22
		(x)	a risk management plan for the proposed activities that deals with safety and seismicity issues;	23 24
		(xi)	a plan for decommissioning exploration wells and any plant or facilities used for the proposed activities, including the expected costs of the decommissioning;	25 26 27 28
	(e)	any	other matter prescribed under a regulation.	29
(2)			sed plan may include any other information relevant elopment plan criteria.	30 31

	(3)	A regulation may impose requirements about the form of the development plan.	1 2
	(4)	The proposed plan can not be inconsistent with the mandatory conditions for geothermal leases.	3 4
	(5)	In this section—	5
		plan period start day means the day the plan period starts.	6
		year, of the plan period, means—	7
		(a) the period starting on the plan period start day and ending on the first anniversary of that day; and	8 9
		(b) each subsequent period of 12 months or less during the plan period, starting on an anniversary of the plan period start day and ending on—	10 11 12
		(i) the next anniversary of that day; or	13
		(ii) if the plan period ends before the next anniversary—the day the plan period ends.	14 15
90	Wa	iter issues	16
	(1)	The proposed development plan must include an assessment of—	17 18
		(a) water needed for the proposed activities; and	19
		(b) the potential for obtaining any relevant Water Act authorisation; and	20 21
		(c) the potential structural and other impacts of the carrying out of the proposed activities on aquifers.	22 23
	(2)	The proposed plan must include a plan for the treatment and disposal of any water taken or that may be taken because of the carrying out of the proposed activities.	24 25 26
	(3)	This section is subject to section 94(2).	27

Division 3		3	Approval of proposed initial development plans	1 2
		Note-	_	3
			r the requirement for approval of an initial development plan, see etion 81 (Requirements for grant).	4 5
91	Cri	teria		6
	(1)		eciding whether to approve a proposed development plan Minister must consider the following—	7 8
		(a)	the potential of the area of the proposed geothermal lease for geothermal production and related activities;	9 10
		(b)	the nature and extent of the proposed activities and when and where they will be carried out;	11 12
		(c)	whether geothermal production under the geothermal lease will be optimised in the best interests of the State;	13 14
		(d)	the nature and extent of water disposal and treatment activities;	15 16
		(e)	any relevant environmental authority;	17
		(f)	any relevant Water Act authorisation;	18
		(g)	any potential structural and other impacts of the carrying out of the proposed activities on aquifers.	19 20
	(2)		matters mentioned in subsection (1) are the <i>development</i> ecriteria.	21 22
92	Vei	rificat	tion may be required	23
	(1)	Mini by a	Minister may by notice require the applicant to give the ister, within a stated reasonable period, a document made n appropriately qualified independent person verifying all ny of the following—	24 25 26 27
		(a)	an assessment of data supplied in the proposed development plan;	28 29

		(b)	the source of the data;	1
		(c)	the work done for the proposed development plan;	2
		(d)	that, in the person's opinion, the applicant has—	3
			(i) the financial and technical resources to carry or authorised activities for the proposed geotherms lease; and	
			(ii) the ability to manage geothermal production.	7
	(2)		he applicant does not comply with the requirement, the nister may refuse to approve the proposed plan.	ne 8
	(3)		e applicant must bear any costs incurred in complying wit requirement.	th 1(
Divi	sion	4	Requirements for proposed later development plans	12 13
93	Op	eratio	on of div 4	14
			s division provides for requirements (the <i>late elopment plan requirements</i>) for a proposed late elopment plan for a geothermal lease.	
		Note-	,	18
			or the requirements to give a proposed later development plan, sections 125, 186(7) and 314.	ee 19 20
94	Ge	neral	I requirements	21
	(1)	The	proposed development plan must—	22
		(a)	comply with the initial development plan requirement as if a reference in the requirements to a propose holder were a reference to the geothermal lease holde and	ed 24
		(b)	highlight any significant changes from the geotherms lease's current development plan (the <i>current plan</i>); an	

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		(c)	if the current plan has not been complied with—state the details of and reasons for each noncompliance.	1 2		
	(2)		proposed plan can not be inconsistent with any relevant ronmental condition for the lease.	3 4		
	(3)	If the effect of the proposed plan is to significantly change an activity provided for under the current plan, the proposed plan must also state the reasons for the change.				
	(4) Also, for a significant change that is a reduction of geothermal production, the proposed plan must include an evaluation of the following in the geothermal lease's area—					
		(a)	the potential for geothermal production;	11		
		(b)	the market opportunities for geothermal energy produced.	12 13		
Divi	sion	5	Approval of proposed later	14		
		development plans		15		
95	Ap	plicat	tion of div 5	16		
95	Ар		tion of div 5 division applies if—	16 17		
95	Ap			17 18		
95	Ap	This	division applies if— under this Act, the Minister is given a proposed later			
95	Ge	This (a) (b)	division applies if— under this Act, the Minister is given a proposed later development plan for a geothermal lease for approval; or the Minister is considering an application under section 139 for approval of a proposed geothermal coordination	17 18 19 20 21 22 23		
	Ge	This (a) (b)	division applies if— under this Act, the Minister is given a proposed later development plan for a geothermal lease for approval; or the Minister is considering an application under section 139 for approval of a proposed geothermal coordination arrangement. mal lease taken to have development plan until	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		
	Ge dec	This (a) (b)	under this Act, the Minister is given a proposed later development plan for a geothermal lease for approval; or the Minister is considering an application under section 139 for approval of a proposed geothermal coordination arrangement. mal lease taken to have development plan until on whether to approve proposed plan	17 18 19 20 21		

	(2)		Despite the ending of the plan period for the geothermal lease's current development plan—		
		(a)	the geothermal lease is taken to have a developed plan; and	ment 3	
		(b)	the holder may carry out any authorised activity fo geothermal lease.	or the 5 6	
97	De	cidin	g whether to approve proposed plan	7	
	(1)		Minister may approve or refuse to approve the propelopment plan.	oosed 8	
	(2)		eciding whether to give the approval, the Minister sider the following—	must 10 11	
		(a)	the development plan criteria;	12	
		(b)	the extent to which the current development plan fo geothermal lease has been complied with;	or the 13	
		(c)	if the proposed plan provides for a significant ch that is a reduction of geothermal production—	ange 15 16	
			(i) whether the reduction is reasonable; and	17	
			(ii) whether the geothermal lease holder has take reasonable steps to prevent the reduction;	n all 18 19	
		(d)	any amendments made to the geothermal lease or at the following for the lease, and the reasons for amendments—	•	
			(i) the current development plan;	23	
			(ii) the relevant environmental authority;	24	
			(iii) any relevant Water Act authorisation.	25	
	(3)	an ir	ion 92 applies for the proposed plan as if it were an initial development plan and an application for approvalitial development plan had been made		

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98	Ste	eps after, and taking effect of, decision	1	
	(1)	If the Minister decides to approve the proposed later development plan, the Minister must give the geothermal lease holder notice of the decision.	2 3 4	
	(2)	The approval takes effect when the holder is given the notice or, if the notice states a later day of effect, on the later day.	5 6	
	(3) If the Minister decides to refuse to approve the proposed plan, the Minister must give the holder an information notice about the decision.			
	(4)	The refusal takes effect at the end of the appeal period for the decision to refuse.	10 11	
	(5)	Subsection (4) applies subject to section 332 and any decision of the Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to refuse.	12 13 14	
Div	ision	6 Amending development plans	15	
99	Re	strictions on amendment	16	
	(1)	A geothermal lease holder may amend the development plan for the lease.	17 18	
	(2)		19	
		However, the amendment is subject to approval under this division.	20	
	(3)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	(3)	division.	20	
	(3)	division. Also, a development plan can not be amended— (a) in a way that provides for a cessation of geothermal	20 21 22	
	(3)	division. Also, a development plan can not be amended— (a) in a way that provides for a cessation of geothermal production under a geothermal lease; or	20 21 22 23	

100	Ар	plyin	g for approval to amend	1
	(1)	_	geothermal lease holder may apply for approval to amend development plan for the lease.	
	(2)	The	application must be—	4
		(a)	made to the Minister in the approved form; and	5
		(b)	accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	6
101	Vei	rifica	tion	7
		Sect	tion 92 applies for the application as if—	8
		(a)	the application were a geothermal lease application; and	9
		(b)	a reference in the section to a proposed development plan were a reference to the amendment.	10 11
102	De	cidin	g application	12
			eciding whether to approve the amendment, the Minister t consider the following—	13 14
		(a)	the development plan criteria;	15
		(b)	the extent to which the current development plan for the geothermal lease has been complied with;	16 17
		(c)	if the proposed plan provides for a significant change that is a reduction of geothermal production—	18 19
			(i) whether the reduction is reasonable; and	20
			(ii) whether the geothermal lease holder has taken all reasonable steps to prevent the reduction;	21 22
		(d)	any amendments made to the geothermal lease or any of the following for the lease, and the reasons for the amendments—	23 24 25
			(i) the current development plan;	26
			(ii) the relevant environmental authority;	27
			(iii) any relevant Water Act authorisation.	28

103	Ste	eps after, and taking effect of, decision	1
	(1)	If the Minister decides to approve the amendment, the Minister must give the geothermal lease holder notice of the decision.	2 3 4
	(2)	The approval takes effect when the holder is given the notice or, if the notice states a later day of effect, on the later day.	5 6
	(3)	If the Minister decides to refuse to approve the amendment, the Minister must give the holder an information notice about the decision.	7 8 9
	(4)	The refusal takes effect when the holder is given the notice or, if the notice states a later day of effect, on the later day.	10 11
	(5)	Subsection (4) applies subject to section 332 and any decision of the Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to refuse.	12 13 14
Part			
rait	4	Royalty on geothermal production	15 16
104	lmp		
	lmp	production position of geothermal royalty on geothermal	16 17
	lmp	production cosition of geothermal royalty on geothermal oducers A geothermal lease holder who produces geothermal energy, or for whom geothermal energy is produced (a geothermal producer) must pay the State geothermal royalty for the	17 18 19 20 21
	Imp pro (1)	production cosition of geothermal royalty on geothermal coducers A geothermal lease holder who produces geothermal energy, or for whom geothermal energy is produced (a geothermal producer) must pay the State geothermal royalty for the geothermal energy. The obligation under subsection (1) is subject to any	17 18 19 20 21 22 23

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		(a)	when the royalty must be paid;	1
		(b)	the rate of the royalty;	2
		(c)	the value of geothermal energy for the royalty;	3
		(d)	concessions or exemptions from the payment of the royalty;	4 5
		(e)	royalty returns;	6
		(f)	the measurement of, or information about, geothermal energy required for the purpose of a return;	7 8
		(g)	interest on unpaid royalty;	9
		(h)	the recovery of unpaid royalty and interest;	10
		(i)	monitoring the payment of the royalty, including, for example, by auditors;	11 12
		(j)	disclosure by the Minister of personal confidential information about the administration of provisions about the royalty.	13 14 15
106	Ob	ligati	on to lodge royalty returns	16
	A geothermal producer must, in the way and at the times prescribed under a regulation, give the chief executive returns containing the information prescribed under a regulation about the geothermal energy produced by or for the producer.			
		Max	cimum penalty—500 penalty units.	21
107			ntiality	22
	(1)	This	s section applies to a person who—	23
		(a)	is or has been a public service officer or engaged to perform functions under this Act; and	24 25
		(b)	in that capacity has acquired information or has or had access to, or custody of, a document containing information relating to the administration of this chapter that is not publicly available.	26 27 28 29

	(2)	This section also applies to a person to whom the Minister has disclosed information mentioned in section 105(j), other than the person to whom the information relates.			
	(3)	The	person must not—	4	
		(a)	make a record of the information; or	5	
		(b)	whether directly or indirectly, disclose the information; or	6 7	
		(c)	use the information to benefit any person.	8	
			ximum penalty—200 penalty units or 1 year's risonment.	9 10	
	(4)		vever, subsection (3) does not apply if the record is made, ne information is disclosed or used—	11 12	
		(a)	to the extent necessary to perform the person's functions under or relating to this chapter; or	13 14	
		(b)	with the consent of the person to whom the information relates; or	15 16	
		(c)	as required or permitted by law.	17	
108	Ro.	fueal	of disclosure of particular information	18	
100			•		
	(1)	chap	erson engaged in the administration or enforcement of this oter can not be compelled to disclose to a court in a ceeding, or to a party to the proceeding—	19 20 21	
		(a)	information disclosed under or relating to this chapter (confidential information); or	22 23	
		(b)	whether or not the person has received particular confidential information; or	24 25	
		(c)	the identity of the source of particular confidential information.	26 27	
	(2)		section (1) does not apply for a proceeding for the inistration or enforcement of this chapter.	28 29	

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Chapte	r 4 General mandatory conditions for geothermal tenures	1 2 3
	Notes—	4
	1 The following provisions also impose mandatory conditions on all geothermal tenures—	5 6
	• chapter 2, part 1	7
	• chapter 3, part 1	8
	• chapters 5 and 6.	9
	2 For what is a mandatory condition, see section 20(2).	10
Part 1	Geothermal permits	11
Division [•]	Standard relinquishment condition and related provisions	12 13
109 Star	ndard relinquishment condition	14
(1)	It is a condition (the <i>relinquishment condition</i>) of each geothermal permit that its holder must relinquish part of its area as provided for under this division—	15 16 17
	(a) at the end of or before the end of each period of 5 years after the permit originally took effect; and	18 19
	(b) if section 114(4) applies—on the day provided for under that subsection.	20 21
(2)	A relinquishment required under the relinquishment	22
	condition—	23
	(a) must be made by notice to the chief executive (a <i>relinquishment notice</i>); and	23 24 25

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	(3)	This section does not prevent the holder from relinquishing by relinquishment notice more than the part provided for under this division.	
110	Co	nsequence of failure to comply with relinquishment	
	(1)	If a geothermal permit holder does not comply with the relinquishment condition, the Minister must give the holder a notice requiring the holder to comply with the condition within 20 business days after the giving of the notice.	
	(2)	If the holder does not comply with the requirement, the geothermal permit is cancelled.	
111	Pai	rt usually required to be relinquished	
	(1)	The relinquishment must have the effect that an area that equates to at least 33.33% of the original sub-blocks of the geothermal permit is relinquished for each 5-year period that has passed since it originally took effect.	
	(2)	This section is subject to sections 114 and 115.	
112	Re	linquishment must be by blocks or sub-blocks	
	(1)	A relinquishment under the relinquishment condition can only be by blocks or sub-blocks.	
	(2)	However, if a block or sub-block contains an area that, under section 113, can not be counted as a relinquishment, subsection (1) is complied with if all of the rest of the land within the block or sub-block is relinquished.	
113		ocks or sub-blocks that can not be counted towards inquishment	
	(1)	The following can not be counted as blocks or sub-blocks relinquished for the relinquishment condition—	

		(a)	blocks or sub-blocks in an area that, under section 188, have ceased to be included in the geothermal permit's area;	1 2 3
		(b)	blocks or sub-blocks the subject of a geothermal lease application or potential geothermal commercial area;	4 5
		(c)	blocks or sub-blocks relinquished under a penalty relinquishment.	6 7
	(2)	To re	emove any doubt, it is declared that—	8
		(a)	a potential geothermal commercial area can be relinquished and can be counted as an area relinquished for the relinquishment condition; but	9 10 11
		(b)	the mere fact of the declaration of the blocks or sub-blocks as a potential geothermal commercial area for the geothermal permit is not, of itself, a relinquishment.	12 13 14 15
114		justm unted	nents for blocks or sub-blocks that can not be	16 17
	(1)	sub-l relin geotl	section applies if, after taking away all blocks or blocks that, under section 113, can not be counted for the quishment condition, the balance of the blocks of the hermal permit's area is less than the blocks or sub-blocks ired to be relinquished under section 111.	18 19 20 21 22
	(2)	with	relinquishment condition is taken to have been complied if the geothermal permit holder gives a relinquishment ce for all of the balance.	23 24 25
	(3)	How	vever, subsection (4) applies if—	26
		(a)	a block or sub-block not counted for the relinquishment condition was the subject of a geothermal lease application or potential geothermal commercial area; and	27 28 29 30
		(b)	the application is refused.	31

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	(4)	The geothermal permit holder must, within 20 business days after the appeal period for the decision to refuse, give a relinquishment notice to the extent necessary to comply with section 111.	1 2 3 4
115		justment for particular potential geothermal mmercial areas	5 6
	(1)	This section applies if, apart from this section, the only way to comply with the relinquishment condition would be to relinquish all or part of a potential geothermal commercial area for the geothermal permit.	7 8 9 10
	(2)	The relinquishment condition is taken to be complied with if all remaining original sub-blocks of the permit's area, other than any blocks that consist of the potential geothermal commercial area, are relinquished.	11 12 13 14
Divis	sion	2 Conditions relating to work programs	15 16
116	Re	quirement to have work program	17
		A geothermal permit holder must have a work program for the permit.	18 19
117	Со	mpliance with activities in work program	20
		A geothermal permit holder must carry out the geothermal exploration activities proposed in the work program for the permit.	21 22 23
118	Ob	ligation to give proposed later work program	24
	(1)	This section imposes an obligation on a geothermal permit holder to give the Minister a proposed later work program for the permit.	25 26 27

	Notes—					
	1	For approval of the proposed later work program, see chapter 2, part 3, division 5.	2 3			
	2	If the holder wishes to renew the geothermal permit, a proposed later work program must be included in the renewal application. See section 286.	4 5 6			
(2)		obligation is complied with only if the proposed later k program—	7 8			
	(a)	complies with the later work program requirements; and	9			
	(b)	is accompanied by the relevant fee.	10			
(3)	least the	Minister must be given a proposed later work program at 40 but no more than 100 business days before the end of program period for the current work program for the hermal permit (the <i>current work program period</i>).	11 12 13 14			
(4)	a de	vever, if before the end of the current work program period cision is made to refuse to approve a proposed later work gram given under subsection (3), the holder may within the od give another proposed later work program.	15 16 17 18			
(5)						
	(a)	the Minister must give the holder a notice requiring the holder to give the Minister a proposed later work program for the geothermal permit within 40 business days after the giving of the notice; and	24 25 26 27			
	(b)	the holder must comply with the requirement.	28			
(6)	In th	is section—	29			
	rele	vant fee, for the giving of the proposed program, means—	30			
	(a)	if the proposed program is given within the time required under subsection (3)—the fee prescribed under a regulation; or	31 32 33			

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		(b)		ne proposed program is given after the time required er subsection (3) and—	1 2
			(i)	if it is given under subsection (4)—nil; or	3
			(ii)	if it is not given under subsection (4)—an amount that is 10 times the prescribed fee.	4 5
119				e of failure to comply with notice to give er work program	6 7
	(1)		_	thermal permit holder does not comply with a ent under section 118(5)(a), the permit is cancelled.	8 9
	(2)	Mini perm	ister g	the cancellation does not take effect until the gives the holder a notice stating that the geothermal as been cancelled because of the operation of in (1).	10 11 12 13
Divi	sion	3		Conditions relating to production testing	14 15
120	Со	mplia	nce	with test plan for production testing	16
	(1)	_		rmal permit holder may carry out production testing cordance with the following—	17 18
		(a)	a tes	st plan for that purpose approved by the Minister;	19
		(b)	all c	conditions of the approval.	20
	(2)	The	hald	er may ask the Minister to approve a test plan	21
				by the holder.	22
	(3)	prop The	osed prop	by the holder. osed test plan must comply with any requirements d under a regulation.	22 23 24
	(3) (4)	The prese	osed properibed	osed test plan must comply with any requirements	23

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		(a) a decision to refuse to approve the proposed test plan;
		(b) a decision to impose conditions on the granting of the approval, other than a condition agreed to or requested by the geothermal permit holder.
121		quirement of geothermal tenure holder to report come of production testing
	(1)	This section applies if a geothermal permit holder carries out production testing.
	(2)	The holder must within 40 business days after the testing ends give the chief executive a report stating the outcome of the testing.
	(3)	The report must also state how much water was taken during the testing.
Part	t 2	Geothermal leases
122	Ob	ligation to commence geothermal production
		A geothermal lease holder must start geothermal production under the geothermal lease on or before the later of the following—
		(a) the end of 2 years after the geothermal lease takes effect;
		(b) any production commencement day for the geothermal lease.
123	Re	quirement to have development plan
		A geothermal lease holder must have a development plan for the lease.

124	Со	mplia	ance with development plan	1
		_	eothermal lease holder must comply with the development a for the lease.	2 3
125	Ob	ligati	on to give proposed later development plan	4
	(1)	hold	s section imposes an obligation on a geothermal lease ler to give the Minister a proposed later development plan the lease.	5 6 7
	(2)		obligation is complied with only if the proposed later elopment plan—	8 9
		(a)	complies with the later development plan requirements; and	10 11
		(b)	is accompanied by the relevant fee.	12
	(3)	The plan	Minister must be given a proposed later development	13 14
		(a)	at least 40 but no more than 100 business days before the end of the plan period for the current development plan for the lease (the <i>current plan period</i>); or	15 16 17
		(b)	as soon as practicable after the holder proposes or becomes aware of a significant change to the nature and extent of an authorised activity that is not already dealt with under the geothermal lease's current development plan.	18 19 20 21 22
	(4)	deci deve with	vever, if before the end of the current plan period a sion is made to refuse to approve a proposed later elopment plan given under subsection (3), the holder may hin the period give the Minister another proposed later elopment plan.	23 24 25 26 27
	(5)	deve if su Min	ne holder does not give the Minister any proposed later elopment plan before the end of the current plan period, or absection (4) applies and the holder does not give the ister another proposed later development plan within the ent plan period—	28 29 30 31 32

		(a)	the Minister must give the holder a notice requiring the holder to give the Minister a proposed later development plan for the geothermal lease within 40 business days after the giving of the notice; and	1 2 3 4
		(b)	the holder must comply with the requirement.	5
	(6)	In th	nis section—	6
		rele	want fee, for the giving of the proposed plan, means—	7
		(a)	if the proposed plan is given within the time required under subsection (3)—the fee prescribed under a regulation; or	8 9 10
		(b)	if the proposed plan is given after the time required under subsection (3) and—	11 12
			(i) if it is given under subsection (4)—nil; or	13
			(ii) if it is not given under subsection (4)—an amount that is 10 times the prescribed fee.	14 15
126			uence of failure to comply with notice to give ed later development plan	16 17
	(1)		geothermal lease holder does not comply with a direment under section 125(5)(a), the lease is cancelled.	18 19
	(2)	Min lease	vever, the cancellation does not take effect until the ister gives the holder a notice stating that the geothermal e has been cancelled because of the operation of section (1).	20 21 22 23

Part	3	All geothermal tenures	1
127		nter Act authorisation required for taking or interfering	2 3
		A geothermal tenure holder can not take or interfere with water as defined under the Water Act unless the taking or interference is authorised under that Act.	4 5 6
128	Co	mpliance with land access code	7
		A geothermal tenure holder must—	8
		(a) comply with the mandatory provisions of the land access code to the extent it applies to the holder; and	9 10
		(b) ensure any other person carrying out an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure complies with the mandatory provisions of the land access code.	11 12 13
129	An	nual rent	14
	(1)	A geothermal tenure holder must pay the State the annual rent as prescribed under a regulation.	15 16
	(2)	The annual rent must be paid in the way, and on or before the day, prescribed under a regulation.	17 18
130	Civ	vil penalty for nonpayment of annual rent	19
	(1)	If a geothermal tenure holder does not pay the annual rent as required under section 129, the holder must also pay the State a civil penalty.	20 21 22
	(2)	The amount of the penalty is the greater of the following—	23
		(a) \$1000;	24
		(b) 15% of the rent.	25
	(3)	The penalty—	26

[s	13	31]

		(a) must be paid on the day after the last day for payment of the rent; and	1 2
		(b) is still payable even if the holder later pays the rent.	3
		Note—	4
		See also section 365 (Interest on amounts owing to the State).	2
1	Ob	ligation to comply with Act and prescribed standards	6
	(1)	A geothermal tenure holder must—	7
		(a) comply with this Act; and	8
		(b) in carrying out an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure, comply with—]
		(i) any standard that the geothermal tenure provides for the activity; and	
		(ii) to the extent that the geothermal tenure does not provide a standard for the activity—any standard prescribed under a regulation for carrying out the activity.	
	(2)	In this section—	
		standard includes an Australian Standard, an international standard and a code or protocol.	
2	Ob	ligation to survey if Minister requires	
	(1)	The Minister may, by notice to a geothermal tenure holder, require the holder to survey or resurvey the tenure's area within a stated reasonable period.	
	(2)	The holder must cause the survey or resurvey to be carried out by a person who is a cadastral surveyor under the <i>Surveyors Act 2003</i> .	
	(3)	The holder must bear any costs incurred in complying with the notice.	

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Chapter 5		er 5 Coordination with particular authorities under other resource Acts	1 2 3
Part	1	Preliminary	4
133	Relationship with chs 2, 3 and 6		
	(1)	Requirements and restrictions under this chapter relating to the granting of a geothermal tenure apply as well as any relevant requirements under chapter 2, 3 or 6.	6 7 8
	(2)	If this chapter imposes a requirement for or a restriction on the granting of a geothermal tenure, it can not be granted if the restriction applies or if the requirement has not been complied with.	9 10 11 12
	(3)	If a provision of this chapter conflicts with a provision of chapter 2, 3 or 6, the provision of this chapter prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	13 14 15
	(4)	This chapter does not otherwise limit or affect the requirements of chapter 2, 3 or 6.	16 17
	(5)	Subsection (6) applies if this chapter imposes a requirement for or a restriction on the carrying out of an authorised activity for a geothermal tenure.	18 19 20
	(6)	Despite chapters 2, 3 and 6, the activity is not an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure while the restriction applies or if the requirement has not been complied with.	21 22 23
134	Wh	at is an <i>overlapping resource authority</i>	24
	(1)	An <i>overlapping resource authority</i> , for a geothermal tenure, is any authority of the following types, all or part of the area of which is in the geothermal tenure's area—	25 26 27
		(a) an exploration authority (non-geothermal);	28

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		(b)	a GHG lease;	1
		(c)	a mining lease;	2
		(d)	a petroleum lease.	3
	(2)	subs	overlapping resource authority, for a proposed hermal tenure, is another authority of a type mentioned in section (1), all or part of the area of which will, if the bosed tenure is granted, be in the proposed tenure's area.	4 5 6 7
135	Wh	at is	an exploration authority (non-geothermal)	8
		An e	exploration authority (non-geothermal) is—	9
		(a)	a GHG permit; or	10
		(b)	an authority to prospect under the 1923 Act or the P&G Act; or	11 12
		(c)	any of the following under the Mineral Resources Act—	13
			(i) a mining claim;	14
			(ii) an exploration permit;	15
			(iii) a mineral development licence.	16
136			nship with other resource Acts and overlapping e authorities	17 18
		3 an	ject to the other provisions of this chapter and chapters 2, and 6, another resource Act, or an authority, tenement or re under a resource Act, does not limit or otherwise et—	19 20 21 22
		(a)	the power under this Act to grant a geothermal tenure over land in the area of an overlapping resource authority for a proposed geothermal tenure; or	23 24 25
		(b)	the carrying out of authorised activities for a geothermal tenure.	26 27

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Part	t 2	Geothermal coordination arrangements for overlapping resource authorities	1 2 3
Divi	sion	1 Making of arrangements	4
137	Pov	wer to make arrangement	5
	(1)	A geothermal tenure holder may make an arrangement with the holder of an overlapping resource authority for the tenure about the carrying out of authorised activities for the tenure.	6 7 8
	(2)	An authority of a type mentioned in subsection (1) is a <i>relevant authority</i> for a geothermal coordination arrangement.	9 10 11
	(3)	A person who proposes to enter into a relevant authority may enter into an arrangement mentioned in subsection (1).	12 13
	(4)	An arrangement of a type mentioned in subsection (1), that under section 140 has taken effect and has not ceased to operate according to its terms and has not been cancelled under this part, is a <i>geothermal coordination arrangement</i> .	14 15 16 17
138		ner provisions about and effect of geothermal ordination arrangement	18 19
	(1)	A geothermal coordination arrangement may—	20
		(a) be for any term; and	21
		(b) have more than 2 relevant authorities; and	22
		(c) be included in, or form part of, a coordination arrangement under the P&G Act or a GHG coordination arrangement under the GHG storage Act.	23 24 25
	(2)	A person, other than the holder or proposed holder of a relevant authority, may also be a party to the arrangement.	26 27

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	(3)	A proposed geothermal coordination arrangement has no effect unless it is approved by the Minister under section 140.	
139		plying for ministerial approval of proposed geothermal ordination arrangement	
	(1)	The parties to a proposed geothermal coordination arrangement may jointly apply for approval of the arrangement.	
	(2)	The application must be—	
		(a) made to the Minister in the approved form; and	
		(b) accompanied by—	
		(i) the original or a certified copy of the proposed arrangement; and	
		(ii) the fee prescribed under a regulation.	
	(3)	If the proposed arrangement is inconsistent with the work program or development plan for the relevant geothermal tenure, the application must be accompanied by the following document so that the Minister may decide whether to approve the document—	
		(a) for a geothermal permit—a proposed later work program complying with the later work program requirements;	
		(b) for a geothermal lease—a proposed later development plan complying with the later development plan requirements.	
140		nisterial approval of proposed geothermal ordination arrangement	
	(1)	The Minister may approve the proposed arrangement only if—	
		(a) the Minister is satisfied—	

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		(i) the arrangement clearly identifies the safety responsibilities of each party to the arrangement for the land the subject of the arrangement; and	1 2 3
		(ii) the spatial relationship between the relevant authorities for the arrangement is appropriate; and	4 5
		(b) the proposed later work program or development plan accompanying the application has been approved; and	6 7
		(c) the arrangement is consistent with the purposes of this Act.	8 9
	(2)	In considering whether to give the approval the Minister may have regard to any—	10 11
		(a) coordination arrangement or proposed coordination arrangement under the P&G Act; or	12 13
		(b) GHG coordination arrangement or proposed GHG coordination arrangement under the GHG storage Act.	14 15
	(3)	If a relevant authority has not been granted, the approval does not take effect until the authority takes effect.	16 17
141	Ар	proval does not confer right to renew	18
	(1)	This section applies if the term of a geothermal coordination arrangement is longer than the current term of any relevant authority for the arrangement.	19 20 21
	(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the approval of the arrangement does not impose an obligation or create a right to renew the relevant authority.	22 23 24
Divis	sion	2 Amendment and cancellation	25
142	Am	endment or cancellation by parties to arrangement	26
	(1)	A geothermal coordination arrangement may be amended or cancelled by the parties to the arrangement only with the Minister's approval.	27 28 29

	(2)	A purported amendment or cancellation of a geothermal coordination arrangement by the parties to it has no effect unless it is approved under subsection (1).	1 2 3
143	Mii	nister's power to cancel arrangement	4
	(1)	The Minister may, by complying with subsections (2) and (3), cancel a geothermal coordination arrangement.	5 6
	(2)	If the Minister proposes to cancel the arrangement, the Minister must give each party to the arrangement a notice stating—	7 8 9
		(a) that the Minister proposes to cancel the arrangement; and	10 11
		(b) the reasons for the proposed cancellation; and	12
		(c) that any party to the arrangement may make submissions to the Minister about the proposed cancellation or the likely impact of the cancellation on the relevant authorities.	13 14 15 16
	(3)	Before cancelling the arrangement, the Minister must consider—	17 18
		(a) any submissions made by any party to the arrangement within the stated period; and	19 20
		(b) the likely impact of the cancellation on the relevant authorities; and	21 22
		(c) the public interest.	23
	(4)	If the Minister decides to cancel the arrangement, the Minister must give each party to the arrangement an information notice about the decision.	24 25 26
	(5)	The cancellation takes effect at the end of the appeal period for the decision to cancel or, if a later day of effect is stated in the information notice, on the later day.	27 28 29
	(6)	When the decision takes effect, the arrangement and the Minister's approval of it cease to have effect.	30 31

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144	Can	The	ation does not affect relevant authorities cancellation of a former geothermal coordination agement does not affect any relevant authority.	1 2 3
Part :	3		Obtaining geothermal lease if overlapping resource authority	4 5
Divisi	on	1	Preliminary	6
145	Арр		part applies if— a person (the <i>applicant</i>) wishes to make a geothermal lease application; and there is an overlapping resource authority for the	7 8 9 10
Divisi	on :		proposed geothermal lease. Requirements for application	12
146	Req	Juire	ments for making application	14
	(1)	The	geothermal lease application must include—	15
		(a)	a statement complying with section 147 (a <i>geothermal statement</i>); and	16 17
		(b)	other information addressing the matters mentioned in subsection (2) (the <i>geothermal assessment criteria</i>).	18 19
	(2)	The	geothermal assessment criteria are—	20
		(a)	compliance with the P&G Act safety provisions to the extent they are relevant; and	21 22

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		Note—	1
		The definition of <i>operating plant</i> under the P&G Act, section 670 does not include wet geothermal production.	2 3
	(b)	the additional requirements under part 7 for proposed initial development plans; and	4 5
	(c)	the potential for the parties to make a geothermal coordination arrangement for the proposed geothermal lease; and	6 7 8
	(d)	the economic and technical viability of the concurrent or coordinated carrying out of authorised activities for the proposed geothermal lease and the overlapping resource authority; and	9 10 11 12
	(e)	the public interest.	13
147	Content	requirements for geothermal statement	14
147		requirements for geothermal statement geothermal statement must—	14 15
147		-	
147	The	geothermal statement must—	15
147	The	geothermal statement must— assess— (i) the likely effect of proposed authorised activities for the proposed geothermal lease on the future use of resources under the overlapping resource	15 16 17 18 19

Division 3		3 Consultation provisions	1
148	Аp	plicant's information obligation	2
	(1)	The applicant must, within 10 business days after making the geothermal lease application, give the overlapping resource authority holder a copy of the application, other than any part of the application relating to the capability criteria.	3 4 5 6
	(2)	If the Minister is reasonably satisfied the applicant has not complied with subsection (1), the Minister may refuse the application.	7 8 9
149	Su	bmissions by overlapping resource authority holder	10
	(1)	The overlapping resource authority holder may make submissions to the Minister about the geothermal lease application (<i>holder submissions</i>).	11 12 13
	(2)	However, holder submissions may be made only within 4 months after the holder is given a copy of the application.	14 15
	(3)	Holder submissions may do all or any of the following—	16
		(a) state that the holder does not object to the granting of the proposed geothermal lease;	17 18
		(b) if the overlapping resource authority is an exploration authority (non-geothermal)—state that the holder does not wish any priority for the carrying out of authorised activities for any future lease that may arise from the overlapping resource authority (<i>overlapping authority priority</i>);	19 20 21 22 23 24
		(c) include information about authorised activities carried out under the overlapping resource authority;	25 26
		(d) include a proposal by the overlapping resource authority holder for the use of the resource;	27 28
		(e) include information relevant to the geothermal assessment criteria:	29 30

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	(4)		propose reasonable provisions for the safety management plan for the proposed geothermal lease. holder must give the applicant a copy of the holder missions.	1 2 3 4
Divi	sion	4	Resource management decision if overlapping exploration authority (non-geothermal)	5 6 7
150	Ар	plicat	tion of div 4	8
	(1)	This	division applies if—	9
		(a)	the overlapping resource authority is an exploration authority (non-geothermal); and	10 11
		(b)	the overlapping resource authority holder has made holder submissions within 4 months after the holder was given a copy of the application; and	12 13 14
		(c)	the submissions state that the holder wishes overlapping authority priority.	15 16
	(2)	reso	vever, this division does not apply if, under another urce Act, overlapping authority priority has been given for of the relevant land.	17 18 19
		Note-	_	20
			his division does not apply, the geothermal lease application proceeds mediately to decision under chapter 3 as affected by division 7.	21 22
151	Re	sourc	ce management decision	23
		The man	Minister must make a decision (the <i>resource</i> agement decision) about whether—	24 25
		(a)	to grant the geothermal lease application; or	26
		(b)	to give any overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land; or	27 28

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	(c)	not to grant the geothermal lease application and not to give any overlapping authority priority for any of the relevant land.	1 2 3
152	Criteria	for decision	4
		making the resource management decision the Minister t have regard to the following—	5 6
	(a)	the geothermal statement;	7
	(b)	the geothermal assessment criteria;	8
	(c)	the holder submissions;	9
	(d)	the public interest.	10
153	Restrict	ions on giving overlapping authority priority	11
		rlapping authority priority may be given only if the ister considers that—	12 13
	(a)	either—	14
		(i) it is unlikely the applicant and the overlapping resource authority holder will enter into a geothermal coordination arrangement; or	15 16 17
		(ii) a geothermal coordination arrangement for the proposed geothermal lease is not commercially or technically feasible; and	18 19 20
	(b)	the public interest would be best served by not granting a geothermal lease to the applicant first.	21 22

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Division 5		5	Process if resource management decision is to give overlapping authority priority	1 2 3
154	Ар	plicat	tion of div 5	4
		This	division applies only if—	5
		(a)	under division 4, a resource management decision is required for the geothermal lease application; and	6 7
		(b)	the decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land.	8 9
155		tice to	o applicant and overlapping resource authority	10 11
	(1)	over	chief executive must give the applicant and the lapping resource authority holder notice of the resource agement decision.	12 13 14
	(2)	hold (the unde	notice must invite the overlapping resource authority der to apply, within 6 months after the giving of the notice overlapping authority application period), for a lease er the Act under which the overlapping resource authority granted (a relevant lease)—	15 16 17 18 19
		(a)	if the overlapping authority priority is for all of the land—for all of the land; or	20 21
		(b)	if the priority is for part of the land—for that part.	22
156	Rel	levan	t lease application for all of the land	23
	(1)	This	section applies if—	24
		(a)	the overlapping authority priority is for all of the land; and	25 26
		(b)	within the overlapping authority application period the overlapping resource authority holder applies for a relevant lease for all of the land.	27 28 29

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	(2)	A further step can not be taken to decide the geothermal lease application until after the relevant lease application has been decided.	1 2 3
		Note—	4
		Acts under which the overlapping resource authority was granted provide for refusal of the relevant lease application if it is not pursued in a timely manner.	5 6 7
	(3)	If the decision on the relevant lease application is to grant a relevant lease for all of the land, the geothermal lease application is taken to have lapsed.	8 9 10
157	Re	levant lease application for part of the land	11
	(1)	This section applies if the overlapping resource authority holder applies for a relevant lease for part of the land within the overlapping authority application period.	12 13 14
	(2)	The person who made the geothermal lease application may amend it so that a geothermal lease is only sought for all or part of the rest of the land.	15 16 17
	(3)	Unless the amendment is made, a further step can not be taken to decide the geothermal lease application until after the relevant lease application has been decided.	18 19 20
	(4)	If—	21
		(a) the amendment has not been made; and	22
		(b) the decision on the relevant lease application is to grant a relevant lease for part of the land;	23 24
		the person who made the geothermal lease application may amend it so that a geothermal lease is sought only for all or part of the rest of the land.	25 26 27
		Note—	28
		If the geothermal lease application is not amended, see section 161.	29

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158	If th a re auth	vant lease application the overlapping resource authority holder does not apply for allevant lease for any of the land within the overlapping application period, the geothermal lease application to be decided.	1 2 3 4 5
Divis	ion 6	Resource management decision not to grant and not to give priority	6 7
159	Lapsing	of application	8
	The	geothermal lease application is taken to have lapsed if—	9
	(a)	under division 4, a resource management decision is required; and	10 11
	(b)	the decision was not to grant the geothermal lease application and not to give any overlapping authority priority for any of the relevant land.	12 13 14
Divis	ion 7	Deciding application	15
160	Applica	tion of div 7	16
	This	s division applies if—	17
	(a)	the overlapping resource authority holder has not made holder submissions within 4 months after the holder was given a copy of the application (the <i>submission period</i>) or at all; or	18 19 20 21
	(b)	the overlapping resource authority holder has made holder submissions within the submission period stating that the holder does not wish any overlapping authority priority; or	22 23 24 25

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	(c)	under division 4, a resource management decision is required and—	1 2
		(i) the resource management decision is not to give overlapping authority priority for any of the relevant land; or	3 4 5
		(ii) the resource management decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land and, after division 5 has been complied with, the Minister decides to grant a geothermal lease for the land.	6 7 8 9 10
161		ion may be refused if no reasonable prospects of nal coordination arrangement	11 12
	The	Minister may decide to refuse the application if—	13
	(a)	the Minister is satisfied the applicant and the overlapping authority holder have made reasonable attempts to reach a proposed geothermal coordination arrangement (a <i>relevant arrangement</i>) for the proposed geothermal lease; and	14 15 16 17 18
	(b)	either—	19
		(i) the overlapping resource authority holder has given the Minister a notice stating there are no reasonable prospects of a relevant arrangement being made; or	20 21 22 23
		(ii) the Minister has not been given a relevant arrangement for approval and the Minister considers the applicant and the overlapping resource authority holder have had a reasonable opportunity to make a relevant arrangement.	24 25 26 27 28
162	Addition lease	al criteria for deciding provisions of geothermal	29
		eciding the provisions of the geothermal lease, the ster must consider the following—	31 32

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		(a)	the geothermal statement;	1
		(b)	the geothermal assessment criteria;	2
		(c)	any holder submissions;	3
		(d)	the effect of the geothermal lease on safe and efficient use of resources under any overlapping resource authority for the geothermal lease if the overlapping resource authority is a lease;	4 5 6 7
		(e)	the effect on safe and efficient use of resources under any future lease that may arise from the overlapping resource authority.	8 9 10
163	Pu	blicat	tion of outcome of application	11
	(1)	geot abou	her the Minister decides whether or not to grant the hermal lease, the chief executive must publish a notice at the outcome of the geothermal lease application in or on ast 1 of the following—	12 13 14 15
		(a)	the gazette;	16
		(b)	the department's website;	17
		(c)	another publication the chief executive considers appropriate.	18 19
	(2)	The	notice must state—	20
		(a)	the decision; and	21
		(b)	if the decision was to grant the geothermal lease—all of the geothermal lease's conditions other than the mandatory conditions; and	22 23 24
		(c)	if, under division 4, a resource management decision was required and the decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the land—the decision and the reasons for it.	25 26 27 28
	(3)		vever, if the chief executive considers information in a dition is commercial-in-confidence, the chief executive	29 30

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			, instead of publishing the condition, publish a statement at its intent.	1 2
Part	4		Priority to particular higher tenure applications under other resource Acts	3 4 5
164	Ear	lier C	GHG, mining or petroleum lease application	6
		If—		7
		(a)	a geothermal lease application is made; and	8
		(b)	before the making of that application, an application (the <i>other application</i>) was made for a GHG lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>); and	9 10 11 12
		(c)	the other application had not been decided before the making of the geothermal lease application; and	13 14
		(d)	the other proposed lease would, if granted, be an overlapping resource authority for the proposed geothermal lease;	15 16 17
			geothermal lease application must not be decided until the rapplication has been decided.	18 19
165			ed GHG, mining or petroleum lease for which EIS I given	20 21
	(1)	This	section applies for a geothermal lease application if—	22
		(a)	before the making of the application, an approval under the Environmental Protection Act, chapter 3, part 2 was granted for the voluntary preparation of an EIS; and	23 24 25

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	(b)	the EIS is for a project that is or includes a proposed GHG lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	1 2 3
(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	4
	(a)	if no application is made for the other proposed lease within 2 years after the granting of the approval—the end of the 2 years; or	5 6 7
	(b)	if an application is made for the other proposed lease within the 2 years—that application is decided.	8 9
		ed GHG, mining or petroleum lease declared a ant project	10 11
(1)	This	section applies for a geothermal lease application if—	12
	(a)	before the making of the application, a significant project was declared; and	13 14
	(b)	the project is or includes a proposed GHG lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	15 16 17
(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	18
	(a)	if no application is made for the other proposed lease within 1 year after the making of the declaration—the end of that year; or	19 20 21
	(b)	if an application is made for the other proposed lease	22

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Part 5			Geothermal lease applications in response to invitation under another resource Act	1 2 3	
167	Ар	plica	tion of pt 5	4	
		This	s part applies if—	5	
		(a)	a geothermal lease application is made in response to an invitation given because of a resource management decision under another resource Act; and	6 7 8	
		(b)	the application is made within 6 months after the giving of the invitation.	9 10	
168	Ad	ditior	nal ground for refusing application	11	
	(1)	appl	Minister may decide to refuse the geothermal lease ication if satisfied the applicant has not in a timely ner—	12 13 14	
		(a)	taken any step for the application required of the applicant under chapter 3 or this chapter; or	15 16	
		(b)	satisfied the Minister about a matter that, under chapter 3 or this chapter, is required for the granting of the application.	17 18 19	
	(2)	Sub	section (1) does not limit section 358.	20	
		Edito	or's note—	21	
		sec	ction 358 (Request to applicant about application)	22	

[s 169]

			Additional provisions for geothermal tenures	1 2
Divis	sion	1	Restrictions on authorised activities other than for geothermal leases	3 4
169	Ov	erlap	ping GHG, mining or petroleum lease	5
	(1)		s section applies if land is in the area of both of the owing—	6 7
		(a)	a geothermal permit;	8
		(b)	a GHG lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (a relevant lease).	9 10
	(2)		wever, this section does not apply if the same person holds geothermal permit and the relevant lease.	11 12
	(3)		authorised activity for the geothermal permit may be ied out on the land only if—	13 14
		(a)	the relevant lease holder has not, in the way required under subsection (4), objected to—	15 16
			(i) the carrying out of the activity; or	17
			(ii) if the P&G Act safety provisions require a safety management plan for the geothermal permit holder—the safety management plan; or	18 19 20
		(b)	if an objection under paragraph (a) has been made—the Minister has, under section 171, decided the authorised activity may be carried out.	21 22 23
		Note-	<u> </u>	24
		Fo	or notice of authorised activities, see section 173.	25
	(4)		objection must be in the approved form and given to the ister and the geothermal tenure holder.	26 27

		Note— See also the Mineral Resources Act, section 403 (Offences regarding land subject to mining claim or mining lease).	1 2 3
170	Ov	erlapping exploration authority (non-geothermal)	4
	(1)	This section applies if land is in the area of a geothermal permit and an exploration authority (non-geothermal).	5 6
	(2)	An authorised activity for the geothermal permit can not be carried out on the land if—	7 8
		(a) carrying out the activity adversely affects the carrying out of an authorised activity for the exploration authority (non-geothermal); and	9 10 11
		(b) the authorised activity for the exploration authority (non-geothermal) has already started.	12 13
171	Re	solving disputes	14
	(1)	This section applies if, under section 169, a relevant lease holder has objected to the carrying out of a geothermal activity by a geothermal permit holder.	15 16 17
	(2)	This section also applies if there is a dispute between a geothermal permit holder and an exploration authority (non-geothermal) holder about whether an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure can be carried out under section 170.	18 19 20 21 22
	(3)	Either of the parties may by a notice in the approved form ask the Minister to decide—	23 24
		(a) for section 169—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section; or	25 26
		(b) for section 170—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section.	27 28
	(4)	Before making the decision the Minister must give the parties a reasonable opportunity to make submissions about the request within a reasonable period.	29 30 31

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	(5)	considering an	must, after complying with subsection (2) and ny submissions made under that subsection, ter and give the parties notice of the decision.	1 2 3
	(6)	The Minister's	decision binds the parties.	4
	(7)	If the request the Minister m	is about a matter mentioned in subsection (1), nay impose conditions on any decision that the vity may be carried out.	5 6 7
	(8)	In this section-	<u> </u>	8
		parties means-	_	9
			quest about a matter mentioned in subsection geothermal permit holder and the relevant lease or	10 11 12
		(2)—the	quest about a matter mentioned in subsection geothermal permit holder and the exploration (non-geothermal) holder.	13 14 15
Divi	sion	2 A	dditional conditions	16
			dditional conditions y particular geothermal permit holders	16 17
Divi 172		ice of grant b This section ap the area of, or		
	No	ice of grant b This section ap the area of, or of the followin	y particular geothermal permit holders oplies if land in a geothermal permit's area is in in a proposed area under an application for, any	17 18 19
	No	ice of grant b This section ap the area of, or of the followin (a) an explore	y particular geothermal permit holders oplies if land in a geothermal permit's area is in in a proposed area under an application for, any ag other authorities—ration authority (non-geothermal); data acquisition authority under the GHG	17 18 19 20
	No	ice of grant b This section ap the area of, or of the followin (a) an explor (b) a GHG storage A	y particular geothermal permit holders oplies if land in a geothermal permit's area is in in a proposed area under an application for, any ag other authorities—ration authority (non-geothermal); data acquisition authority under the GHG	177 188 199 200 211
	No	ice of grant b This section ap the area of, or of the followin (a) an explor (b) a GHG storage A (c) a data acc	y particular geothermal permit holders oplies if land in a geothermal permit's area is in in a proposed area under an application for, any ag other authorities—ration authority (non-geothermal); data acquisition authority under the GHG Act;	17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	No	ice of grant b This section ap the area of, or a of the followin (a) an explor (b) a GHG storage A (c) a data ac (d) a water n It is a condition business days	by particular geothermal permit holders oplies if land in a geothermal permit's area is in in a proposed area under an application for, any agother authorities— ration authority (non-geothermal); data acquisition authority under the GHG Act; quisition authority under the P&G Act; monitoring authority under the P&G Act. on of the permit that its holder must, within 20 after the holder receives notice of the grant of tive the holder of or applicant for the other	17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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	(a)	the 1	permit has been granted; and	1
	(b)	the p	permit holder's name and address; and	2
	(c)	the 1	permit's term.	3
			notify particular other authority holders of art of particular authorised activities	4 5
(1)	This	secti	on applies to a geothermal tenure holder if—	6
	(a)		e is any of the following (the <i>other authority</i>) for the chermal tenure—	7 8
		(i)	an overlapping resource authority;	9
		(ii)	a GHG authority, a mining lease or a petroleum tenure sharing a common boundary with the geothermal tenure; or	10 11 12
	(b)		in the geothermal tenure's area is in the area of any ne following (also the <i>other authority</i>)—	13 14
		(i)	a GHG data acquisition authority under the GHG storage Act;	15 16
		(ii)	a data acquisition authority under the P&G Act.	17
(2)	activ hold	ity ir er mu	e geothermal tenure holder first starts a designated in the other authority's area, the geothermal tenure ast give the other authority holder at least 30 business are of the activity.	18 19 20 21
(3)	A no	otice u	under subsection (2) must state—	22
	(a)	whe	n the designated activity is to start; and	23
	(b)	whe	re the designated activity is to be carried out; and	24
	(c)	the 1	nature of the activity.	25
(4)	bein othe	g carı r auth	anging the land on which the designated activity is ried out, the geothermal tenure holder must give the nority holder at least 30 business days notice stating activity is to be carried out.	26 27 28 29

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	(5)	Con tenu	re.	1 2
	(6)	In th	nis section—	3
		•	gnated activity means any authorised activity for the hermal tenure other than—	4 5
		(a)	an incidental activity under section 32 or 76; or	6
		(b)	an activity only involving selecting places where other authorised activities for the geothermal tenure may be carried out.	7 8 9
174			ance of geothermal coordination arrangement nsfer	10 11
	(1)	This	section applies if—	12
		(a)	there is an overlapping resource authority for a geothermal lease; and	13 14
		(b)	a geothermal coordination arrangement applies to the geothermal lease; and	15 16
		(c)	the geothermal lease is transferred.	17
	(2)	cont arra	a condition of the geothermal lease that its holder must inue to be a party to a geothermal coordination ngement for the lease while the overlapping resource ority continues in force.	18 19 20 21
Divis	sion	3	Restriction on Minister's power to amend geothermal lease if overlapping resource authority	22 23 24
175		erest nside	s of overlapping resource authority holder to be red	25 26
			ere is an overlapping resource authority for a geothermal e, it may be amended under section 347 only if the	27 28

[s	1	7	6

	interests of the overlapping resource authority holder have been considered.	1 2
Part	Additional provisions for development plans if overlapping resource authority	3 4 5
176	Operation of pt 7	6
	This part imposes additional requirements for the following for a geothermal lease or proposed geothermal lease for which there is an overlapping resource authority—	7 8 9
	(a) a proposed initial development plan;	10
	(b) a proposed later development plan;	11
	(c) an amendment the subject of a development plan amendment application.	12 13
177	Statement about interests of overlapping resource authority holder	14 15
	The proposed development plan or amendment must include a statement of how the effects on and the interests of any overlapping resource authority holder have or have not been considered, having regard to the geothermal assessment criteria.	16 17 18 19 20
178	Consistency with overlapping resource authority's development plan and with any relevant coordination arrangement	21 22 23
	1) To the extent the area of the geothermal lease and the overlapping resource authority coincide or will coincide, the proposed development plan or amendment must be consistent with any geothermal coordination arrangement for that area.	24 25 26 27

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	(2)	Subsection (3) applies if the overlapping resource authority is a mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>relevant lease</i>).	1 2
	(3)	The proposed plan or amendment must, to the extent the area of the geothermal lease and the relevant lease coincide or will coincide, be consistent with the development plan for the overlapping resource authority.	3 4 5 6
179	Ad	ditional criteria for approval	7
		In deciding whether to approve the proposed development plan or amendment, the Minister must consider the geothermal assessment criteria.	8 9 10
Part	8	Additional provisions for safety management plans	11 12
180		ant of geothermal lease does not affect obligation to ke plan	13 14
	(1)	This section applies if a geothermal statement accompanies a geothermal lease application as required under this chapter.	15 16
	(2)	The deciding of the application or the grant of the geothermal lease—	17 18
		(a) does not affect the obligation under the P&G Act safety provisions to make a safety management plan for any operating plant in the geothermal lease's area; and	19 20 21
		(b) is not of itself evidence that a safety management plan, or purported safety management plan, for an operating plant in the geothermal lease's area complies with those provisions.	22 23 24 25

181		quirements for consultation with particular erlapping resource authority holders	1 2
	(1)	This section applies if—	3
		(a) a person (an <i>operator</i>) proposes to be an operator of operating plant under the P&G Act in a geothermal tenure's area; and	4 5 6
		(b) the operating plant is used, or is proposed to be used, for geothermal activities (<i>relevant operating plant</i>); and	7 8
		(c) activities (<i>relevant activities</i>) carried out, or proposed to be carried out, at the plant may adversely affect the safe and efficient use of resources under an overlapping resource authority for the geothermal tenure.	9 10 11 12
	(2)	Before any operator may operate relevant operating plant, each operator must have made reasonable attempts to consult with the overlapping resource authority holder about relevant activities for the plant.	13 14 15 16
	(3)	If there is more than 1 operator, the geothermal tenure holder may coordinate the consultation between the operators and the overlapping resource authority holder.	17 18 19
	(4)	For subsection (2), an operator is taken to have made reasonable attempts to consult if—	20 21
		(a) the operator gives the overlapping resource authority holder a copy of the parts of the operator's proposed safety management plan concerning any relevant operating plant the operator proposes to operate for the relevant activities; and	22 23 24 25 26
		(b) the overlapping resource authority holder has not, within 30 days after the giving of the copy, made any proposal to the operator about provisions for the plan.	27 28 29
	(5)	An operator must, before making or remaking a safety management plan for any relevant operating plant the operator operates or proposes to operate, have regard to any reasonable provisions for the plan proposed by the overlapping resource authority holder concerning relevant activities for the plant.	30 31 32 33 34

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(6)	However, the obligation under subsection (5) applies only the extent the provisions are commercially and technicall feasible for the operator or any relevant geothermal tenur holder.	y 2
(7)	If an operator makes a safety management plan for relevant operating plant and the plan includes provisions proposed by the overlapping resource authority holder, the operator must—	y 6
	(a) give the overlapping resource authority holder a copy of the plan; and	of 8 9
	(b) give the chief inspector under the P&G Act a notic stating any provisions proposed under subsection (5 and whether they were included in the plan.	
(8)	In this section—	13
	remaking , a safety management plan, includes an amendment or remaking of the plan of a type required under the P&G Ac section 678.	
	oplication of P&G Act provisions for resolving disputes out reasonableness of proposed provision	17 18
(1)	This section applies if a dispute exists between an operate under section 181 and an overlapping resource authorit holder about the reasonableness of a provision proposed between the overlapping resource authority holder for the operator proposed safety management plan.	y 20 y 21
(2)	The P&G Act, section 387, chapter 12 and schedule 1 appl for the dispute as if it were a dispute to which section 387 c that Act applies.	•
	Editor's note—	27
	P&G Act, chapter 12 and schedule 1 (Reviews and appeals)	28

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Cha	pte	er 6 General provisions for geothermal tenures	1 2
		Note—	3
		See also chapter 8, part 1.	4
Part	1	Area provisions	5
183	Are	ea of geothermal tenure	6
	(1)	This section provides for the area of a geothermal tenure.	7
	(2)	Subject to section 186, the area does not include excluded land for the geothermal tenure.	8 9
	(3)	The area can not include—	10
		(a) land in another geothermal tenure's area, unless—	11
		(i) the geothermal tenure is a geothermal lease; and	12
		(ii) under section 188, the land will cease to be included in the geothermal permit's area on the grant of the lease; or	13 14 15
		(b) excluded land for a geothermal tenure.	16
	(4)	Unless the Minister otherwise decides, the area must form a single contiguous parcel of land.	17 18
	(5)	The area may include a part of a block only if the part consists of all areas within the block that are left after taking away all excluded land within the block (a <i>residual block</i>).	19 20 21
	(6)	The area must be no more than the following number of blocks or residual blocks, in any combination, unless the Minister considers there are exceptional circumstances—	22 23 24
		(a) for geothermal permit—50;	25
		(b) for a geothermal lease—25.	26

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Ref	eren	ces to blocks of geothermal tenure	1
(1)	inclu	ides land within a block without including or excluding	2 3 4
(2)	with	in the block to the extent they do not consist of excluded	5 6 7
(3)	the restr	sub-blocks ceases to be excluded land or land in a icted area, the cessation itself does not cause the land to	8 9 10 11
Mir	nister	's power to decide excluded land	12
(1)		•	13 14
(2)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15 16
	(a)	grant or renew the geothermal tenure; or	17
	(b)	approve any later work program or development plan for the geothermal tenure.	18 19
(3)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20 21
(4)	cons	iders appropriate, including, for example, by area or by	22 23 24
(5)	Lanc	d ceases to be excluded land for a geothermal tenure if—	25
	(a)	the block in which the land is located is relinquished or for any other reason ceases to be in the geothermal tenure's area; or	26 27 28
	(b)	the geothermal tenure is a geothermal permit and—	29
	(1) (2) (3) Mir (1) (2) (3) (4)	(1) This incluancy of the with land (2) The with land (3) To return the restriction be with the restriction (a) (b) (1) The tenut (2) How only (a) (b) (3) Also geoff (4) Exclusions reference (5) Land (a)	includes land within a block without including or excluding any particular sub-block. (2) The reference to the block is a reference to all sub-blocks within the block to the extent they do not consist of excluded land or land in a restricted area. (3) To remove any doubt, it is declared that if land within any of the sub-blocks ceases to be excluded land or land in a restricted area, the cessation itself does not cause the land to be within the geothermal tenure's area. Minister's power to decide excluded land (1) The Minister may decide excluded land for a geothermal tenure or proposed geothermal tenure. (2) However, the power under subsection (1) may be exercised only when the Minister is deciding whether to— (a) grant or renew the geothermal tenure; or (b) approve any later work program or development plan for the geothermal tenure. (3) Also, excluded land must be within any block that the geothermal tenure states is included in its area. (4) Excluded land may be described in a way the Minister considers appropriate, including, for example, by area or by reference to a stated type of land. (5) Land ceases to be excluded land for a geothermal tenure if— (a) the block in which the land is located is relinquished or for any other reason ceases to be in the geothermal tenure's area; or

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			(i)	a geothermal lease is granted over any of the geothermal permit's area; and	1 2
			(ii)	the land is excluded land for the geothermal lease.	3
186	Mir	nister	may	add excluded land	4
	(1)			ster may amend a geothermal tenure by adding and for the tenure to its area.	5 6
	(2)			the excluded land may be added only if the relevant ntal authority applies to the excluded land.	7 8
	(3)	The a	amenc	lment may be made—	9
		(a)		e Minister's initiative with the consent of the holder e geothermal tenure; or	10 11
		(b)	on th	e holder's application.	12
	(4)	The a	applic	ation must be—	13
		(a)	in the	e approved form; and	14
		(b)	acco	mpanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	15
	(5)			ster must consider the application and decide add or refuse to add the excluded land.	16 17
	(6)	Mini		sion on the application is not to add the land, the nust as soon as practicable give the applicant notice sion.	18 19 20
	(7)	to the geoth	ne M nerma	dment may be made subject to the holder applying inister for approval of an amendment of the l tenure's work program or development plan to inclusion of the excluded land.	21 22 23 24
	(8)			is added to the geothermal tenure's area it ceases to d land for the tenure.	25 26
	(9)	tenur	e in	ter may amend the provisions of the geothermal a way that reflects the addition of the land and with—	27 28 29

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			[3 107]	
		(a)	for a geothermal permit—section 40; or	1
		(b)	for a geothermal lease—section 82.	2
187	End	ling	of geothermal permit if all of its area relinquished	3
			Il of the area of a geothermal permit is relinquished, the nit ends.	4 5
188			geothermal permit reduced on grant of mal lease	6 7
	(1)	geot	d ceases to be in a geothermal permit's area if a thermal lease is granted to the geothermal permit holder the land.	8 9 10
	(2)		geothermal lease is granted to the geothermal permit der over all of the area of a geothermal permit, the permit s.	11 12 13
Part	2		Reporting and information provisions	14 15
Divis	ion	1	General reporting provisions	16
189	Rel	inqu	ishment report for partial relinquishment	17
	(1)	is re	s section applies if part of the area of a geothermal tenure elinquished as required or authorised under this Act and tenure continues to exist.	18 19 20
	(2)		holder of the geothermal tenure must, within 6 months r the relinquishment, give the chief executive a report—	21 22
		(a)	describing—	23

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		(i) the authorised activities for the geothermal tenure carried out in the part; and 2			
		(ii) the results of the activities; and 3			
	(b)	including other information prescribed under a 4 regulation.			
	Max	ximum penalty—200 penalty units.			
(3)) The report must—				
	(a)	be given electronically using the system for submission of reports made or approved by the chief executive; and			
	(b)	be in the digital format made or approved by the chief executive.			
(4)	The chief executive must ensure the system and a document detailing the digital format made or approved by the chief executive are available for inspection on the department's website.				
(5)	The requirements under subsection (3) are the <i>required way</i> for giving reports to the chief executive.				
End	d of t	tenure report			
	who chie	hin 6 months after a geothermal tenure ends, the person 2 held the tenure immediately before it ended must give the 2 fe executive a report in the required way that includes all of following— 2			
	(a)	a summary of all authorised activities for the tenure carried out for the tenure since it took effect; 2			
	(b)	a summary of the results of the activities; 2			
	(c)	an index of all reports given as required under this Act, for the activities; 2			
	(d)	a summary of all significant hazards created to future safe and efficient mining that under the P&G Act safety provisions, are required to be reported by the person; 2 2			

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		(e)	for each hazard mentioned in the summary under paragraph (d)—a reference to the report containing details of the hazard;	1 2 3
		(f)	any information required to be reported under this Act that has not been previously reported;	4 5
		(g)	other information prescribed under a regulation.	6
		Max	timum penalty—150 penalty units.	7
191			o require information or reports about authorised s to be kept or given	8 9
	(1)		gulation or the chief executive may, for the services of the e, require a geothermal tenure holder to—	10 11
		(a)	keep, in a stated way, stated information or types of information about authorised activities carried out under the geothermal tenure; or	12 13 14
			Example of a way of keeping information—	15
			in a stated digital format	16
		(b)	give the chief executive a notice in the approved form giving stated information or types of information or stated reports at stated times or intervals about authorised activities carried out under the geothermal tenure.	17 18 19 20 21
			Example of a stated time—	22
			for a report about a geothermal well, 6 months after its completion	23 24
	(2)		subsection (1), the information or report required to be n or kept may be—	25 26
		(a)	exploration data; or	27
		(b)	opinions, conclusions, technical consolidations and advanced interpretations based on exploration data.	28 29
	(3)		equirement by the chief executive under subsection (1)(b)	30 31

		(a)	a format required for giving the information or types of information; and	1 2
		(b)	a degree of precision required for the giving of the information.	3 4
	(4)	-	erson of whom a requirement under subsection (1) has a made must comply with the requirement.	5 6
		Max	imum penalty—100 penalty units.	7
	(5)	In th	is section—	8
		info	rmation includes documents, records and samples.	9
Divi	sion	2	Records and samples	10
192	Re	quire	ment to keep records and samples	11
	(1)	way samj	eothermal tenure holder must, for the period and in the prescribed under a regulation, keep the records and ples about authorised activities carried out under the re as prescribed under a regulation.	12 13 14 15
		Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	16
	(2)	For	subsection (1), the prescribed records may be—	17
		(a)	exploration data; or	18
		(b)	opinions, conclusions, technical consolidations and advanced interpretations based on exploration data.	19 20
193	Re	quire	ment to give records and samples	21
	(1)	or sa the with	erson who, under section 192, is required to keep a record ample must, for the services of the State, give a copy of record and a part of the sample to the chief executive in 6 months after the earlier of the following (the tired time)—	22 23 24 25 26
		(a)	the day the record or sample was acquired or made;	27

	(b) the day the relevant geothermal tenure ends.
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.
(2)	The copy of the record must be given in the required way for giving reports to the chief executive.
(3)	If the chief executive gives the person a notice asking the person for more of the sample, the person must give it to the chief executive at the address stated in the notice within the reasonable period stated in the notice (also the <i>required time</i>), unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.
	Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.
(4)	The chief executive may extend the required time by up to 1 year if—
	(a) the person asks for the extension before the required time ends; and
	(b) the chief executive is satisfied the extension is necessary.
(5)	However, the extension must not end later than—
	(a) for subsection (1)—6 months after the required time ends; or
	(b) for subsection (3)—1 year after the required time ends.
(6)	Without limiting subsection (1), the uses to which the State may put the copy of the record and the part of the sample may include the building of a publicly available database to facilitate geothermal exploration for the services of the State.
Division	Releasing required information
194 Me	eaning of <i>required information</i>
	The <i>required information</i> , for a geothermal tenure, is any form of information given under this Act by the tenure holder about authorised activities carried out under the tenure, including, for example—

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		(a)	a sample; and	1
		(b)	data and other matters mentioned in section 191(2).	2
195	Public release of required information			3
	(1)	The mere fact of the existence of a geothermal tenure is taken to be an authorisation from its holder to the chief executive to do the following, after the end of any confidentiality period prescribed under a regulation—		
		(a)	to publish in the way prescribed under a regulation required information for the geothermal tenure for public use;	8 9 10
		(b)	on payment of a fee prescribed under a regulation, to make the required information available to any person.	11 12
	(2)	Any confidentiality period prescribed under subsection (1) ceases if the information is about an authorised activity carried out only in an area no longer in the geothermal tenure's area.		
		Exam	ıple—	17
		we (1)	e required information is a well completion report about a geothermal ell drilled on particular land in a geothermal permit's area. Subsection ceases to apply if all of that land is relinquished under the inquishment condition for the permit.	18 19 20 21
	(3)		authorisation is not affected by the ending of the hermal tenure.	22 23
196	Chief executive may use required information			
	(1)	The mere fact of the existence of a geothermal tenure is taken to be an authorisation from its holder to the chief executive to use required information for—		25 26 27
		(a)	purposes reasonably related to this Act that are required for the geothermal tenure; or	28 29
		(b)	the services of the State.	30

	(2)		authorisation is not affected by the ending of the hermal tenure.	1 2
Part	3		General provisions for geothermal wells	3 4
Divis	sion	1	Responsibility for geothermal wells	5
197	Re	quire	ments for drilling geothermal well	6
		A pe	erson drilling a geothermal well must comply with—	7
		(a)	any requirements prescribed under a regulation for the drilling of the geothermal well; and	8 9
		(b)	any relevant requirements about construction and drilling standards for water well drilling activities under the Water Act.	10 11 12
		Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	13
Divis	sion	2	Decommissioning of geothermal wells	14 15
198	Ар	plicat	tion of div 2	16
			division applies to a geothermal well drilled by or for a hermal tenure holder.	17 18
199	Ob	ligati	on to decommission	19
	(1)		geothermal tenure holder must ensure the geothermal is decommissioned from use under this Act before the	20 21

		tenure ends or the land on which the well is located ceases to be in the tenure's area.	1 2
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	3
	(2)	However, subsection (1) does not apply for land that, under section 188(1), ceases to be in a geothermal permit's area.	4 5
	(3)	For subsection (1), the geothermal well is decommissioned from use under this Act only if—	6 7
		(a) it has been plugged and abandoned in the way prescribed under a regulation; and	8 9
		(b) any relevant requirements under the Water Act for the decommissioning of water wells used for the geothermal well have been complied with; and	10 11 12
		(c) the geothermal tenure holder has given the Minister of the department in which the Water Act is administered a notice in the approved form about the decommissioning.	13 14 15
200	Rig	ht of entry to facilitate decommissioning	16
	(1)	This section applies if—	17
		(a) the geothermal tenure has ended or the land on which the geothermal well is located is no longer in the tenure's area; and	18 19 20
		(b) the geothermal tenure holder or former holder has not carried out decommissioning as required under section 199.	21 22 23
	(2)	The holder or former holder may enter the following land to carry out the decommissioning—	24 25
		(a) land (the <i>primary land</i>) on which the decommissioning must be or was required to be carried out;	26 27
		(b) any other land (the <i>access land</i>) it is reasonably necessary to cross for access to the primary land.	28 29
	(3)	Parts 5, 6 and 8 apply to the holder or former holder in the	30

	(a) if the geothermal tenure has ended, as if—
	(i) it were still in force; and
	(ii) the former holder were still its holder;
	(b) as if the primary land and access land is in the geothermal tenure's area;
	(c) as if the decommissioning is an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure.
	Editor's note—
	parts 5 (Private land), 6 (Public land) and 8 (Compensation and negotiated access)
	esponsibility for geothermal well after ecommissioning
(1)	This section applies if the geothermal tenure holder has decommissioned a geothermal well under section 199.
	Note—
	For ownership before decommissioning, see section 265 (Ownership of equipment and improvements).
(2)	Despite the decommissioning, the holder continues to be responsible under this Act for the geothermal well until the earlier of the following times (the <i>relevant time</i>)—
	(a) when the geothermal tenure ends;
	(b) when the land on which the geothermal well is located ceases to be in the geothermal tenure's area.
(3)	The geothermal well is taken to have been transferred to the State at the relevant time.
	Note—
	However, the holder may still have obligations under the Environmental Protection Act, chapter 5A for the geothermal well.
(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite—

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		(a)	the geothermal well being on or part of land owned by someone else; or	1 2
		(b)	the sale or other disposal of the land.	3
Part	4		Security	4
202	Ор	eratio	on and purpose of pt 4	5
	(1)	a geo	part empowers the Minister to require, from time to time, othermal tenure holder or a person who has applied for a hermal tenure to give the State security for the tenure or osed tenure.	6 7 8 9
	(2)	The	security may be used to pay—	10
		(a)	any liability under this Act the State incurs because of an act or omission of the holder; and	11 12
		(b)	any unpaid annual rent payable by the holder to the State; and	13 14
		(c)	other unpaid amounts payable under this Act by the holder to the State, including, for example, any of the following—	15 16 17
			(i) an unpaid civil penalty;	18
			(ii) unpaid interest on unpaid annual rent;	19
			(iii) any debt payable by the holder under section 346; and	20 21
		(d)	any compensation the State must pay under section 303 because of the exercise or purported exercise of remedial powers for the geothermal tenure, whether or not the tenure has ended.	22 23 24 25

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Po	ower to require security for geothermal tenure	1
(1)	The Minister may require a geothermal tenure holder or a person who has applied for a geothermal tenure to give the State security for the tenure, or proposed tenure.	
(2)	The security must be—	5
	(a) in the form prescribed under a regulation; and	6
	(b) of at least the amount prescribed under a regulation.	7
(3)	The requirement may be made at any time.	8
(4)	However, the requirement does not take effect until the holder or applicant is given—	: 9 10
	(a) for a requirement to give security in the form and amount prescribed under subsection (2)—notice of the requirement; or	
	(b) otherwise—an information notice about the decision to make the requirement.) 14 15
Mi	inister's power to require additional security	16
(1)	The Minister may at any time require a geothermal tenure holder to increase the amount of security given for the tenure.	
(2)	However—	19
	(a) if, because of an increase in the prescribed amount under section 203(2), the requirement is to increase the total security required to no more than the increased prescribed amount—the requirement must be made by notice to the holder; or	21 1 22
	(b) if the requirement is to increase the total security required to more than the prescribed amount under section 203(2) when the requirement is made—	
	(i) subsections (3) to (6) must be complied with before making the requirement; and	28 29

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		(ii) the requirement does not take effect until the holder is given an information notice about the decision to make the requirement.	1 2 3
	(3)	The Minister must give the holder notice—	4
		(a) stating the proposed increased amount of the security for the geothermal tenure; and	5 6
		(b) inviting the holder to make submissions about the proposed increased amount to the Minister within a stated reasonable period.	7 8 9
	(4)	The stated period must end at least 20 business days after the holder is given the notice.	10 11
	(5)	The Minister must consider any submissions made by the holder within the stated period.	12 13
	(6)	In this section—	14
		security given includes security given or increased because of a requirement under subsection (1).	15 16
205	Inte	erest on security	17
		The State may keep any interest accruing on security given under this part for a geothermal tenure.	18 19
206	Pov	wer to use security	20
		The State may use security given under this part for a geothermal tenure and any interest accruing on the security to make a payment mentioned in section 202(2) concerning the tenure.	21 22 23 24
207	Re	plenishment of security	25
	(1)	This section applies if—	26
		(a) under section 206, all or part of the security for a geothermal tenure has been used; and	27 28

		(b) the geothermal tenure is still in force.	1
	(2)	The Minister must give the geothermal tenure holder a notice—	2 3
		(a) stating how much of the security has been used; and	4
		(b) directing the holder to replenish the security for the geothermal tenure, within 30 days after the giving of the notice, up to the higher of the following—	5 6 7
		(i) the amount prescribed under a regulation;	8
		(ii) if the notice states that, under section 203, another amount is required—the other amount.	9 10
208	Sec	curity not affected by change in tenure holder	11
	(1)	This section applies if security for a geothermal tenure has been given under this part for the tenure and its holder changes.	12 13 14
	(2)	Despite the change, the security and any interest accruing on it continues in force for the benefit of the State and may be used under section 206.	15 16 17
	(3)	If the security is in the form of money, until the security is replaced or refunded it continues in force for the holder from time to time of the geothermal tenure.	18 19 20
209	Re	tention of security after geothermal tenure ends	21
	(1)	Security or part of security given for a geothermal tenure may be kept by the State for 1 year after the tenure has ended.	22 23
	(2)	Also, if a claim made for the use of the security has not been assessed, an appropriate amount of the security to meet the claim may be kept by the State until the claim has been assessed.	24 25 26 27

[s 210]

Part 5 Division 1			Private land	1
		1	Requirements for entry to private land in geothermal tenure area	2 3
Subdivision 1			Entry notice requirement for preliminary activities and particular advanced activities	4 5 6
210	En	try not	tice requirement	7
	(1)	A per	rson must not—	8
			enter private land in a geothermal tenure's area to carry out a preliminary activity for the tenure; or	9 10
		` '	enter private land in a geothermal tenure's area to carry out an advanced activity for the tenure if either of the following applies for the entry—	11 12 13
			(i) the deferral agreement exemption;	14
			(ii) the Land Court application exemption;	15
		and o	s the geothermal tenure's holder has given each owner occupier of the land a written notice of the entry that lies with section 211 (an <i>entry notice</i>).	16 17 18
		Maxii	mum penalty—500 penalty units.	19
	(2)	The e	entry notice must be given—	20
		(a)	generally—at least 10 business days before the entry; or	21
		, ,	if, by a signed endorsement on the notice, the relevant owner or occupier has agreed to a shorter period—the shorter period.	22 23 24
		Maxii	mum penalty—500 penalty units.	25

	(3)	noti	e holder must give the chief executive a copy of the entry ice immediately after the notice is given and before entry is de under the geothermal tenure.	1 2 3
		Max	ximum penalty—10 penalty units.	4
	(4)		ontravention of subsection (3) does not affect the validity he notice or the entry.	5 6
	(5)	This	s section is subject to section 212.	7
	(6)	In th	his section—	8
		cond	duct and compensation agreement requirement does not ly for the entry because of section 216(c)(i).	9 10 11
		_	e, for an entry notice, includes publishing it in a way roved under section 214.	12 13
		the	ad Court application exemption, for an entry, means that conduct and compensation agreement requirement does apply for the entry because of section 216(c)(ii).	14 15 16
211	Re	auire	ed contents of entry notice	17
	(1)	-	entry notice must state the following—	18
		(a)	the land proposed to be entered;	19
		(b)	the period during which the land will be entered (the <i>entry period</i>);	20 21
		(c)	the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	22
		(d)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	23 24
		(e)	contact details for—	25
			(i) the relevant geothermal tenure holder; or	26
			(ii) another person the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	27 28

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(2)	to a	o, the first entry notice from the geothermal tenure holder particular owner or occupier must be accompanied by or ude a copy of—	1 2 3
	(a)	the land access code; and	4
	(b)	any code of practice made under this Act applying to authorised activities for the geothermal tenure; and	5 6
	(c)	the relevant environmental authority documentation.	7
(3)	The	entry period can not be longer than—	8
	(a)	generally—6 months; or	9
	(b)	if the relevant owner or occupier agrees in writing to a longer period—the longer period.	10 11
(4)	entry anot	ect to subsections (1) to (3), an entry notice may state any period that is different to the entry period stated in the entry notice given by the geothermal tenure holder to the owner or occupier of the land.	12 13 14 15
(5)	In th	is section—	16
	relev	vant environmental authority documentation means—	17
	(a)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the geothermal tenure is a code compliant authority—the relevant code; or	18 19 20
	(b)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the geothermal tenure is a non-code compliant authority—	21 22 23
		(i) the environmental authority; and	24
		(ii) if the environmental authority imposes conditions by referring to a code—that code.	25 26
Exe	empti	ons from entry notice requirement	27
(1)	does	requirement under section 210(1) to give an entry notice not apply for an entry to land to carry out an authorised rity if any of the following apply—	28 29 30

212

	(a)	the g	geothermal tenure holder owns the land;	1
	(b)		nolder has the right other than under this Act to enter and to carry out the activity;	2 3
	(c)	if—		4
		(i)	there is a conduct and compensation agreement relating to the land; and	5 6
		(ii)	each eligible claimant for the land is a party to the agreement; and	7 8
		(iii)	the agreement includes a waiver of entry notice;	9
	(d)		entry is to preserve life or property or because of an rgency that exists or may exist;	10 11
	(e)		relevant owner or occupier has, by signed writing, n a waiver of entry notice.	12 13
(2)	A w	aiver	of entry notice mentioned in subsection (1) must	14
			ith section 213(1).	15
Pro	com	ply w	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15 16
Pro (1)	com ovisio	ply wi	ith section 213(1).	
	com ovisio	ons for aiver of	or waiver of entry notice	16
	com ovisio A w	ons for aiver of if it agre	or waiver of entry notice of entry notice mentioned in section 212 must— does not form part of a conduct and compensation	16 17 18
	com Ovisio A w (a)	ons for aiver of if it agre	or waiver of entry notice of entry notice mentioned in section 212 must— does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and	16 17 18
	com Ovisio A w (a)	ons for aiver of if it agrees	or waiver of entry notice of entry notice mentioned in section 212 must— does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and the following— that the relevant owner or occupier has been told they are not required to agree to the waiver of entry	16 17 18 19 20 21 22
	com Ovisio A w (a)	ons for aiver of if it agrestate (i)	or waiver of entry notice of entry notice mentioned in section 212 must— does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and the following— that the relevant owner or occupier has been told they are not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice; the authorised activities proposed to be carried out	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
	com Ovisio A w (a)	ons for aiver of if it agrestate (i) (ii)	or waiver of entry notice of entry notice mentioned in section 212 must— does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and the following— that the relevant owner or occupier has been told they are not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice; the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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	(3)	The waiver of entry notice ceases to have effect at the end of the period.	1 2
214	Giv	ving entry notice by publication	3
	(1)	The chief executive may approve a geothermal tenure holder giving an entry notice for the tenure by publishing it in a stated way.	4 5 6
	(2)	The publication may relate to more than 1 entry notice.	7
	(3)	The chief executive may give the approval only if satisfied—	8
		(a) for a relevant owner or occupier who is an individual, it is impracticable to give the owner or occupier the notice personally; and	9 10 11
		(b) the publication will happen at least 20 business days before the entry.	12 13
Sub	divis	sion 2 Conduct and compensation	14
		agreement requirement for	15
		particular advanced activities	16
215	Со	nduct and compensation agreement requirement	17
	(1)	A person must not enter private land in a geothermal tenure's area to carry out an advanced activity for the tenure (the <i>relevant activity</i>) unless each eligible claimant for the land is a party to an appropriate conduct and compensation agreement.	18 19 20 21 22
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	23
	(2)	The requirement under subsection (1) is the <i>conduct and</i> compensation agreement requirement.	24 25
		Note—	26
		For conduct and compensation agreements, see part 8, division 1.	27
	(3)	In this section—	28

	eligi agre eligi	ropriate conduct and compensation agreement, for an ible claimant, means a conduct and compensation rement about the holder's compensation liability to the ible claimant of at least to the extent the liability relates to relevant activity and its effects.	1 2 3 4 5
216	Exempt requirer	ions from conduct and compensation agreement ment	6 7
	not a	conduct and compensation agreement requirement does apply for an entry to land to carry out an advanced activity by of the following apply—	8 9 10
	(a)	the geothermal tenure holder owns the land;	11
	(b)	the holder has the right other than under this Act to enter the land to carry out the activity;	12 13
	(c)	each eligible claimant for the land is—	14
		(i) a party to an agreement, complying with section 217, that a conduct and compensation agreement can be entered into after the entry (a <i>deferral agreement</i>); or	15 16 17 18
		(ii) an applicant or respondent to a Land Court application under section 253 relating to the land;	19 20
	(d)	the entry is to preserve life or property or because of an emergency that exists or may exist.	21 22
217	Require	ements for deferral agreement	23
	A de	eferral agreement must—	24
	(a)	be written and signed by or for the holder and each eligible claimant for the land to be entered; and	25 26
	(b)	state the following—	27
		(i) that the eligible claimant has been told the claimant is under no obligation to enter into a deferral	28 29

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			agreement before entering into a conduct and compensation agreement;	1 2
		(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	3 4
		(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	5
		(iv)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	6 7
		(v)	the period for which the deferral agreement has effect;	8 9
		(vi)	when it is proposed to enter into a conduct and compensation agreement.	10 11
Divis	sion	2	Access to private land outside area of geothermal tenure	12 13
Sub	divis	sion 1	Preliminary	14
040	Apı	plication o	of div 2	15
218		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
218		This divis	ion applies for a geothermal tenure in relation to all ad outside its area.	16 17
		This divis		
	divis	This divis private lar	Access rights and access	17 18
Sube	divis	This divis private lar sion 2 cess right	Access rights and access agreements s of geothermal tenure holder of section 220, the geothermal tenure holder has the	17 18 19

		(b)		arry out activities on the land that are reasonably essary to allow the crossing of the land.	1 2
			Exan	nple for paragraph (b)—	3
			ol	pening a gate or fence	4
	(2)		_	s under subsection (1) that may, under section 220, sed are the <i>access rights</i> for the geothermal tenure.	5 6
	(3)			which the access rights apply is <i>access land</i> for the al tenure.	7 8
220	Re	stricti	ion o	on exercise of access rights	9
	(1)	The	acces	s rights may be exercised only if—	10
		(a)	prop	exercise of the rights is needed to preserve life or perty because of a dangerous situation or emergency exists or may exist; or	11 12 13
		(b)		following have agreed orally or in writing to the reise of the rights—	14 15
			(i)	if exercising the rights is likely to have a permanent impact on the land—each owner and the occupier of the land;	16 17 18
			(ii)	if exercising the rights is unlikely to have a permanent impact on the land—each occupier of the land.	19 20 21
		Note-	_		22
				section 324 (Duty to avoid interference in carrying out al activities).	23 24
	(2)		agree: emen	ment mentioned in subsection (1)(b) is an <i>access</i> at.	25 26
	(3)	In th	is sec	ction—	27
		the l	and o	at impact, on the land, means a continuing effect on or its use or a permanent or long-term adverse effect rent lawful use by an occupier of the land.	28 29 30

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		Example of an exercise of the rights that is likely to have a permanent impact—	1 2
		building a road	3
		Example of an exercise of the rights that is unlikely to have a permanent impact—	4 5
		opening or closing a gate	6
221		ner or occupier must not unreasonably refuse to make cess agreement	7 8
	(1)	An owner or occupier of the land must not, if asked by the geothermal tenure holder, unreasonably refuse to make an access agreement for the exercise of the access rights.	9 10 11
	(2)	For subsection (1), the owner or occupier does not unreasonably refuse only because the owner or occupier asks for the agreement to be subject to reasonable and relevant conditions offered by the owner or occupier.	12 13 14 15
	(3)	If the holder asks the owner or occupier to make an access agreement and the owner or occupier has not within 20 business days made the agreement, the owner or occupier is taken to have refused to agree.	16 17 18 19
		Note—	20
		Either party may refer a refusal under subsection (1) or (3) to the Land Court to decide whether the refusal is unreasonable. See section 225.	21 22
222	Pri	nciples for deciding whether access is reasonable	23
	(1)	This section provides for matters to which regard must be had in deciding whether—	24 25
		(a) it is reasonably necessary for the geothermal tenure holder to cross the land to allow the holder to enter the tenure's area; or	26 27 28
		(b) it is reasonably necessary for the holder to carry out activities on the land to allow the crossing of the land; or	29 30

		(c) the owner or occupier has unreasonably refused to make an access agreement.	1 2
	(2)	The holder must first show it not possible or reasonable to exercise the access rights by using a formed road.	3 4
	(3)	After subsection (2) has been satisfied, the following must be considered—	5 6
		(a) the nature and extent of any impact the exercise of the access rights will have on the land and the owner or occupier's use and enjoyment of it;	7 8 9
		(b) how, when and where and the period during which the holder proposes to exercise the access rights.	10 11
	(4)	In this section—	12
		formed road means any existing road or track on private land or public land used, or that may reasonably be capable of being used, to drive or ride motor vehicles.	13 14 15
223	Pro	ovisions for access and access agreements	16
	(1)	Section 210 applies for any entry to the land by the geothermal tenure holder as if the entry were an entry to carry out authorised activities.	17 18 19
		Editor's note—	20
		Section 210 (Entry notice requirement)	21
	(2)	However—	22
		(a) a written access agreement may include a waiver of entry notice for the entry; and	23 24
		(b) if an access agreement provides for alternative conditions to section 210 for the entry—section 210 does not apply for so long as the alternative conditions	25 26 27
		are in force.	28

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	(4)	the o	division does not limit or otherwise affect the ability of owner or occupier to grant the holder a right of access to and, including, for example, by the grant of an easement.	1 2 3
224	Ac	cess	agreement binds successors and assigns	4
		to it	ject to section 226, an access agreement binds the parties and each of their personal representatives, successors in and assigns.	5 6 7
Sub	divis	sion	3 Land Court resolution	8
225	Pov	wer o	of Land Court to decide access agreement	9
	(1)	an o	dispute arises between the geothermal tenure holder and owner or occupier of the land (the <i>parties</i>) about a matter tioned in section 222(1), any party to the dispute may y to the Land Court for it to decide the matter.	10 11 12 13
	(2)		eciding the matter, the Land Court may impose conditions onsiders appropriate for the exercise of the access rights.	14 15
	(3)	Con	ditions imposed under subsection (2) are taken to be—	16
		(a)	if there is already an access agreement between the parties—conditions of that agreement; or	17 18
		(b)	if there is no access agreement between the parties—an access agreement between the parties.	19 20
226	Pov	wer o	of Land Court to vary access agreement	21
	(1)	hold	owner or occupier of the land or the geothermal tenure ler may apply to the Land Court to vary any access ement between them.	22 23 24
	(2)	cons	Land Court may vary the access agreement only if it siders the change is appropriate because of a material age in circumstances.	25 26 27
	(3)	Sub	section (2) does not limit section 222.	28

	(4)		s section does not prevent the owner or occupier and the ler from agreeing to vary the access agreement.	1 2
227	Cri	In d	for deciding access leciding an application under this subdivision, the Land rt must have regard to section 222(2) and (3).	3 4 5
Divi	sion	3	Provisions for dealings or change in ownership or occupancy	6 7
228			otice or waiver of entry notice or access ent not affected by a dealing	8
		noti	ealing with a geothermal tenure does not affect an entry ce or waiver of entry notice or an access agreement given nade for the tenure.	10 11 12
229	Ch	ange	in ownership or occupancy	13
	(1)		after the giving of an entry notice, the ownership or upancy of the relevant land changes—	14 15
		(a)	the holder of the geothermal tenure for which the entry notice was given is taken to have given that notice to each new owner or occupier of the land; and	16 17 18
		(b)	section 210(2) does not apply for the new owner or occupier for the entry period stated in the notice.	19 20
	(2)	or o	fter the giving of a waiver of entry notice, the ownership ccupancy of the relevant land changes, each new owner or upier of the land is taken to have given that waiver of entry ce.	21 22 23 24
	(3)	new hold	ne relevant geothermal tenure holder becomes aware of a owner or occupier mentioned in subsection (1) or (2), the ler must, within 15 business days, give the new owner or upier a copy of the entry notice or waiver of entry notice.	25 26 27 28

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	(4)		e holder does not comply with subsection (3), subsections and (2) cease to apply for the entry notice or consent.	1 2
Divi	sion	4	Periodic notice after entry of land	3
230	No	tice to	o owners and occupiers	4
	(1)	This	section applies if—	5
		(a)	private land has been entered to carry out authorised activities for a geothermal tenure; or	6 7
		(b)	access land for a geothermal tenure has been entered in the exercise of the access rights over the land.	8 9
	(2)	after	holder of the geothermal tenure must, within 3 months the end of the period under subsection (3), (4) or (5), each owner and occupier of the land a notice stating—	10 11 12
		(a)	what activities were carried out on the land during that period and where they were carried out; or	13 14
		(b)	if no activities were carried out on the land during the period—that no activities were carried out on the land during that period.	15 16 17
	(3)	occu	n entry notice was given for the entry to all owners or spiers of the land, the period for subsection (2) is the od stated in the entry notice.	18 19 20
	(4)	notic	l owners or occupiers of the land gave a waiver of entry ce for the entry, the period for subsection (2) is the longer ce following periods after the giving of the waiver of entry ce—	21 22 23 24
		(a)	either—	25
			(i) for a geothermal permit—6 months; or	26
			(ii) for a geothermal lease—1 year;	27
		(b)	if, within the period under paragraph (a), each owner or occupier of the land consented to a longer period—the longer period.	28 29 30

	(5)	If an entry notice for the entry was given to some of the owners or occupiers and the rest of the owners or occupiers gave a waiver of entry notice for the entry, the period for subsection (2) is the longer of the periods under subsections (3) and (4).	1 2 3 4 5
Divi	sion	5 Access to carry out rehabilitation and environmental management	6 7
231		tht of access for authorised activities includes access rehabilitation and environmental management	8 9
	(1)	This section applies if, under this part, a geothermal tenure holder has the right to enter private land to carry out authorised activities for the tenure.	10 11 12
	(2)	The right includes a right to enter the land to carry out rehabilitation or environmental management required of the holder under any relevant environmental requirement under the Environmental Protection Act.	13 14 15 16
Divi	sion	6 Miscellaneous provision	17
232	Dir	ection to ease concerns of owner or occupier	18
	(1)	This section applies if the Minister reasonably believes that, to ease a valid concern of an owner or occupier of land in a geothermal tenure's area, the tenure holder ought reasonably to take action, or cease taking action.	19 20 21 22
	(2)	The Minister may, by notice, direct the holder to take the action, or cease taking the action, within a stated reasonable period.	23 24 25
	(3)	However, before deciding to give the notice, the Minister must—	26 27
		(a) give the holder a notice stating—	28

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			(i)	the proposed direction; and	1
			(ii)	the grounds for giving the proposed direction; and	2
			(iii)	the facts and circumstances forming the basis for the grounds; and	3 4
			(iv)	that the holder may, within a stated reasonable period, make submissions to the Minister about the proposed direction; and	5 6 7
		(b)	cons	ider any submissions made by the holder within the od.	8 9
	(4)			ion does not take effect until the holder is given an on notice about the decision.	10 11
		Note-	_		12
				onsequence of noncompliance with the direction, see section n noncompliance action may be taken).	13 14
Part	t 6			Public land	15
Divi	sion	1		Public roads	16
Sub	divis	sion ¹	1	Preliminary	17
233	Sig	ınifica	nt p	rojects excluded from div 1	18
	(1)			ion does not apply for a geothermal tenure for a t project.	19 20
	(2)	the c	coord Public	n (1) does not limit or otherwise affect conditions inator-general may, under the <i>State Development & Works Organisation Act 1971</i> , part 4, recommend othermal tenure.	21 22 23 24

234	Wh	nat is a <i>notifiable road use</i>	1		
	(1)	A notifiable road use, for a geothermal tenure, is—	2		
		(a) the use of a public road in the geothermal tenure's area for transport relating to a seismic survey or drilling activity; or	3 4 5		
		(b) the use of a public road at more than the haulage threshold rate if the haulage relates to the construction of a pipeline.	6 7 8		
	(2)	Subsection (1)(b) applies even if the road is not on land in the geothermal tenure's area.	9 10		
	(3)	In this section—	11		
		haulage threshold rate means—	12		
		(a) for a State-controlled road—50000t a year; or	13		
		(b) for another public road—10000t a year.	14		
Sub	divis	sion 2 Notifiable road uses	15		
235	Notice of notifiable road use				
	(1)	It is a condition of each geothermal tenure that its holder must not use a public road for a notifiable road use unless the holder has given the public road authority for the road notice that the holder proposes to carry out the use.	17 18 19 20		
		Note—	21		
		See also section 262 (Compensation to be addressed before carrying out notifiable road use).	22 23		
	(2)	The notice must—	24		
		(a) be given—	25		
		(i) at least 10 business days before the use starts; or	26		
		(ii) within a shorter period agreed to by the public road authority in writing; and	27 28		

		(b)	state	the following—	1
			(i)	the public road proposed to be used;	2
			(ii)	the type of haulage under the use;	3
				Examples of type of haulage—	4
				• vehicle type	5
				material hauled	6
			(iii)	the total weight of material proposed to be hauled;	7
			(iv)	when the use is proposed to start and end;	8
			(v)	the frequency of vehicle movements;	9
			(vi)	contact details for the holder or someone else the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	10 11 12
236	Dir	ectio	ns ab	out notifiable road use	13
	(1)	give dire	a ge ction) fiable	c road authority for a public road may, by notice, cothermal tenure holder a direction (a <i>road use</i> about the way the holder may use the road for road uses being carried out, or proposed to be t, by the holder.	14 15 16 17 18
	(2)	The	direct	ion must—	19
		(a)	be re	easonable; and	20
		(b)	only	be about—	21
		, ,	(i)	preserving the condition of the road; or	22
			(ii)	the safety of road users or the public; and	23
		(c)		accompanied by or include an information notice at the decision to give the direction.	24 25
		Exan	iples of	what a direction may be about—	26
		•	when	the road may be used	27
		•	the ro	oute for the movement of heavy vehicles	28
		•	safety	precautions the holder must take	29

	(3)	The	direction may also require the holder to—	1
		(a)	carry out an assessment of the impacts likely to arise from the notifiable road use the subject of the notice; and	2 3 4
		(b)	consult with the public road authority in carrying out the assessment.	5 6
	(4)	How	vever—	7
		(a)	an assessment can not be required if the notifiable road use is transport relating to a seismic survey or drilling activity; and	8 9 10
		(b)	the public road authority can not require an assessment of an impact to the extent it has already been assessed under an EIS under the Environmental Protection Act or a similar document under another Act.	11 12 13 14
237	Ob	ligati	on to comply with road use directions	15
		com	a condition of each geothermal tenure that its holder must apply with any road use direction given to its holder relating the tenure, unless the holder has a reasonable excuse.	16 17 18
Divi	sion	2	Other public land	19
		Note-	_	20
			r the ownership of equipment and improvements on public land see rt 9.	21 22
238	Wh	en e	ntry notice has to be given	23
	(1)	This	s section does not apply for a notifiable road use.	24
	(2)	-	erson must not enter public land to carry out an authorised vity for a geothermal tenure on public land unless—	25 26
		(a)	the activity is an activity that may be carried out by a member of the public without requiring the specific approval of the public land authority for the land; or	27 28 29

		Exam	ıple—	1
		tra	avelling on a public road in the geothermal tenure's area	2
	(b)	give	nolder has, at least 30 business days before the entry, in the public land authority notice under this part (an <i>y notice</i>) of the proposed entry; or	3 4 5
	(c)	entry	public land authority has agreed in writing that an y notice is not required and the agreement complies a section 239; or	6 7 8
	(d)		entry is needed to preserve life or property because dangerous situation or emergency that exists or may t.	9 10 11
	Max	imum	penalty—100 penalty units.	12
(3)	An a notic		ment under subsection (2)(c) is a waiver of entry	13 14
Wa	iver o	of ent	try notice	15
(1)	A wa	aiver o	of entry notice must—	16
	(a)	be si	igned; and	17
	(b)	etata	e the following—	18
	\ /	State	the following	10
		(i)	that the public land authority has been told it is not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice;	19 20
	()		that the public land authority has been told it is not	19
		(i) (ii)	that the public land authority has been told it is not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice; the authorised activities proposed to be carried out	19 20 21
	` '	(i)(ii)(iii)	that the public land authority has been told it is not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice; the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	19 20 21 22
(2)	The	(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) publi	that the public land authority has been told it is not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice; the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land; the period during which the land will be entered; when and where the activities are proposed to be	19 20 21 22 23 24

Re	quired contents of entry notice	1
(1)	An entry notice must state the following—	2
	(a) the land proposed to be entered;	3
	(b) the period during which the land will be entered (the <i>entry period</i>);	4 5
	(c) the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	6
	(d) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	7 8
	(e) contact details for—	9
	(i) the relevant geothermal tenure holder; or	10
	(ii) another person the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	1: 12
(2)	The entry period can not be longer than—	13
	(a) for a geothermal permit—6 months; or	14
	(b) for a geothermal lease—1 year.	1:
(3)	However, for a geothermal lease the entry period may be longer if the public land authority agrees in writing.	10 1'
(4)	Subject to subsections (2) and (3), an entry notice given to 1 public land authority for the public land may state a different entry period from an entry notice given to another public land authority for the public land.	18 19 20 21
(5)	If a proposed activity is not likely to significantly disrupt activities the public land authority ordinarily carries out on the land, the entry notice may comply with subsection (1)(c) and (d) by generally describing the nature and extent of the activity.	22 23 24 25 26
Co (1)	activity. nditions public land authority may impose A public land authority may impose relevant and reasonable	2
	conditions on a geothermal tenure holder, including, for example, about giving the public land authority—	3

	(a)	noti	ce of proposed entry—	1
		(i)	generally—at least 2 business days before the proposed entry; or	2 3
		(ii)	if the holder and the public land authority have agreed to a longer or shorter period for giving the notice—within the longer or shorter period; or	4 5 6
	(b)		ce at stated intervals of activities carried out by, or the holder on the land.	7 8
(2)	that tenu	is any	the public land authority can not impose a condition of the following for a condition of the geothermal the relevant environmental authority (the <i>existing</i>)—	9 10 11 12
	(a)	the s	same as the existing condition;	13
	(b)	subs	stantially the same as the existing condition;	14
	(c)	inco	nsistent with the existing condition.	15
(3)	exec Act cond	utive 1992	absection (2), if the public land authority is the chief of the department in which the <i>Nature Conservation</i> is administered, that chief executive may impose a more stringent than the environmental authority's s.	16 17 18 19 20
(4)	othe	r than	blic land authority decides to impose a condition a condition agreed to or requested by the holder, it the holder an information notice about the decision.	21 22 23
(5)		arryin litions	g out the activity, the holder must comply with the s.	24 25
	Max	imun	penalty for subsection (5)—100 penalty units.	26

Part	7		Access to land in area of particular other authorities	1 2
242	Аp	plica	tion of pt 7	3
	(1)	for 1	s part applies for a geothermal tenure (the <i>first authority</i>) and outside its area and in the area of any of the following <i>second authority</i>)—	4 5 6
		(a)	another geothermal tenure;	7
		(b)	a petroleum tenure;	8
		(c)	a petroleum authority;	9
		(d)	a mining tenement;	10
		(e)	a GHG authority.	11
	(2)		vever, if the land is also private land or public land, this does not limit part 5 or 6.	12 13
243	Ac	cess	if second authority is a lease	14
			e second authority is a lease, the first authority holder may r the land only if—	15 16
		(a)	the second authority holder has consented in writing to the entry; and	17 18
		(b)	the first authority holder has given the chief executive a notice stating that the consent has been given.	19 20
244	Ac	cess	if second authority is not a lease	21
	(1)	may	e second authority is not a lease, the first authority holder do the following without the second authority holder's sent—	22 23 24
		(a)	cross the land if it is reasonably necessary to allow the first authority holder to enter the first authority's area;	25 26

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		(b) carry out activities on the land that are reasonably necessary to allow the crossing of the land.	1 2
	(2)	However, a right under subsection (1) may be exercised only if its exercise does not adversely affect the carrying out of an authorised activity for the second authority.	3 4 5
	(3)	Subsection (2) applies whether or not the authorised activity has already started.	6 7
Part	: 8	Compensation and negotiated access	8 9
Division 1 Compensation other than for notifiable road uses			10 11
Subo	divis	ion 1 Preliminary	12
245	Apı	olication of div 1	13
		This division does not apply for a public land authority in relation to a notifiable road use.	14 15
Subo	divis	ion 2 General provisions	16
246	Gei	neral liability to compensate	17
	(1)	The holder of each geothermal tenure is liable to compensate each owner or occupier of private land or public land that is in the area of, or is access land for, the tenure (an <i>eligible claimant</i>) for any compensatable effect the eligible claimant suffers caused by relevant authorised activities.	18 19 20 21 22

 (2) A geothermal tenure holder's liability under subsection (1) to an eligible claimant is the holder's <i>compensation liability</i> to the claimant. (3) This section is subject to section 256. (4) In this continuous 	o 2 3 4 5
•	5
(A) In this section	
(4) In this section—	g 6
compensatable effect means all or any of the following relating to the eligible claimant's land—	7
(a) deprivation of possession of its surface;	8
(b) diminution of its value;	9
(c) diminution of the use made or that may be made of the land or any improvement on it;	e 10 11
(d) severance of any part of the land from other parts of the land or from other land that the eligible claimant owns;	
(e) any cost or loss arising from the carrying out o activities under the geothermal tenure on the land.	of 14 15
relevant authorised activities means authorised activities for the geothermal tenure carried out by the holder or a person authorised by the holder.	
Subdivision 3 General provisions for conduct and compensation agreements	19 20
247 Conduct and compensation agreement	21
(1) An eligible claimant and a geothermal tenure holder may enter into an agreement (a conduct and compensation agreement) about—	
 (a) how and when the geothermal tenure holder may ente the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant; and 	

		(b)	how authorised activities under the geothermal tenure, to the extent they relate to the eligible claimant, must be carried out; and	1 2 3
		(c)	the holder's compensation liability to the claimant or any future compensation liability that the holder may have to the claimant.	4 5 6
	(2)	inco tenu	vever, a conduct and compensation agreement can not be onsistent with this Act, a condition of the geothermal are or a mandatory provision of the land access code and is inforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	7 8 9 10
	(3)		onduct and compensation agreement may relate to all or of the liability or future liability.	11 12
248	Со	ntent	t of conduct and compensation agreement	13
	(1)	A co	onduct and compensation agreement must—	14
		(a)	provide for the matters mentioned in section 247(1); and	15
		(b)	be written and signed by or for the geothermal tenure holder and the eligible claimant; and	16 17
		(c)	state whether it is for all or part of the compensation liability; and	18 19
		(d)	if it is for only part of the compensation liability, state—	20
			(i) details of each activity or effect of the activity to which the agreement relates; and	21 22
			(ii) the period for which the agreement has effect; and	23
		(e)	provide for how and when the compensation liability will be met.	24 25
	(2)	A co	onduct and compensation agreement may—	26
		(a)	extend the holder's compensation liability to the claimant or any future compensation liability that the holder may have to the claimant to any renewal of the geothermal tenure; and	27 28 29 30
		(b)	provide for—	31

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		(i) moneta	ry or non-monetary compensation; or	1
		Example	of non-monetary compensation—	2
			duct and compensation agreement may provide for instruction of a road for the claimant.	3
		(ii) a proces	ss by which it may be amended or enforced;	5 6
		Example	of a process for amendment—	7
		compe a mat tenure	duct and compensation agreement may provide for ensation under it to be reviewed on the happening of erial change in circumstances for the geothermal , including a change in the extent of activities ed under a later development plan for a geothermal	8 9 10 11 12 13
		by the hole	any compensation that is or may be payable der to the eligible claimant under the tal Protection Act.	14 15 16
	(3)		not limit the matters that may be provided ad compensation agreement.	17 18
Sub	divid	ion 4 Nego	atiation proces	1.0
Sub	uivis		otiation process	19
			rmal tenure holder can not enter private land to carry activity unless the holder complies with this etions 215 and 216.	20 21 22 23
249	No	ice of intent to n	egotiate	24
	(1)	whom the holder negotiation notice	has a compensation liability a notice (the e) that the holder wishes to negotiate a ensation agreement or a deferral agreement laimant.	25 26 27 28 29
	(2)	_	otice must be accompanied by a copy of the nd state all of the following—	30 31

		(a)	if the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement—	1 2
			(i) whether the holder wishes to negotiate all or part of the holder's compensation liability to the eligible claimant; and	3 4 5
			(ii) if the holder only wishes to negotiate part of the liability—what the part is;	6 7
		(b)	if the holder wishes to negotiate a deferral agreement—that wish and the reasons for it;	8 9
		(c)	the land the holder proposes to enter;	10
		(d)	the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	11
		(e)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	12 13
		(f)	if the holder is a corporation—contact details for the holder and an individual the holder has authorised to negotiate the agreement.	14 15 16
	(3)		geothermal tenure holder must give the chief executive a of the negotiation notice immediately after it is given.	17 18
		Max	timum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.	19
250	Ne	gotia	tions	20
	(1)	On thold reason company	the giving of the negotiation notice, the geothermal tenure der and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) must use all onable endeavours to negotiate a conduct and pensation agreement or a deferral agreement (a <i>relevant tement</i>).	21 22 23 24 25
	(2)	The	period of the negotiations—	26
		(a)	must be at least 20 business days from the giving of the negotiation notice (the <i>minimum negotiation period</i>); but	27 28 29
		(b)	may continue for as long as the parties wish.	30

	(3)	If, during the minimum negotiation period, the parties enter into a relevant agreement, the geothermal tenure holder can not enter the relevant land to carry out advanced activities for the tenure until the period ends.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite the terms of the agreement.	5
251	Со	oling-off during minimum negotiation period	6
	(1)	This section applies if the parties enter into a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement during the minimum negotiation period.	7 8 9
	(2)	Either of the parties may, within the minimum negotiation period, terminate the agreement by giving notice to the other party.	10 11 12
	(3)	On the giving of a notice under subsection (2), the terminated agreement is taken never to have had any effect.	13 14
	(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) does not change the time when the negotiation notice was given.	15 16
252	Pai	rties may seek mediation	17
	(1)	This section applies if, at the end of the minimum negotiation period, the parties have not entered into a conduct and compensation agreement.	18 19 20
	(2)	Either party may ask an authorised officer to call a mediation between the parties to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	21 22 23
	(3)	Chapter 7, part 1 applies to the mediation.	24
	(4)	However, the authorised officer must take all reasonable steps to ensure the mediation is finished within 20 business days after it was requested.	25 26 27

Sub	divis	sion 5 Deciding compensation through Land Court	1 2
253		ciding compensation through Land Court if mediation called or after unsuccessful mediation	3 4
	(1)	This section applies if, under section 252, a party has asked an authorised officer to call a mediation and the officer does not finish the mediation within 20 business days after receiving the request.	5 6 7 8
	(2)	This section also applies if—	9
		(a) an authorised officer has, under section 252, called a mediation; and	10 11
		(b) one or both of the parties attended the mediation; and	12
		(c) there is no conduct and compensation agreement between the parties relating to the subject of the mediation within 20 business days after the mediation was called.	13 14 15 16
	(3)	An eligible party may apply to the Land Court for it to decide the geothermal tenure holder's—	17 18
		(a) compensation liability to the claimant; or	19
		(b) future compensation liability to the claimant for an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure proposed to be carried out by or for the holder.	20 21 22
	(4)	However, the Land Court may decide the liability or future liability only to the extent it is not subject to a conduct and compensation agreement.	23 24 25
	(5)	In hearing the application, the Land Court must as much as practicable ensure the hearing happens together with, or as closely as possible to, the hearing of any relevant environmental compensation application.	26 27 28 29
	(6)	In this section—	30
		eligible party means—	31

		(a) if subsection (1) applies—any party; or	1
		(b) if subsection (2) applies—a party who attended the mediation.	2 3
		relevant environmental compensation application means an application to the Land Court for compensation that is or may be payable by the geothermal tenure holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	4 5 6 7
254	Lar	nd Court review of compensation	8
	(1)	This section applies if—	9
		(a) the compensation liability or future compensation liability of a geothermal tenure holder to an eligible claimant has been agreed to under a conduct and compensation agreement or decided by the Land Court (the <i>original compensation</i>); and	10 11 12 13 14
		(b) there has been a material change in circumstances (the <i>change</i>) since the agreement or decision.	15 16
	(2)	The eligible claimant or the holder may apply to the Land Court for it to review the original compensation.	17 18
	(3)	In carrying out the review, the Land Court may review the original compensation only to the extent it is affected by the change.	19 20 21
	(4)	If the Land Court considers the original compensation is not affected by the change, it must not carry out or continue with the review.	22 23 24
	(5)	The Land Court may, after carrying out the review, decide to confirm the original compensation or amend it in a way the court considers appropriate.	25 26 27
	(6)	If the decision is to amend the original compensation, the original compensation as amended under the decision is, for this Act, taken to be the original compensation.	28 29 30

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255	Ord	ers Land Court may make	1
	(1)	The Land Court may make any order it considers appropriate to meet or enforce its decision on an application under this part.	2 3 4
	(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the Land Court may order non-monetary compensation as well as monetary compensation.	5 6 7
Subd	livis	ion 6 Miscellaneous provision	8
256		npensation not affected by change in ownership or upancy	9 10
	(1)	A conduct and compensation agreement or a Land Court decision under this part is for the benefit of, and is taken to have been agreed to or decided for and is binding on, the following—	11 12 13 14
		(a) the relevant eligible claimant;	15
		(b) the geothermal tenure holder;	16
		(c) each of their successors and assigns including successors and assigns for the area of the relevant geothermal tenure.	17 18 19
	(2)	Subsection (1) is subject to section 254.	20
Divis	ion :	Compensation for notifiable road uses	21 22
257	Liak	pility to compensate public road authority	23
	(1)	The holder of each geothermal tenure is liable to compensate the public road authority for a public road for any cost, damage or loss it incurs or will incur that is or will be caused by notifiable road uses carried out by the holder that relate to the road.	24 25 26 27 28

		Exan	pples of a possible cost for subsection (1)—	1
		•	repair costs to rectify damage to the road caused or that will be caused by any of the uses	2 3
		•	capital costs for unplanned upgrades of the road incurred or that will be incurred because of any of the uses	4 5
		•	bring-forward costs, including interest charges, for a planned upgrade of the road that because of any of the uses is or will be required earlier than planned	6 7 8
	(2)		holder's liability under subsection (1) is the holder's <i>pensation liability</i> to the public road authority.	9 10
	(3)	The	compensation liability—	11
		(a)	applies whether or not the holder has, under section 235, given notice of the use; and	12 13
		(b)	is subject to section 263; and	14
		(c)	is in addition to and does not limit or otherwise affect the holder's liability under another provision of this Act about compensating the public road authority or anyone else.	15 16 17 18
258	Со	mper	nsation agreement	19
	(1)	publ agre	cothermal tenure holder and the public road authority for a cic road may enter into an agreement (a <i>compensation tement</i>) about the holder's compensation liability to the ic road authority relating to the road.	20 21 22 23
	(2)	A co	ompensation agreement may relate to all or part of the lity.	24 25
	(3)	A co	ompensation agreement must—	26
		(a)	be signed by or for the holder and the public road authority; and	27 28
		(b)	state whether it is for all or part of the liability; and	29
		(c)	if it is for only part of the liability, state—	30

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		(i)	each part of the notifiable road use to which the agreement relates; and	1 2
		(ii)	the period for which the agreement has effect; and	3
	(d)	prov	vide for how and when the liability will be met.	4
(4)	A co	mper	nsation agreement may—	5
	(a)	road	and the holder's compensation liability to the public authority relating to the road to any renewal of the thermal tenure; and	6 7 8
	(b)	prov	vide for—	9
		(i)	monetary or non-monetary compensation; or	10
		(ii)	a process by which it may be amended or enforced.	11
		Exan	nple for paragraph (b)—	12
		it ci de	compensation agreement may provide for compensation under to be reviewed on the happening of a material change in reumstances for the geothermal tenure, including a significant ecrease or increase in the extent of the relevant notifiable road se.	13 14 15 16 17
(5)			ns (2) to (4) do not limit the matters that may be for in a compensation agreement.	18 19
Dec	cidin	g cor	npensation through Land Court	20
(1)	tenu hold	re hol er's c	ic road authority for a public road or a geothermal lider may apply to the Land Court for it to decide the compensation liability to the public road authority of the road.	21 22 23 24
(2)			Court may decide the compensation liability only to it is not subject to a compensation agreement.	25 26
(3)	whe	ther t	g the decision, the Land Court may have regard to he applicant has attempted to mediate or negotiate ensation liability.	27 28 29

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260	Cri	teria	for decision	1
	(1)		criteria the Land Court must consider in deciding a pensation application include—	2 3
		(a)	the reasonableness of the cost, damage or loss claimed; and	4 5
		(b)	if the public road authority is a local government—the extent to which the cost, damage or loss claimed has been, will be or ought reasonably to be or to have been paid from—	6 7 8 9
			(i) amounts the geothermal tenure holder has paid or agreed to pay the public road authority for notifiable road uses; or	10 11 12
			(ii) rates and charges under the <i>Local Government Act</i> 2009 paid or payable by the geothermal tenure holder to the public road authority; and	13 14 15
		(c)	any other relevant matter.	16
	(2)		onsidering the reasonableness of any cost, damage or loss med, the Land Court must have regard to—	17 18
		(a)	any action taken or proposed by the geothermal tenure holder to, or to attempt to, avoid, minimise or remedy the cost, damage or loss; and	19 20 21
		(b)	any relevant act or omission of the public road authority.	22
	(3)		section (1)(b)(ii) applies whether or not the rates and ges relate to notifiable road uses.	23 24
261	Laı	nd Co	ourt review of compensation	25
	(1)	This	section applies if—	26
		(a)	the compensation liability or future compensation liability of a geothermal tenure holder to a public road authority has been agreed to under a compensation agreement or decided by the Land Court (the <i>original compensation</i>); and	27 28 29 30 31

	(b)	there has been a material change in circumstances since the agreement or decision.	1 2
		Example of a material change in circumstances—	3
		a significant decrease or increase in the extent of the relevant notifiable road use	4 5
(2)	appl	public road authority or geothermal tenure holder may y to the Land Court for it to review the original pensation.	6 7 8
(3)		ions 259 and 260 apply for the review as if the application a compensation application.	9 10
(4)	conf	Land Court may, after carrying out the review, decide to firm the original compensation or amend it in a way the transiders appropriate.	11 12 13
(5)		vever, before making the decision, the Land Court must e regard to—	14 15
	(a)	the original compensation; and	16
	(b)	whether the applicant has attempted to mediate or negotiate an amendment of the original compensation; and	17 18 19
	(c)	any change in the matters mentioned in section 260(1) since the original compensation was agreed or decided.	20 21
(6)	origi	ne decision is to amend the original compensation, the inal compensation as amended under the decision is, for Act, taken to be the original compensation.	22 23 24
		nsation to be addressed before carrying out le road use	25 26
(1)		a condition of each geothermal tenure that its holder must carry out a notifiable road use on a public road unless—	27 28
	(a)	the holder and the relevant public road authority have signed a compensation agreement for the use; or	29 30
	(b)	the public road authority has given written consent to the carrying out of the use; or	31 32

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		(c) a compensation application has been made to decide the holder's compensation liability to the public road authority relating to the road.	1 2 3
	(2)	A consent under subsection (1)(b) may be given for any renewal of the geothermal tenure.	4 5
263		mpensation not affected by change in administration holder	6
	(1)	An agreement or decision under this part about compensation liability is binding on—	8
		(a) the relevant public road authority; and	1
		(b) the relevant geothermal tenure holder; and	1
		(c) each of their personal representatives, successors and assigns.	1
	(2)	Subsection (1) is subject to section 261.	1
Part	9	Ownership of equipment and improvements	1
264	Аp	plication of pt 9	1
	(1)	This part applies if—	1
		(a) equipment or improvements are taken onto or constructed or placed on land in a geothermal tenure's area; and	1 2 2 2
		(b) the equipment or improvements were taken onto or constructed or placed on the land for use for an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure; and	2 2 2 2
		(c) the geothermal tenure continues in force.	2
	(2)	However, this part is subject to part 14.	2

		Editor's note—	1
			1
	(2)	part 14 (Enforcement of end of tenure and area reduction obligations)	2
	(3)	In this section—	3
		equipment includes machinery and plant.	4
		improvements—	5
		(a) does not include a geothermal well; but	6
		(b) does include any works constructed in connection with a geothermal well.	7 8
265	Ow	nership of equipment and improvements	9
	(1)	While the equipment or improvements are on the land they remain the property of the person who owned them immediately before they were taken onto or constructed or placed on the land, unless that person otherwise agrees.	10 11 12 13
		Note—	14
		See, however, section 354 (Obligation to remove equipment and improvements).	15 16
	(2)	However, for a geothermal well, subsection (1) is subject to part 3, division 2.	17 18
		Editor's note—	19
		part 3, division 2 (Decommissioning of geothermal wells)	20
	(3)	Subsection (1) applies despite—	21
		(a) the plant or equipment having become part of the land; or	22 23
		(b) the sale or other disposal of the land of which the plant or equipment has become a part.	24 25
	(4)	The equipment or improvements can not be—	26
		(a) levied or seized in execution; or	27
		(b) sold in exercise of a power of sale or otherwise disposed of by a process under a law of a State taken against the holder or the owner of the land.	28 29 30

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	(5)	This	section applies despite—	1
		(a)	an Act or law of a State; or	2
		(b)	a contract, covenant or claim of right under a law of a State.	3
Part	10		Geothermal register	5
266	Ge	other	mal register	6
			chief executive must keep a register of details about the owing—	7 8
		(a)	restricted areas;	9
		(b)	excluded land;	1
		(c)	geothermal tenures;	1
		(d)	geothermal coordination arrangements;	1
		(e)	dealings with geothermal authorities.	1
267	Kee	eping	of register	1
	(1)		chief executive must include in the geothermal register nformation prescribed under a regulation.	1 1
	(2)	the	chief executive may also keep in the register information chief executive considers appropriate about matters ing to this Act or another resource Act.	1 1 1
	(3)	requ subs	nder this Act, there is a change relating to information ired to be kept in the register or to information that, under ection (2), the chief executive keeps in the register, the f executive must—	2 2 2 2
		(a)	amend the register to reflect the change; and	2
		(b)	record in the register—	2

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		(i) when the information was amended; and	1
		(ii) for a dealing—when it took effect under section 275(2).	2 3
	(4)	For subsection (3), if the change requires approval under this Act, the change happens when the approval takes effect.	4 5
268	Ac	cess to register	6
	(1)	The chief executive must—	7
		(a) keep the geothermal register open for inspection by the public during office hours on business days at the places the chief executive considers appropriate; and	8 9 10
		(b) allow a person, on payment of the fee prescribed under a regulation, to search and take extracts from the register; and	11 12 13
		(c) give a person who asks for a copy of all or part of a document or information held in the register the copy on payment of the fee prescribed under a regulation.	14 15 16
	(2)	This section is subject to section 269.	17
269		rangements with other departments for copies from othermal register	18 19
	(1)	Despite section 268, the chief executive may enter into an arrangement with another department allowing it to carry out a search of, take extracts from or obtain a copy of particulars recorded in the geothermal register without payment of the fees prescribed under section 268.	20 21 22 23 24
	(2)	However, the chief executive may enter into an arrangement under subsection (1) only if the chief executive is reasonably satisfied the information obtained from the copy will not be—	25 26 27
		(a) used for a commercial purpose, including, for example, the marketing or sale of the information or other information; or	28 29 30

		(b)	included in another database of information in any form other than with chief executive's approval.	1 2
270	Su	pply	of statistical data from geothermal register	3
	(1)	stati	chief executive may enter into an agreement to supply stical data derived from instruments or information kept ne geothermal register.	4 5 6
	(2)	If the (1)—	e chief executive supplies statistical data under subsection	7 8
		(a)	the fees and charges applying for the supply of the data are the fees and charges provided for in the agreement; and	9 10 11
		(b)	without limiting paragraph (a), the agreement may also state—	12 13
			(i) how the fees and charges are to be calculated; and	14
			(ii) how payment of the fees and charges is to be made.	15
	(3)	of st	hout limiting subsection (1), an agreement for the supply tatistical data may limit the use to which the data supplied be put.	16 17 18
	(4)	An a	agreement for the supply of statistical data must include—	19
		(a)	a provision allowing the chief executive to exclude particulars from data supplied under the agreement if the chief executive is satisfied on reasonable grounds that inclusion of the particulars may result in the particulars being inappropriately disclosed or used; and	20 21 22 23 24
		(b)	a provision allowing the chief executive to prohibit disclosure or to limit distribution or use of data supplied under the agreement.	25 26 27
	(5)	obta	agreement under this section must not provide for the ining of information or anything else that may be ined under section 268.	28 29 30

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	(6)	The chief executive must exclude geothermal tenure particulars and personal information from data supplied under the agreement.	1 2 3
	(7)	Subsection (6) applies despite anything in the agreement.	4
	(8)	In this section—	5
		geothermal tenure particulars means particulars from any instrument or information kept by the chief executive that may allow a person to identify a geothermal tenure to which the instrument or information relates.	6 7 8 9
		<i>personal information</i> means particulars from any instrument or information kept by the chief executive that may allow a person to identify a person to whom the instrument or information relates.	10 11 12 13
271	Ch	ief executive may correct register	14
	(1)	The chief executive may correct the geothermal register if satisfied—	15 16
		(a) the register is incorrect; and	17
		(b) the correction will not prejudice the rights recorded in the register of a geothermal tenure holder, a person who holds an interest in a geothermal tenure or a person who is a party to a geothermal coordination arrangement.	18 19 20 21
	(2)	The power to correct includes power to correct information in the register or a document forming part of the register.	22 23
	(3)	If the register is corrected, the chief executive must record in it—	24 25
		(a) the state of the register before the correction; and	26
		(b) the time, date and circumstances of the correction.	27
	(4)	A correction under this section has the same effect as if the relevant error had not been made.	28 29
	(5)	For subsection (1)(b), a right is not prejudiced if the relevant person acquired or has dealt with the right with actual or	30 31

			structive knowledge that the register was incorrect and it was incorrect.	1 2
Part	11		Dealings	3
Divis	sion	1	Preliminary	4
272	Wh	at is	a dealing with a geothermal tenure	5
	(1)	Eacl	h of the following is a <i>dealing</i> with a geothermal tenure—	6
		(a)	a transfer of a geothermal tenure or of a share in a geothermal tenure;	7 8
		(b)	a mortgage of a geothermal tenure or of a share in a geothermal tenure;	9 10
		(c)	a release, transfer or surrender of a mortgage mentioned in paragraph (b);	11 12
		(d)	a sublease or an acquisition of a share in a sublease;	13
		(e)	a transfer of a sublease share mentioned in paragraph (d);	14 15
		(f)	a change to a geothermal tenure holder's name even if the holder continues to be the same person after the change.	16 17 18
	(2)		vever, a <i>dealing</i> with a geothermal tenure does not include ohibited dealing mentioned in section 273(1).	19 20
	(3)	In th	nis section—	21
		tran	sfer includes—	22
		(a)	a transmission by death; and	23
		(b)	a transfer by operation of law.	24

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			Exan	nple for paragraph (b)—	1
			oı de	geothermal tenure is held by individuals as joint tenants and ne of them dies. A transfer of the tenure includes a record of the eath to record the passing by survivorship of the deceased older's share of the tenure to the other holders.	2 3 4 5
273	Pro	hibit	ed d	ealings	6
	(1)		_	g having the effect of transferring a divided part of f a geothermal tenure is prohibited.	7 8
		Exan	ıples o	f a divided part of the area of a geothermal tenure—	9
		•	a spe	ecific part of the surface of the area	10
		•	a spe	ecific strata beneath the surface of the area	11
	(2)	A de	_	g or transfer prohibited under subsection (1) is of no	12 13
274	Wh	at is	a thi	rd party transfer	14
			otheri	arty transfer, of a geothermal tenure, is a transfer of mal tenure or of a share in a geothermal tenure other	15 16 17
		(a)	a tra	nnsfer under which—	18
			(i)	the proposed transferee is someone who holds the same ABN as any proposed transferor; or	19 20
			(ii)	all of one holder's share in the geothermal tenure will be transferred to another holder of the tenure; or	21 22 23
		(b)	a tra	ansmission by death; or	24
		(c)	a tra	ansfer by operation of law.	25

Divi	sion	Registration of dealings general	ly 1
275	Re	egistration required for all dealings	2
	(1)	A dealing with a geothermal tenure has no effect until been registered.	it has 3
	(2)	A registered dealing takes effect on—	5
		(a) for a third party transfer—the day the transfer finished; or	was 6 7
		(b) otherwise—the day the dealing was given to the executive for registration.	chief 8 9
276	Ар	oproval requirement for third party transfer or suble	ease 10
		A dealing that is a third party transfer or sublease can registered unless an application has been made under div 3 for approval of the dealing and the approval has been g	vision 12
277		otaining registration other than third party transfer	or 14
	(1)	Registration of a dealing other than a third party transfer sublease may be sought only by giving the chief execution of the dealing in the approved form.	
	(2)	The form must be accompanied by the fee prescribed un regulation.	nder a 19 20
278	Eff	fect of approval and registration	21
		The registration of a dealing or the giving of an appunder division 3 for a dealing does not of itself giv dealing any more effect or validity than it would have had section 275 not been enacted.	e the 23

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Divi	sion	3		Approval of third party transfers and subleases	1 2
279	Wh	o ma	у ар	ply	3
	(1)	•		to a third party transfer or sublease may apply for and registration of the transfer or sublease.	4 5
	(2)			the application can not be made if the proposed or sublessee is not an eligible person.	6 7
280	Re	quire	ment	ts for application	8
	(1)	The	appli	cation must be—	9
		(a)	mad	le to the Minister in the approved form; and	10
		(b)	acco	ompanied by—	11
			(i)	if the relevant geothermal tenure or interest is subject to a mortgage—the mortgagee's consent; and	12 13 14
			(ii)	the fee prescribed under a regulation.	15
	(2)	Also		he application relates to a sublease, the application	16 17
		(a)	be a	accompanied by a plan of survey for the sublease;	18 19
		(b)	state	-	20
			(i)	the authorised activities for the relevant geothermal lease that are proposed to be carried out under the sublease; and	21 22 23
			(ii)	information that addresses the capability criteria for geothermal leases for authorised activities.	24 25

De	cidin	g app	lication	
(1)	The	Minis	ster must decide whether or not to approve and	
	regis	ster the	e third party transfer or sublease.	
(2)	The	appro	val may be given only if—	
	(a)	the p	proposed transferee or sublessee—	
		(i)	continues to be an eligible person; and	
		(ii)	is a holder of the relevant environmental authority and any relevant Water Act authorisation; and	
	(b)	eithe	r—	
		(i)	any financial assurance required under the Environmental Protection Act for the environmental authority has been given; or	
		(ii)	the administering authority under that Act has given the Minister notice that it has not required financial assurance under that Act from the proposed transferee or sublessee for the environmental authority; and	
	(c)	for a	sublease—	
		(i)	the authorised activities for the relevant geothermal lease proposed to be carried out under the sublease are not inconsistent with the lease; and	
		(ii)	the Minister has approved the plan of survey accompanying the application.	
(3)	relev	ant cr	g the decision, the Minister must consider the iteria under chapter 2 or 3 for obtaining the relevant othermal tenure.	
Se	curity	may	be required	
(1)	appr	oval, 1	ster may, as a condition of deciding to give the require the proposed transferee or sublessee to give, ion 203, security for the geothermal tenure as if the	

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	(2)	proposed transferee or sublessee were an applicant for the tenure. If the proposed transferee or sublessee does not comply with the requirement, the approval may be refused.	1 2 3 4
283	Info	rmation notice about refusal	5
		If the Minister decides not to give the approval, the Minister must give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	6 7 8
Part	12	Renewals	9
284	Gei	eral conditions for renewal application	10
	(1)	A geothermal tenure holder may apply to renew the tenure only if none of the following is outstanding by the holder—	11 12
		(a) annual rent for any geothermal tenure;	13
		(b) a civil penalty under section 130 for nonpayment of annual rent;	14 15
		(c) security required for any geothermal tenure, as required under section 203;	16 17
		(d) interest payable under section 365 on annual rent or a civil penalty;	18 19
		(e) geothermal royalty.	20
	(2)	Also, the application can not be made—	21
		(a) more than 60 business days before the geothermal tenure's term ends; or	22 23
		(b) after the geothermal tenure has ended; or	24
		(c) if the area the subject of the application is more than the area of the geothermal tenure sought to be renewed	25 26

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				nediately before the renewed geothermal tenure is to effect.	1 2
285	Res	strict	ion c	on applying for renewal of geothermal permit	3
		for a	a prop	rmal permit holder can not apply to renew the permit osed term ending later than 15 years after the permit took effect.	4 5 6
286	Red	quire	men	ts for making application	7
		The	appli	cation must—	8
		(a)	be n	nade to the Minister in the approved form; and	9
		(b)		ude the following for the renewed geothermal are—	10 11
			(i)	for a geothermal permit—a proposed later work program complying with the later work program requirements;	12 13 14
			(ii)	for a geothermal lease—a proposed later development plan complying with the later development plan requirements; and	15 16 17
		(c)	be a	ccompanied by—	18
			(i)	the application fee prescribed under a regulation; and	19 20
			(ii)	if the application is made less than 20 business days before the end of the geothermal tenure's term—an amount that is 10 times the application fee.	21 22 23 24
287		ntinu olicat		effect of geothermal tenure for renewal	25 26
	(1)			on applies if, before the application is decided, the al tenure's term ends.	27 28

	(2)	-	the ending of the term, the geothermal tenure in force until the earlier of the following happens—	1 2
		(a) any	renewed term of the geothermal tenure starts;	3
		(b) a rea	fusal of the application takes effect;	4
		(c) the	application is withdrawn;	5
		(d) the	geothermal tenure is cancelled under this Act.	6
	(3)	Subsectio	ons (4) and (5) also apply if—	7
		(a) the	geothermal tenure is a geothermal permit; and	8
		` '	applicant has applied for a declaration of a potential thermal commercial area for the geothermal permit.	9 10
	(4)	application	nermal permit continues in force until the declaration on is decided but only for the area of the proposed geothermal commercial area applied for.	11 12 13
	(5)		duation program included in the declaration on is taken to be the work program for the geothermal	14 15 16
	(6)	are taken	othermal tenure is renewed, subsections (2) and (4) never to have applied for the period from the end of of the geothermal tenure being renewed as stated in re.	17 18 19 20
288	Dec	ciding ap	plication	21
	(1)	The Minis	ster may grant or refuse the renewal.	22
	(2)	However-	_	23
		deci	ore deciding to grant the renewal, the Minister must ide whether to approve the following for the renewed thermal tenure—	24 25 26
		(i)	for a renewed geothermal permit—the applicant's proposed work program;	27 28
		(ii)	for a renewed geothermal lease—the applicant's proposed development plan; and	29 30

	(b)	the renewal can not be granted unless—	1
			2
		(ii) the applicant satisfies the capability criteria; and	4
		substantially complied with the geothermal tenure	5 5 7
			8
			10 11
(3)	Also	if— 1	12
	(a)	the geothermal tenure is a geothermal permit; and	13
	(b)		14 15
		11	16 17
(4)		` '	18 19
(5)	appli	cation, require the applicant to do either or both of the	20 21 22
	(a)	± •	23 24
	(b)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25 26
(6)			27 28

289	Pro	ovisions and term of renewed geothermal permit	1
	(1)	This section, as well as section 291, applies if the Minister decides to grant the renewal and the geothermal tenure is a geothermal permit.	2 3 4
	(2)	Subject to this section and section 291, section 40 applies to the renewed geothermal permit as if it were a geothermal permit decided to be granted under chapter 2.	5 6 7
	(3)	The renewed geothermal permit's term can not be—	8
		(a) more than 5 years; or	9
		(b) for a term ending more than 15 years after the permit originally took effect.	10 11
	(4)	However, if any part of the renewed geothermal permit's area is a potential geothermal commercial area, its term for that part may be for a longer period that—	12 13 14
		(a) ends no later than when the declaration of the potential geothermal commercial area ends; and	15 16
		(b) is no more than the last term of the geothermal permit being renewed.	17 18
	(5)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (4)(b) does not prevent a renewal of the renewed geothermal tenure.	19 20
290	Pro	ovisions of renewed geothermal lease	21
	(1)	This section, as well as section 291, applies if the Minister decides to grant the renewal and the geothermal tenure is a geothermal lease.	22 23 24
	(2)	Subject to this section and section 291, section 82 applies to the renewed geothermal tenure as if it were a geothermal lease decided to be granted under chapter 3.	25 26 27
	(3)	The renewed lease's term must not be more than 20 years.	28

291			nal provisions for term of any renewed mal tenure	1 2
	(1)	from	renewed geothermal tenure's conditions may be different in the conditions or other provisions of the geothermal re being renewed.	3 4 5
	(2)	the that geot	e renewed geothermal tenure is decided before the end of term of the geothermal tenure being renewed as stated in tenure (the <i>previous term</i>), the term of the renewed hermal tenure is taken to start from the end of the ious term.	6 7 8 9 10
	(3)	term	e renewed geothermal tenure is decided after the previous a, the term of the renewed geothermal tenure starts rediately after the end of the previous term, but—	11 12 13
		(a)	the renewed geothermal tenure's conditions do not start until its holder is given notice of them; and	14 15
		(b)	until the notice is given, the conditions of the geothermal tenure being renewed apply to the renewed geothermal tenure as if they were its conditions.	16 17 18
292	Cri	teria	for decisions	19
		prov	eciding whether to grant the renewal, or deciding the isions of the renewed geothermal tenure, the Minister t consider—	20 21 22
		(a)	for a renewed geothermal permit—the work program criteria; and	23 24
		(b)	for a renewed geothermal lease—the development plan criteria; and	25 26
		(c)	whether the applicant continues to satisfy the capability criteria.	27 28

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293	Info	ormat	ion notice about refusal	1
			e Minister decides to refuse the application, the Minister give the applicant an information notice about the sion.	2 3 4
294	Wh	en re	fusal takes effect	5
	(1)		fusal of the application takes effect at the end of the al period for the decision to refuse.	6 7
	(2)		ection (1) applies subject to section 332 and any decision e Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to ee.	8 9 10
Part	13		Surrenders	11
295	Red		monto for ourrender	1.0
	110	quirer	ments for surrender	12
	(1)	A ge	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part—	12 13 14
		A ge	othermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the	13
		A ge	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part— an application (a <i>surrender application</i>) has been made	13 14 15
		A getenur (a) (b)	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part— an application (a <i>surrender application</i>) has been made for approval of the surrender; and	13 14 15 16
	(1)	A ge tenur (a) (b) In this surre	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part— an application (a <i>surrender application</i>) has been made for approval of the surrender; and the surrender has been approved.	13 14 15 16 17
	(1)	A ge tenur (a) (b) In this surre	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part— an application (a <i>surrender application</i>) has been made for approval of the surrender; and the surrender has been approved. is section— cender does not include a relinquishment of an area if the	13 14 15 16 17 18
	(1)	A ge tenur (a) (b) In this surre reline	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part— an application (a <i>surrender application</i>) has been made for approval of the surrender; and the surrender has been approved. is section— ander does not include a relinquishment of an area if the quishment is required or authorised under—	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20
296	(1)	A ge tenur (a) (b) In this surre reline (a) (b)	cothermal tenure holder may surrender all or part of the re's area only if, under this part— an application (a <i>surrender application</i>) has been made for approval of the surrender; and the surrender has been approved. is section— conder does not include a relinquishment of an area if the quishment is required or authorised under— the relinquishment condition; or	13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21

		(a)	made to the Minister in the approved form; and	1
		(b)	accompanied by the fee prescribed under a regulation.	2
	(2)		arrender application must also be accompanied by a report the applicant about—	3 4
		(a)	the authorised activities for the geothermal tenure carried out on the area the subject of the application; and	5 6
		(b)	the results of the activities; and	7
		(c)	any other information prescribed under a regulation.	8
		Max	rimum penalty for subsection (2)—150 penalty units.	9
297	De	cidin	g application	10
	(1)	The	Minister may approve a surrender only if—	11
		(a)	up to the day the application was made, the holder had submitted all reports required to be submitted under this Act; and	12 13 14
		(b)	for a surrender of all of the area of the geothermal tenure—all of the relevant environmental authority has been cancelled or surrendered; and	15 16 17
		(c)	for a surrender of part of the area of the geothermal tenure—the relevant environmental authority has been amended or partially surrendered in a way that reflects the partial surrender of the tenure; and	18 19 20 21
		(d)	all geothermal wells in the geothermal tenure's area have been decommissioned in the way required under section 199.	22 23 24
	(2)	cons	eciding whether to give the approval, the Minister must sider the extent to which the applicant has complied with geothermal tenure's conditions.	25 26 27
	(3)	tenu	ne application is for part of the area of the geothermal re, the surrender may be approved subject to the icant's written agreement to the Minister amending the	28 29 30

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		conditions applying to the rest of the area of the tenure in a stated way the Minister considers appropriate.	1 2
298	No	tice and taking effect of decision	3
	(1)	If the Minister decides to approve a surrender, the Minister must give the applicant notice of the decision.	4 5
	(2)	The surrender takes effect on the day after the decision is made.	6 7
	(3)	If the Minister decides to refuse a surrender, the Minister must give the applicant an information notice about the decision.	8 9
Part	14	Enforcement of end of tenure	10
- 0 0		and area reduction obligations	11
299	Pov	wer of authorised person to ensure compliance	12
	(1)	This section applies if the holder, or former holder, of a geothermal tenure has not complied with any of the following relating to land that was in the former tenure's area (the <i>primary land</i>)—	13 14 15 16
		(a) a requirement under section 199 or 354 relating to the land;	17 18
		(b) a requirement under an environmental requirement under the Environmental Protection Act to conduct work on the land.	19 20 21
		Editor's note—	22
		section 199 (Obligation to decommission) or 354 (Obligation to remove equipment and improvements)	23 24
	(2)	A person authorised (the <i>authorised person</i>) by the chief executive may, by complying with section 300, exercise the following powers (<i>remedial powers</i>)—	25 26 27

		(a)	enter the primary land and do all things necessary to ensure the requirement is complied with;	1 2				
		(b)	enter any other land (<i>secondary land</i>) necessary or desirable to cross for access to the primary land.	3 4				
	(3)	struct with	ever, remedial powers do not include power to enter a ture or a part of a structure used for residential purposes but the consent of the occupier of the structure or part of tructure.	5 6 7 8				
	(4)	The a	authorisation under subsection (2)—	9				
		(a)	must be written; and	10				
		(b)	may be given on conditions the chief executive considers appropriate.	11 12				
300	Requirements for entry to ensure compliance							
	(1)	secon given	edial powers may be exercised for the primary or ndary land under section 299 only if a following person is a notice of the proposed entry at least 10 business days be the proposed entry—	14 15 16 17				
		(a)	if the land has an occupier—any occupier of the land;	18				
		(b)	if the land does not have an occupier—its owner.	19				
	(2)	The r	notice must—	20				
		(a)	identify the authorised person; and	21				
		(b)	describe the land; and	22				
		(c)	state—	23				
			(i) that the authorised person has under this section, been authorised to enter the land; and	24 25				
			(ii) the purpose of the entry; and	26				
			(iii) the period of the entry.	27				
	(3)		chief executive may approve the giving of the notice by shing it in a stated way.	28 29				

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	(4)	The chief executive may give the approval only if satisfied the publication is reasonably likely to adequately inform the person to whom the notice is required to be given of the proposed entry.	1 2 3 4
	(5)	If the authorised person intends to enter the land and any occupier of the land is present at the land, the person also must show or make a reasonable attempt to show the occupier the person's authorisation under this section.	5 6 7 8
301	Du	ty to avoid damage in exercising remedial powers	9
		In exercising remedial powers, a person must take all reasonable steps to ensure the person causes as little inconvenience, and does as little damage, as is practicable.	10 11 12
302	No	tice of damage because of exercise of remedial powers	13
	(1)	If a person exercising remedial powers damages land or something on it, the person must give the owner and any occupier of the land notice of the damage.	14 15 16
	(2)	If for any reason it is not practicable to comply with subsection (1), the person must—	17 18
		(a) leave the notice at the place where the damage happened; and	19 20
		(b) ensure it is left in a conspicuous place and in a reasonably secure way.	21 22
	(3)	The notice must state—	23
		(a) particulars of the damage; and	24
		(b) that the owner or occupier may claim compensation under section 303 from the State.	25 26

Со	mpensation for exercise of remedial powers	1		
(1)	This section applies if an owner or occupier of land (the <i>claimant</i>) suffers a cost, damage or loss because of the exercise or purported exercise of remedial powers.	2 3 4		
(2)	Compensation is payable to the claimant by the State for the cost, damage or loss.	5 6		
(3)	The compensation may be claimed and ordered in a proceeding brought in a court with jurisdiction for the recovery of the amount of compensation claimed.	7 8 9		
(4)	The court may order the compensation only if it is satisfied it is just to make the order in the circumstances of the particular case.	10 11 12		
	Ownership of thing removed in exercise of remedial powers			
(1)	This section applies if—	15		
	(a) remedial powers are exercised for land; and	16		
	(b) in the exercise of the powers a thing is removed from the land; and	17 18		
	(c) immediately before the removal, the thing was the property of—	19 20		
	(i) the holder or former holder of a geothermal tenure about whom the powers were exercised; or	21 22		
	(ii) an agent of or contractor for the holder.	23		
(2)	On the removal, the thing becomes the property of the State.	24		
(3)	The State may deal with the thing as it considers appropriate, including, for example, by destroying it or giving it away.	25 26		
(4)	The chief executive may deal with the thing for the State.	27		
(5)	If the State sells the thing, the State may, after deducting the costs of the sale, return the net proceeds of the sale to the former owner of the thing.	28 29 30		

305	Recovery of costs of and compensation for exercise of remedial power					
	(1)	The State may recover from the responsible person as a debt any—	3 4			
		(a) reasonable costs the State or an authorised person under section 299 incurs in exercising a remedial power; and	5 6			
		(b) compensation payable by the State under section 303 for the exercise of the remedial power.	7 8			
	(2)	However, in any proceeding to recover the costs, any relevant net proceeds of sale mentioned in section 304 must be deducted from the amount claimed for the costs.	9 10 11			
	(3)	In this section—	12			
		relevant net proceeds of sale means the net proceeds of sale under which the thing sold was the property of the responsible person immediately before its removal under section 304.				
		responsible person means the holder or former holder of the geothermal tenure about whom the remedial powers were exercised.	16 17 18			
Cha	apte	er 7 Mediation, enforcement,	19			
	-1-	offences and proceedings	20			
Part	: 1	Mediation with eligible	21			
		claimants or owners and	22			
		occupiers	23			
306	Ар	plication of pt 1	24			
		This part applies if—	25			

		(a)	under section 252, an authorised officer is asked by a geothermal tenure holder or an eligible claimant to call a mediation; or	1 2 3
		(b)	an owner or occupier of land in a geothermal tenure's area gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the way in which authorised activities for the tenure are being carried out on the land; or	4 5 6 7
		(c)	a geothermal tenure holder gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the activities of an owner or occupier of land in the tenure's area; or	8 9 10
		(d)	for another reason an authorised officer has concerns about the relationship between a geothermal tenure holder and an owner or occupier of land in the tenure's area.	11 12 13 14
307	Me	diatio	on may be called	15
	(1)	notic clain offic	ection 306(a) applies, the authorised officer must, by ce, ask the geothermal tenure holder and the eligible mant (the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised ter about negotiating a conduct and compensation ement.	16 17 18 19 20
	(2)	by n	ction 306(b), (c) or (d) applies, the authorised officer may, otice, ask the geothermal tenure holder and the owner or pier (also the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the orised officer about the concerns.	21 22 23 24
	(3)		notice must state what the subject of the mediation is and n and where it will be held.	25 26
308	Wh	io ma	y attend mediation	27
	(1)		rt from the authorised officer, anyone given notice of the iation may attend it.	28 29
	(2)	-	arty may be represented by an agent only if the authorised per agrees.	30 31

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	(3)	However, a party can not be represented by a lawyer unless the parties agree and the authorised officer is satisfied there is no disadvantage to a party.	1 2 3
309	Wh	nat happens if a party does not attend	4
	(1)	This section applies if a party given notice of the mediation does not attend.	5 6
	(2)	For the purpose of applying to the Land Court under section 253, the mediation is taken to have been conducted.	7 8
	(3)	A party who attended the mediation may apply to the Land Court for an order requiring the party who did not attend to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	9 10 11
	(4)	The Land Court must not order the party who did not attend to pay costs if it is satisfied the party had a reasonable excuse for not attending.	12 13 14
	(5)	If the Land Court makes the order, it must decide the amount of the costs.	15 16
310	Со	nduct of mediation	17
	(1)	In conducting the mediation, the authorised officer must endeavour to help those attending to reach an early and inexpensive settlement of the subject of the mediation.	18 19 20
	(2)	Subject to section 252, the authorised officer is to decide how the mediation is to be conducted.	21 22
311	Sta	itements made at mediation	23
		Nothing said by a person at the mediation is admissible, without the person's consent, in a proceeding.	24 25

312	Mediated agreement					
	(1)	If, at the mediation, the parties negotiate an agreement about the concerns the subject of the mediation, the agreement must be written and signed by or for the parties.				
	(2)	The	agreement—	5		
		(a)	may be a conduct and compensation agreement or an amendment of an existing conduct and compensation agreement between the parties; and	6 7 8		
		(b)	has the same effect as any other compromise.	9		
Par	t 2		Noncompliance action for geothermal tenures	10 11		
			goothormal tonuroo	11		
Divi	sion	1	Preliminary	12		
313	Ор	eratio	on of div 1	13		
	(1)		division provides a process for noncompliance action nst a geothermal tenure holder.	14 15		
	(2)		power to take noncompliance action under this part does limit a power as follows (the <i>other power</i>)—	16 17		
		(a)	the power under chapter 6, part 4 to require new or additional security;	18 19		
		(b)	a power under another provision of this Act to amend the geothermal tenure;	20 21		
		(c)	the power under the P&G Act to give compliance direction.	22 23		
	(3)		other power does not limit the power to take compliance action.	24 25		
	(4)		compliance action may be taken when the other power is cised.	26 27		

		Note:	_		1
		ge sit	otherm	G Act, chapter 10 includes provisions about investigating nal activities and for the giving of compliance and dangerous directions as defined under that Act concerning those.	2 3 4 5
Divis	ion	2		Noncompliance action by Minister	6
314	Тур	es o	f non	ncompliance action that may be taken	7
	(1)			compliance action the Minister may take under this is all or any of the following—	8 9
		(a)		ending the geothermal tenure by doing all or any of following—	10 11
			(i)	reducing its term;	12
			(ii)	reducing its area;	13
				Example of a possible reduction—	14
				A geothermal permit holder has not, in contravention of section 117, carried out work required under the work program for the permit. Noncompliance action may include amending the permit to reduce its area to reflect the work not carried out.	15 16 17 18 19
			(iii)	amending a condition of the geothermal tenure;	20
			(iv)	imposing a new condition;	21
		(b)	_	uiring the holder of the geothermal tenure to equish a stated part of its area on or before a stated e;	22 23 24
		(c)		celling the geothermal tenure, immediately or on a ed day;	25 26
		(d)	prog dire Min	ndrawing from a stated day, the approval of the work gram or development plan for the tenure and ecting its holder to, on or before that day, give the hister the following document so the Minister may ide whether to approve the document—	27 28 29 30 31

	(i) for a geothermal permit—a proposed later work program complying with the later work program requirements;	1 2 3			
	(ii) for a geothermal lease—a proposed later development plan complying with the later development plan requirements;	4 5 6			
	(e) requiring the geothermal tenure holder to pay the State a penalty of an amount no more than the monetary value of 2000 penalty units.	7 8 9			
(2)	However, a requirement under subsection (1)(e) may be made only if the holder has agreed to the requirement being made instead of the taking of other noncompliance action under subsection (1).	10 11 12 13			
(3)	A condition or amendment under subsection (1) may restrict the authorised activities for the geothermal tenure.	14 15			
(4)	If, under subsection (1)(c), the geothermal tenure is cancelled on a stated day, a condition may be imposed under subsection (1)(a) restricting the authorised activities for the tenure until the cancellation.				
(5)	Noncompliance action may be taken despite the mandatory conditions for the geothermal tenure.				
Wh	nen noncompliance action may be taken	22			
(1)	Noncompliance action may be taken if—	23			
	(a) an event mentioned in subsection (2) or (3) has happened; and	24 25			
	(b) the procedure under division 3 for taking the action has been followed; and	26 27			
	(c) the geothermal tenure for which the noncompliance action is taken relates to the event for which the action is taken.	28 29 30			
(2)	For subsection (1), the event is that the holder—	31			

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		(a)	false	e or n	the geothermal tenure because of a materially nisleading representation or declaration made n writing; or	1 2 3
		(b)	has failed to comply with this Act, a direction given under this Act or the geothermal tenure; or did not pay an amount under this Act by the day it became owing; or			
		(c)				
		(d) has used any land in the geothermal tenure's area for an activity that—				8 9
			(i)	tenui	ot an authorised activity for the geothermal re or that, under any of the following Acts can be carried out on the land—	10 11 12
				(A)	the GHG storage Act, chapter 4, part 6;	13
				(B)	the Mineral Resources Act, part 7AAC;	14
				(C)	the P&G Act, chapter 3A;	15
				(D)	the 1923 Act, part 6FA; and	16
			(ii)	the h	older can not otherwise lawfully carry out; or	17
	(e) has used the geothermal tenure for a for a purpose for which it was granted				he geothermal tenure for a purpose other than ose for which it was granted; or	18 19
		(f)			d out or purported to carry out work under the all tenure for which the tenure was not granted.	20 21
	(3)		, it is an event for subsection (1) if the holder is not, or seased to be, an eligible person.			22 23
Division 3 Procedure for noncompliance action						24 25
316 Notice of proposed noncompliance action						26
	(1) The Minister must give the geothermal tenure holder a notice stating the following—					27 28

		(a) that the Minister proposes to take noncompliance action against the holder;	1 2
		(b) the types of noncompliance action that may be taken against the holder and the type likely to be taken;	3 4
		(c) the grounds for taking noncompliance action against the holder;	5 6
		(d) the facts and circumstances that are the basis for the grounds;	7 8
		(e) that the holder may, within a stated period, make submissions to the Minister about the proposal to take noncompliance action.	9 10 11
	(2)	The notice may state—	12
		(a) if the noncompliance action is likely to include amending the geothermal tenure—the likely amendment; and	13 14 15
		(b) the amount of any likely reduction of the tenure's area.	16
317	Со	nsidering submissions	17
	(1)	The Minister must consider any submissions made by the holder within the period stated in the notice given under section 316.	18 19 20
	(2)	If the Minister decides not to take noncompliance action, the Minister must, as soon as practicable, give the holder notice of the decision.	21 22 23
318	De	cision on proposed noncompliance action	24
	(1)	If, after complying with section 317, the Minister still believes a ground exists to take noncompliance action, the Minister may decide to take noncompliance action for the geothermal tenure relating to a ground stated in the notice given under section 316.	25 26 27 28 29

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	(2)	The Minister must, in deciding whether to take the action, have regard to whether the holder is a suitable person to hold or continue to hold the geothermal tenure.	1 2 3
	(3)	In considering whether the holder is a suitable person to hold or to continue to hold the geothermal tenure, the Minister must consider the criteria under the following for granting that type of geothermal tenure, to the extent the criteria are relevant—	4 5 6 7 8
		(a) for a geothermal permit—sections 39 and 41;	9
		(b) for a geothermal lease—section 91.	10
319	No	tice and taking effect of decision	11
	(1)	The Minister must, after making a decision under section 318, give an information notice about the decision to—	12 13
		(a) the geothermal tenure holder; and	14
		(b) any other person who holds an interest in the geothermal tenure recorded in the geothermal register.	15 16
	(2)	Generally, the decision takes effect on the later of the following—	17 18
		(a) the day the holder is given the information notice;	19
		(b) a later day of effect stated in the notice.	20
	(3)	However, if the decision was to cancel the geothermal tenure the decision takes effect at the end of the appeal period for the decision.	21 22 23
	(4)	Subsection (3) applies subject to section 332 and any decision of the Land Court under section 334 relating to the decision to refuse.	24 25 26
320		nsequence of failure to comply with relinquishment quirement	27 28
	(1)	This section applies if—	29

		(a) noncompliance action taken is a requirement under section 314(1)(b) of a geothermal tenure holder; and	1 2
		(b) the requirement is not complied with.	3
	(2)	The Minister must give the holder a notice requiring the holder to comply with the requirement under section 314(1)(b) within 20 business days after the giving of the notice.	4 5 6 7
	(3)	If the holder does not comply with the requirement under the notice, the geothermal tenure is cancelled.	8 9
	(4)	However, the cancellation does not take effect until the Minister gives the holder a notice stating that the geothermal tenure has been cancelled because of the operation of subsection (3).	10 11 12 13
Par [.]	t 3	General offences	14
321	Re	striction on carrying out geothermal activities	15
		A person must not carry out a geothermal activity in relation to land unless—	16 17
		(a) the activity is carried out under a geothermal tenure or a direction under this Act; or	18 19
		(b) the carrying out of the activity is necessary to preserve life or property because of a dangerous situation or emergency that exists or may exist; or	20 21 22
		(c) the person—	23
		(i) is carrying out the activity for the State; and	24
		(ii) has, under section 368, been authorised for that purpose; and	25 26
		(iii) is acting within the scope of that authority; or	27

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		(d)	the activity is exempt heat pump production or the installation of a geothermal heat pump for exempt heat pump production; or	1 2 3
		(e)	the activity is geothermal production and it is not of a large-scale; or	4 5
		(f)	the activity is geothermal exploration for exempt heat pump production.	6 7
		Max	imum penalty—2000 penalty units.	8
		Note-	_	9
		lar Su	ther legislation may regulate geothermal production that is not of a ge-scale and activities relating to geothermal heat pumps. See the stainable Planning Act 2009 and the Plumbing and Drainage Act 02.	10 11 12 13
322		fence ection	e if geothermal activity is for GHG storage	14 15
	(1)		section applies to a geothermal activity consisting of the ction into an underground reservoir of a GHG stream.	16 17
	(2)		a defence to a proceeding for an offence against section for the defendant to prove the injection—	18 19
		(a)	was for the purpose of GHG storage injection testing or GHG stream storage as defined under the GHG storage Act; and	20 21 22
		(b)	was authorised under that Act.	23
323	Ge	other	mal tenure holder's measurement obligations	24
		A ge	eothermal tenure holder must—	25
		(a)	ensure geothermal energy produced from the geothermal tenure's area is measured; and	26 27
		(b)	give the chief executive details of the measurement at the times and in the way prescribed under a regulation.	28 29
		Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	30

324		y to avo ivities	id interference in carrying out geothermal	1 2
		geothern	on who carries out an authorised activity for a mal tenure must carry out the activity in a way that unreasonably interfere with anyone else carrying out activity.	3 4 5 6
		Maximu	m penalty—500 penalty units.	7
325	Ob	struction	of geothermal tenure holder	8
	(1)	-	n must not, without reasonable excuse, obstruct a nal tenure holder from—	9 10
		act or	tering or crossing land to carry out an authorised ivity for the geothermal tenure if chapter 6, part 5, 6 7 to the extent the part is relevant, has been complied the for the entry; or	11 12 13 14
			rying out an authorised activity for the geothermal sure on the land.	15 16
		Maximu	m penalty—500 penalty units.	17
	(2)	carrying holder de	son has obstructed a geothermal tenure holder from out an activity mentioned in subsection (1) and the ecides to proceed with the carrying out of the activity, er must warn the person that—	18 19 20 21
		, ,	s an offence to obstruct the holder unless the person s a reasonable excuse; and	22 23
			e holder considers the person's conduct is an struction.	24 25
	(3)	In this se	ection—	26
			includes assault, hinder, resist and attempt or threaten t, hinder or resist.	27 28

326	Fal	se or misleading information	1
	(1)	A person must not make an entry in a document required to be kept under this Act knowing the entry is false or misleading in a material particular.	2 3 4
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	5
	(2)	A person of whom a direction or requirement under this Act has been made must not state anything or give a document or thing in response to the direction or requirement that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	6 7 8 9
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	10
327		ecutive officers must ensure corporation does not mmit particular offences	11 12
	(1)	The executive officers of a corporation must ensure the corporation complies with each designated provision of this Act.	13 14 15
	(2)	If a corporation commits an offence against a designated provision of this Act, each of its executive officers also commits an offence namely, the offence of failing to ensure the corporation complies with the provision.	16 17 18 19
		Maximum penalty—the penalty for the contravention of the provision by an individual.	20 21
	(3)	Evidence that the corporation has been convicted of an offence against a designated provision of this Act is evidence that each of its executive officers committed the offence of failing to ensure the corporation complies with the provision.	22 23 24 25
	(4)	However, it is a defence for an executive officer to prove that—	26 27
		(a) if the officer was in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the offence—the officer exercised reasonable diligence to ensure the corporation complied with the designated provision; or	28 29 30 31

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		(b) the officer was not in a position to influence the conduct of the corporation in relation to the offence.
	(5)	In this section—
		<i>designated provision</i> , of this Act, means any of the following provisions—
		• sections 197, 199, 241 and 354
		• chapter 6, part 2
		• this part, other than this section.
328	Att	empts to commit offences
	(1)	A person who attempts to commit an offence against this Act commits an offence.
		Maximum penalty for an attempt—half the maximum penalty for the completed offence.
	(2)	The Criminal Code, section 4 applies to subsection (1).
Part	4	Appeals
329	Wh	o may appeal
	(1)	A person whose interests are affected by a decision identified in schedule 1 may appeal against the decision to the Land Court.
	(2)	For this section, a person who has been given or is entitled to be given an information notice about a decision is taken to be a person whose interests are affected by the decision.
330	Per	riod to appeal
	(1)	The appeal must be started within 20 business days after—

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		(a)	if the person has been given an information notice about the decision—the day the person is given the notice; or	1 2
		(b)	if paragraph (a) does not apply—the day the person otherwise becomes aware of the decision.	3 4
	(2)		vever, the Land Court may at any time within the 20 ness days extend the period for making an appeal.	5 6
331	Sta	rting	appeal	7
	(1)		appeal is started by filing a written notice of appeal with Land Court.	8 9
	(2)	The notic	appellant must give the chief executive a copy of the ce.	10 11
332	Sta	y of o	operation of decision	12
	(1)		Land Court may grant a stay of the decision to secure the etiveness of the appeal.	13 14
	(2)	A sta	ay—	15
		(a)	may be given on the conditions the Land Court considers appropriate; and	16 17
		(b)	operates for the period fixed by the Land Court; and	18
		(c)	may be amended or cancelled by the Land Court.	19
	(3)		period of a stay under this section must not extend past ime when the Land Court decides the appeal.	20 21
	(4)		appeal affects the decision or carrying out of the decision if it is stayed.	22 23
333	He	aring	procedures	24
	(1)	In de	eciding an appeal, the Land Court—	25
		(a)	has the same powers as the Minister; and	26
		(b)	is not bound by the rules of evidence; and	27

		_	
		(c) must comply with natural justice; and	1
		(d) may hear the appeal in court or in chambers.	2
	(2)	An appeal is by way of rehearing unaffected by the decision.	3
	(3)	Subject to subsections (1) and (2), the procedure for the appeal is—	4 5
		(a) in accordance with the rules for the Land Court; or	6
		(b) in the absence of relevant rules, as directed by the Land Court.	7 8
	(4)	A power under an Act to make rules for the Land Court includes power to make rules for appeals under this part.	9 10
334	Laı	nd Court's powers on appeal	11
	(1)	Subject to section 335, in deciding an appeal, the Land Court may—	12 13
		(a) confirm the decision; or	14
		(b) set aside the decision and substitute another decision; or	15
		(c) set aside the decision and return the issue to the Minister with the directions the court considers appropriate.	16 17
	(2)	If the Land Court substitutes another decision, the substituted decision is for this Act other than this part taken to be the decision of the Minister.	18 19 20
335		striction on Land Court's powers for decision not to ant geothermal lease	21 22
	(1)	This section applies if the Land Court is deciding an appeal against a decision not to grant a geothermal lease.	23 24
	(2)	The Land Court can not exercise a power mentioned in section 334(1)(b) or (c) in relation to the decision on the ground that any resource management decision for the application for the geothermal lease was to give overlapping authority priority, in whole or part.	25 26 27 28 29

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Part 5		Evidence and legal proceedings	1 2
Divis	sion 1	Evidentiary provisions	3
336	Application This division this Act.	of div 1 sion applies to a proceeding under or in relation to	4 5 6
337	Authority		7
	appointed Act must	er of the Minister, chief executive or an auditor I for the geothermal royalty to do anything under this be presumed unless a party to the proceeding, by e notice, requires proof of it.	8 9 10 11
338	Signatures		12
	_	are purporting to be the signature of the Minister or executive is evidence of the signature it purports to	13 14 15
339	Other evider	ntiary aids	16
	A certific	cate purporting to be signed by the chief executive ny of the following matters is evidence of the	17 18 19
		a stated document of any of the following types is a ument given, issued, kept or made under this Act—	20 21
	(i)	an appointment, approval or decision;	22
	(ii)	a direction, notice or requirement;	23
	(iii)	a geothermal tenure;	24
	(iv)	the geothermal register;	25

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			(v) a report;	1
			(vi) another record;	2
		(b)	that a stated document is another document kept under this Act;	3
		(c)	that a stated document is a copy of, or an extract from or part of, a thing mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b);	5 6
		(d)	that on a stated day—	7
			(i) a stated person was given a stated decision, direction or notice under this Act; or	8 9
			(ii) a stated requirement under this Act was made of a stated person;	10 11
		(e)	that on a stated day or during a stated period a geothermal tenure—	12 13
			(i) was or was not in force; or	14
			(ii) was or was not subject to a stated condition; or	15
			(iii) was or was not cancelled;	16
		(f)	that a stated amount is payable under this Act by a stated person and has not been paid;	17 18
		(g)	that a stated address for a geothermal tenure holder is the last address of the holder known to the Minister or the chief executive.	19 20 21
Divi	sion	2	Offence proceedings	22
340	Off	ence	s under Act are summary	23
	(1)	An c	offence against this Act is a summary offence.	24
	(2)		oceeding for an offence against this Act must start within ater of the following periods to end—	25 26
		(a)	1 year after the commission of the offence;	27

		(b) 6 months after the offence comes to the complainant's knowledge but within 2 years after the commission of the offence.	1 2 3
341	Sta	tement of complainant's knowledge	4
		In a complaint starting a proceeding for an offence against this Act, a statement that the matter of the complaint came to the complainant's knowledge on a stated day is evidence the matter came to the complainant's knowledge on that day.	5 6 7 8
342	Со	nduct of representatives	9
	(1)	This section applies to a proceeding for an offence against this Act if it is relevant to prove a person's state of mind about particular conduct.	10 11 12
	(2)	It is enough to show—	13
		(a) the conduct was engaged in by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority; and	14 15 16
		(b) the representative had the state of mind.	17
	(3)	Conduct engaged in for a person by a representative of the person within the scope of the representative's actual or apparent authority is taken to have been engaged in also by the person unless the person proves—	18 19 20 21
		(a) if the person was in a position to influence the representative in relation to the conduct—the person took reasonable steps to prevent the conduct; or	22 23 24
		(b) the person was not in a position to influence the representative in relation to the conduct.	25 26
	(4)	In this section—	27
		engaging, in conduct, includes failing to engage in conduct.	28
		representative means—	29

			_	
		(a)	for a corporation—an agent, employee or executive officer of the corporation; or	1 2
		(b)	for an individual—an agent or employee of the individual.	3 4
		state	e of mind, of a person, includes the person's—	5
		(a)	belief, intention, knowledge, opinion or purpose; and	6
		(b)	reasons for the belief, intention, opinion or purpose.	7
343	Ad	ditio	nal orders that may be made on conviction	8
	(1)	If a may	court convicts a person for an offence against this Act, it	9 10
		(a)	order the forfeiture to the State of—	11
			(i) anything used to commit the offence; or	12
			(ii) anything else the subject of the offence; and	13
		(b)	make any order to enforce the forfeiture it considers appropriate; and	14 15
		(c)	order the person to pay the State the amount of costs it incurred for remedial work that was necessary or desirable because of the commission of the offence.	16 17 18
	(2)	Forf	eiture of a thing may be ordered—	19
		(a)	whether or not it has been seized under this Act; and	20
		(b)	if it has been seized under this Act, whether or not it has been returned to its owner.	21 22

Chapter 8 Part 1 Division 1		er 8	Miscellaneous provisions	1
			Provisions about geothermal tenures	
		1	General provisions	4
344	Ge	othei	rmal tenure does not create an interest in land	5
			granting of a geothermal tenure does not create an interest ny land.	6 7
345	Joi	nt ho	olders of a geothermal tenure	8
	(1)	_	eothermal tenure may be held by 2 or more persons as t tenants or as tenants in common.	9 10
	(2)	If, u	nder this Act—	11
		(a)	an application is made for, or for approval to transfer, a geothermal tenure for more than 1 proposed holder or transferee; and	12 13 14
		(b)	the application does not show whether the proposed holders or transferees are to hold as joint tenants or as tenants in common; and	15 16 17
		(c)	the application is granted;	18
		the	chief executive must record in the geothermal register that applicants hold the geothermal tenure as tenants in amon.	19 20 21
	(3)	In th	nis section—	22
		geot	thermal tenure includes a share in a geothermal tenure.	23

346		ster's power to ensure compliance by geothermal 1 re holder 2	
	(1)	This section applies if—	,
		(a) a geothermal tenure holder has not complied with a requirement under this Act of the holder; and 5	
		(b) no other provision of this Act allows someone other than the holder to ensure compliance with the requirement.	
	(2)	The Minister may take any action the Minister considers appropriate to ensure all or part of the requirement is complied with if—	
		(a) subsections (3) and (4) have been complied with; or 1	1
		(b) the holder has agreed to the Minister taking the action.	2
	(3)	The Minister must give the holder notice—	3
		. ,	4
		make submissions to the Minister about the proposed 1	6 7 8
	(4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9
	(5)		21 22
	(6)	reasonable costs it incurs in the exercise of the power under 2	23 24 25
347	Pov	er to correct or amend tenure	26
	(1)	giving its holder a notice of the amendment and recording 2	27 28 29
		(a) is to correct a clerical error; or	80

		the area of the geothermal tenure because of a survey	1 2 3
	(2)		4 5
	(3)		6 7
			8 9
		(b) the geothermal tenure's term;	10
		(c) any work program or development plan for the geothermal tenure.	11 12
	(4)	Also, the Minister can not amend the geothermal tenure in a way that would make a provision of the tenure—	13 14
		(a) inconsistent with the mandatory conditions for that type of geothermal tenure; or	15 16
		(b) the same as, or substantially the same as, or inconsistent with, any relevant environmental condition for the tenure.	17 18 19
348	Re	placement of instrument for geothermal tenure	20
	(1)		21 22
	(2)		23 24
	(3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25 26
	(4)	<u>*</u>	27 28 29

349	Joi Sta		d several liability for conditions and for debts to	1 2
			ore than 1 person holds a geothermal tenure, each holder intly and severally—	3
		(a)	responsible for complying with its conditions; and	5
		(b)	liable for all debts payable under this Act and unpaid by the geothermal tenure holder to the State.	6 7
Divi	sion	2	General provisions about authorised activities	8 9
350			sed activities may be carried out despite rights of occupier	10 11
	(1)	carri	authorised activities for a geothermal tenure may be led out despite the rights of an owner or occupier of land which the activities are carried out.	12 13 14
	(2)		vever, subsection (1) applies for an authorised activity if section 351 does not prevent it from being carried out.	15 16
351		neral ivity	restrictions on right to carry out authorised	17 18
	(1)		right under this Act to carry out an authorised activity for othermal tenure is subject to the following—	19 20
		(a)	chapter 5 and this chapter;	21
		(b)	compliance with the tenure holder's rights and obligations under—	22 23
			(i) chapters 2 to 6; and	24
			(ii) this chapter; and	25
			(iii) sections 323 and 324; and	26

		Editor's note—	1
		sections 323 (Geothermal tenure holder's measurement obligations) and 324 (Duty to avoid interference in carrying out geothermal activities)	2 3 4
	(c)	the mandatory conditions and the other conditions and provisions of the geothermal tenure;	5 6
	(d)	any exclusion or restriction provided for in the geothermal tenure on the carrying out of the activities;	7 8
	(e)	the P&G Act safety provisions;	9
	(f)	the Environmental Protection Act;	10
	(g)	the Water Act;	11
	(h)	any other relevant Act or law.	12
(2)		, the right may be exercised only by the holder or eone that the holder has authorised under section 353.	13 14
		ions on carrying out authorised activities on ar land	15 16
(1)		hermal exploration or geothermal production can not be	17
	tenur	ed out within 300m of any boundary of a geothermal re.	18 19
(2)	An a out vonly	, , ,	18 19 20 21 22
(2)	An a out vonly	te. Suthorised activity for a geothermal tenure may be carried within 300m laterally of any of the following buildings if its owner or occupier has given written consent to the	18
(2)	An a out vonly carry	thorised activity for a geothermal tenure may be carried within 300m laterally of any of the following buildings if its owner or occupier has given written consent to the ving out of the activity— a permanent building used mainly for accommodation	18 19 20 21 22 23 24

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		(a)	a principal stockyard;	1
		(b)	a bore or artesian well;	2
		(c)	a dam;	3
		(d)	another artificial water storage connected to a water supply;	4 5
		(e)	a cemetery or burial place.	6
353	Wh ten	o may	y carry out authorised activity for geothermal older	7 8
	(1)	out f	uthorised activity for a geothermal tenure may be carried for the holder by any of the following persons acting in the scope of the person's authority from the holder—	9 10 11
		(a)	if the holder is a corporation—its officers and employees;	12 13
		(b)	the holder's employees or partners who are individuals;	14
		(c)	agents of or contractors for the holder;	15
		(d)	officers and employees of or agents of or contractors for agents or contractors mentioned in paragraph (c).	16 17
		Examp	ple—	18
		coo	geothermal lease holder may also enter into a geothermal rdination arrangement under which another party to the arrangement y carry out an authorised activity for the geothermal lease. See tion 137(1).	19 20 21 22
	(2)	The a	authority may be express, or implied from—	23
		(a)	the nature of the relationship between the person and the holder; or	24 25
		(b)	the duties the person performs for the holder; or	26
		(c)	the duties a person mentioned in subsection (1) customarily performs.	27 28
	(3)		geothermal lease is subject to a registered sublease, the essee may, subject to the terms of the sublease, carry out	29 30

		authorised activities for the lease stated in the relevant application for approval of the sublease.	1 2
Divi	sion	Provisions for when geothermal tenure ends or area reduced	3
354	Ob	ligation to remove equipment and improvements	5
	(1)	This section applies for equipment or improvements in a geothermal tenure's area or on access land for a geothermal tenure that are being, or have been, used for an authorised activity for the tenure.	6 7 8 9
	(2)	However, this section does not apply for—	10
		(a) a geothermal well; or	1
		Note—	12
		For a geothermal well, see chapter 6, part 3, division 2 (Decommissioning of geothermal wells).	13 14
		(b) equipment or improvements on land that, under section 188, ceases to be in a geothermal permit's area.	1: 10
	(3)	The holder of the geothermal tenure must, before the removal day, remove the equipment or improvements from the land unless the owner of the land otherwise agrees.	1′ 1′ 1′
		Maximum penalty—1000 penalty units.	20
	(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) applies even if the equipment or improvements are not owned by the holder.	21 22 23
	(5)	In this section—	24
		equipment includes machinery and plant.	2
		removal day means the latest of the following days—	20
		(a) the earlier of the following—	2
		(i) the day the geothermal tenure ends:	28

			(ii) the day the land ceases to be in the geothermal tenure's area;	1 2
		(b)	if before the day provided for under paragraph (a), the Minister fixes a day—that day;	3 4
		(c)	if before a day fixed under paragraph (b), the Minister fixes a later day—that day.	5 6
355	Au	thoris	sation to enter to facilitate compliance	7
	(1)	geot	Minister may, by notice, authorise a former holder of a hermal tenure to enter any of the following land to ply with, or remedy a contravention of, section 128 or this sion—	8 9 10 11
		(a)	the land to which section 128 or this division applies (<i>primary land</i>);	12 13
			Editor's note—	14
			section 128 (Compliance with land access code)	15
		(b)	any other land (<i>secondary land</i>) necessary or desirable to cross for access to the primary land.	16 17
	(2)	_	pter 6, parts 5 (other than division 4), 6 and 8 and sections nd 131 apply to the former holder for the authorisation as	18 19 20
		(a)	the geothermal tenure were still in force (the <i>notional tenure</i>); and	21 22
		(b)	the former holder is the holder of the notional tenure; and	23 24
		(c)	the primary land and any secondary land are in the notional tenure's area; and	25 26
		(d)	the compliance or the remedying of the contravention were authorised activities for the notional tenure.	27 28
		Edito	or's note—	29
			apter 6, parts 5 (Private land), 6 (Public land) and 8 (Compensation d negotiated access)	30 31

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	(3)	However, the power under this section does not include the power to enter a structure or a part of a structure used for residential purposes without the consent of the occupier of the structure or part of the structure.	1 2 3 4
	(4)	If the former holder intends to enter the land and any occupier of the land is present at the land, the former holder also must show or make a reasonable attempt to show the occupier the former holder's authorisation under this section.	5 6 7 8
Part	t 2	Applications, lodging	9
		documents and making	10
		submissions	11
356		ce for making applications, lodging documents or king submissions	12 13
	(1)	This section applies to any of the following under this Act—	14
		(a) the making of an application;	15
		(b) the giving of a document to the Minister or the chief executive;	1 <i>6</i> 17
		(c) the making of a submission.	18
	(2)	The application, document or submission may be made or given only at the following place—	19 20
		(a) the office of the department provided for under the relevant approved form for that purpose;	21 22
		(b) if the relevant approved form does not make provision as mentioned in paragraph (a) or if there is no relevant approved form—the office of the department notified on the department's website.	23 24 25 26

357	Re	quirements for making an application	1
	(1)	The Minister must refuse to receive or process a purported application not made under the requirements under this Act for making the application.	2 3 4
	(2)	However, the Minister may decide to allow the application to proceed and be decided as if it did comply with the requirements if the Minister is satisfied the application substantially complies with the requirements.	5 6 7 8
358	Re	quest to applicant about application	9
	(1)	If the Minister is deciding or is required to decide an application under this Act, the Minister may by notice require the applicant to do all or any of the following within a stated reasonable period—	10 11 12 13
		(a) complete or correct the application if it appears to the Minister to be incorrect, incomplete or defective;	14 15
		(b) give the Minister additional information about, or relevant to, the application;	16 17
		Example—	18
		The application is for a geothermal tenure. The Minister may require a document, prepared by an appropriately qualified person, independently verifying geological or predictive migration data given in the proposed work program or development plan for the tenure.	19 20 21 22 23
		(c) give the Minister an independent report by an appropriately qualified person or a statutory declaration verifying all or any of the following—	24 25 26
		(i) any information included in the application;	27
		(ii) any additional information required under paragraph (b);	28 29
		(iii) if the application is for a geothermal tenure—that the applicant meets the capability criteria.	30 31
	(2)	For subsection (1)(b), if the application is for a geothermal tenure, a required document may include a survey or resurvey	32 33

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		of the area of the proposed tenure carried out by a person who is a cadastral surveyor under the <i>Surveyors Act 2003</i> .	1 2
	(3)	For subsection (1)(c), the notice may require—	3
		(a) the statutory declaration to be made by an appropriately qualified independent person or by the applicant; and	4 5
		(b) if the applicant is a corporation—to be made for the applicant by an executive officer of the applicant.	6 7
	(4)	The applicant must bear any costs incurred in complying with the notice.	8 9
	(5)	The Minister may extend the period for complying with the notice.	10 11
	(6)	Without limiting section 357(1) or 359, the Minister may refuse to decide the application until the request is complied with.	12 13 14
	(7)	In this section—	15
		information includes a document.	16
359	Re	fusing application for failure to comply with request	17
		The Minister may refuse an application if—	18
		(a) a notice under section 358 has been given for the application; and	19 20
		(b) the period stated in the notice for complying with it has ended; and	21 22
		(c) the request has not been complied with to the Minister's satisfaction.	23 24
360	Pai	rticular criteria generally not exhaustive	25
	(1)	This section applies if another provision of this Act permits or requires the Minister to consider particular criteria in deciding an application.	26 27 28

	(2)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that the Minister may in making the decision consider any other criteria the Minister considers relevant.	1 2 3
	(3)	However, subsection (2) does not apply if the provision otherwise provides.	4 5
	(4)	In this section—	6
		criteria includes issues and matters.	7
361	Pa	rticular grounds for refusal generally not exhaustive	8
	(1)	This section applies if another provision of this Act provides for particular grounds on which the Minister may refuse an application.	9 10 11
	(2)	To remove any doubt, unless the other provision otherwise provides, the Minister may refuse the application on another reasonable and relevant ground.	12 13 14
	(3)	In this section—	15
		<i>refuse</i> , an application, includes refuse the thing the subject of the application.	16 17
362	Am	nending applications	18
	(1)	If a person has made an application under this Act, the person may amend the application or a document accompanying the application only if—	19 20 21
		(a) the application has not been decided; and	22
		(b) the Minister has agreed to the making of the amendment; and	23 24
		(c) if the amendment is to change the applicant—each applicant and proposed applicant has agreed to the change.	25 26 27
	(2)	If, under subsection (1), the application is amended to change the applicant, for the deciding of the application the applicant	28 29

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		as changed is taken to have been the applicant from the making of the application.	1 2
363	Wit	thdrawal of application	3
	(1)	A person who has made an application under this Act may give the chief executive a notice withdrawing the application at any time before any decision about the application takes effect.	4 5 6 7
	(2)	The withdrawal takes effect when the notice is given.	8
364	Mir	nister's power to refund application fee	9
		If an application under this Act is withdrawn, the Minister may refund all or part of any fee paid for the application.	10 11
Part	: 3	Other miscellaneous	12
		provisions	13
365	Inte	erest on amounts owing to the State	14
	(1)	Interest is payable to the State on any amount owing under this Act by anyone to the State and unpaid from time to time after the relevant day.	15 16 17
		Examples of an amount that may be owing under this Act—	18
		Examples of an amount that may be owing that it ins Act—	_
		annual or other rent	19

	(3)	Any amount received in payment of the unpaid amount or the interest must first be applied in payment of the interest.	1 2					
	(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite any order or direction of the payer.						
	(5)	In this section—	5					
		relevant day means the following—	6					
		(a) for an amount for annual or other rent or a civil penalty for nonpayment of annual rent—the day that is 3 months after the last day for payment of the rent or civil penalty;	7 8 9					
		(b) for another amount—the day the amount becomes owing.	10 11					
366	Re	covery of unpaid amounts	12					
	(1)	If a provision of this Act requires a geothermal tenure holder to pay the State an amount (including interest) the State may recover the amount from the holder as a debt.						
	(2)	In this section—	16					
		holder includes a former holder of the geothermal tenure about whom the remedial powers were exercised.	17 18					
367		neral public interest criteria for particular Ministerial cisions	19 20					
	(1)	This section does not apply to an application for or about a geothermal permit.	21 22					
	(2)	The Minister must consider the public interest in making a decision under this Act about an application or the granting of an approval by the Minister.						
	(3)	If—	26					
		(a) another provision of this Act permits or requires the Minister to make a decision; and	27 28					
		(b) the other provision does not require the Minister to consider the public interest;	29 30					

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		the Minister may still consider the public interest in making the decision.	1 2
368		ovision for entry by State to carry out geothermal	3 4
	(1)	If the State proposes to exercise a right under section 29(3)(b)(i), the right may be exercised by anyone authorised by the chief executive.	5 6 7
	(2)	However, a person authorised under subsection (1) may enter the land only if the person has given the owner of the land at least 5 business days notice of the proposed entry.	8 9 10
	(3)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (2) does not apply to an inspector or authorised officer performing functions under the P&G Act relating to this Act.	11 12 13
369	Na	me and address for service	14
	(1)	A person (the <i>first person</i>) may by a signed notice given to the chief executive nominate another person (a <i>nominated person</i>) at a stated address as the first person's address for service for this Act.	15 16 17 18
	(2)	If this Act requires or permits the Minister or chief executive to serve a notice or other document on the first person, it may be served on the first person by serving it on the last nominated person at the stated address for that person.	19 20 21 22
	(3)	In this section—	23
		serve includes give.	24
370	No	tice of agents	25
		A person carrying out functions under this Act (the <i>first person</i>) may refuse to deal with a person who claims to be acting as the agent of a geothermal tenure holder unless the holder has given the first person notice of the agency.	26 27 28 29

371	Additional information about reports and other matters							
	(1)	This section applies if—						
		(a)	a person is required under this Act to give a notice or copy of a document, report or information (the <i>advice</i>) to the Minister or the chief executive; and	3 4 5				
		(b)	the person gives the advice.	6				
	(2)	pers	Minister or chief executive may by notice require the son to give, within the reasonable time stated in the notice, ten information about the matter for which the advice was en.	7 8 9 10				
	(3)	The	person must comply with the notice.	11				
		Max	ximum penalty for subsection (3)—500 penalty units.	12				
372	References to right to enter							
	A ri		ght under this Act to enter a place includes the right to—	14				
		(a)	leave and re-enter the place from time to time; and	15				
		(b)	remain on the place for the time necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry; and	16 17				
		(c)	take on the place equipment, materials, vehicles or other things reasonably necessary to exercise a power under this Act.	18 19 20				
373	Application of provisions							
		If a provision of this Act applies any of the following (the applied law) for a purpose—						
		(a)	another provision of this Act;	24				
		(b)	another law;	25				
		(c)	a provision of another law;	26				
			that purpose the applied law and any definition relevant to oply with necessary changes.	27 28				

374	Pro	tection	า fro	om liability for particular persons	1
	(1)	A person as follows (a <i>designated person</i>) does not incur civil liability for an act done, or omission made, honestly and without negligence under this Act—			
		(a) t	he I	Minister;	5
		(b) a	a pu	blic service officer or public service employee;	6
		(c) a	a pe	rson if—	7
		((i)	the person has, under section 368, been authorised to carry out an activity for the State; and	8 9
		((ii)	the act or omission happened while the person was acting within the scope of that authority;	10 11
			_	othermal tenure holder given a direction under this who is complying with the direction.	12 13
	(2)			ection (1)(b), it does not matter what is the form of ent or employment of the person.	14 15
	(3)			tion (1) prevents a civil liability attaching to a d person, the liability attaches instead to the State.	16 17
	(4)	In this	sec	tion—	18
				be paid in a proceeding for an offence against this	19 20 21
375	De	legatio	n b	y Minister or chief executive	22
	(1)	Act to	an	ster may delegate the Minister's functions under this a appropriately qualified public service officer or vice employee.	23 24 25
	(2)	function	ons	f executive may delegate the chief executive's under this Act to an appropriately qualified public ficer or employee.	26 27 28
	(3)	In this	sec	tion—	29
		functi	ons	includes powers.	30

Pra	ctice	manual		1
(1)	cons geot	ders approp ermal tenure	we may keep, in the way the chief executive briate, a manual (however called) about administration practice to guide and inform with the department.	2 3 4 5
(2)	The	nanual may i	include—	6
	(a)	directions al	bout—	7
		` '	information, documents or instruments ial) a person may or must give; and	8 9
		(ii) how or	when requested material must be given; and	10
		(iii) the form	mat of requested material; and	11
	(b)		ensure there is consistency and efficiency in tenure administration processes.	12 13
(3)	If—			14
	(a)	the chief e	required or permitted to give the Minister or executive (the <i>official</i>) information for a aurpose relating to this Act; and	15 16 17
	(b)		es not provide for how the information may given to the official for the purpose; and	18 19
	(c)		gives the official the information in the way permitted under the manual;	20 21
	_	erson is take e purpose.	en to have given the official the information	22 23
(4)	The	nformation	must be given at—	24
	(a)		al states a particular office of the department information must be given (a <i>required</i> at office; or	25 26 27
	(b)	information	al does not state a required office and the relates to a particular application—the s office where the application was lodged;	28 29 30 31
	(c)	otherwise—	the office of the chief executive.	32

	(5)	The chief executive must—				
		(a)	of e	each part of the manual, including the dates when a part was published or superseded; and	2 3 4	
		(b)		te the manual and the record available to the public ne way the chief executive considers appropriate.	5 6	
	(6)	ensu	re an	limiting subsection (5), the chief executive must up-to-date copy of the manual and the record are to be read free of charge—	7 8 9	
		(a)	on t	he department's website; and	10	
		(b)		aformation relates to a particular application—at the artment's office where the application was made.	11 12	
377	Ар	prove	ed fo	rms	13	
	(1)	The	chief	executive may approve forms for use under this Act.	14	
	(2)	com	bined	may be approved for use under this Act that is with or is to be used together with an approved er another Act.	15 16 17	
378	Re	gulati	ion-n	naking power	18	
	(1)	The Act.	Gove	ernor in Council may make regulations under this	19 20	
	(2)	A re	gulati	ion may be made about the following—	21	
		(a)		essing the viability of geothermal production under thermal tenures, including, for example—	22 23	
			(i)	requiring geothermal tenure holders to give reports about the viability of geothermal production under their tenure (a <i>geothermal viability report</i>); and	24 25 26	
			(ii)	empowering the Minister to make an independent assessment of the viability of carrying out geothermal production in all or part of a	27 28 29	

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		geothermal tenure's area (an <i>independent viability</i> assessment); and	1 2
		(iii) providing for who must pay the cost of an independent viability assessment;	3 4
	(b)	the fees payable under this Act including late payment fees;	5 6
	(c)	the conditions of geothermal tenures;	7
	(d)	imposing a penalty, of no more than 20 penalty units, for a contravention of a regulation.	8 9
Chapt	er 9	Repeal and transitional	10
		provisions	11
Part 1		Repeal provisions	12
379 Re	epeal o	of Geothermal Exploration Act 2004	13
	The	Geothermal Exploration Act 2004, No. 12 is repealed.	14
380 Re	epeal (of Timber Utilisation and Marketing Act 1987	15
		Timber Utilisation and Marketing Act 1987, No. 30 is aled.	16 17

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Part 2	Transitional provisions	1
Division 1	Preliminary	2
381 Defini	itions for pt 2	3
Ir	n this part—	4
	904 Act means the Geothermal Exploration Act 2004, to be epealed under section 379.	5 6
	2004 Act permit means a geothermal exploration permit under the 2004 Act.	7 8
20	010 Act permit means a geothermal permit under this Act.	9
20	010 Act start day means the day section 379 commences.	10
a	ssent means the date of assent of this Act.	11
В	irdsville lease see section 382(1).	12
$\boldsymbol{\mathit{E}}$	rgon Energy means—	13
(8	Ergon Energy Corporation Limited ACN 087 646 062; or	14 15
(t	if, after assent, anyone else becomes a holder of the Birdsville lease—the holder of that lease.	16 17
	ew land access provisions start day means the day section 67 commences.	18 19

Division 2		2	Provisions for Ergon Energy geothermal production near Birdsville	1 2 3
Sub	divis	sion 1	Grant of and provisions about Birdsville lease	4 5
382	Ge	othermal le	ease for Ergon Energy	6
	(1)	geotherma sub-blocks		7 8 9
		-	eek block identification map	10
		Block	Sub-blocks	
		1600	P, T, U, Y, Z	
		1601	L, M, N, O, Q, R, S, T, V, W, X, Y	
		1672	D, E	
		1673	A, B, C, F, G, H	
	(2)	The term of	of the Birdsville lease is 5 years from assent.	11
	(3)		applies to the Birdsville lease as if all of this Act, chapters 2 and 3, had commenced on assent.	12 13
	(4)	In this sect	ion—	14
		series of	tification map means a map that forms part of the maps known as the 'Block Identification ies B' held by the department.	15 16 17
383	Au	thorised ac	ctivities	18
			nt, Ergon Energy may, subject to this Act, carry out Birdsville lease any authorised activity for a l lease.	19 20 21

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384	Conditions		1
	(1)	The mandatory conditions for geothermal leases apply for the Birdsville lease.	2 3
	(2)	However, sections 129 and 130 do not apply for the Birdsville lease until the third anniversary of assent.	4 5
		Editor's note—	6
		sections 129 (Annual rent) and 130 (Civil penalty for nonpayment of annual rent)	7 8
	(3)	Subsection (1) is subject to sections 385 and 386.	9
p (1)		nd access provisions until the new land access ovisions start day	10 11
	(1)	This section applies only until the new land access provisions start day.	12 13
	(2)	The following provisions of this Act do not apply for the Birdsville lease—	14 15
		(a) section 128;	16
		(b) the following provisions of chapter 6—	17
		• part 5	18
		• part 6, division 2	19
		• part 8, division 1;	20
		(c) chapter 7, part 1.	21
	(3)	The 2004 Act, sections 90 to 96 and 98 to 101, and any definitions under that Act to the extent they are relevant to the sections, apply for the Birdsville lease as if—	22 23 24
		(a) the lease were a permit under that Act; and	25
		(b) a reference in the provisions to a permit included a reference to the lease.	26 27

Sub	divis	sion 2 Development plan provisions	1
386	De	ferral of development plan requirement	2
		Section 123 does not apply for the Birdsville lease until the later of the following—	3 4
		(a) 12 months after the Environmental Protection Act, section 665 commences;	5 6
		Editor's note—	7
		Environmental Protection Act, section 665 (Deferral of requirement for environmental authority for Birdsville geothermal lease)	8 9 10
		(b) if, within the 12 months, Ergon Energy applies under section 387 for approval of a development plan for the lease—the day the application is decided.	11 12 13
387	Pro	ovisions for approval of development plan	14
	(1)	Ergon Energy may at any time apply to the Minister for approval of a proposed development plan for the Birdsville lease.	15 16 17
	(2)	Chapter 3, part 3, divisions 1 to 3 apply for the application as if Ergon Energy had applied for a geothermal lease and did not hold one.	18 19 20
	(3)	If the Minister approves the proposed development plan, it becomes the development plan for the Birdsville lease.	21 22
388	Exe	emption from geothermal royalty	23
		Section 104 does not apply for the Birdsville lease.	24

Division 3		3	New land access provisions for 2004 Act permits until 2010 Act start day	1 2 3
389	Ар	plicat	tion of div 3	4
			division applies for a 2004 Act permit from the new land as provisions start day to the 2010 Act start day.	5 6
		Note-	_	7
		See day	e also section 392 (Conversion of 2004 Act permits on 2010 Act start y).	8 9
390	Со	mplia	ance with land access code	10
	(1)	Act	ion 128 applies to holder of the permit as if it were a 2010 permit and compliance with that section were a datory condition of the permit under the 2004 Act.	11 12 13
	(2)	2004 land	mandatory or tenure condition of the permit under the 4 Act is inconsistent with a mandatory provision of the access code, the mandatory provision prevails to the nt of the inconsistency.	14 15 16 17
391	Аp	plicat	tion of particular provisions of this Act	18
	(1)		2004 Act, sections 90 to 96 and 98 to 101 cease to apply he permit.	19 20
	(2)	The	following provisions of this Act apply for the permit—	21
		(a)	section 128;	22
		(b)	the following provisions of chapter 6—	23
			• part 5	24
			• part 6, division 2	25
			• part 8, division 1;	26
		(c)	chapter 7, part 1;	27

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		(d) any definitions under schedule 3 to the extent they are relevant to the provisions mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (c).	
	(3)	The provisions applied under subsection (2) apply as if—	
		(a) the permit were a 2010 Act permit; and	
		(b) a reference in the provisions to a geothermal tenure included a reference to the permit; and	
		(c) the provisions were in force.	
	(4)	Despite the provisions applied under subsection (2), a proceeding for compensation started under the 2004 Act, section 101 before the new land access provisions start day may be finished as if the provisions did not apply.	
Divi	sion	4 General provisions	
392	Co	nversion of 2004 Act permits on 2010 Act start day	
	(1)	This section applies to a 2004 Act permit (the <i>old permit</i>) in	
		force immediately before the 2010 Act start day.	
	(2)	**	
	(2)	force immediately before the 2010 Act start day. On the 2010 Act start day, the permit becomes a 2010 Act	
	` '	force immediately before the 2010 Act start day. On the 2010 Act start day, the permit becomes a 2010 Act permit (the <i>converted permit</i>). The converted permit continues in force subject to this Act for	

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	(6)	The work program for the converted permit is the proposed work program included in the tender for the old permit made under section 21 of the 2004 Act.	1 2 3
393	Ou	tstanding tenders under 2004 Act	4
	(1)	This section applies to a tender for a proposed 2004 Act permit made but not decided before the 2010 Act start day.	5 6
	(2)	On the 2010 Act start day, the tender becomes an application for a 2010 Act permit.	7 8
	(3)	The tender is taken to comply with the requirements under this Act for making the application.	9 10
	(4)	To remove any doubt, subsection (2) does not prevent the application of sections 92 and 358 to the application.	11 12
394	Oth	ner undecided applications	13
	(1)	An application under the 2004 Act about a 2004 Act permit becomes an application for any corresponding matter under this Act.	14 15 16
	(2)	The application is taken to comply with the requirements under this Act for making an application of that type under this Act.	17 18 19
	(3)	To remove any doubt, subsection (2) does not prevent the application of section 358 to the application.	20 21
395	De	cisions or documents under 2004 Act	22
	(1)	This section applies to a decision or document under the 2004 Act in force immediately before the 2010 Act start day about a matter under that Act.	23 24 25
	(2)	On the 2010 Act start day, the decision or document is taken to have been given under this Act about any corresponding matter under this Act.	26 27 28

	(3)		vever, subsection (2) does not change the time when the sion or document was given or made.	1 2
396	Ou	tstan	ding appeals	3
		a ma 2010	mmediately before the 2010 Act start day, an appeal about atter under the 2004 Act had not been decided, on the D Act start day the appeal is taken to be an appeal about corresponding matter under this Act.	4 5 6 7
Cha	apte	er 1	0 Amendment of Acts	8
Par	t 1		Amendments commencing on date of assent	9 10
Divi	sion	1	Amendment of Electricity Act 1994	11
397	Ac	t ame	ended	12
		This	division amends the <i>Electricity Act 1994</i> .	13
398	Am	nendr	ment of s 131A (Retailer of last resort scheme)	14
	(1)	Sect	ion 131A(3)(i)—	15
		renu	umber as section 131A(3)(j).	16
	(2)	Sect	ion 131A(3)—	17
		inse	rt—	18
		'(i)	the recovery of a distribution entity's costs incurred relating to the happening of the circumstances in which the scheme operates;'.	19 20 21

Division 2				endment of Geothermal ploration Act 2004			
399	Act	ameı	ded		3		
		This	livision a	amends the Geothermal Exploration Act 2004.	4		
400		Replacement of s 138A (Ministerial directions about the giving of information)					
		Secti	on 138A-	_	7		
		omit,	insert—		8		
'138A	Pra	ctice	manual		9		
	'(1)	consi admi	ders appro	cutive may keep, in the way the chief executive ropriate, a manual (however called) about permit practice to guide and inform persons dealing tment.	10 11 12 13		
•	'(2)	The r	nanual ma	ay include—	14		
		(a)	directions	as about—	15		
			(i) wha	at information, documents or instruments <i>nterial</i>) a person may or must give; and	16 17		
			(ii) how	v or when requested material must be given; and	18		
			(iii) the	format of requested material; and	19		
		(b)	•	s to ensure there is consistency and efficiency in dministration processes.	20 21		
	' (3)	If—			22		
		(a)	the chief	is required or permitted to give the Minister or ef executive (the <i>official</i>) information for a purpose relating to this Act; and	23 24 25		
		(b)		does not provide for how the information may be given to the official for the purpose; and	26 27		

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	(c)	the person gives the official the information in the way required or permitted under the manual;	1 2
	-	person is taken to have given the official the information he purpose.	3 4
'(4)	The	e information must be given at—	5
	(a)	if the manual states a particular office of the department where the information must be given (a <i>required office</i>)—that office; or	6 7 8
	(b)	if the manual does not state a required office and the information relates to a particular application—the department's office where the application was lodged; or	9 10 11 12
	(c)	otherwise—the office of the chief executive.	13
'(5)	The	chief executive must—	14
	(a)	keep a copy of the manual and a record (however called) of each part of the manual, including the dates when each part was published or superseded; and	15 16 17
	(b)	make the manual and the record available to the public in the way the chief executive considers appropriate.	18 19
'(6)	ensu	nout limiting subsection (5), the chief executive must are an up-to-date copy of the manual and the record are lable to be read free of charge—	20 21 22
	(a)	on the department's website; and	23
	(b)	if information relates to a particular application—at the department's office where the application was lodged.'.	24 25

Division 3		3 Amendment of Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009	1 2
401	Act	amended	3
		The following provisions amend the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009</i> —	4 5
		• this division	6
		• part 2, division 1	7
		• part 3, division 3	8
		• schedule 2, parts 1, 2 and 4.	9
402	Om	ission of s 10 (Native title)	10
		Section 10—	11
		omit.	12
403	Am	endment of s 23 (What is a <i>GHG storage activity</i>)	13
		Section 23, after 'authority'—	14
		insert—	15
		', whether or not a GHG authority has been granted for the activity'.	16 17
404	Am	endment of s 28 (Reservation in land grants)	18
	(1)	Section 28(3), 'authority-related'—	19
		omit, insert—	20
		'GHG storage'.	21
	(2)	Section 28(4), definition authority-related activity—	22
		omit.	23

Amendn	nent of s	35 (Requirements for making tender)	1
Secti	ion 35(b)(i	ii)—	2
omit,	, insert—		3
	ʻ(iii) a sta has-	atement about the extent to which the tenderer	4 5
	(A)	the financial and technical resources to carry out authorised activities for the proposed GHG permit; and	6 7 8
	(B)	the ability to manage GHG storage exploration; and'.	9 10
Omissio stateme		(Requirements for verification	1: 12
Secti	ion 36—		13
omit	•		14
Amendn	nent of s	56 (Verification may be required)	13
Secti	ion 56(1)—	_	10
inser	rt—		17
'(d)	that, in th	ne person's opinion, the applicant has—	18
		financial and technical resources to carry out norised activities for the proposed GHG permit;	19 20 21
	(ii) the	ability to manage GHG storage exploration.'.	22
		114 (Requirements for making oplication)	23 24
Secti	ion 114(c)	(iii)—	25
omit.	. insert—		26

	'(iii) a statement about the extent to which the applicant has—	1 2
	(A) the financial and technical resources to carry out authorised activities for the proposed GHG lease; and	3 4 5
	(B) the ability to manage GHG stream storage; and'.	6 7
409	Omission of s 115 (Requirements for verification statement)	8
	Section 115—	10
	omit.	11
410	Amendment of s 125 (Call for tenders)	12
	Section 125(1), after '(a call for tenders)'—	13
	insert—	14
	'for land other than unavailable land for a GHG lease'.	15
411	Amendment of s 148 (Verification may be required)	16
	Section 148(1)—	17
	insert—	18
	'(d) that, in the person's opinion, the applicant has—	19
	(i) the financial and technical resources to carry out authorised activities for the proposed GHG lease; and	20 21 22
	(ii) the ability to manage GHG stream storage.'.	23
412	Replacement of s 427 (Ministerial directions about the giving of information)	24 25
	Section 427—	26

		omit	, insert—	1			
'427	427 Pra		actice manual				
	'(1)	cons	chief executive may keep, in the way the chief executive iders appropriate, a manual (however called) about GHG ority administration practice to guide and inform persons ing with the department.	3 4 5 6			
	'(2)	The	manual may include—	7			
		(a)	directions about—	8			
			(i) what information, documents or instruments (<i>material</i>) a person may or must give; and	9 10			
			(ii) how or when requested material must be given; and	11			
			(iii) the format of requested material; and	12			
		(b)	practices to ensure there is consistency and efficiency in GHG authority administration processes.	13 14			
	'(3)	If—		15			
		(a)	a person is required or permitted to give the Minister or the chief executive (the <i>official</i>) information for a particular purpose relating to this Act; and	16 17 18			
		(b)	this Act does not provide for how the information may or must be given to the official for the purpose; and	19 20			
		(c)	the person gives the official the information in the way required or permitted under the manual;	21 22			
			person is taken to have given the official the information the purpose.	23 24			
	'(4)	The	information must be given at—	25			
		(a)	if the manual states a particular office of the department where the information must be given (a <i>required office</i>)—that office; or	26 27 28			
		(b)	if the manual does not state a required office and the information relates to a particular application—the department's office where the application was lodged; or	29 30 31 32			

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		(c)	otherwise—the office of the chief executive.	1
	'(5)	The	chief executive must—	2
		(a)	keep a copy of the manual and a record (however called) of each part of the manual, including the dates when each part was published or superseded; and	3 4 5
		(b)	make the manual and the record available to the public in the way the chief executive considers appropriate.	6 7
	'(6)	ensu	nout limiting subsection (5), the chief executive must are an up-to-date copy of the manual and the record are lable to be read free of charge—	8 9 10
		(a)	on the department's website; and	11
		(b)	if information relates to a particular application—at the department's office where the application was made.'.	12 13
Divi	sion	4	Amendment of Mineral Resources Act 1989	14 15
413	Ac	t ame	ended	16
		The 1989	following provisions amend the Mineral Resources Act	17 18
		190	9—	10
		•	this division	19
		•		
		•	this division	19
		•	this division part 2, division 2	19 20
414		·	this division part 2, division 2 part 3, division 5	19 20 21
414		• • • place	this division part 2, division 2 part 3, division 5 schedule 2, part 2. ement of s 416B (Ministerial directions about the	19 20 21 22 23

'416B Pr	actice	mar	nual		1
'(1)	cons mini	siders ing te	appr nemer	tive may keep, in the way the chief executive opriate, a manual (however called) about administration practice to guide and inform with the department.	2 3 4 5
'(2)	The	manu	al ma	y include—	6
	(a)	dire	ctions	about—	7
		(i)	what (<i>mat</i>	information, documents or instruments erial) a person may or must give; and	8 9
			Exam	ples—	10
			1	A direction may state what material may be included in statement under section 133(1)(g)(ii) specifying an applicant's technical resources or financial resources.	11 12 13
			2	A direction may state acceptable methods for section 246 (Description of mining lease).	14 15
			3	If a mining tenement applicant gives quarterly reports to the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX Limited (ACN 008 624 691)), a direction may require the applicant to give the applicant's last 2 quarterly reports provided to that exchange.	16 17 18 19 20
		(ii)	how	or when requested material must be given; and	21
		(iii)	the fe	ormat of requested material; and	22
	(b)	-		o ensure there is consistency and efficiency in nement administration processes.	23 24
'(3)	If—				25
	(a)	the	chief	s required or permitted to give the Minister or executive (the <i>official</i>) information for a purpose relating to this Act; and	26 27 28
	(b)			oes not provide for how the information may given to the official for the purpose; and	29 30
		Exan	iples of	when this Act does not so provide —	31
		1	1670	authorisation required to be produced under section (1) or 216(1) is to be in a form acceptable to the ister.	32 33 34

		2 The statement required under section 231C(1)(e)(ii) is to be acceptable to the to the Minister.	1 2
	(c)	the person gives the official the information in the way required or permitted under the manual;	3 4
	-	person is taken to have given the official the information the purpose.	5 6
'(4)	The	information must be given at—	7
	(a)	if the manual states a particular office of the department where the information must be given (a <i>required office</i>)—that office; or	8 9 10
	(b)	if the manual does not state a required office and the information relates to a particular application—the department's office where the application was lodged; or	11 12 13 14
	(c)	otherwise—the office of the chief executive.	15
'(5)	The	chief executive must—	16
	(a)	keep a copy of the manual and a record (however called) of each part of the manual, including the dates when each part was published or superseded; and	17 18 19
	(b)	make the manual and the record available to the public in the way the chief executive considers appropriate.	20 21
'(6)	ensu	nout limiting subsection (5), the chief executive must re an up-to-date copy of the manual and the record are lable to be read free of charge—	22 23 24
	(a)	on the department's website; and	25
	(b)	if information relates to a particular application—at the department's office where the application was lodged.'.	26 27
Ins	ertio	n of new ss 722EA and 722EB	28
	Afte	r section 722E—	29
	inse	rt—	30

415

	consent required for application for mining ement for particular land	1 2
'(1)	This section applies to an application for a mining lease by the prescribed persons in respect of all or any prescribed land under section 722D or 722E, if the land is covered by an existing authority within the meaning of section 248(1)(a).	3 4 5 6
'(2)	Despite section 248(2), the written consent to the application of the holder of the existing authority need not be obtained by the prescribed persons.	7 8 9
'(3)	Also, section 248(4) does not apply to the application.	10
'(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that this section applies to the application whether it was made before or after the commencement of this section.	11 12 13
'722EB De 545	ciding application to add excluded land to EPC	14 15
'(1)	This section applies to an application under section 176A to add excluded land to exploration permit for coal 545 (the <i>excluded land application</i>) whether the application was made before or after the commencement of this section.	16 17 18 19
'(2)	If—	20
	(a) the excluded land application involves prescribed land under section 722D or 722E; and	21 22
	(b) the prescribed persons have, under section 722D or 722E, applied for a mining lease in respect of the prescribed land;	23 24 25
	the Minister need not decide the excluded land application, to the extent it relates to the prescribed land, until after the day each application for a mining lease in respect of the prescribed land has been finally decided.	26 27 28 29
'(3)	For this Act, if the Minister defers deciding a part of the excluded land application under subsection (2), the application is taken not to have been finally decided by the Minister until the day the Minister decides that part.	30 31 32 33

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	'(4)	In th	is section—	1
		excli	uded land means—	2
		(a)	excluded land as defined under section 176A(5); or	3
		(b)	land that, under section 722B(7), is excluded land for section 176A.'.	4 5
416	Re	place	ment of pt 19, div 12	6
		Part	19, division 12—	7
		omit	, insert—	8
'Div	ision	12	Transitional provision for Mines and Energy Legislation Amendment Act 2010	9 10 11
'773	Exi	sting	mining lease applications	12
	'(1)	lease	section applies to an application for the grant of a mining e lodged before the commencement but not heard by the d Court before the commencement.	13 14 15
	'(2)		n properly made objection was lodged before the mencement—	16 17
		(a)	previous section 265 applies to the application; and	18
		(b)	this Act as in force immediately before the commencement continues to apply to the Land Court for dealing with, or continuing to deal with, the application.	19 20 21
	'(3)		properly made objection was not lodged before the mencement—	22 23
		(a)	amended section 265 applies to the application; and	24
		(b)	any reference under previous section 265 of the application to the Land Court for hearing is of no effect and is taken never to have had any effect; and	25 26 27

	* *	Act as in force from the commencement applies to application.	1 2				
'(4)	In this sec	tion—	3				
		section 265 means section 265 as in force ely after the commencement.	4 5				
commencement means the date of assent of the Mines and Energy Legislation Amendment Act 2010.							
	previous s	section 265 means section 265 as in force before the ement.	8 9				
		<i>made objection</i> means an objection to the n lodged in accordance with section 260.	10 11				
'Divisior	n 13	Transitional provisions for amendments under Geothermal Energy Act 2010	12 13 14				
'Subdivi	sion 1	Provision for amendments commencing on date of assent	15 16				
'774 Re	ference to	particular leases	17				
'(1)	CQCAA reference	ce in an Act, lease, contract or other document to a lease is, if the context permits, taken to include a to a CQCAA lease that is renewed under this Act or Act relating to mining.	18 19 20 21				
'(2)	In this sec	tion—	22				
		lease means a special coal mining lease granted Central Queensland Coal Associates Agreement Act	23 24 25				

Division 5		5	Amendment of Petroleum Act 1923	1
417	Ac	t ame	nded	2
		The	following provisions amend the <i>Petroleum Act 1923</i> —	3
		•	this division	4
		•	part 2, division 3	5
		•	part 3, division 7	6
		•	schedule 2, parts 2 and 4.	7
418			ment of s 142 (Ministerial directions about the f information)	8 9
		Secti	ion 142—	10
		omit,	, insert—	11
'142	Pra	ctice	manual	12
	'(1)	cons Act	chief executive may keep, in the way the chief executive iders appropriate, a manual (however called) about 1923 petroleum tenure administration practice to guide and rm persons dealing with the department.	13 14 15 16
	'(2)	The	manual may include—	17
		(a)	directions about—	18
			(i) what information, documents or instruments (<i>material</i>) a person may or must give; and	19 20
			(ii) how or when requested material must be given; and	21
			(iii) the format of requested material; and	22
		(b)	practices to ensure there is consistency and efficiency in 1923 Act petroleum tenure administration processes.	23 24
	' (3)	If—		25
		(a)	a person is required or permitted to give the Minister or the chief executive (the <i>official</i>) information for a particular purpose relating to this Act; and	26 27 28

	(b)	this Act does not provide for how the information may or must be given to the official for the purpose; and	1 2
	(c)	the person gives the official the information in the way required or permitted under the manual;	3 4
	_	person is taken to have given the official the information he purpose.	5 6
' (4)	The	information must be given at—	7
	(a)	if the manual states a particular office of the department where the information must be given (a <i>required office</i>)—that office; or	8 9 10
	(b)	if the manual does not state a required office and the information relates to a particular application—the department's office where the application was lodged; or	11 12 13 14
	(c)	otherwise—the office of the chief executive.	15
'(5)	The	chief executive must—	16
	(a)	keep a copy of the manual and a record (however called) of each part of the manual, including the dates when each part was published or superseded; and	17 18 19
	(b)	make the manual and the record available to the public in the way the chief executive considers appropriate.	20 21
'(6)	ensu	nout limiting subsection (5), the chief executive must are an up-to-date copy of the manual and the record are lable to be read free of charge—	22 23 24
	(a)	on the department's website; and	25
	(b)	if information relates to a particular application—at the department's office where the application was lodged.'.	26 27

Division 6		6 Amendment of Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004	1 2
419	Ac	t amended	3
		The following provisions amend the <i>Petroleum and Gas</i> (<i>Production and Safety</i>) <i>Act 2004</i> —	4 5
		• this division	6
		• part 2, division 4	7
		• part 3, division 8	8
		• schedule 2, parts 1, 2 and 4.	9
420	Am	nendment of s 31 (Operation of div 1)	10
	(1)	Section 31(3)(c) to (g)—	11
		renumber as section 31(d) to (h).	12
	(2)	Section 31(3)—	13
		insert—	14
		'(c) chapter 3, part 4A; and'.	15
421	Am	nendment of s 121 (Requirements for grant)	16
		Section 121(1)(b)(ii), 'reserves'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		'resources and reserves'.	19
422	Am	nendment of s 304 (Application of div 1)	20
		Section 304(2)—	21
		insert—	22
		'(d) the coal or oil shale exploration tenement is a mineral (f) pilot tenure.'	23 24

423 A	mendn	nent of s 331 (Application of div 2)	1
	Sect	ion 331—	2
	insei	<i>t</i> —	3
'(3		rever, this division does not apply if land is in the area of a or oil shale exploration tenement that is a mineral (f) pilot re.'.	4 5 6
424 A	Amendn	nent of s 344 (Application of div 2)	7
		ion 344(2)—	8
	insei	<i>t</i> —	9
	'(c)	the application relates to land in the area of a coal or oil shale exploration tenement that is a mineral (f) pilot tenure.'.	10 11 12
425 lı	nsertio	n of new ch 3, pt 4A	13
	Afte	r chapter 3, part 4—	14
	insei	<i>t</i> —	15
'Part 4	IA	Additional provisions if overlapping mineral (f) pilot tenure	16 17 18
'Divisio	on 1	Preliminary	19
'363A E	Definitio	ons for pt 4A	20
	'In t	his part—	21
	MDI	<i>LA</i> 407 see section 363B(2).	22
	land	eral (f) production tenure, for overlapping mineral (f), means a tenure that authorises the production of mineral or the land.	23 24 25

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	<i>mineral (f) tenure</i> means a mineral (f) pilot tenure or a mineral (f) production tenure.	1 2
	mineral (f) pilot tenure see section363B(1).	3
	overlapping mineral (f) land see section 363B(1).	4
'363B Ap	olication of pt 4A	5
'(1)	This part applies to land (<i>overlapping mineral (f) land</i>) in the area of—	6 7
	(a) mineral development licence 309, 374 or 385 (a <i>mineral (f) pilot tenure</i>); or	8 9
	(b) any mineral (f) production tenure granted for land in the area of a mineral development licence mentioned in paragraph (a).	10 11 12
'(2)	This part also applies to land the subject of mineral development licence application 407 (<i>MDLA 407</i>).	13 14
'363C Rel	ationship with other provisions	15
'(1)	This part applies despite—	16
	(a) other provisions of this chapter or the Mineral Resources Act; and	17 18
	(b) the conditions or other provisions of an authority to prospect.	19 20
'(2)	If this part conflicts with another provision of this chapter or the Mineral Resources Act, this part prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	21 22 23

'Division	2 General suspension	1
	spension of authorised activities for authority to spect	2 3
'(1)	This section applies to an authorised activity for an authority to prospect in the area of overlapping mineral (f) land.	4 5
'(2)	Subject to subsection (3) and section 363E, any right to carry out the activity on the overlapping mineral (f) land is suspended.	6 7 8
'(3)	During the suspension, the authority holder may carry out an authorised activity for the authority on the overlapping mineral (f) land only if—	9 10 11
	(a) the mineral (f) tenure holder for the land has agreed in writing to the carrying out of the activity; and	12 13
	(b) a copy of the agreement has been lodged at the relevant office; and	14 15
	(c) the agreement is still in force.	16
'(4)	The suspension continues until the mineral (f) tenure ends.	17
'(5)	In this section—	18
	relevant office means—	19
	(a) the office of the department for lodging an agreement mentioned in subsection (3)(a), as stated in a gazette notice by the chief executive; or	20 21 22
	(b) if no office is stated under paragraph (a)—the office of the chief executive.	23 24
'363E Ent	ry rights for particular activities during suspension	25
'(1)	An authority to prospect holder to whom section 363D applies may, without an agreement mentioned in that section, enter the overlapping mineral (f) land to—	26 27 28

(a)	requ	y out rehabilitation or environmental management ired of the holder under any relevant environmental irement under the Environmental Protection Act; or	1 2 3
(b)	-	y out low impact environmental monitoring; or	4
· /	•	nples—	5
	th	e monitoring of air, ecology, fauna, hydrology, soil or water	6
(c)	mov plan	re, remove or maintain equipment, machinery or t; or	7 8
(d)		y out improvement restoration for the authority to pect; or	9 10
(e)	carr	y out care and maintenance of disturbed areas; or	11
(f)	carry	y out low impact track construction or maintenance;	12 13
(g)		or maintain infrastructure put in place on the land ore the commencement of this section; or	14 15
(h)	-	in place or maintain infrastructure for a purpose, or o an activity, mentioned in paragraphs (d) to (g); or	16 17
(i)	mine	struct pipelines for transporting water in the area of eral development licence 374 for infrastructure tioned in paragraph (g), if—	18 19 20
	(i)	the construction is an authorised activity for the authority to prospect; and	21 22
	(ii)	the mineral (f) tenure holder for the land has agreed in writing to the location of the pipelines; and	23 24 25
	(iii)	a copy of the agreement has been lodged at the relevant office; and	26 27
	(iv)	the agreement is still in force.	28
Subs	section	n (1) is subject to section 363F.	29
this	Act co	ority holder's rights and obligations under the rest of continue to apply for an entry and the carrying out of authorised under subsection (1).	30 31 32

'(2) '(3)

	'(4)	In th	is section—	1
		the auth	rovement restoration, for an authority to prospect, means repair of any damage caused by an activity under the ority to all pre-existing improvements on, or attached to, and subject to the authority by—	2 3 4 5
		(a)	restoring them to the same, or substantially the same, condition they were in before the damage happened; or	6 7
		(b)	replacing them with another improvement in the condition mentioned in paragraph (a).	8 9
		relev	vant office means—	10
		(a)	the office of the department for lodging an agreement mentioned in subsection (1)(i)(iii), as stated in a gazette notice by the chief executive; or	11 12 13
		(b)	if no office is stated under paragraph (a)—the office of the chief executive.	14 15
		<i>rest</i> opart.	of this Act means the provisions of this Act other than this	16 17
363F	- Not	tice o	of entry under s 363E	18
		pros	Fore entering land under section 363E(1), an authority to pect holder must, at least 10 business days before the y, give the mineral (f) tenure holder for the land a notice ng the following—	19 20 21 22
		(a)	the area of the overlapping mineral (f) land proposed to be entered;	23 24
		(b)	the period during which the land will be entered (the <i>entry period</i>);	25 26
		(c)	the activities proposed to be carried out on the land under section 363E(1);	27 28
		(d)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out.	29 30

'363G		isterial power to suspend authority to prospect uirements	1 2
٤	(1)	This section applies if the Minister is satisfied that, because of section 363D, the holder of an authority to prospect is not able to, or will not be able to, carry out all or any authorised activities for the authority.	3 4 5 6
٤	(2)	The Minister may, by giving notice to the authority holder, decide to suspend or limit any of the performance requirements for the authority to prospect, for all or part of the term of the authority.	7 8 9 10
•	(3)	During the suspension or limitation, the obligation does not apply to the extent of the suspension or limitation.	11 12
•	(4)	In this section—	13
		performance requirement means an obligation under this Act or a condition of an authority to prospect, and includes an obligation about relinquishment.	14 15 16
'Divis	ion	3 Resolving disputes	17
		3 Resolving disputes otiation and request to Minister	17 18
'363H		J .	
'363H	Neg	potiation and request to Minister This section applies if there is a dispute about any of the	18 19
'363H	Neg	otiation and request to Minister This section applies if there is a dispute about any of the following— (a) a right to carry out an authorised activity under section	18 19 20 21
'363H	Neg	This section applies if there is a dispute about any of the following— (a) a right to carry out an authorised activity under section 363D; (b) a right to enter overlapping mineral (f) land under	18 19 20 21 22 23

		(ii) section 363E(1).	1
	'(2)	The parties must use all reasonable endeavours to attempt to resolve the dispute.	2 3
	'(3)	After complying with subsection (2), either of the parties may, by a notice in the approved form, ask the Minister to decide whether the entry is allowed or the activity may be carried out.	4 5 6
	'(4)	Before making a decision, the Minister must give the parties an opportunity to make submissions about the request within a reasonable period.	7 8 9
	'(5)	Also before making the decision, the Minister may refer the dispute under section 363I to the Land Court for it to make recommendations about deciding the dispute.	10 11 12
'363 I	Ref	erence to Land Court	13
	'(1)	A referral by the Minister under section 363H(5) must be made by filing a notice in the approved form with the registrar of the Land Court.	14 15 16
	'(2)	The referral starts a proceeding before the Land Court for it to make the recommendations.	17 18
	'(3)	The parties to the proceeding are the mineral (f) tenure holder and the authority to prospect holder for the overlapping mineral (f) land to which the dispute relates.	19 20 21
'363J	Dec	cision by Minister	22
	'(1)	The Minister must, after considering the following, decide the matter and give the parties notice of the decision—	23 24
		(a) any submissions made by the parties under section 363H(4);	25 26
		(b) any recommendations by the Land Court.	27
	'(2)	In making a decision, the Minister may also consider the public interest.	28 29
	' (3)	The Minister's decision binds the parties.	30

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'(4)	The Minister may impose conditions on any decision that the entry is allowed or the authorised activity may be carried out.	1 2
'Division	Obtaining petroleum lease if overlapping mineral (f) land or land in area of MDLA 407	3 4 5
'363K Add	ditional provision about area of petroleum lease	6
'(1)	This section applies if—	7
	(a) a person who, under section 117, may make an ATP-related application for land that includes any of the following makes that application—	8 9 10
	(i) land that is overlapping mineral (f) land;	11
	(ii) land in the area of MDLA 407; and	12
	(b) the Minister decides to grant the petroleum lease.	13
'(2)	Without limiting section 168, the area of the petroleum lease can not include—	14 15
	(a) the land that is overlapping mineral (f) land; or	16
	(b) land in the area of MDLA 407.	17
'(3)	The Minister may, in the lease, describe the exclusion of the land under subsection (2) in a way the Minister considers appropriate.	18 19 20
	ister may add land to petroleum lease if mineral enure ends	21 22
' (1)	This section applies if—	23
	(a) land is not included in a petroleum lease because of section $363K(2)$; and	24 25
	(b) if the land is—	26

		(i) overlapping mineral (f) land—the mineral (f) tenure for the land ends; and	1 2
		(ii) in the area of MDLA 407—	3
		(A) the mineral (f) pilot tenure for mineral development licence 309 ends; and	4 5
		(B) a mineral (f) production tenure has not been granted for land in the mineral development licence's area.	6 7 8
'(2)		Minister may amend the petroleum lease by adding the to the lease area if—	9 10
	(a)	the lease as amended complies with section 168; and	11
	(b)	the lease holder consents.	12
'(3)		Minister may amend the provisions of the lease in a way reflects the inclusion of the land.	13 14
'(4)	Also	, the Minister may give the lease holder a notice—	15
	(a)	withdrawing, from a stated day, the approval of the development plan for the lease; and	16 17
	(b)	directing the holder to lodge at the relevant office a proposed later development plan for the lease that—	18 19
		(i) complies with the later development plan requirements; and	20 21
		(ii) changes the development plan for the lease to reflect the inclusion of the land.	22 23
'(5)		amended provisions of the lease or the proposed later lopment plan must not be—	24 25
	(a)	inconsistent with the mandatory conditions of petroleum leases; or	26 27
	(b)	the same as, or substantially the same as, or inconsistent with, any relevant environmental condition for the lease.	28 29
'(6)	In thi	is section—	30
	relev	ant office means—	31

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		(a)	the office of the department for lodging proposed later development plans, as stated in a gazette notice by the chief executive; or	1 2 3
		(b)	if no office is gazetted under paragraph (a)—the office of the chief executive.'.	4 5
426			ment of s 858A (Ministerial directions about the f information)	6 7
		Sect	ion 858A—	8
		omit	, insert—	9
'858	A Pra	ectice	manual	10
	'(1)	cons	chief executive may keep, in the way the chief executive iders appropriate, a manual (however called) about oleum authority administration practice to guide and rm persons dealing with the department.	11 12 13 14
	'(2)	The	manual may include—	15
		(a)	directions about—	16
			(i) what information, documents or instruments (<i>material</i>) a person may or must give; and	17 18
			(ii) how or when requested material must be given; and	19
			(iii) the format of requested material; and	20
		(b)	practices to ensure there is consistency and efficiency in petroleum authority administration processes.	21 22
	'(3)	If—		23
		(a)	a person is required or permitted to give the Minister or the chief executive (the <i>official</i>) information for a particular purpose relating to this Act; and	24 25 26
		(b)	this Act does not provide for how the information may or must be given to the official for the purpose; and	27 28
		(c)	the person gives the official the information in the way required or permitted under the manual;	29 30

			person is taken to have given the official the information he purpose.	1 2
	'(4)	The	e information must be given at—	3
		(a)	if the manual states a particular office of the department where the information must be given (a <i>required office</i>)—that office; or	4 5 6
		(b)	if the manual does not state a required office and the information relates to a particular application—the department's office where the application was lodged; or	7 8 9 10
		(c)	otherwise—the office of the chief executive.	11
	'(5)	The	chief executive must—	12
		(a)	keep a copy of the manual and a record (however called) of each part of the manual, including the dates when each part was published or superseded; and	13 14 15
		(b)	make the manual and the record available to the public in the way the chief executive considers appropriate.	16 17
'('(6)	Without limiting subsection (5), the chief executive must ensure an up-to-date copy of the manual and the record are available to be read free of charge—		18 19 20
		(a)	on the department's website; and	21
		(b)	if information relates to a particular application—at the department's office where the application was lodged.'.	22 23
427	Ins	ertio	n of new ch 15, pt 10 hdg and div 1	24
		Cha	pter 15—	25
		inse	rt—	26

'Part	10	Transitional provisions for amendments under Geothermal Energy Act 2010	1 2 3
'Division 1		Provisions about mineral (f) pilot tenures	4 5
'947	Applicat	tions for particular petroleum leases	6
	'Sec	tion 363K applies to an ATP-related application, if—	7
	(a)	the application was made before the commencement of this section; and	8 9
	(b)	immediately before the commencement, the application has not been decided; and	10 11
	(c)	the application includes land that is overlapping mineral (f) land or land in the area of MDLA 407.'.	12 13
428	Amenda	nent of sch 2 (Dictionary)	14
	Sche	edule 2—	15
	inse	rt—	16
		<i>impact</i> , for an activity or infrastructure, means the vity or infrastructure—	17 18
	(a)	is of low impact on the environment; and	19
	(b)	is of low impact for land disturbance; and	20
	(c)	does not adversely affect the carrying out of an authorised activity, or is not likely to adversely affect the carrying out of a future authorised activity, under a mineral (f) tenure.	21 22 23 24
	MD	<i>LA 407</i> see section 363B(2).	25
	mine	eral (f) pilot tenure see section 363B(1).	26

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	mineral	(f) production tenure see section 363A.	1
	mineral	(f) tenure see section 363A.	2
	overlapp	ping mineral (f) land see section 363B(1).'.	3
Part	t 2	Amendments relating to land	4
		access and owners and occupiers	5 6
Divi	sion 1	Amendment of Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009	7 8
429	Act amende	ed	9
	The following Act 2009	owing provisions amend the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage</i>	1(11
	• thi	s division	12
	• pa	rt 1, division 3	13
	• pa	rt 3, division 3	14
	• scl	hedule 2, parts 1, 2 and 4.	15
430		of s 85 (Obligation to consult with particular I occupiers)	16 17
	Section	85—	18
	omit.		19

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431			on of s 166 (Obligation to consult with particular and occupiers)	1 2
		Sect	tion 166—	3
		omit	t.	4
432	Re	place	ement of ch 5, pt 7, divs 1 to 3	5
		Cha	apter 5, part 7, divisions 1 to 3—	6
		omit	t, insert—	7
'Divi	ision	1 1	Requirements for entry to private land in GHG authority area	8 9
'Sub	divi	sion	1 Entry notice requirement for preliminary activities and particular advanced activities	10 11 12
'278	Ent	try no	otice requirement	13
	'(1)	A pe	erson must not—	14
		(a)	enter private land in a GHG authority's area to carry out a preliminary activity for the authority; or	15 16
		(b)	enter private land in a GHG authority's area to carry out an advanced activity for the authority if either of the following applies for the entry—	17 18 19
			(i) the deferral agreement exemption;	20
			(ii) the Land Court application exemption;	21
		occu	ess the GHG authority's holder has given each owner and upier of the land a written notice of the entry that complies a section 279 (an <i>entry notice</i>).	22 23 24
		Max	ximum penalty—500 penalty units.	25
	'(2)	The	entry notice must be given—	26

		(a)	generally—at least 10 business days before the entry; or	1
		(b)	if, by a signed endorsement on the notice, the relevant owner or occupier has agreed to a shorter period—the shorter period.	2 3 4
		Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	5
	'(3)	notic	holder must give the chief executive a copy of the entry ce immediately after the notice is given and before entry is e under the GHG authority.	6 7 8
		Max	imum penalty—10 penalty units.	9
'(4)			ontravention of subsection (3) does not affect the validity are notice or the entry.	10 11
	'(5)	This	section is subject to section 280.	12
	'(6)	In th	is section—	13
		cond	<i>rral agreement exemption</i> , for an entry, means that the duct and compensation agreement requirement does not y for the entry because of section 284(c)(i).	14 15 16
		_	, for an entry notice, includes publishing it in a way oved under section 282.	17 18
		the o	d Court application exemption, for an entry, means that conduct and compensation agreement requirement does apply for the entry because of section 284(c)(ii).	19 20 21
'279	Red	quire	d contents of entry notice	22
	'(1)	An e	entry notice must state the following—	23
		(a)	the land proposed to be entered;	24
		(b)	the period during which the land will be entered (the <i>entry period</i>);	25 26
		(c)	the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	27
		(d)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	28 29
		(e)	contact details for—	30

		(i) the relevant GHG authority holder; or	1	
		(ii) another person the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	2 3	
'(2)	Also, the first entry notice from the GHG authority holder to a particular owner or occupier must be accompanied by or include a copy of—			
	(a)	the land access code; and	7	
	(b)	any code of practice made under this Act applying to authorised activities for the GHG authority; and	8 9	
	(c)	the relevant environmental authority documentation.	10	
' (3)	The	entry period can not be longer than—	11	
	(a)	generally—6 months; or	12	
	(b)	if the relevant owner or occupier agrees in writing to a longer period—the longer period.	13 14	
'(4)	entry anot	bject to subsections (1) to (3), an entry notice may state an try period that is different to the entry period stated in other entry notice given by the GHG authority holder to other owner or occupier of the land.		
'(5)	In th	nis section—	19	
	rele	vant environmental authority documentation means—	20	
	(a)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the GHG authority is a code compliant authority—the relevant code; or	21 22 23	
	(b)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the GHG authority is a non-code compliant authority—	24 25 26	
		(i) the environmental authority; and	27	
		(ii) if the environmental authority imposes conditions by referring to a code—that code.	28 29	

'280	Exemptions from entry notice requirement				
	'(1)	The requirement under section 278(1) to give an entry notice does not apply for an entry to land to carry out an authorised activity if any of the following apply—			
		(a)	the (GHG authority holder owns the land;	5
		(b)		holder has the right other than under this Act to enter land to carry out the activity;	6 7
		(c)	if—		8
			(i)	there is a conduct and compensation agreement relating to the land; and	9 10
			(ii)	each eligible claimant for the land is a party to the agreement; and	11 12
			(iii)	the agreement includes a waiver of entry notice;	13
		(d)		entry is to preserve life or property or because of an ergency that exists or may exist;	14 15
		(e)		relevant owner or occupier has, by signed writing, on a waiver of entry notice.	16 17
	'(2)			of entry notice mentioned in subsection (1) must ith section 281(1).	18 19
'281	Pro	visio	ns fo	or waiver of entry notice	20
	'(1)	A w	aiver	of entry notice mentioned in section 280 must—	21
		(a)		does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and	22 23
		(b)	state	e the following—	24
			(i)	that the relevant owner or occupier has been told they are not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice;	25 26 27
			(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	28 29
			(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	30

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		(iv) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out.	1 2
	'(2)	The relevant owner or occupier can not withdraw the waiver of entry notice during the period.	3 4
	'(3)	The waiver of entry notice ceases to have effect at the end of the period.	5 6
'282	Giv	ving entry notice by publication	7
	'(1)	The chief executive may approve a GHG authority holder giving an entry notice for the authority by publishing it in a stated way.	8 9 10
	'(2)	The publication may relate to more than 1 entry notice.	11
	'(3)	The chief executive may give the approval only if satisfied—	12
		(a) for a relevant owner or occupier who is an individual, it is impracticable to give the owner or occupier the notice personally; and	13 14 15
		(b) the publication will happen at least 20 business days before the entry.	16 17
'Suk	odivi	sion 2 Conduct and compensation	18
		agreement requirement for	19
		particular advanced activities	20
'283	Со	nduct and compensation agreement requirement	21
	'(1)	A person must not enter private land in a GHG authority's area to carry out an advanced activity for the authority (the <i>relevant activity</i>) unless each eligible claimant for the land is a party to an appropriate conduct and compensation agreement.	22 23 24 25 26
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	27

	'(2)		requirement under subsection (1) is the conduct and rensation agreement requirement.	1 2
		Note—		3
		For c	conduct and compensation agreements, see part 10, division 1.	4
	' (3)	In this	s section—	5
		eligib agreer eligib	priate conduct and compensation agreement, for an le claimant, means a conduct and compensation ment about the holder's compensation liability to the le claimant of at least to the extent the liability relates to levant activity and its effects.	6 7 8 9 10
'284			ns from conduct and compensation nt requirement	11 12
		not ap	conduct and compensation agreement requirement does only for an entry to land to carry out an advanced activity of the following apply—	13 14 15
		(a)	the GHG authority holder owns the land;	16
			the holder has the right other than under this Act to enter the land to carry out the activity;	17 18
		(c)	each eligible claimant for the land is—	19
		1	(i) a party to an agreement, complying with section 285, that a conduct and compensation agreement can be entered into after the entry (a <i>deferral agreement</i>); or	20 21 22 23
		1	(ii) an applicant or respondent to a Land Court application under section 325B relating to the land;	24 25
			the entry is to preserve life or property or because of an emergency that exists or may exist.	26 27
'285	Re	quirem	nents for deferral agreement	28
		'A def	ferral agreement must—	29

	(a)		vritten and signed by or for the holder and each ble claimant for the land to be entered; and	1 2
	(b)	state	the following—	3
		(i)	that the eligible claimant has been told the claimant is under no obligation to enter into a deferral agreement before entering into a conduct and compensation agreement;	4 5 6 7
		(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	8 9
		(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	10
		(iv)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	11 12
		(v)	the period for which the deferral agreement has effect;	13 14
		(vi)	when it is proposed to enter into a conduct and compensation agreement.'.	15 16
433	Amendr occupar		of s 297 (Change in ownership or	17 18
	Sect	ion 29	97(1)(b), from 'the requirement' to 'before entry'—	19
	omit	t, inser	rt—	20
	'sect	tion 2'	79(2)'.	21
434	Amendr	nent	of s 314 (Required contents of entry notice)	22
	Sect	ion 31	4(3), 'for a GHG lease'—	23
	omit	•		24
435	Replace provisio		of ch 5, pt 10 (General compensation	25 26
	Cha	pter 5,	, part 10—	27
	omit	t, inser	rt—	28

'Part 10 'Division 1			Compensation and negotiated access	1 2
			Compensation other than for notifiable road uses	3 4
'Sub	divi	sion 1	Preliminary	5
'319	Ap	plicatio	on of div 1	6
			division does not apply for a public land authority in on to a notifiable road use.	7 8
'Sub	divi	sion 2	2 General provisions	9
'320	Ge	neral li	ability to compensate	10
	'(1)	each of area of area of area.	older of each GHG authority is liable to compensate owner or occupier of private land or public land in the f, or access land for, the authority (an <i>eligible claimant</i>) by compensatable effect the eligible claimant suffers d by relevant authorised activities.	11 12 13 14 15
	'(2)		G authority holder's liability under subsection (1) to an le claimant is the holder's <i>compensation liability</i> to the ant.	16 17 18
	'(3)	This s	ection is subject to section 325E.	19
	'(4)	In this	s section—	20
			ensatable effect means all or any of the following ag to the eligible claimant's land—	21 22
		(a) (deprivation of possession of its surface;	23
		(b) (diminution of its value:	24

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		(c) diminution of the use made or that may be made of the land or any improvement on it;	1 2			
		(d) severance of any part of the land from other parts of the land or from other land that the eligible claimant owns;	3 4			
		(e) any cost or loss arising from the carrying out of activities under the GHG authority on the land.	5 6			
		relevant authorised activities means authorised activities for the GHG authority carried out by the holder or a person authorised by the holder.	7 8 9			
'Sub	divi	sion 3 General provisions for conduct and compensation agreements	10 11			
'321	Conduct and compensation agreement					
	'(1)	An eligible claimant and a GHG authority holder may enter into an agreement (a <i>conduct and compensation agreement</i>) about—	13 14 15			
		(a) how and when the GHG authority holder may enter the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant; and	16 17 18			
		(b) how authorised activities under the GHG authority to the extent they relate to the eligible claimant must be carried out; and	19 20 21			
		(c) the holder's compensation liability to the claimant or any future compensation liability that the holder may have to the claimant.	22 23 24			
	'(2)	However, a conduct and compensation agreement can not be inconsistent with this Act, a condition of the GHG authority or a mandatory provision of the land access code and is unenforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	25 26 27 28			
	'(3)	A conduct and compensation agreement may relate to all or part of the liability or future liability.	29 30			

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322	Со	ntent	of c	onduct and compensation agreement	1
	'(1)	A co	onduc	t and compensation agreement must—	2
		(a)	prov	vide for the matters mentioned in section 321(1); and	3
		(b)		written and signed by or for the GHG authority der and the eligible claimant; and	4 5
		(c)		e whether it is for all or part of the compensation ility; and	6 7
		(d)	if it	is for only part of the compensation liability, state—	8
			(i)	details of each activity or effects of the activity to which the agreement relates; and	9 10
			(ii)	the period for which the agreement has effect; and	11
		(e)	-	vide for how and when the compensation liability be met.	12 13
	'(2)	A co	onduc	t and compensation agreement may—	14
		(a)	clair hold	and the holder's compensation liability to the mant or any future compensation liability that the der may have to the claimant to any renewal of the G authority; and	15 16 17 18
		(b)	prov	vide for—	19
			(i)	monetary or non-monetary compensation; or	20
				Example of non-monetary compensation—	21
				A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for the construction of a road for the claimant.	22 23
			(ii)	a process by which it may be amended or enforced; and	24 25
				Example of a process for amendment—	26
				A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for compensation under it to be reviewed on the happening of a material change in circumstances for the GHG authority including a change in the extent of activities required under a later development plan for a GHG lease.	27 28 29 30 31

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		_	
		(c) provide for any compensation that is or may be payable by the holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	1 2 3
	'(3)	This section does not limit the matters that may be provided for in a conduct and compensation agreement.	4 5
Sub	divi	sion 4 Negotiation process	6
		Note—	7
		Generally, a GHG authority holder can not enter private land to carry out an advanced activity unless the holder complies with this subdivision. See sections 283 and 284.	8 9 10
323	No	tice of intent to negotiate	11
	'(1)	A GHG authority holder may give an eligible claimant to whom the holder has a compensation liability a notice (the <i>negotiation notice</i>) that the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement with the eligible claimant.	12 13 14 15 16
	'(2)	The negotiation notice must be accompanied by a copy of the land access code and state all of the following—	17 18
		(a) if the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement—	19 20
		 (i) whether the holder wishes to negotiate all or part of the holder's compensation liability to the eligible claimant; and 	21 22 23
		(ii) if the holder only wishes to negotiate part of the liability—what the part is;	24 25
		(b) if the holder wishes to negotiate a deferral agreement—that wish and the reasons for it;	26 27
		(c) the land the holder proposes to enter;	28
		(d) the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	29

		[6 .66]	
		(e) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	1 2
		(f) if the holder is a corporation—contact details for the holder and an individual the holder has authorised to negotiate the agreement.	3 4 5
	'(3)	The GHG authority holder must give the chief executive a copy of the negotiation notice immediately after it is given.	6 7
		Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.	8
324	Neg	gotiations	9
	'(1)	On the giving of the negotiation notice, the GHG authority holder and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) must use all reasonable endeavours to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement (a <i>relevant agreement</i>).	10 11 12 13 14
	'(2)	The period of the negotiations—	15
		(a) must be at least 20 business days from the giving of the negotiation notice (the <i>minimum negotiation period</i>); but	16 17 18
		(b) may continue for as long as the parties wish.	19
	'(3)	If, during the minimum negotiation period, the parties enter into a relevant agreement the GHG authority holder can not enter the relevant land to carry out advanced activities for the authority until the period ends.	20 21 22 23
	'(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite the terms of the agreement.	24
325	Cor	oling-off during minimum negotiation period	25
J_U			
	'(1)	This section applies if the parties enter into a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement during the minimum negotiation period.	26 27 28

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'(2)	Either of the parties may, within the minimum negotiation period, terminate the agreement by giving notice to the other party.	1 2 3
'(3)	On the giving of a notice under subsection (2), the terminated agreement is taken never to have had any effect.	4 5
'(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) does not change the time when the negotiation notice was given.	6 7
'325A Pai	rties may seek mediation	8
'(1)	This section applies if, at the end of the minimum negotiation period, the parties have not entered into a conduct and compensation agreement.	9 10 11
'(2)	Either party may ask an authorised officer to call a mediation between the parties to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	12 13 14
'(3)	Chapter 6, part 1A applies to the mediation.	15
'(4)	However, the authorised officer must take all reasonable steps to ensure the mediation is finished within 20 business days after it was requested.	16 17 18
'Subdivi	sion 5 Deciding compensation through Land Court	19 20
	ciding compensation through Land Court if ediation not called or after unsuccessful mediation	21 22
'(1)	This section applies if, under section 325A, a party has asked an authorised officer to call a mediation and the officer does not finish the mediation within 20 business days after receiving the request.	23 24 25 26
'(2)	This section also applies if—	27
	(a) an authorised officer has, under section 325A, called a mediation; and	28 29

	(b) one or both of the parties attended the mediation; and	1
	(c) there is no conduct and compensation agreement between the parties relating to the subject of the mediation within 20 business days after the mediation was called.	2 3 4 5
'(3)	An eligible party may apply to the Land Court for it to decide the GHG authority holder's—	6 7
	(a) compensation liability to the claimant; or	8
	(b) future compensation liability to the claimant for an authorised activity for the GHG authority proposed to be carried out by or for the holder.	9 10 11
'(4)	However, the Land Court may decide the liability or future liability only to the extent it is not subject to a conduct and compensation agreement.	12 13 14
'(5)) In hearing the application, the Land Court must as much as practicable ensure the hearing happens together with, or as closely as possible to, the hearing of any relevant environmental compensation application.	
'(6)	In this section—	19
	eligible party means—	20
	(a) if subsection (1) applies—any party; or	21
	(b) if subsection (2) applies—a party who attended the mediation.	22 23
	relevant environmental compensation application means an application to the Land Court for compensation that is or may be payable by the GHG authority holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	24 25 26 27
(00EQ		•
	nd Court review of compensation This section applies if	28
'(1)	This section applies if—	29
	(a) the compensation liability or future compensation liability of a GHG authority holder to an eligible	30 31

	claimant has been agreed to under a conduct and compensation agreement or decided by the Land Court (the <i>original compensation</i>); and	1 2 3
	(b) there has been a material change in circumstances (the <i>change</i>) since the agreement or decision.	4 5
'(2)	The eligible claimant or the holder may apply to the Land Court for it to review the original compensation.	6 7
'(3)	In carrying out the review, the Land Court may review the original compensation only to the extent it is affected by the change.	8 9 10
'(4)	If the Land Court considers the original compensation is not affected by the change, it must not carry out or continue with the review.	11 12 13
'(5)	The Land Court may, after carrying out the review, decide to confirm the original compensation or amend it in a way the court considers appropriate.	14 15 16
'(6)	If the decision is to amend the compensation, the original compensation as amended under the decision is, for this Act, taken to be the original compensation.	17 18 19
'325D Ord	ders Land Court may make	20
'(1)	The Land Court may make any order it considers appropriate to meet or enforce its decision on an application under this part.	21 22 23
'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the Land Court may order non-monetary compensation as well as monetary compensation.	24 25 26

'Subdivision 6 Miscellaneous provision		6 Miscellaneous provision	1	
'325E			esation not affected by change in ownership cancy	2 3
	'(1)	decis have	onduct and compensation agreement or a Land Court sion under this part is for the benefit of, and is taken to been agreed to or decided for and is binding on, the wing—	4 5 6 7
		(a)	the relevant eligible claimant;	8
		(b)	the GHG authority holder;	9
		(c)	each of their successors and assigns including successors and assigns for the area of the relevant GHG authority.	10 11 12
	'(2)	Subs	section (1) is subject to section 325C.	13
'Divi	sion	2	Compensation for notifiable road uses'.	14 15
436	Rep	olace	ment of ss 329 and 330	16
		Sect	ions 329 and 330—	17
		omit	, insert—	18
'329	Cor	nplia	nce with land access code	19
		'A G	HG authority holder must—	20
		(a)	comply with the mandatory provisions of the land access code to the extent it applies to the holder; and	21 22
		(b)	ensure any other person carrying out an authorised activity for the GHG authority complies with the mandatory provisions of the land access code.'	23 24 25

437	Replacement of ch 6 hdg (Enforcement, offences and proceedings)		
	Cha	npter 6, heading—	3
	omi	t, insert—	4
'Cha	apter	6 Mediation, investigations and enforcement	5 6
'Part	1 A	Mediation with eligible claimants or owners and occupiers	7 8 9
'377A	Applica	ation of pt 1A	10
	'Th	is part applies if—	11
	(a)	under section 325A, an authorised officer is asked by a GHG authority holder or an eligible claimant to call a mediation; or	12 13 14
	(b)	an owner or occupier of land in a GHG authority's area gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the way in which authorised activities for the authority are being carried out on the land; or	15 16 17 18
	(c)	a GHG authority holder gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the activities of an owner or occupier of land in the authority's area; or	19 20 21
	(d)	for another reason an authorised officer has concerns about the relationship between a GHG authority holder and an owner or occupier of land in the authority's area.	22 23 24
'377B	Mediati	on may be called	25
•		section 377A(a) applies, the authorised officer must, by ice, ask the GHG authority holder and the eligible claimant	26 27

	(the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised officer about negotiating a conduct and compensation agreement.	1 2
'(2)	If section 377A(b), (c) or (d) applies, the authorised officer may, by notice, ask the GHG authority holder and the owner or occupier (also the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised officer about the concerns.	3 4 5 6
'(3)	The notice must state what the subject of the mediation is and when and where it will be held.	7 8
'377C Wh	o may attend mediation	9
'(1)	Apart from the authorised officer, anyone given notice of the mediation may attend it.	10 11
'(2)	A party may be represented by an agent only if the authorised officer agrees.	12 13
'(3)	However, a party can not be represented by a lawyer unless the parties agree and the authorised officer is satisfied there is no disadvantage to a party.	14 15 16
'377D Wh	at happens if a party does not attend	17
'(1)	This section applies if a party given notice of the mediation does not attend.	18 19
'(2)	For the purpose of applying to the Land Court under section 325B, the mediation is taken to have been conducted.	20 21
'(3)	A party who attended the mediation may apply to the Land Court for an order requiring the party who did not attend to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	22 23 24
'(4)	The Land Court must not order the party who did not attend to pay costs if it is satisfied the party had a reasonable excuse for not attending.	25 26 27
'(5)	If the Land Court makes the order, it must decide the amount of the costs.	28 29

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'377E	Со	nduct of mediation	1	
	'(1)	In conducting the mediation, the authorised officer must endeavour to help those attending to reach an early and inexpensive settlement of the subject of the mediation.	2 3 4	
	'(2)	Subject to section 325A, the authorised officer is to decide how the mediation is to be conducted.	5 6	
'377F	Sta	tements made at mediation	7	
		'Nothing said by a person at the mediation is admissible, without the person's consent, in a proceeding.	8 9	
'377G	i Me	diated agreement	10	
	'(1)	If, at the mediation, the parties negotiate an agreement about the concerns the subject of the mediation, the agreement must be written and signed by or for the parties.	11 12 13	
	'(2)	The agreement—	14	
		(a) may be a conduct and compensation agreement or an amendment of an existing conduct and compensation agreement between the parties; and	15 16 17	
		(b) has the same effect as any other compromise.'.	18	
438	Ins	ertion of new ch 8, pt 2	19	
	After section 436—			
		insert—	21	

Part 2		Transitional provisions for amendments under Geothermal Energy Act 2010	1 2 3	
437	Laı	nd access code prevails over conditions	4	
		'If a condition of a GHG authority is inconsistent with a mandatory provision of the land access code, the mandatory provision prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	5 6 7	
438		sting compensation agreements other than for tifiable road uses	8	
	'(1)	This section applies if immediately before the commencement of this section a compensation agreement under chapter 5, part 10 was in force.	10 11 12	
	'(2)	On the commencement the agreement becomes a conduct and compensation agreement under chapter 5, part 10, division 1.	13 14	
439	Exi	sting entry notices	15	
	'(1)	This section applies to an entry notice for the carrying out of an authorised activity for a GHG authority if the notice complied with the entry notice requirements before the commencement of this section.	16 17 18 19	
	'(2)	The notice continues, according to its terms, to be valid for the carrying out of the activity after the commencement even though the notice does not comply with all of the entry notice requirements from the commencement.	20 21 22 23	
	' (3)	In this section—	24	
		<i>entry notice requirements</i> means the requirements under this Act relating to the giving of an entry notice.	25 26	

'440	Re	ferences to geothermal tenure	1
		'Until the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , chapter 9, part 1 commences, a reference in this Act to a geothermal tenure is taken to be a reference to a geothermal exploration permit.'.	2 3 4
439	Am	nendment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	5
	(1)	Schedule 2, definitions compensation agreement, compensation application, compensation liability, eligible claimant, entry notice, entry period, occupier, petroleum interest, private land, public land and waiver of entry notice—	6 7 8 9 10
		omit.	11
	(2)	Schedule 2—	12
		insert—	13
		'advanced activity, for a provision about a GHG authority, means an authorised activity for the authority other than a preliminary activity for the authority.	14 15 16
		Examples—	17
		 levelling of drilling pads and digging sumps 	18
		earthworks associated with pipeline installation	19
		vegetation clear-felling	20
		 constructing an exploration camp, concrete pad, sewage or water treatment facility or fuel dump 	21 22
		 geophysical surveying with physical clearing 	23
		 carrying out a seismic survey using explosives 	24
		 constructing a track or access road 	25
		• changing a fence line	26
		<i>compensation application</i> , for chapter 5, part 10, division 2, means an application made under section 325H(1).	27 28
		compensation liability—	29
		(a) for chapter 5, part 10, division 1—see section 320(2); or	30

(b)	for chapter 5, part 10, division 2—see section 325F(2).
cond	duct and compensation agreement see section 321(1).
	duct and compensation agreement requirement see ion 283(2).
defe	rral agreement see section 284(c)(i).
eligi	<i>ible claimant</i> , for compensation, see section 320(1).
entr	y notice—
(a)	for chapter 5, part 7—see section 279(1); or
(b)	for chapter 5, part 8—see section 312(2)(b).
land	daccess code see the P&G Act, section 24A.
	datory provision, of the land access code, means a vision of that code that the code requires compliance with.
min	imum negotiation period see section 324(2)(a).
nego	otiation notice see section 323(1).
occi	upier, of a place, means—
(a)	a person who has a right to occupy the place other than under a mining interest, petroleum authority, 1923 Act petroleum tenure, GHG authority or geothermal tenure; or
(b)	a person who has been given a right to occupy the place by a person mentioned in paragraph (a).
part	ies—
(a)	for chapter 5, part 10, division 1, subdivision 4—see section 324(1); or
(b)	for chapter 6, part 1A—see section 377B.
prel	iminary activity—
1	A <i>preliminary activity</i> , for a provision about a GHG authority, means an authorised activity for the authority that will have no impact, or only a minor impact, on the

		iness activities of any owner or occupier of the land which the activity is to be carried out.	1 2
	Exan	nples—	3
	•	walking the area of the permit or licence	4
	•	driving along an existing road or track in the area	5
	•	taking soil or water samples	6
	•	drilling without constructing earthworks	7
	•	geophysical surveying without physical clearing	8
	•	aerial, electrical or environmental surveying	9
	•	seismic surveying without using explosives	10
	•	survey pegging	11
2	Hov	vever, the following are not preliminary activities—	12
	(a)	an authorised activity carried out on land that—	13
		(i) is less than 100ha; and	14
		(ii) is being used for intensive farming or broadacre agriculture;	15 16
		Examples—	17
		• land used for dryland or irrigated cropping, plantation forestry or horticulture	18 19
		 a dairy, cattle or sheep feedlot, piggery or poultry farm 	20 21
	(b)	an authorised activity carried out within 600m of a school or an occupied residence;	22 23
	(c)	an authorised activity that affects the lawful carrying out of an organic or bio-organic farming system.	24 25 26
riv	ate la	nd—	27
	Priv	vate land is—	28
	(a)	freehold land; or	29
	(b)	an interest in land less than fee simple held from the State under another Act.	30 31

2		vever, land is not private land to the extent of an rest in any of the following relating to the land—	1 2	
	(a)	a mining interest;	3	
	(b)	a petroleum authority or 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	4 5	
	(c)	a GHG authority;	6	
	(d)	a geothermal tenure;	7	
	(e)	an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	8 9	
3		o, land owned by a public land authority is not ate land.	10 11	
publ	ic lan	d means land other than—	12	
(a)	priva	ate land; or	13	
(b)		ne extent an interest in any of the following relates to and—	14 15	
	(i)	a mining interest;	16	
	(ii)	a petroleum authority or 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	17 18	
	(iii)	a GHG authority;	19	
	(iv)	a geothermal tenure;	20	
	(v)	an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	21 22	
notic notic	es, n	neans the owner or occupier, for a provision about entry to be given, or would be given, other than for an a from the requirement to give an entry notice.	23 24 25 26	
waiv	er of	entry notice—	27	
(a)	for chapter 5, part 7—means a waiver of entry notice mentioned in section 281 that complies with section 281(1); or			
(b)	for c	chapter 5, part 8—see section 312(3).'.	31	

Division 2			Amendment of Mineral Resources Act 1989	1 2
440	Act am	ended	İ	3
		e follo 89—	wing provisions amend the Mineral Resources Act	4 5
	•	this	division	6
	•	part	1, division 4	7
	•	part	3, division 5	8
441	to regis	stered	of s 10A (Extension of certain entitlements native title bodies corporate and registered aimants)	9 10 11
			0A(3), 'sections 34, 96(11), 125, 169, 198(10), 217, 00(13) and 317'—	12 13
	omi	it, inse	rt—	14
			34, 96(11), 125, 198(10), 231(6), 300(13) and 317 0, division 1B'.	15 16
442	Amend	ment	of s 141 (Conditions of exploration permit)	17
	Sec	tion 14	41(1), before paragraph (a)—	18
	inse	ert—		19
	'(aa	a) a co	ndition that the holder must—	20
		(i)	comply with the mandatory provisions of the land access code to the extent it applies to the holder; and	21 22 23
		(ii)	ensure any other person carrying out an authorised activity for the exploration permit complies with the mandatory provisions of the land access code; and'	24 25 26

443	Omission of s	s 145 (Compensation)	1
	Section 14:	5—	2
	omit.		3
444	Replacement	of ss 163 and 164	4
	Sections 16	63 and 164—	5
	omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	6
'163	Access and c	ompensation provisions—sch 1	7
		1 contains provisions about access, compensation matters for exploration permits.'.	8 9
445	Omission of s	ss 169–174	10
	Sections 16	69 to 174—	11
	omit.		12
446	Omission of s	s 191 (Compensation)	13
	Section 19	1—	14
	omit.		15
447	Amendment o	of s 194 (Conditions of mineral development	16 17
	Section 194	4(1), before paragraph (a)—	18
	insert—		19
	'(aa) a con	dition that the holder must—	20
	.,	comply with the mandatory provisions of the land access code to the extent it applies to the holder; and	21 22 23
		ensure any other person carrying out an authorised activity for the mineral development licence	24 25

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		complies with the mandatory provisions of the land access code; and'.	1 2
448	Replace	ement of ss 211 and 212	3
	Sect	tions 211 and 212—	4
	omi	t, insert—	5
'211	Access	and compensation provisions—sch 1	6
		nedule 1 contains provisions about access, compensation related matters for mineral development licences.'.	7 8
449	Omissio	on of ss 217–222	9
	Sect	tions 217 to 222—	10
	omi	t.	11
450	Omissio	on of ss 254–259	12
	Sect	tions 254 to 259—	13
	omi	t.	14
451	Insertio	n of new pt 10, divs 1A and 1B	15
	Part	10—	16
	inse	rt—	17
'Divi	sion 1A	Directions to remedy contravention	18
'335A	N Powert	o give compliance direction	19
	` '	s section applies if a relevant officer reasonably believes a on—	20 21
	(a)	has contravened, or is contravening, this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code; or	22 23

		(b)	is involved in an activity that is likely to result in a contravention of this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code.	1 2 3
	'(2)	comp	relevant officer may give the person a written direction (a pliance direction) to take steps reasonably necessary to edy the contravention or avoid the likely contravention.	4 5 6
	' (3)	The	direction may also state—	7
		(a)	the steps the relevant officer reasonably believes are necessary to remedy the contravention or avoid the likely contravention; or	8 9 10
		(b)	that the person must notify the relevant officer when the person has complied with the compliance direction; or	11 12
		(c)	that a relevant officer proposes, at a stated time or at stated intervals, to enter premises of which the person is the owner or occupier to check compliance with the direction.	13 14 15 16
335E	B Red	quire	ments for giving compliance direction	17
335E	(1)	-	ments for giving compliance direction mpliance direction must state the following—	17 18
335E		-		
335E		A co	mpliance direction must state the following— that the relevant officer giving it believes the person	18 19
335E		A co	mpliance direction must state the following— that the relevant officer giving it believes the person given the direction— (i) has contravened, or is contravening, this Act or a	18 19 20 21
335E		A co	mpliance direction must state the following— that the relevant officer giving it believes the person given the direction— (i) has contravened, or is contravening, this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code; or (ii) is involved in an activity that is likely to result in a contravention of this Act or a mandatory provision	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
335E		A co (a)	mpliance direction must state the following— that the relevant officer giving it believes the person given the direction— (i) has contravened, or is contravening, this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code; or (ii) is involved in an activity that is likely to result in a contravention of this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code; the provision the relevant officer believes is being, has	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
335E		A co (a)	mpliance direction must state the following— that the relevant officer giving it believes the person given the direction— (i) has contravened, or is contravening, this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code; or (ii) is involved in an activity that is likely to result in a contravention of this Act or a mandatory provision of the land access code; the provision the relevant officer believes is being, has been, or is likely to be, contravened;	188 199 200 211 222 233 244 255 266 277

(2)	and a	direction must include, or be accompanied by, a review appeal notice about the decisions to give the direction and x the period.	1 2 3
'(3)	The	direction may be given orally if—	4
	(a)	for any reason it is not practicable to give the direction in writing; and	5 6
	(b)	the relevant officer giving it warns the person it is an offence not to comply with the direction.	7 8
'(4)	conf	ne direction is given orally, the relevant officer must firm the direction by also giving it in writing as soon as ticable after giving it orally.	9 10 11
'(5)	In th	is section—	12
		ew and appeal notice, for a decision, means a written ce stating the following—	13 14
	(a)	the rights of internal review and appeal under the applied provisions under section 335D;	15 16
	(b)	the period in which any internal review must be started;	17
	(c)	how rights are to be exercised;	18
	(d)	that a stay of a decision the subject of an appeal under the applied provisions may be applied for.	19 20
'335C Fai	lure t	o comply with compliance direction	21
'(1)	must	erson to whom a compliance direction has been given t comply with the direction unless the person has a onable excuse.	22 23 24
	Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	25
'(2)	conti	e direction states steps the person may take to remedy the ravention, or avoid the likely contravention, the subject of direction, the person is taken to have complied with the ction if all the steps have been taken.	26 27 28 29
'(3)		section (2) does not prevent the person from complying the direction in another way.	30 31

'335D			internal review and appeal against nce direction	1 2
	'(1)		section applies if a person is given a compliance etion.	3 4
	'(2)	12, c	Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act, chapter other than section 817(2), (the <i>applied provisions</i>) applies, necessary changes, as if—	5 6 7
		(a)	the decision were mentioned in schedule 1, table 1 of that Act; and	8 9
		(b)	a reference in that chapter to an information notice were a reference to a review and appeal notice under section 335B.	10 11 12
	'(3)		internal review application under the applied provisions be made only to—	13 14
		(a)	if the compliance direction was given by a deputy mining registrar or a field officer—the mining registrar; or	15 16 17
		(b)	if the compliance direction was given by the mining registrar—the chief executive.	18 19
'335E	Oth	er re	levant officer's powers not affected	20
			s division does not limit or otherwise affect a relevant er's powers under another provision of this Act.	21 22
'Divis	sion	1B	Mediation with eligible claimants or owners and occupiers	23 24
'335F	Арр	olicat	tion of div 1B	25
		'Thi	s division applies if—	26
		(a)	under schedule 1, section 19 a relevant officer is asked by an exploration permit or a mineral development	27 28

	licence holder or an eligible claimant to call a mediation; or	1 2
	(b) an owner or occupier of land in a mining tenement's area gives a relevant officer a written notice stating concerns about the way in which authorised activities for the tenement are being carried out on the land; or	3 4 5 6
	(c) a mining tenement holder gives a relevant officer a written notice stating concerns about the activities of an owner or occupier of land in the tenement's area; or	7 8 9
	(d) for another reason a relevant officer has concerns about the relationship between a mining tenement holder and an owner or occupier of land in the tenement's area.	10 11 12
'335G Me	diation may be called	13
'(1)	If section 335F(a) applies, the relevant officer must, by notice, ask the exploration permit or mineral development licence holder and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the relevant officer about negotiating a conduct and compensation agreement.	14 15 16 17 18
'(2)	If section 335F(b), (c) or (d) applies, the relevant officer may, by written notice, ask the mining tenement holder and the owner or occupier (also the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the relevant officer about the concerns.	19 20 21 22
'(3)	The notice must state what the subject of the mediation is and when and where it will be held.	23 24
'335H Wh	o may attend mediation	25
'(1)	Apart from the relevant officer, anyone given written notice of the mediation may attend it.	26 27
'(2)	A party may be represented by an agent only if the relevant officer agrees.	28 29

'(3)	However, a party can not be represented by a lawyer unless the parties agree and the relevant officer is satisfied there is no disadvantage to a party.	1 2 3
'335I W	hat happens if a party does not attend	4
'(1)	This section applies if a party given notice of the mediation does not attend.	5 6
'(2)	For the purpose of applying to the Land Court under schedule 1, section 20, the mediation is taken to have been conducted.	7 8
'(3)	A party who attended the mediation may apply to the Land Court for an order requiring the party who did not attend to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	9 10 11
'(4)	The Land Court must not order the party who did not attend to pay costs if it is satisfied the party had a reasonable excuse for not attending.	12 13 14
'(5)	If the Land Court makes the order, it must decide the amount of the costs.	15 16
'335J C	onduct of mediation	17
'(1)	In conducting the mediation, the relevant officer must endeavour to help those attending to reach an early and inexpensive settlement of the subject of the mediation.	18 19 20
'(2)	Subject to schedule 1, section 19, the relevant officer is to decide how the mediation is to be conducted.	21 22
'335K S	tatements made at mediation	23
	'Nothing said by a person at the mediation is admissible, without the person's consent, in a proceeding.	24 25

[s 452]

_ Me	diated agreement	1
'(1)	If, at the mediation, the parties negotiate an agreement about the concerns the subject of the mediation, the agreement must be written and signed by or for the parties.	2 3 4
'(2)	The agreement—	5
	(a) may be a conduct and compensation agreement or an amendment of an existing conduct and compensation agreement between the parties; and	6 7 8
	(b) has the same effect as any other compromise.'.	9
		10 11
	Section 336—	12
	insert—	13
'(3)	The chief executive may appoint other persons to perform functions under division 1A or 1B or schedule 1 as a relevant officer.	14 15 16
' (4)	However, the chief executive may appoint a person under subsection (3) to perform a function only if the chief executive considers the person is appropriately qualified to perform the function.	17 18 19 20
'(5)	In this section—	21
	appropriately qualified includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to perform the function.	22 23
	Example of standing for an employee of the department—	24
	the employee's classification level in the department	25
	functions includes powers.'.	26
Am	nendment of s 405 (Directions to be complied with)	27
	Section 405, after penalty—	28
	insert—	29
	'(2) An and '(3) '(4)	the concerns the subject of the mediation, the agreement must be written and signed by or for the parties. '(2) The agreement— (a) may be a conduct and compensation agreement or an amendment of an existing conduct and compensation agreement between the parties; and (b) has the same effect as any other compromise.'. Amendment of s 336 (Appointment of mining registrars and other officers) Section 336— insert— '(3) The chief executive may appoint other persons to perform functions under division 1A or 1B or schedule 1 as a relevant officer. '(4) However, the chief executive may appoint a person under subsection (3) to perform a function only if the chief executive considers the person is appropriately qualified to perform the function. '(5) In this section— appropriately qualified includes having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to perform the function. Example of standing for an employee of the department— the employee's classification level in the department functions includes powers.'. Amendment of s 405 (Directions to be complied with) Section 405, after penalty—

	'(2)	This section does not apply if the direction is a compliance direction.
		Note—
		For compliance directions, see section 335C.'.
454	Ins	ertion of new pt 19, div 13, sdiv 2
		Part 19, as inserted under this Act—
		insert—
'Sub	odivi	sion 2 Provisions for amendments about compensation and the land access code
'775	Old	d access code ceases to apply
	'(1)	This section applies if a condition of a mining tenement requires the holder to comply with the old access code.
	'(2)	On the commencement of this section the condition ceases to be a condition of the mining tenement.
	' (3)	In this section—
		old access code means the document called 'Code of Conduct-Procedures for Sound Landowner/Explorer Relations' approved by the Minister on 20 September 1990.
'776	Laı	nd access code prevails over conditions
		'If a condition of a mining tenement is inconsistent with a mandatory provision of the land access code, the mandatory provision prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.
'777		sting compensation decisions and proceedings
	'(1)	If, before the commencement of this section, the Land Court had decided compensation under former section 145 or 191

		for a matter, the decision is taken to be the compensation for the matter decided under schedule 1, section 20.	1 2
	'(2)	If, immediately before the commencement, a proceeding under former section 145 or 191 had been started—	3 4
		(a) the proceeding may be finished as if schedule 1 had not been enacted; and	5 6
		(b) compensation decided for the matter in the proceeding is taken to be the compensation decided under schedule 1, section 20 for the matter.	7 8 9
	'(3)	In carrying out a review of the compensation or decided compensation under schedule 1, section 20, the Land Court must apply former section 145 or 191—	10 11 12
		(a) as if the review were the proceeding mentioned in the section; and	13 14
		(b) with other necessary changes.	15
	'(4)	This section applies despite schedule 1, section 20(1).	16
778	Exi	sting notices of entry	17
	'(1)	This section applies if, before the commencement of this section, an exploration permit or mineral development licence holder had given an owner of land notice of entry under former section 163 or 211.	18 19 20 21
	'(2)	Despite schedule 1, the notice of entry may be renewed under former section 164 or 212, but only to the extent it relates to—	22 23
		(a) a preliminary activity; or	24
		(b) an advanced activity that the holder started before the commencement.	25 26
	' (3)	The notice of entry and any renewal of it under subsection	27
	(3)	The notice of entry and any renewal of it under subsection (2)—	28
	(3)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	(b)	continues to be valid for the carrying out by the holder after the commencement of an activity mentioned in subsection (2).	
'(4	even	emove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) applies though a copy of any document required, under schedule accompany an entry notice did not accompany the notice try.	
'779 I	Referen	ces to geothermal tenure	
	com	il the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , chapter 10, part 1 mences, a reference in this Act to a geothermal tenure is a to be a reference to a geothermal exploration permit.'.	
455 I	nsertior	n of new sch 1	
	Afte	r part 19—	
	inser	·t—	
'Sche	dule 1	Access and compensation	
		provisions for	
		exploration permits and	
		mineral development	
		licences	
		sections 163 and 211	
'Part	1	Preliminary	
'Divisi	on 1	Key definitions for schedule 1	

'1	Me	aning	\mathbf{g} of ϵ	exploration tenement	1	
			_	oration tenement is any exploration permit or evelopment licence.	2 3	
'2	Wh	What is a <i>preliminary activity</i>				
	'(1)	tener will activ	ment, have vities	inary activity, for a provision about an exploration means an authorised activity for the tenement that no impact, or only a minor impact, on the business of any owner or occupier of the land on which the to be carried out.	5 6 7 8 9	
		Exam	ples—	-	10	
		•	walk	ing the area of the permit or licence	11	
		•	drivi	ng along an existing road or track in the area	12	
		•	takin	g soil or water samples	13	
		•	drilli	ng without constructing earthworks	14	
		•	geop	hysical surveying without physical clearing	15	
		•	aeria	l, electrical or environmental surveying	16	
		•	seisn	nic surveying without using explosives	17	
		•	surve	ey pegging	18	
	'(2)	How	ever,	the following are not preliminary activities—	19	
		(a)	an a	uthorised activity carried out on land that—	20	
			(i)	is less than 100ha; and	21	
			(ii)	is being used for intensive farming or broadacre agriculture;	22 23	
				Examples—	24	
				 land used for dryland or irrigated cropping, plantation forestry or horticulture 	25 26	
				 a dairy, cattle or sheep feedlot, piggery or poultry farm 	27 28	
		(b)		authorised activity carried out within 600m of a pol or an occupied residence;	29 30	

	(c)	an authorised activity that affects the lawful carrying out of an organic or bioorganic farming system.	1 2
'3	What is	an advanced activity	3
	tene	advanced activity, for a provision about an exploration ement, means an authorised activity for the tenement other a preliminary activity for the tenement.	4 5 6
	Exam	nples—	7
	•	levelling of drilling pads and digging sumps	8
	•	bulk sampling	9
	•	open trenching or costeaning with an excavator	10
	•	vegetation clear-felling	11
	•	constructing an exploration camp, concrete pad, sewage or water treatment facility or fuel dump	12 13
	•	geophysical surveying with physical clearing	14
	•	carrying out a seismic survey using explosives	15
	•	constructing a track or access road	16
	•	changing a fence line	17
'Div	vision 2	Other definitions for schedule 1	18
' 4	Other d	efinitions	19
	'In t	this schedule—	20
	com	pensation liability see section 13(2).	21
	con	duct and compensation agreement see section 14(1).	22
		duct and compensation agreement requirement see ion 10(2).	23 24
	defe	erral agreement see section 11(c)(i).	25
	elig	ible claimant see section 13(1).	26
	entr	ry notice see section 5(1).	27

mini	imum	negotiation period see section 17(2)(a).	1			
nego	otiatio	n notice see section 16(1).	2			
parti	parties see section 17(1).					
-	fee s	nd means freehold land or an interest in land less imple held from the State under another Act, other	4 5 6			
(a)	to the extent of an interest in any of the following relating to the land—					
	(i)	a mining interest;	9			
	(ii)	a petroleum tenure or a licence under the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act;	10 11			
	(iii)	a GHG authority;	12			
	(iv)	a geothermal tenure;\	13			
	(v)	an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> ; or	14 15			
(b)	land	owned by a public land authority.	16			
publ	ic lan	d means land other than—	17			
(a)	priva	ate land; or	18			
(b)		e extent an interest in any of the following relates to and—	19 20			
	(i)	a mining interest;	21			
	(ii)	a petroleum tenure or a licence under the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act;	22 23			
	(iii)	a GHG authority;	24			
	(iv)	a geothermal tenure;	25			
	(v)	an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	26 27			
publ	ic lan	ad authority, for land, means—	28			
(a)	if the land is a public road—the road authority for the road; or					

		(b) (c)	if a local government or other authority is, under an Act, charged with the control of the land—the local government or other authority; or otherwise—the chief executive of the department administering the Act under which entry to the land is administered.	1 2 3 4 5 6	
'Pa	rt 2		Requirements for entry to exploration tenement area	7	
Div	isior	1	Entry notice requirement for preliminary activities and particular advanced activities		
5	Entact	try no	otice requirement for particular authorised	12 13	
	'(1)		erson must not—	14	
		(a)	enter private land in an exploration tenement's area to carry out a preliminary activity for the tenement; or	15 16	
		(b)	enter private land in an exploration tenement's area to carry out an advanced activity for the tenement if either of the following applies for the entry—	17 18 19	
			(i) the deferral agreement exemption;	20	
			(ii) the Land Court application exemption; or	21	
		(c)	enter public land an exploration tenement's area to carry out any authorised activity for the tenement;	22 23	
		and	ess the exploration tenement's holder has given each owner occupier of the land a written notice of the entry that uplies with section 6 (an <i>entry notice</i>).	24 25 26	

	Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	1
'(2)	The	entry notice must be given—	2
	(a)	generally—at least 10 business days before the entry; or	3
	(b)	if, by a signed endorsement on the notice, the relevant owner or occupier has agreed to a shorter period—the shorter period.	4 5 6
	Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	7
'(3)	noti	holder must give the mining registrar a copy of the entry ce immediately after the notice is given and before entry is e under the exploration tenement.	8 9 10
	Max	timum penalty—10 penalty units.	11
'(4)		ontravention of subsection (3) does not affect the validity ne notice or the entry.	12 13
'(5)	This	s section is subject to section 7.	14
' (6)	In th	nis section—	15
	cond	<i>rral agreement exemption</i> , for an entry, means that the duct and compensation agreement requirement does not y for the entry because of section 11(c)(i).	16 17 18
	_	, for an entry notice, includes publishing it in a way roved under section 9.	19 20
	the	d Court application exemption, for an entry, means that conduct and compensation agreement requirement does apply for the entry because of section 11(c)(ii).	21 22 23
Red	quire	d contents of entry notice	24
'(1)	An e	entry notice must state the following—	25
	(a)	the land proposed to be entered;	26
	(b)	the period during which the land will be entered (the <i>entry period</i>);	27 28
	(c)	the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	29

'6

	(d)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	1 2
	(e)	contact details for—	3
		(i) the relevant exploration tenement holder; or	4
		(ii) another person the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	5 6
'(2)	hold	o, the first entry notice from the exploration tenement ler to a particular owner or occupier must be accompanied or include a copy of—	7 8 9
	(a)	the land access code; and	10
	(b)	any code of practice made under this Act applying to authorised activities for the exploration tenement; and	11 12
	(c)	the relevant environmental authority documentation.	13
' (3)	The	entry period can not be longer than—	14
	(a)	generally—6 months; or	15
	(b)	if the relevant owner or occupier agrees in writing to a longer period—the longer period.	16 17
'(4)	entry	ject to subsections (1) to (3), an entry notice may state an y period that is different to the entry period stated in ther entry notice given by the exploration tenement holder nother owner or occupier of the land.	18 19 20 21
'(5)	In th	nis section—	22
	rele	vant environmental authority documentation means—	23
	(a)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority (exploration) is a code compliant authority—the relevant code; or	24 25 26
	(b)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority (exploration) is a non-code compliant authority—	27 28 29
		(i) the environmental authority: and	30

			(ii)	if the environmental authority imposes conditions by referring to a code—that code.	1 2
' 7	Exe	empti	ions	from entry notice requirement	3
	'(1)	The does	requi	rement under section 5(1) to give an entry notice apply for an entry to land to carry out an authorised any of the following apply—	4 5 6
		(a)	the e	exploration tenement holder owns the land;	7
		(b)		nolder has the right other than under this Act to enter and to carry out the activity;	8 9
		(c)	if—		10
			(i)	there is a conduct and compensation agreement relating to the land; and	11 12
			(ii)	each eligible claimant for the land is a party to the agreement; and	13 14
			(iii)	the agreement includes a waiver of entry notice;	15
		(d)		entry is to preserve life or property or because of an rgency that exists or may exist;	16 17
		(e)		relevant owner or occupier has, by signed writing, n a waiver of entry notice.	18 19
	'(2)			of entry notice mentioned in subsection (1) must ith section $8(1)$.	20 21
'8	Pro	visio	ns fo	or waiver of entry notice	22
	'(1)	A w	aiver	of entry notice mentioned in section 7 must—	23
		(a)		does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and	24 25
		(b)	state	e the following—	26
			(i)	that the relevant owner or occupier has been told they are not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice:	27 28 29

			(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	1 2
			(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	3
			(iv)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out.	4 5
	'(2)			ant owner or occupier can not withdraw the waiver otice during the period.	6 7
	'(3)		waive eriod.	r of entry notice ceases to have effect at the end of	8 9
' 9	Giv	ing e	ntry :	notice by publication	10
	'(1)	hold		ig registrar may approve an exploration tenement ing an entry notice for the tenement by publishing it way.	11 12 13
	'(2)	The	public	eation may relate to more than 1 entry notice.	14
	'(3)	The	minin	g registrar may give the approval only if—	15
		(a)	is im	relevant owner or occupier who is an individual, it practicable to give the owner or occupier the notice onally; and	16 17 18
		(b)	-	publication will happen at least 20 business days re the entry.	19 20
'Div	ision	2		Conduct and compensation agreement requirement for particular advanced activities	21 22 23
'10				compensation agreement requirement advanced activities	24 25
	'(1)	tenei	nent's	must not enter private land an exploration area to carry out an advanced activity for the the <i>relevant activity</i>) unless each eligible claimant	26 27 28

[s 455	5]
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			the land is a party to an appropriate conduct and bensation agreement.	1 2
		Maxi	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	3
	'(2)		requirement under subsection (1) is the conduct and pensation agreement requirement.	4 5
	'(3)	In thi	is section—	6
		eligib agree eligib	opriate conduct and compensation agreement, for an one claimant, means a conduct and compensation ement about the holder's compensation liability to the ole claimant of at least to the extent the liability relates to elevant activity and its effects.	7 8 9 10 11
11			ons from conduct and compensation ent requirement	12 13
		not ap	conduct and compensation agreement requirement does pply for an entry to land to carry out an advanced activity of the following apply—	14 15 16
		(a)	the exploration tenement holder owns the land;	17
		(b)	the holder has the right other than under this Act to enter the land to carry out the activity;	18 19
		(c)	each eligible claimant for the land is—	20
			(i) a party to an agreement, complying with section 12, that a conduct and compensation agreement can be entered into after the entry (a <i>deferral agreement</i>); or	21 22 23 24
			(ii) an applicant or respondent to a Land Court application under section 20 relating to the land;	25 26
		(d)	the entry is to preserve life or property or because of an emergency that exists or may exist.	27 28
12	Re	quiren	ments for deferral agreement	29
		'A de	eferral agreement must—	30

(a)		(a)	be written and signed by or for the holder and each eligible claimant for the land to be entered; and		
		(b)	state	the following—	3
			(i)	that the eligible claimant has been told the claimant is under no obligation to enter into a deferral agreement before entering into a conduct and compensation agreement;	4 5 6 7
			(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	8 9
			(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	10
			(iv)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	11 12
			(v)	the period for which the deferral agreement has effect;	13 14
			(vi)	when it is proposed to enter into a conduct and compensation agreement.	15 16
'Pa	rt 3			Compensation liability	17
13	Ge	neral	liabi	lity to compensate eligible claimants	18
	'(1)	compland comp	ensa in the	er of each exploration tenement is liable to te each owner or occupier of private land or public the tenement's area (an <i>eligible claimant</i>) for any table effect the eligible claimant suffers caused by authorised activities.	19 20 21 22 23
	'(2)	(1) t	o an	ration tenement holder's liability under subsection eligible claimant is the holder's <i>compensation</i> the claimant.	24 25 26
	'(3)	This	section	on is subject to section 11.	27
	' (4)	In thi	is sec	tion—	28

	compensatable effect means all or any of the following relating to the eligible claimant's land—				
	(a)	deprivation of possession of its surface;	3		
	(b)	diminution of its value;	4		
	(c)	diminution of the use made or that may be made of the land or any improvement on it;	5 6		
	(d)	severance of any part of the land from other parts of the land or from other land that the eligible claimant owns;	7 8		
	(e)	any cost or loss arising from the carrying out of activities under the exploration tenement on the land.	9 10		
	the e	want authorised activities means authorised activities for exploration tenement carried out by the holder or a person torised by the holder.	11 12 13		
Part 4 General provisions for conduct					
		and compensation agreements	15		
14 Co	nduc	t and compensation agreement	16		
'(1)	ente	eligible claimant and an exploration tenement holder may r into an agreement (a conduct and compensation	17 18		
		eement) about—	19		
	(a)	how and when the exploration tenement holder may enter the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant to carry out an advanced activity for the tenement; and			
	(a)	how and when the exploration tenement holder may enter the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant to carry out an advanced activity for	19 20 21 22		
	(a)	how and when the exploration tenement holder may enter the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant to carry out an advanced activity for the tenement; and	19 20 21 22 23		

		(b)			extent the	ey relate t	ne exploration to the eligible	1 2 3
		(c)	any	-	nsation liab	-	he claimant or the holder may	4 5 6
	'(2)	incon tener	nsiste ment	nt with this A	Act, a congry provision	dition of to	nent can not be the exploration and access code sistency.	7 8 9 10
	'(3)			t and compens liability or fut	_		relate to all or	11 12
'15	Co	ntent	of co	onduct and c	ompensat	tion agree	ement	13
	'(1)			t and compens and an explorati	_		veen an eligible nust—	14 15
		(a)	prov	ride for the mat	ters mentio	ned in sect	ion 14(1); and	16
		(b)		ritten and sign nolder; and	ed by or fo	r the eligib	le claimant and	17 18
		(c)	state	whether it is f	or all or pa	rt of the lia	bility; and	19
		(d)	if it	is for only part	of the liabi	ility, state—	_	20
			(i)	details of each which the agree	-		f the activity to	21 22
			(ii)	the period for	which the	agreement	has effect; and	23
		(e)	prov	ride for how and	d when the	liability w	ill be met.	24
	'(2)	A co	nduct	and compensa	ation agreer	nent may—	_	25
		(a)	prov	ride for—				26
			(i)	monetary or n	on-moneta	ry compens	sation; or	27
				Example of non-	monetary con	npensation—	-	28
				A conduct and the construction			nt may provide for nt.	29 30

[s 455]

		(i	i) a _l an	process by which it may be amended or enforced; id	1 2
			Ex	cample of a process for amendment—	3
				A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for compensation under it to be reviewed on the happening of a material change in circumstances for the exploration tenement.	4 5 6 7
		b	y the	for any compensation that is or may be payable holder to the eligible claimant under the mental Protection Act.	8 9 10
	'(3)			does not limit the matters that may be provided uct and compensation agreement.	11 12
'Pa	rt 5		1	Negotiation process	13
		Note—			14
		carry o	out an a	exploration tenement holder can not enter private land to advanced activity unless the holder complies with this part. 10 and 11.	15 16 17
'16	No	tice of i	ntent	to negotiate	18
	'(1)	to who	m the tion t and	on tenement holder may give an eligible claimant holder has a compensation liability a notice (the <i>notice</i>) that the holder wishes to negotiate a compensation agreement or a deferral agreement ble claimant.	19 20 21 22 23
	'(2)	•	_	on notice must be accompanied by a copy of the ode and state all of the following—	24 25
				holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and negotiate agreement—	26 27
		(i	th	hether the holder wishes to negotiate all or part of e holder's compensation liability to the eligible aimant; and	28 29 30

		(ii) if the holder only wishes to negotiate part of the liability—what the part is;	1
			3
			5
		(d) the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	7
			8
		(f) contact details for—	10
		(i) the relevant exploration tenement holder; or	11
		• • •	12 13
	'(3)	registrar a copy of the negotiation notice immediately after it	14 15 16
		Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.	17
'17	Neg	jotiations 1	18
	'(1)	tenement holder and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) must use all reasonable endeavours to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement (a <i>relevant</i>	19 20 21 22 23
	'(2)	The period of the negotiations—	24
		negotiation notice (the <i>minimum negotiation period</i>);	25 26 27
		(b) may continue for as long as the parties wish.	28
	'(3)		29 30

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[3 +30]			
		not enter the relevant land to carry out advanced activities for the exploration tenement until the period ends.	1 2
	'(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite the terms of the agreement.	3
'18	Co	oling-off during minimum negotiation period	4
	'(1)	This section applies if the parties enter into a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement during the minimum negotiation period.	5 6 7
	'(2)	Either of the parties may, within the minimum negotiation period, terminate the agreement by giving notice to the other party.	8 9 10
	'(3)	On the giving of a notice under subsection (2), the terminated agreement is taken never to have had any effect.	11 12
	'(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) does not change the time when the negotiation notice was given.	13 14
'19	Par	rties may seek mediation	15
	'(1)	This section applies if, at the end of the minimum negotiation period, the parties have not entered into a conduct and compensation agreement.	16 17 18
	'(2)	Either party may ask a relevant officer to call a conference (a <i>mediation conference</i>) between the parties to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	19 20 21
	'(3)	Part 10, division 1B applies to the mediation conference.	22
	'(4)	However, the relevant officer must take all reasonable steps to ensure the mediation conference is finished within 20 business days after it was requested.	23 24 25

'Part 6		Deciding compensation through Land Court			
'20	Deciding compensation through Land Court if mediation not called or after unsuccessful mediation				
	'(1)	This section applies if, under section 19, a party has asked a relevant officer to call a mediation and the officer does not finish the mediation within 20 business days after receiving the request.	5 6 7 8		
	'(2)	This section also applies if—	9		
		(a) a relevant officer has, under section 19, called a mediation; and	10 11		
		(b) one or both of the parties attended the mediation; and	12		
		(c) there is no conduct and compensation agreement between the parties relating to the subject of the mediation within 20 business days after the mediation was called.	13 14 15 16		
	'(3)	An eligible party may apply to the Land Court for it to decide the exploration tenement holder's—	17 18		
		(a) compensation liability to the claimant; or	19		
		(b) future compensation liability to the claimant for an authorised activity for the exploration tenement holder proposed to be carried out by or for the holder.	20 21 22		
	'(4)	However, the Land Court may decide the liability or future liability only to the extent it is not subject to a conduct and compensation agreement.	23 24 25		
	'(5)	In hearing the application, the Land Court must as much as practicable ensure the hearing happens together with, or as closely as possible to, the hearing of any relevant environmental compensation application.	26 27 28 29		
	'(6)	In this section—	30		
		eligible party means—	31		

		(a) if subsection (1) applies—any party; or	1
		(b) if subsection (2) applies—a party who attended the mediation.	2 3
		relevant environmental compensation application means an application to the Land Court for compensation that is or may be payable by the exploration tenement holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	4 5 6 7
21	Laı	nd Court review of compensation	8
	'(1)	This section applies if—	9
		(a) the compensation liability or future compensation liability of an exploration tenement holder to an eligible claimant has been agreed to under a conduct and compensation agreement or decided by the Land Court (the <i>original compensation</i>); and	10 11 12 13 14
		(b) there has been a material change in circumstances (the <i>change</i>) since the agreement or decision.	15 16
	'(2)	The eligible claimant or the holder may apply to the Land Court for it to review the original compensation.	17 18
	'(3)	In carrying out the review, the Land Court may review the original compensation only to the extent it is affected by the change.	19 20 21
	'(4)	If the Land Court considers the original compensation is not affected by the change, it must not carry out or continue with the review.	22 23 24
	'(5)	The Land Court may, after carrying out the review, decide to confirm the original compensation or amend it in a way the court considers appropriate.	25 26 27
	'(6)	If the decision is to amend the compensation, the original compensation as amended under the decision is, for this Act, taken to be the original compensation.	28 29 30

'22	Ord	ders Land Court may make	1
	'(1)	The Land Court may make any order it considers appropriate to meet or enforce its decision on an application under this part.	2 3 4
	'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the Land Court may order non-monetary compensation as well as monetary compensation.	5 6 7
'Paı	rt 7	Miscellaneous provision	8
'23		mpensation not affected by change in ownership occupancy	9 10
		'A conduct and compensation agreement or a Land Court decision under this schedule is for the benefit of and is taken to have been agreed to or decided for and is binding on—	11 12 13
		(a) the relevant eligible claimant; and	14
		(b) the exploration tenement holder; and	15
		(c) each of their successors and assigns including successors and assigns for the area of the relevant exploration tenement.'.	16 17 18
456	Am	nendment and renumbering of schedule (Dictionary)	19
	(1)	Schedule, definitions occupier, section 169 conference, section 217 conference and section 254 conference—	20 21
		omit.	22
	(2)	Schedule—	23
		insert—	24
		'advanced activity, for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section 3.	25

com ₁ 13(2	pensation liability, for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section).	1 2	
com	compliance direction see section 335A(2).		
	<i>duct and compensation agreement</i> , for schedule 1, see dule 1, section 14(1).	4 5	
	duct and compensation agreement requirement, for dule 1, see schedule 1, section 10(2).	6 7	
eligi 13(1	ble claimant , for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section).	8 9	
entry	<i>notice</i> , for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section 5(1).	10	
expl o	oration tenement, for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section	11 12	
	access code see the Petroleum and Gas (Production and ty) Act, section 24A.	13 14	
	datory provision, of the land access code, means a ision of that code that the code requires compliance with.	15 16	
	<i>mum negotiation period</i> , for schedule 1, see schedule 1, on 17(2)(a).	17 18	
mini	ing interest means—	19	
(a)	a mining tenement; or	20	
(b)	a tenure held from the State under another Act about mining under which tenure the holder is authorised to carry out mining or a related mineral or energy resources activity.	21 22 23 24	
nego 16(1	tiation notice , for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section).	25 26	
осси	<i>pier</i> , of a place, means a person—	27	
(a)	who has a right to occupy the place, other than under a mining interest, petroleum tenure, licence under the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act, GHG authority or geothermal tenure; or	28 29 30 31	

		(b)	to whom an occupier under paragraph (a) has given the right to occupy the place.	1 2
		part	ties—	3
		(a)	for part 10, division 1B, see section 335G; or	4
		(b)	for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section 17(1).	5
		prel	<i>iminary activity</i> , for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section 2.	6
		priv	ate land, for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section 4.	7
		pub	<i>lic land</i> , for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section 4.	8
		pub 4.	lic land authority, for schedule 1, see schedule 1, section	9 10
		regi	vant officer means a mining registrar, deputy mining strar or field officer appointed under section 336(1) or (2) nother officer appointed under section 336(3).'.	11 12 13
	(3)	Sch	edule, definition area, paragraph 1, 'coal or oil shale'—	14
		omi	t.	15
	(4)	Sch	edule, definition area—	16
		inse	rt—	17
		'4	The <i>area</i> , of a geothermal tenure, is the land to which the tenure is subject, as recorded in the geothermal register under the Geothermal Act.'.	18 19 20
	(5)	Sch	edule—	21
		renu	umber as schedule 2.	22
Divi	sion	3	Amendment of Petroleum Act 1923	23
457	Ac	t ame	ended	24
		The	following provisions amend the Petroleum Act 1923—	25
		•	this division	26
		•	part 1, division 5	27

[s 458]

		• part 3, division 7	1
		• schedule 2, parts 2 and 4.	2
450	Α	and and a fig. 0 (Definitions)	2
458		nendment of s 2 (Definitions)	3
	(1)	Section 2, definitions compensation agreement, compensation liability, eligible claimant, entry notice, entry period, occupier, private land, public land and waiver of entry notice—	4 5 6 7
		omit.	8
	(2)	Section 2—	9
		insert—	10
		'advanced activity, for a provision about a 1923 Act petroleum tenure, means an authorised activity for the tenure other than a preliminary activity for the tenure.	11 12 13
		Examples—	14
		 levelling of drilling pads and digging sumps 	15
		 earthworks associated with pipeline installation 	16
		vegetation clear-felling	17
		 constructing an exploration camp, concrete pad, sewage or water treatment facility or fuel dump 	18 19
		 geophysical surveying with physical clearing 	20
		 carrying out a seismic survey using explosives 	21
		 constructing a track or access road 	22
		 changing a fence line 	23
		<i>compensation application</i> , for part 6K, division 2, means an application made under section 79VH(1).	24 25
		compensation liability—	26
		(a) for part 6K, division 1—see section 79Q(2); or	27
		(b) for part 6K, division 2—see section 79VF(2).	28
		conduct and compensation agreement see section 79R(1).	29

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	fuct and compensation agreement requirement see on $78Q(2)$.	1 2
defer	ral agreement see section 78S(b).	3
eligil	ble claimant, for compensation, see section 79Q(1).	4
entry	notice—	5
(a)	for part 6H—see section 78M(1); or	6
(b)	for part 6I—see section 79I(2)(b).	7
land	access code see the 2004 Act, section 24A.	8
	datory provision, of the land access code, means a ision of that code that the code requires compliance with.	9 10
mini	mum negotiation period see section 79U(2)(a).	11
nego	tiation notice see section 79T(1).	12
occu	pier, of a place, means a person—	13
(a)	who has a right to occupy the place, other than under a mining interest, 1923 Act petroleum tenure, 2004 Act petroleum authority, GHG authority or geothermal tenure; or	14 15 16 17
(b)	to whom an occupier under paragraph (a) has given the right to occupy the place.	18 19
parti	es—	20
(a)	for part 6K, division 1, subdivision 4—see section 79U(1); or	21 22
(b)	for part 6R—see section 103B.	23
preli	minary activity—	24
1	A <i>preliminary activity</i> , for a provision about a 1923 Act petroleum tenure, means an authorised activity for the tenure that will have no impact, or only a minor impact, on the business activities of any owner or occupier of the land on which the activity is to be carried out.	25 26 27 28 29

	Exan	nples—	1
	•	walking the area of the permit or licence	2
	•	driving along an existing road or track in the area	3
	•	taking soil or water samples	4
	•	drilling without constructing earthworks	5
	•	geophysical surveying without physical clearing	6
	•	aerial, electrical or environmental surveying	7
	•	seismic surveying without using explosives	8
	•	survey pegging	9
2	Hov	vever, the following are not preliminary activities—	10
	(a)	an authorised activity carried out on land that—	11
		(i) is less than 100ha; and	12
		(ii) is being used for intensive farming or broadacre agriculture;	13 14
		Examples—	15
		• land used for dryland or irrigated cropping, plantation forestry or horticulture	16 17
		• a dairy, cattle or sheep feedlot, piggery or poultry farm	18 19
	(b)	an authorised activity carried out within 600m of a school or an occupied residence;	20 21
	(c)	an authorised activity that affects the lawful carrying out of an organic or bio-organic farming system.	22 23 24
priv	vate la	nd—	25
1	Priv	vate land is—	26
	(a)	freehold land; or	27
	(b)	an interest in land less than fee simple held from the State under another Act.	28 29
2		vever, land is not private land to the extent of an rest in any of the following relating to the land—	30 31

	(a) a mining interest;	1
	(b) a 1923 Act petroleum tenure or 2004 Act petroleum authority;	2 3
	(c) a GHG authority;	4
	(d) a geothermal tenure;	5
	(e) an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	6 7
3	Also, land owned by a public land authority is not private land.	8 9
publ	ic land means land other than—	10
(a)	private land; or	11
(b)	to the extent an interest in any of the following relates to the land—	12 13
	(i) a mining interest;	14
	(ii) a 1923 Act petroleum tenure or 2004 Act petroleum authority;	15 16
	(iii) a GHG authority;	17
	(iv) a geothermal tenure;	18
	(v) an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	19 20
notic notic	tant owner or occupier, for a provision about entry tes, means the owner or occupier to whom the entry te is to be given, or would be given, other than for an aption from the requirement to give an entry notice.	21 22 23 24
waiv	er of entry notice—	25
(a)	for part 6H—means a waiver of entry notice mentioned in section 78O that complies with section 78O(1); or	26 27
(b)	for part 6I—see section 79I(3).'.	28

[s 459]	
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459		on of s 74V (Obligation to consult with particular and occupiers)	1 2
	Sect	ion 74V—	3
	omit	•	4
460	Replace	ement of ss 74X and 74Y	5
	Sect	ions 74X and 74Y—	6
	omit	t, insert—	7
'74X	Complia	ance with land access code	8
	'A 1	923 Act petroleum tenure holder must—	9
	(a)	comply with the mandatory provisions of the land access code to the extent it applies to the holder; and	10 11
	(b)	ensure any other person carrying out an authorised activity for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure complies with the mandatory provisions of the land access code.'.	12 13 14
461	Replace	ement of pt 6H, divs 1 to 3	15
	Part	6H, divisions 1 to 3—	16
	omit	t, insert—	17
'Divi	sion 1	Requirements for entry to private land in 1923 Act petroleum tenure area	18 19 20
'Sub	division	1 Entry notice requirement for preliminary activities and particular advanced activities	21 22 23
'78L	Entry no	otice requirement	24
	'(1) A pe	erson must not—	25

	[6 .6.]					
(a)	enter private land in a 1923 Act petroleum tenure's area to carry out a preliminary activity for the tenure; or	1 2				
(b)	enter private land in a 1923 Act petroleum tenure's area to carry out an advanced activity for the tenure if either of the following applies for the entry—	3 4 5				
	(i) the deferral agreement exemption;	6				
	(ii) the Land Court application exemption;	7				
owne	er and occupier of the land a written notice of the entry complies with section 78M (an <i>entry notice</i>).	8 9 10				
Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	11				
The	entry notice must be given—	12				
(a)	generally—at least 10 business days before the entry; or	13				
(b)	if, by a signed endorsement on the notice, the relevant owner or occupier has agreed to a shorter period—the shorter period.	14 15 16				
Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	17				
The holder must give the chief executive a copy of the entry notice immediately after the notice is given and before entry is made under the 1923 Act petroleum tenure.						
Max	imum penalty—10 penalty units.	21				
	contravention of subsection (3) does not affect the validity the notice or the entry.					
This	section is subject to section 78N.	24				
In th	is section—	25				

deferral agreement exemption, for an entry, means that the

conduct and compensation agreement requirement does not

give, for an entry notice, includes publishing it in a way

apply for the entry because of section 78R(c)(i).

approved under section 78P.

'(2)

'(3)

'(4)

'(5)

'(6)

26

27

28

29

30

		the	condu	art application exemption, for an entry, means that act and compensation agreement requirement does for the entry because of section 78R(c)(ii).	1 2 3
'78M	Re	quire	d coı	ntents of entry notice	4
	'(1)	An e	entry i	notice must state the following—	5
		(a)	the l	and proposed to be entered;	6
		(b)		period during which the land will be entered (the y period);	7 8
		(c)	the a	activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	9
		(d)	whe	n and where the activities are proposed to be carried	10 11
		(e)	cont	act details for—	12
			(i)	the relevant 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder; or	13
			(ii)	another person the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	14 15
	'(2)	tenu	re ho	first entry notice from the 1923 Act petroleum older to a particular owner or occupier must be tied by or include a copy of—	16 17 18
		(a)	the l	and access code; and	19
		(b)	•	code of practice made under this Act applying to orised activities for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	20 21 22
		(c)	the 1	relevant environmental authority documentation.	23
	'(3)	The	entry	period can not be longer than—	24
		(a)	gene	erally—6 months; or	25
		(b)		the relevant owner or occupier agrees in writing to a ger period—the longer period.	26 27
	'(4)			subsections (1) to (3), an entry notice may state an iod that is different to the entry period stated in	28 29

			her entry notice given by the 1923 Act petroleum tenure er to another owner or occupier of the land.	1 2	
	'(5)	In this section—			
		rele	vant environmental authority documentation means—	4	
		(a)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure is a code compliant authority—the relevant code; or	5 6 7 8	
		(b)	if, under Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure is a non-code compliant authority—	9 1 1	
			(i) the environmental authority; and	1	
			(ii) if the environmental authority imposes conditions by referring to a code—that code.	1 1	
'78N	Exe	empt	ions from entry notice requirement	1	
	'(1)	does	requirement under section 78L(1) to give an entry notice s not apply for an entry to land to carry out an authorised vity if any of the following apply—	1 1 1	
		(a)	the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder owns the land;	1	
		(b)	the holder has the right other than under this Act to enter the land to carry out the activity;	2 2	
		(c)	if—	2	
			(i) there is a conduct and compensation agreement relating to the land; and	2 2	
			(ii) each eligible claimant for the land is a party to the agreement; and	2 2	
			(iii) the agreement includes a waiver of entry notice;	2	
		(d)	the entry is to preserve life or property or because of an emergency that exists or may exist;	2 2	

		(e)		relevant owner or occupier has, by signed writing, n a waiver of entry notice.	1 2
	'(2)			of entry notice mentioned in subsection (1) must ith section 78O(1).	3 4
'780	Pro	visio	ns fo	or waiver of entry notice	5
	'(1)	A wa	aiver (of entry notice mentioned in section 78N must—	6
		(a)		does not form part of a conduct and compensation ement, be written and signed; and	7 8
		(b)	state	e the following—	9
			(i)	that the relevant owner or occupier has been told they are not required to agree to the waiver of entry notice;	10 11 12
			(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	13 14
			(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	15
			(iv)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out.	16 17
	'(2)			ant owner or occupier can not withdraw the waiver otice during the period.	18 19
	'(3)		waive eriod	er of entry notice ceases to have effect at the end of	20 21
'78P	Giv	ing e	ntry	notice by publication	22
	'(1)	hold		executive may approve a 1923 Act petroleum tenure ing an entry notice for the tenure by publishing it in ay.	23 24 25
	'(2)	The	public	cation may relate to more than 1 entry notice.	26
	' (3)	The	chief	executive may give the approval only if satisfied—	27

		(a)	for a relevant owner or occupier who is an individual, it is impracticable to give the owner or occupier the notice personally; and	1 2 3
		(b)	the publication will happen at least 20 business days before the entry.	4 5
'Sub	divis	sion	2 Conduct and compensation agreement requirement for particular advanced activities	6 7 8
'78Q	Cor	nduct	and compensation agreement requirement	9
	'(1)	tenun (the land	reson must not enter private land in a 1923 Act petroleum re's area to carry out an advanced activity for the tenure <i>relevant activity</i>) unless each eligible claimant for the is a party to an appropriate conduct and compensation ement.	10 11 12 13 14
		Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	15
	'(2)		requirement under subsection (1) is the <i>conduct and</i> pensation agreement requirement.	16 17
		Note-	_	18
		For	conduct and compensation agreements, see part 6K.	19
	' (3)	In th	is section—	20
		eligil agree eligil	opriate conduct and compensation agreement, for an ble claimant, means a conduct and compensation ement about the holder's compensation liability to the ble claimant of at least to the extent the liability relates to elevant activity and its effects.	21 22 23 24 25

'78R			from conduct and compensation equirement	1 2		
	'The conduct and compensation agreement requirement does not apply for an entry to land to carry out an advanced activity if any of the following apply—					
	(a)	the 1	1923 Act petroleum tenure holder owns the land;	6		
	(b)		holder has the right other than under this Act to enter land to carry out the activity;	7 8		
	(c)	each	eligible claimant for the land is—	9		
		(i)	a party to an agreement, complying with section 78S, that a conduct and compensation agreement can be entered into after the entry (a <i>deferral agreement</i>); or	10 11 12 13		
		(ii)	an applicant or respondent to a Land Court application under section 79VB relating to the land;	14 15 16		
	(d)		entry is to preserve life or property or because of an rgency that exists or may exist.	17 18		
'78S	Require	ment	ts for deferral agreement	19		
	•		al agreement must—	20		
	(a)		written and signed by or for the holder and each ible claimant for the land to be entered; and	21 22		
	(b)	state	e the following—	23		
		(i)	that the eligible claimant has been told the claimant is under no obligation to enter into a deferral agreement before entering into a conduct and compensation agreement;	24 25 26 27		
		(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	28 29		
		(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	30		

		(iv) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	
		(v) the period for which the deferral agreement has effect;	
		(vi) when it is proposed to enter into a conduct and compensation agreement.'.	
462	Amendm occupan	ent of s 78U (Change in ownership or cy)	
	Section	on 78U(1)(b), from 'the requirement' to 'before entry,'—	
	omit,	insert—	
	'secti	on 78M(1)'.	
463		nent of part 6K (General compensation	
	provision	,	
	Part 6		
	Í	insert—	
'Part 6K		Compensation and negotiated	
		access	
'Divi	ision 1	Compensation other than for	
		notifiable road uses	
'Sub	division	l Preliminary	
'79P	Annlicati	on of div 1	
135	• •	division does not apply for a public land authority in	
		on to a notifiable road use	

'Sub	divi	sion 2	General provisions	1
'79Q	Ge	neral lial	bility to compensate	2
	'(1)	compensus land in the claiman	der of each 1923 Act petroleum tenure is liable to sate each owner or occupier of private land or public the area of, or access land for, the tenure (an <i>eligible</i> of) for any compensatable effect the eligible claimant caused by relevant authorised activities.	3 4 5 6 7
	'(2)	subsecti	Act petroleum tenure holder's liability under on (1) to an eligible claimant is the holder's sation liability to the claimant.	8 9 10
	'(3)	This sec	etion is subject to section 79VE.	11
	'(4)	In this s	ection—	12
		-	satable effect means all or any of the following to the eligible claimant's land—	13 14
		(a) de	privation of possession of its surface;	15
		(b) dir	minution of its value;	16
		, ,	minution of the use made or that may be made of the nd or any improvement on it;	17 18
		` /	verance of any part of the land from other parts of the and or from other land that the eligible claimant owns;	19 20
		ac	y cost or loss arising from the carrying out of tivities under the 1923 Act petroleum tenure on the nd.	21 22 23
		the 1923	t authorised activities means authorised activities for 3 Act petroleum tenure carried out by the holder or a authorised by the holder.	24 25 26

Subdivision 3		sion	3 General provisions for conduct and compensation agreements	1 2
'79R	Co	nduct	and compensation agreement	3
	'(1)	may	ligible claimant and a 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder enter into an agreement (a <i>conduct and compensation ement</i>) about—	4 5 6
		(a)	how and when the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder may enter the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant; and	7 8 9
		(b)	how authorised activities under the 1923 Act petroleum tenure, to the extent they relate to the eligible claimant, must be carried out; and	10 11 12
		(c)	the holder's compensation liability to the claimant or any future compensation liability that the holder may have to the claimant.	13 14 15
	'(2)	incor petro	ever, a conduct and compensation agreement can not be assistent with this Act, a condition of the 1923 Act aleum tenure or a mandatory provision of the land access and is unenforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	16 17 18 19
	'(3)		onduct and compensation agreement may relate to all or of the liability or future liability.	20 21
'79S	Со	ntent	of conduct and compensation agreement	22
	'(1)	A co	nduct and compensation agreement must—	23
		(a)	provide for the matters mentioned in section $79R(1)$; and	24 25
		(b)	be written and signed by or for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder and the eligible claimant; and	26 27
		(c)	state whether it is for all or part of the compensation liability; and	28 29
		(d)	if it is for only part of the compensation liability, state—	30

		(i) details of each activity or effect of the activity to which the agreement relates; and	1 2
		(ii) the period for which the agreement has effect; and	3
	(e)	provide for how and when the compensation liability will be met.	4 5
'(2)	A co	nduct and compensation agreement may—	6
	(a)	extend the holder's compensation liability to the claimant or any future compensation liability that the holder may have to the claimant to any renewal of the 1923 Act petroleum tenure; and	7 8 9 10
	(b)	provide for—	11
		(i) monetary or non-monetary compensation; or	12
		Example of non-monetary compensation—	13
		A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for the construction of a road for the claimant.	14 15
		(ii) a process by which it may be amended or enforced; and	16 17
		Example of a process for amendment—	18
		A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for compensation under it to be reviewed on the happening of a material change in circumstances for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure including a change in the extent of activities required under a later development plan for a lease.	19 20 21 22 23 24
	(c)	provide for any compensation that is or may be payable by the holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	25 26 27
'(3)		section does not limit the matters that may be provided a conduct and compensation agreement.	28 29

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'Sub	divi	sion 4 Negotiation process	1
		Note— Generally, a 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder can not enter private land to carry out an advanced activity unless the holder complies with this subdivision. See sections 78Q and 78R.	2 3 4 5
'79T	No	tice of intent to negotiate	6
	'(1)	A 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder may give an eligible claimant to whom the holder has a compensation liability a notice (the <i>negotiation notice</i>) that the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement with the eligible claimant.	7 8 9 10 11
	'(2)	The negotiation notice must be accompanied by a copy of the land access code and state all of the following—	12 13
		(a) if the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement—	14 15
		(i) whether the holder wishes to negotiate all or part of the holder's compensation liability to the eligible claimant; and	16 17 18
		(ii) if the holder only wishes to negotiate part of the liability—what the part is;	19 20
		(b) if the holder wishes to negotiate a deferral agreement—that wish and the reasons for it;	21 22
		(c) the land the holder proposes to enter;	23
		(d) the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	24
		(e) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	25 26
		(f) if the holder is a corporation—contact details for the holder and an individual the holder has authorised to negotiate the agreement.	27 28 29

	'(3)	The 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder must give the chief executive a copy of the negotiation notice immediately after it is given.	1 2 3
		Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.	4
'79U	Ne	gotiations	5
	'(1)	On the giving of the negotiation notice, the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) must use all reasonable endeavours to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement (a <i>relevant agreement</i>).	6 7 8 9 10
	'(2)	The period of the negotiations—	11
		(a) must be at least 20 business days from the giving of the negotiation notice (the <i>minimum negotiation period</i>); but	12 13 14
		(b) may continue for as long as the parties wish.	15
	'(3)	If, during the minimum negotiation period, the parties enter into a relevant agreement, the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder can not enter the relevant land to carry out advanced activities for the tenure until the period ends.	16 17 18 19
	'(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite the terms of the agreement.	20
'79V	Co	oling-off during minimum negotiation period	21
	'(1)	This section applies if the parties enter into a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement during the minimum negotiation period.	22 23 24
	'(2)	Either of the parties may, within the minimum negotiation period, terminate the agreement by giving notice to the other party.	25 26 27
	'(3)	On the giving of a notice under subsection (2), the terminated agreement is taken never to have had any effect.	28 29

'(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) does not change the time when the negotiation notice was given.	1 2
'79VA Paı	rties may seek mediation	3
'(1)	This section applies if, at the end of the minimum negotiation period, the parties have not entered into a conduct and compensation agreement.	4 5 6
'(2)	Either party may ask an authorised officer to call a mediation between the parties to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	7 8 9
'(3)	Part 6R applies to the mediation.	10
'(4)	However, the authorised officer must take all reasonable steps to ensure the mediation is finished within 20 business days after it was requested.	11 12 13
'Subdivi	sion 5 Deciding compensation through Land Court	14 15
	ciding compensation through Land Court if diation not called or after unsuccessful mediation	16 17
'(1)	This section applies if, under section 79VA, a party has asked an authorised officer to call a mediation and the officer does not finish the mediation within 20 business days after receiving the request.	18 19 20 21
'(2)	This section also applies if—	22
	(a) an authorised officer has, under section 79VA, called a mediation; and	23 24
	(b) one or both of the parties attended the mediation; and	25
	(c) there is no conduct and compensation agreement between the parties relating to the subject of the mediation within 20 business days after the mediation was called.	26 27 28 29

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'(3)	An eligible party may apply to the Land Court for it to decide the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder's—	1 2
	(a) compensation liability to the claimant; or	3
	(b) future compensation liability to the claimant for an authorised activity for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure proposed to be carried out by or for the holder.	4 5 6
'(4)	However, the Land Court may decide the liability or future liability only to the extent it is not subject to a conduct and compensation agreement.	7 8 9
'(5)	In hearing the application, the Land Court must as much as practicable ensure the hearing happens together with, or as closely as possible to, the hearing of any relevant environmental compensation application.	10 11 12 13
'(6)	In this section—	14
	eligible party means—	15
	(a) if subsection (1) applies—any party; or	16
	(b) if subsection (2) applies—a party who attended the mediation.	17 18
	relevant environmental compensation application means an application to the Land Court for compensation that is or may be payable by the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	19 20 21 22
'79VC Lar	nd Court review of compensation	23
'(1)	This section applies if—	24
	(a) the compensation liability or future compensation liability of a 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder to an eligible claimant has been agreed to under a conduct and compensation agreement or decided by the Land Court (the <i>original compensation</i>); and	25 26 27 28 29
	(b) there has been a material change in circumstances (the <i>change</i>) since the agreement or decision.	30 31

'(2)	The eligible claimant or the holder may apply to the Land Court for it to review the original compensation.	1 2
((2)		
' (3)	In carrying out the review, the Land Court may review the	3
	original compensation only to the extent it is affected by the	4
	change.	5
' (4)	If the Land Court considers the original compensation is not	6
	affected by the change, it must not carry out or continue with	7
	the review.	8
'(5)	The Land Court may, after carrying out the review, decide to	9
	confirm the original compensation or amend it in a way the	10
	court considers appropriate.	11
'(6)	If the decision is to amend the compensation, the original	12
	compensation as amended under the decision is, for this Act,	13
	taken to be the original compensation.	14
'79VD Ord	lers Land Court may make	15
' (1)	The Land Court may make any order it considers appropriate	16
	to meet or enforce its decision on an application under this	17
	part.	18
'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the Land Court may order	19
, ,	non-monetary compensation as well as monetary	20
	compensation.	21
'Subdivis	sion 6 Miscellaneous provision	22
Cubairi	micochanosas provision	22
(=0\/= 0		
	mpensation not affected by change in ownership	23
	occupancy	24
'(1)	A conduct and compensation agreement or a Land Court	25
	decision under this part is for the benefit of, and is taken to	26
	have been agreed to or decided for and is binding on, the	27
	following—	28
	(a) the relevant eligible claimant;	29

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	(b)	the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder;	1
	` /	each of their successors and assigns including successors and assigns for the area of the relevant 1923 Act petroleum tenure.	2 3 4
'(2)	Subse	ection (1) is subject to section 79VC.	5
'Division	2	Compensation for notifiable road uses'.	6 7
464 Inse	ertion	of new pt 6R	8
	After	part 6Q—	9
	insert	<u> </u>	10
'Part 6R		Mediation with eligible claimants or owners and	11 12
		occupiers	13
103A App	olicati	on of pt 6R	14
	'This	part applies if—	15
		under section 79VA, an authorised officer is asked by a 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder or an eligible claimant to call a mediation; or	16 17 18
		an owner or occupier of land in a 1923 Act petroleum tenure's area gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the way in which authorised activities for the tenure are being carried out on the land; or	19 20 21 22
		a 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the activities of an owner or occupier of land in the tenure's area; or	23 24 25
	` /	for another reason an authorised officer has concerns about the relationship between a 1923 Act petroleum	26 27

i e		
	tenure holder and an owner or occupier of land in the tenure's area.	1 2
'103B Me	diation may be called	3
'(1)	If section 103A(a) applies, the authorised officer must, by notice, ask the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised officer about negotiating a conduct and compensation agreement.	4 5 6 7 8
'(2)	If section 103A(b), (c) or (d) applies, the authorised officer may, by notice, ask the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder and the owner or occupier (also the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised officer about the concerns.	9 10 11 12
'(3)	The notice must state what the subject of the mediation is and when and where it will be held.	13 14
'103C Wh	no may attend mediation	15
'(1)	Apart from the authorised officer, anyone given notice of the mediation may attend it.	16 17
'(2)	A party may be represented by an agent only if the authorised officer agrees.	18 19
'(3)	However, a party can not be represented by a lawyer unless the parties agree and the authorised officer is satisfied there is no disadvantage to a party.	20 21 22
'103D Wh	nat happens if a party does not attend	23
'(1)	This section applies if a party given notice of the mediation does not attend.	24 25
'(2)	For the purpose of applying to the Land Court under section 79VB, the mediation is taken to have been conducted.	26 27

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'(3)	A party who attended the mediation may apply to the Land Court for an order requiring the party who did not attend to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	1 2 3
'(4)	The Land Court must not order the party who did not attend to pay costs if it is satisfied the party had a reasonable excuse for not attending.	4 5 6
'(5)	If the Land Court makes the order, it must decide the amount of the costs.	7 8
103E Co	nduct of mediation	9
'(1)	In conducting the mediation, the authorised officer must endeavour to help those attending to reach an early and inexpensive settlement of the subject of the mediation.	10 11 12
'(2)	Subject to section 79VA, the authorised officer is to decide how the mediation is to be conducted.	13 14
103F Sta	tements made at mediation	15
	'Nothing said by a person at the mediation is admissible, without the person's consent, in a proceeding.	16 17
'103G Me	diated agreement	18
'(1)	If, at the mediation, the parties negotiate an agreement about the concerns the subject of the mediation, the agreement must be written and signed by or for the parties.	19 20 21
'(2)	The agreement—	22
	(a) may be a conduct and compensation agreement or an amendment of an existing conduct and compensation agreement between the parties; and	23 24 25
	(b) has the same effect as any other compromise.'.	26

		[6 .55]	
465	Inse	ertion of new pt 13	1
		After section 185—	2
		insert—	3
'Part	13	Transitional provisions for	4
		amendments under Geothermal	5
		Energy Act 2010	6
'186	Lan	nd access code prevails over conditions	7
		'If a condition of a 1923 Act petroleum tenure is inconsistent	8
		with a mandatory provision of the land access code, the mandatory provision prevails to the extent of the	9 10
		inconsistency.	11
'187	Exi:	sting compensation agreements other than for ifiable road uses	12 13
6	(1)	This section applies if immediately before the commencement of this section a compensation agreement under part 6K was in force.	14 15 16
٤	(2)	On the commencement the agreement becomes a conduct and compensation agreement under part 6K, division 1.	17 18
'188	Exi	sting entry notices	19
•	(1)	This section applies to an entry notice for the carrying out of an authorised activity for a 1923 Act petroleum tenure if the notice complied with the entry notice requirements before the commencement of this section.	20 21 22 23
•	(2)	The notice continues, according to its terms, to be valid for the carrying out of the activity after the commencement even though the notice does not comply with all of the entry notice requirements from the commencement.	24 25 26 27
4	(3)	In this section—	28

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		entry notice requirements means the requirements under this Act relating to the giving of an entry notice.	1 2
'189	Refe	rences to geothermal tenure	3
	C	Until the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , chapter 9, part 1 commences, a reference in this Act to a geothermal tenure is aken to be a reference to a geothermal exploration permit.'.	4 5 6
Divis	sion 4	Amendment of Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004	7 8
466	Act a	mended	9
		The following provisions amend the <i>Petroleum and Gas Production and Safety) Act 2004—</i>	10 11
	•	this division	12
	•	part 1, division 6	13
	•	part 3, division 8	14
	•	schedule 2, parts 1, 2 and 4.	15
467	Inser	tion of new ch 1, pt 3, div 3	16
	(Chapter 1, part 3—	17
	i	nsert—	18
'Divi	sion 3	B Land access code	19
'24A	Maki	ng of code	20
		A regulation may make a single code for all resource Acts (the and access code) that—	21 22
	(a) states best practice guidelines for communication between the holders of authorities and owners and occupiers of private land; and	23 24 25

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	· / •	
'(2)	In this section—	4
	resource Acts means the following—	5
	• this Act	6
	• the Geothermal Exploration Act 2004	7
	• the Geothermal Energy Act 2010	8
	• the GHG storage Act	9
	• the Mineral Resources Act	10
	• the 1923 Act.'.	11
		12 13
	Section 74—	14
	omit.	15
		16 17
	Section 153—	18
	omit.	19
Rei	placement of ch 5, pt 2, divs 1 to 2A	20
•	Chapter 5, part 2, divisions 1 to 2A—	21
	omit, insert—	22
	On ow	concerning the conduct of authorised activities on private land. '(2) In this section— resource Acts means the following— • this Act • the Geothermal Exploration Act 2004 • the Geothermal Energy Act 2010 • the GHG storage Act • the Mineral Resources Act • the 1923 Act.'. Omission of s 74 (Obligation to consult with particular owners and occupiers) Section 74— omit. Omission of s 153 (Obligation to consult with particular owners and occupiers) Section 153— omit. Replacement of ch 5, pt 2, divs 1 to 2A Chapter 5, part 2, divisions 1 to 2A—

'Division 1				Requirements for entry to private land in petroleum authority area	1 2
'Suk	bdivision 1			Entry notice requirement for preliminary activities and particular advanced activities	
'495	En	try no	otice :	requirement	6
	'(1)	-		must not—	7
		(a)		r private land in a petroleum authority's area to out a preliminary activity for the authority; or	8 9
		(b)	carry	r private land in a petroleum authority's area to out an advanced activity for the authority if either e following applies for the entry—	10 11 12
			(i)	the deferral agreement exemption;	13
			(ii)	the Land Court application exemption;	14
		and	occup	petroleum authority's holder has given each owner pier of the land a written notice of the entry that with section 496 (an <i>entry notice</i>).	15 16 17
		Max	imum	penalty—500 penalty units.	18
	'(2)	The	entry	notice must be given—	19
		(a)	gene	erally—at least 10 business days before the entry; or	20
		(b)	own	y a signed endorsement on the notice, the relevant er or occupier has agreed to a shorter period—the ter period.	21 22 23
		Max	kimum	penalty—500 penalty units.	24
	'(3)	noti	ce imn	r must give the chief executive a copy of the entry nediately after the notice is given and before entry is er the petroleum authority.	25 26 27
		Max	kimum	penalty—10 penalty units.	28

	'(4)		ontravention of subsection (3) does not affect the validity ne notice or the entry.	1 2
	'(5)	This	s section is subject to section 497.	3
	'(6)	In th	nis section—	4
		cond	<i>rral agreement exemption</i> , for an entry, means that the duct and compensation agreement requirement does not y for the entry because of section 500A(e)(i).	5 6 7
		_	, for an entry notice, includes publishing it in a way oved under section 499.	8 9
		the	d Court application exemption, for an entry, means that conduct and compensation agreement requirement does apply for the entry because of section 500A(e)(ii).	10 11 12
496	Red	quire	d contents of entry notice	13
	'(1)	An e	entry notice must state the following—	14
		(a)	the land proposed to be entered;	15
		(b)	the period during which the land will be entered (the <i>entry period</i>);	16 17
		(c)	the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	18
		(d)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	19 20
		(e)	contact details for—	21
			(i) the relevant petroleum authority holder; or	22
			(ii) another person the holder has authorised to discuss the matters stated in the notice.	23 24
	'(2)	hold	o, the first entry notice from the petroleum authority ler to a particular owner or occupier must be accompanied or include a copy of—	25 26 27
		(a)	the land access code; and	28
		(b)	any code of practice made under this Act applying to authorised activities for the petroleum authority; and	29 30

		(c)	the relevant environmental authority documentation.	1
	'(3)	The	entry period can not be longer than—	2
		(a)	generally—6 months; or	3
		(b)	if the relevant owner or occupier agrees in writing to a longer period—the longer period.	4 5
	' (4)	entry anot	ect to subsections (1) to (3), an entry notice may state an y period that is different to the entry period stated in her entry notice given by the petroleum authority holder nother owner or occupier of the land.	6 7 8 9
	'(5)	In th	is section—	10
		rele	vant environmental authority documentation means—	11
		(a)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the petroleum authority is a code compliant authority—the relevant code; or	12 13 14
		(b)	if, under the Environmental Protection Act, the relevant environmental authority for the petroleum authority is a non-code compliant authority—	15 16 17
			(i) the environmental authority; and	18
			(ii) if the environmental authority imposes conditions by referring to a code—that code.	19 20
'497	Exe	empti	ions from entry notice requirement	21
	'(1)	does	requirement under section 495(1) to give an entry notice not apply for an entry to land to carry out an authorised rity if any of the following apply—	22 23 24
		(a)	the petroleum authority holder owns the land;	25
		(b)	the holder has the right other than under this Act to enter the land to carry out the activity;	26 27
		(c)	if—	28
			(i) there is a conduct and compensation agreement relating to the land; and	29 30

			(ii) each eligible claimant for the land is a party to the agreement; and	he 1 2
			(iii) the agreement includes a waiver of entry notice;	3
		(d)	the authority is a pipeline licence and an owner permission under section 399 has been given for the land;	
		(e)	the authority is a petroleum facility licence and a owner's permission under section 439 has been given for the land;	
		(f)	the entry is to preserve life or property or because of a emergency that exists or may exist;	an 1(
		(g)	the relevant owner or occupier has, by signed writing iven a waiver of entry notice.	g, 12 13
	'(2)		aiver of entry notice mentioned in subsection (1) must bly with section 498(1).	15 15 15
498	Pro	visio	ns for waiver of entry notice	16
	'(1)	A w	niver of entry notice mentioned in section 497 must—	17
		(a)	if it does not form part of a conduct and compensation agreement, be written and signed; and	on 18
		(b)	state the following—	20
			(i) that the relevant owner or occupier has been to they are not required to agree to the waiver of entinotice;	
			(ii) the authorised activities proposed to be carried o on the land;	ut 24 25
			(iii) the period during which the land will be entered;	26
			(iv) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out.	be 27 28
	'(2)	The	relevant owner or occupier can not withdraw the waiv	er 29

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	'(3)	The waiver of entry notice ceases to have effect at the end of the period.	1 2
'499	Giv	ving entry notice by publication	3
	'(1)	The chief executive may approve a petroleum authority holder giving an entry notice for the authority by publishing it in a stated way.	4 5 6
	'(2)	The publication may relate to more than 1 entry notice.	7
	' (3)	The chief executive may give the approval only if satisfied—	8
		(a) for a relevant owner or occupier who is an individual, it is impracticable to give the owner or occupier the notice personally; and	9 10 11
		(b) the publication will happen at least 20 business days before the entry.	12 13
'Suk	odivi	sion 2 Conduct and compensation agreement requirement for particular advanced activities	14 15 16
'500	Со	nduct and compensation agreement requirement	17
	'(1)	A person must not enter private land in a petroleum authority's area to carry out an advanced activity for the authority (the <i>relevant activity</i>) unless each eligible claimant for the land is a party to an appropriate conduct and compensation agreement.	18 19 20 21 22
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	23
	'(2)	The requirement under subsection (1) is the <i>conduct and</i> compensation agreement requirement.	24 25
		Note—	26
		For conduct and compensation agreements, see part 5.	27
	((3)	In this section—	28

	eligi agre eligi	ropriate conduct and compensation agreement, for an able claimant, means a conduct and compensation rement about the holder's compensation liability to the able claimant of at least to the extent the liability relates to relevant activity and its effects.	1 2 3 4 5
500A		ions from conduct and compensation ent requirement	6 7
	not a	e conduct and compensation agreement requirement does apply for an entry to land to carry out an advanced activity by of the following apply—	8 9 10
	(a)	the petroleum authority holder owns the land;	11
	(b)	the holder has the right other than under this Act to enter the land to carry out the activity;	12 13
		Example of a right other than under this Act—	14
		an appropriate easement to construct or operate the pipeline the subject of a pipeline licence	15 16
	(c)	the authority is a pipeline licence and an owner's permission under section 399 has been given for the land;	17 18 19
	(d)	the authority is a petroleum facility licence and an owner's permission under section 439 has been given for the land;	20 21 22
	(e)	each eligible claimant for the land is—	23
		(i) a party to an agreement, complying with section 500B, that a conduct and compensation agreement can be entered into after the entry (a <i>deferral agreement</i>); or	24 25 26 27
		(ii) an applicant or respondent to a Land Court application under section 537B relating to the land;	28 29
	(f)	the entry is to preserve life or property or because of an emergency that exists or may exist.	30 31

'500B	Require	ment	s for deferral agreement	1
	'A d	eferra	l agreement must—	2
	(a)		written and signed by or for the holder and each ible claimant for the land to be entered; and	3 4
	(b)	state	e the following—	5
		(i)	that the eligible claimant has been told the claimant is under no obligation to enter into a deferral agreement before entering into a conduct and compensation agreement;	6 7 8 9
		(ii)	the authorised activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	10 11
		(iii)	the period during which the land will be entered;	12
		(iv)	when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	13 14
		(v)	the period for which the deferral agreement has effect;	15 16
		(vi)	when it is proposed to enter into a conduct and compensation agreement.'.	17 18
471	Amendn occupar		of s 512 (Change in ownership or	19 20
	Sect	ion 51	12(1)(b), from 'the requirement' to 'before entry,'—	21
	omit	, inse	rt—	22
	'sect	tion 4	95(2)'.	23
472	Replace provisio		t of ch 5, pt 5 (General compensation	24 25
	Chaj	pter 5	, part 5—	26
	omit	. inse	rt—	27

'Par	t 5		Compensation and negotiated access	1 2
'Division 1			Compensation other than for notifiable road uses	3 4
'Sub	divi	sion 1	Preliminary	5
'531	Аp	plication	on of div 1	6
			division does not apply for a public land authority in on to a notifiable road use.	7 8
'Sub	divi	sion 2	2 General provisions	9
'532	Ge	neral li	ability to compensate	10
	'(1)	compe land in <i>claime</i>	holder of each petroleum authority is liable to ensate each owner or occupier of private land or public in the area of, or access land for, the authority (an <i>eligible ant</i>) for any compensatable effect the eligible claimant is that is caused by relevant authorised activities.	11 12 13 14 15
	'(2)	to an	roleum authority holder's liability under subsection (1) eligible claimant is the holder's <i>compensation liability</i> claimant.	16 17 18
	'(3)	This s	ection is subject to section 537E.	19
	'(4)	In this	s section—	20
			ensatable effect means all or any of the following ag to the eligible claimant's land—	21 22
		(a)	deprivation of possession of its surface;	23
		(b)	diminution of its value:	24

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		(c) diminution of the use made or that may be made of the land or any improvement on it;	1 2
		(d) severance of any part of the land from other parts of the land or from other land that the eligible claimant owns;	3
		(e) any cost or loss arising from the carrying out of activities under the petroleum authority on the land.	5 6
		relevant authorised activities means authorised activities for the petroleum authority carried out by the holder or a person authorised by the holder.	7 8 9
'Sub	divi	sion 3 General provisions for conduct and compensation agreements	10 11
'533	Со	nduct and compensation agreement	12
	'(1)	An eligible claimant and a petroleum authority holder may enter into an agreement (a <i>conduct and compensation agreement</i>) about—	13 14 15
		(a) how and when the petroleum authority holder may enter the land for which the eligible claimant is an eligible claimant; and	16 17 18
		(b) how authorised activities under the petroleum authority to the extent they relate to the eligible claimant must be carried out; and	19 20 21
		(c) the holder's compensation liability to the claimant or any future compensation liability that the holder may have to the claimant.	22 23 24
	'(2)	However, a conduct and compensation agreement can not be inconsistent with this Act, a condition of the petroleum authority or a mandatory provision of the land access code and is unenforceable to the extent of the inconsistency.	25 26 27 28
	'(3)	A conduct and compensation agreement may relate to all or part of the liability or future liability.	29 30

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534	Coi	ntent	of co	onduct and compensation agreement	1
	'(1)	A co	nduct	t and compensation agreement must—	2
		(a)	prov	ride for the matters mentioned in section 533(1); and	3
		(b)		written and signed by or for the petroleum authority ler and the eligible claimant; and	4 5
		(c)		e whether it is for all or part of the compensation lity; and	6 7
		(d)	if it	is for only part of the compensation liability, state—	8
			(i)	details of each activity or effect of the activity to which the agreement relates; and	9 10
			(ii)	the period for which the agreement has effect; and	11
		(e)	-	ride for how and when the compensation liability be met.	12 13
	'(2)	A co	nduct	t and compensation agreement may—	14
		(a)	clair hold	nd the holder's compensation liability to the mant or any future compensation liability that the ler may have to the claimant to any renewal of the oleum authority; and	15 16 17 18
		(b)	prov	ride for—	19
			(i)	monetary or non-monetary compensation; or	20
				Example of non-monetary compensation—	21
				A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for the construction of a road for the claimant.	22 23
			(ii)	a process by which it may be amended or enforced; and	24 25
				Example of a process for amendment—	26
				A conduct and compensation agreement may provide for compensation under it to be reviewed on the happening of a material change in circumstances for the petroleum authority including a change in the extent of activities required under a later development plan for a petroleum lease.	27 28 29 30 31 32

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		(c) provide for any compensation that is or may be payable by the holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	1 2 3
	'(3)	This section does not limit the matters that may be provided for in a conduct and compensation agreement.	4 5
'Sub	divi	sion 4 Negotiation process	6
		Note—	7
		Generally, a petroleum authority holder can not enter private land to carry out an advanced activity unless the holder complies with this subdivision. See sections 500 and 500A.	8 9 10
'535	No	tice of intent to negotiate	11
	'(1)	A petroleum authority holder may give an eligible claimant to whom the holder has a compensation liability a notice (the <i>negotiation notice</i>) that the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement with the eligible claimant.	12 13 14 15 16
	'(2)	The negotiation notice must be accompanied by a copy of the land access code and state all of the following—	17 18
		(a) if the holder wishes to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement—	19 20
		(i) whether the holder wishes to negotiate all or part of the holder's compensation liability to the eligible claimant; and	21 22 23
		(ii) if the holder only wishes to negotiate part of the liability—what the part is;	24 25
		(b) if the holder wishes to negotiate a deferral agreement—that wish and the reasons for it;	26 27
		(c) the land the holder proposes to enter;	28
		(d) the activities proposed to be carried out on the land;	29

		(e) when and where the activities are proposed to be carried out;	1 2
		(f) if the holder is a corporation—contact details for the holder and an individual the holder has authorised to negotiate the agreement.	3 4 5
	'(3)	The petroleum authority holder must give the chief executive a copy of the negotiation notice immediately after it is given.	6 7
		Maximum penalty for subsection (3)—10 penalty units.	8
536	Ne	gotiations	9
	'(1)	On the giving of the negotiation notice, the petroleum authority holder and the eligible claimant (the <i>parties</i>) must use all reasonable endeavours to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement (a <i>relevant agreement</i>).	10 11 12 13 14
	'(2)	The period of the negotiations—	15
		(a) must be at least 20 business days from the giving of the negotiation notice (the <i>minimum negotiation period</i>); but	16 17 18
		(b) may continue for as long as the parties wish.	19
	'(3)	If, during the minimum negotiation period, the parties enter into a relevant agreement the petroleum authority holder can not enter the relevant land to carry out advanced activities for the authority until the period ends.	20 21 22 23
	'(4)	Subsection (3) applies despite the terms of the agreement.	24
537	Co	oling-off during minimum negotiation period	25
	'(1)	This section applies if the parties enter into a conduct and compensation agreement or a deferral agreement during the minimum negotiation period.	26 27 28

'(2)	Either of the parties may, within the minimum negotiation period, terminate the agreement by giving notice to the other party.	1 2 3
'(3)	On the giving of a notice under subsection (2), the terminated agreement is taken never to have had any effect.	4 5
'(4)	To remove any doubt, it is declared that subsection (3) does not change the time when the negotiation notice was given.	6 7
'537A Pa	rties may seek mediation	8
'(1)	This section applies if, at the end of the minimum negotiation period, the parties have not entered into a conduct and compensation agreement.	9 10 11
'(2)	Either party may ask an authorised officer to call a mediation between the parties to negotiate a conduct and compensation agreement.	12 13 14
'(3)	Chapter 10, part 1AA applies to the mediation.	15
'(4)	However, the authorised officer must take all reasonable steps to ensure the mediation is finished within 20 business days after it was requested.	16 17 18
'Subdivi	ision 5 Deciding compensation through Land Court	19 20
	ciding compensation through Land Court if ediation not called or after unsuccessful mediation	21 22
'(1)	This section applies if, under section 537A, a party has asked an authorised officer to call a mediation and the officer does not finish the mediation within 20 business days after receiving the request.	23 24 25 26
'(2)	This section also applies if—	27
	(a) an authorised officer has, under section 537A, called a mediation; and	28 29

	(b) one or both of the parties attended the mediation; and	1
	(c) there is no conduct and compensation agreement between the parties relating to the subject of the mediation within 20 business days after the mediation was called.	2 3 4 5
'(3)	An eligible party may apply to the Land Court for it to decide the petroleum authority holder's—	6 7
	(a) compensation liability to the claimant; or	8
	(b) future compensation liability to the claimant for an authorised activity for the petroleum authority proposed to be carried out by or for the holder.	9 10 11
'(4)	However, the Land Court may decide the liability or future liability only to the extent it is not subject to a conduct and compensation agreement.	12 13 14
'(5)	In hearing the application, the Land Court must as much as practicable ensure the hearing happens together with, or as closely as possible to, the hearing of any relevant environmental compensation application.	15 16 17 18
'(6)	In this section—	19
	eligible party means—	20
	(a) if subsection (1) applies—any party; or	21
	(b) if subsection (2) applies—a party who attended the mediation.	22 23
	relevant environmental compensation application means an application to the Land Court for compensation that is or may be payable by the petroleum authority holder to the eligible claimant under the Environmental Protection Act.	24 25 26 27
(F070		•
	nd Court review of compensation This section emplies if	28
'(1)	This section applies if—	29
	(a) the compensation liability or future compensation liability of a petroleum authority holder to an eligible	30

	claimant has been agreed to under a conduct and compensation agreement or decided by the Land Court (the <i>original compensation</i>); and	1 2 3
	(b) there has been a material change in circumstances (the <i>change</i>) since the agreement or decision.	4 5
'(2)	The eligible claimant or the holder may apply to the Land Court for it to review the original compensation.	6 7
'(3)	In carrying out the review, the Land Court may review the original compensation only to the extent it is affected by the change.	8 9 10
'(4)	If the Land Court considers the original compensation is not affected by the change, it must not carry out or continue with the review.	11 12 13
'(5)	The Land Court may, after carrying out the review, decide to confirm the original compensation or amend it in a way the court considers appropriate.	14 15 16
'(6)	If the decision is to amend the compensation, the original compensation as amended under the decision is, for this Act, taken to be the original compensation.	17 18 19
'537D Ord	ders Land Court may make	20
'(1)	The Land Court may make any order it considers appropriate to meet or enforce its decision on an application under this part.	21 22 23
'(2)	Without limiting subsection (1), the Land Court may order non-monetary compensation as well as monetary compensation.	24 25 26

'Sub	divis	sion	6 Miscellaneous provision	1
'537E			nsation not affected by change in ownership pancy	2 3
	'(1)	decis have	onduct and compensation agreement or a Land Court sion under this part is for the benefit of, and is taken to been agreed to or decided for and is binding on, the owing—	4 5 6 7
		(a)	the relevant eligible claimant;	8
		(b)	the petroleum authority holder;	9
		(c)	each of their successors and assigns including successors and assigns for the area of the relevant petroleum authority.	10 11 12
	'(2)	Subs	section (1) is subject to section 537C.	13
'Divi	sion	2	Compensation for notifiable road uses'.	14 15
473	Rep	lace	ment of ss 555 and 556	16
		Sect	ions 555 and 556—	17
		omit	, insert—	18
'555	Cor	nplia	nce with land access code	19
		'A p	etroleum authority holder must—	20
		(a)	comply with the mandatory provisions of the land access code to the extent it applies to the holder; and	21 22
		(b)	ensure any other person carrying out an authorised activity for the petroleum authority complies with the mandatory provisions of the land access code.'	23 24 25

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474	Replace enforce	ement of ch 10, hdg (Investigations and ement)	1 2
	Ch	apter 10, heading—	3
	om	it, insert—	4
'Cha	apter	10 Mediation, investigations and enforcement	5 6
'Part	1 AA	Mediation with eligible claimants or owners and occupiers	7 8 9
'734B	Applica	ation of pt 1AA	10
	'Tł	nis part applies if—	11
	(a)	under section 537A, an authorised officer is asked by a petroleum authority holder or an eligible claimant to call a mediation; or	12 13 14
	(b)	an owner or occupier of land in a petroleum authority's area gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the way in which authorised activities for the authority are being carried out on the land; or	15 16 17 18
	(c)	a petroleum authority holder gives an authorised officer a notice stating concerns about the activities of an owner or occupier of land in the authority's area; or	19 20 21
	(d)	for another reason an authorised officer has concerns about the relationship between a petroleum authority holder and an owner or occupier of land in the authority's area.	22 23 24 25
'734C	Mediat	ion may be called	26
•		section 734B(a) applies, the authorised officer must, by ice, ask the petroleum authority holder and the eligible	27 28

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	claimant (the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised officer about negotiating a conduct and compensation agreement.	1 2 3
'(2)	If section 734B(b), (c) or (d) applies, the authorised officer may, by notice, ask the petroleum authority holder and the owner or occupier (also the <i>parties</i>) to attend a mediation by the authorised officer about the concerns.	4 5 6 7
'(3)	The notice must state what the subject of the mediation is and when and where it will be held.	8 9
'734D Wh	o may attend mediation	10
'(1)	Apart from the authorised officer, anyone given notice of the mediation may attend it.	11 12
'(2)	A party may be represented by an agent only if the authorised officer agrees.	13 14
'(3)	However, a party can not be represented by a lawyer unless the parties agree and the authorised officer is satisfied there is no disadvantage to a party.	15 16 17
'734E Wh	at happens if a party does not attend	18
'(1)	This section applies if a party given notice of the mediation does not attend.	19 20
'(2)	For the purpose of applying to the Land Court under section 537B, the mediation is taken to have been conducted.	21 22
'(3)	A party who attended the mediation may apply to the Land Court for an order requiring the party who did not attend to pay the attending party's reasonable costs of attending.	23 24 25
' (4)	The Land Court must not order the party who did not attend to pay costs if it is satisfied the party had a reasonable excuse for not attending.	26 27 28
'(5)	If the Land Court makes the order, it must decide the amount of the costs.	29 30

'734F	Cor	nduct	of mediation	1	
	' (1)	ende	onducting the mediation, the authorised officer must avour to help those attending to reach an early and pensive settlement of the subject of the mediation.	2 3 4	
	' (2)		ect to section 537A, the authorised officer is to decide the mediation is to be conducted.	5 6	
'734G	Sta	teme	nts made at mediation	7	
			hing said by a person at the mediation is admissible, out the person's consent, in a proceeding.	8 9	
'734H	Med	diated	d agreement	10	
	"(1)	If, at the mediation, the parties negotiate an agreement about the concerns the subject of the mediation, the agreement must be written and signed by or for the parties.			
	'(2)	The a	agreement—	14	
		(a)	may be a conduct and compensation agreement or an amendment of an existing conduct and compensation agreement between the parties; and	15 16 17	
		(b)	has the same effect as any other compromise.'.	18	
475		endm ection	nent of s 780 (Power to give compliance	19 20	
		Secti	on 780(1)(a) and (b)—	21	
		omit,	insert—	22	
		'(a)	has contravened, or is contravening, any of the following (an <i>enforced instrument</i>)—	23 24	
			(i) this Act;	25	
			(ii) the GHG storage Act;	26	
			(iii) a mandatory provision of the land access code; or	27	

		(b)	is involved in an activity that is likely to result in a contravention of an enforced instrument.'.	1 2
476			nent of s 781 (Requirements for giving nce direction)	3 4
		Sect	ion 781—	5
		inser	rt—	6
	' (3)	The	direction may be given orally if—	7
		(a)	for any reason it is not practicable to give the direction in writing; and	8 9
		(b)	the inspector or authorised officer giving it warns the person it is an offence not to comply with the direction.	10 11
	'(4)	offic	the direction is given orally, the inspector or authorised ther must confirm the direction by also giving it in writing the practicable after giving it orally.'.	12 13 14
477	Inse	ertio	n of new ch 15, pt 10, div 2	15
		Chap	oter 15, part 10, as inserted under this Act—	16
		inser	rt—	17
'Div i	ision	2	Provisions about land access and compensation	18 19
'948	Lan	ıd ac	cess code prevails over conditions	20
		man	condition of a petroleum authority is inconsistent with a datory provision of the land access code, the mandatory ision prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	21 22 23

'949	Existing compensation agreements other than for notifiable road uses			
	'(1)	This section applies if immediately before the commencement of this section a compensation agreement under chapter 5, part 3 was in force.	3 4 5	
	'(2)	On the commencement the agreement becomes a conduct and compensation agreement under chapter 5, part 5, division 1.	6 7	
'950	Exi	sting entry notices	8	
	'(1)	This section applies to an entry notice for the carrying out of an authorised activity for a petroleum authority if the notice complied with the entry notice requirements before the commencement of this section.	9 10 11 12	
	'(2)	The notice continues, according to its terms, to be valid for the carrying out of the activity after the commencement even though the notice does not comply with all of the entry notice requirements from the commencement.	13 14 15 16	
	'(3)	In this section—	17	
		<i>entry notice requirements</i> means the requirements under this Act relating to the giving of an entry notice.	18 19	
'951	Ref	ferences to geothermal tenure	20	
		'Until the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , chapter 9, part 1 commences, a reference in this Act to a geothermal tenure is taken to be a reference to a geothermal exploration permit.'.	21 22 23	
478	Am	nendment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	24	
	(1)	Schedule 2, definitions compensation agreement, compensation application, compensation liability, eligible claimant, entry notice, entry period, negotiation notice, private land, public land and waiver of entry notice—	25 26 27 28	
		omit.	29	

(2)	Schedule 2—				
	inse	rt—	2		
	'advanced activity, for a provision about a petroleum authority, means an authorised activity for the authority other than a preliminary activity for the authority.				
	Examples—				
	•	levelling of drilling pads and digging sumps	7		
	•	earthworks associated with pipeline installation	8		
	•	vegetation clear-felling	9		
	•	constructing an exploration camp, concrete pad, sewage or water treatment facility or fuel dump	10 11		
	•	geophysical surveying with physical clearing	12		
	•	carrying out a seismic survey using explosives	13		
	•	constructing a track or access road	14		
	•	changing a fence line	15		
	<i>compensation application</i> , for chapter 5, part 5, division 2, means an application made under section 537H(1).				
	compensation liability—				
	(a)	for chapter 5, part 5, division 1—see section 532(2); or	19		
	(b)	for chapter 5, part 5, division 2—see section 537F(2).	20		
	cond	duct and compensation agreement see section 533(1).	21		
		duct and compensation agreement requirement see ion 500(2).	22 23		
	deferral agreement see section 500A(e)(i).				
	eligible claimant, for compensation, see section 532(1).				
	entry notice—				
	(a)	for chapter 5, part 2, division 1, subdivision 1—see section 495(1); or	27 28		
	(b)	for chapter 5, part 3—see section 526(2)(b).	29		
	land	daccess code see section 24A.	30		

	<i>datory provision</i> , of the land access code, means a ision of that code that the code requires compliance with.	1 2
mini	<i>imum negotiation period</i> see section 536(2)(a).	3
nego	otiation notice—	4
(a)	for chapter 2, part 6, division 3, subdivision 4—see section 221(2)(a); or	5 6
(b)	for chapter 5, part 5, division 1, subdivision 4—see section 535(1).	7 8
parti	ies—	9
(a)	for chapter 5, part 5, division 1, subdivision 4—see section 536(1); or	10 11
(b)	for chapter 10, part 1AA—see section 734C.	12
preli	iminary activity—	13
1	A <i>preliminary activity</i> , for a provision about a petroleum authority, means an authorised activity for the permit or licence that will have no impact, or only a minor impact, on the business activities of any owner or occupier of the land on which the activity is to be carried out.	14 15 16 17 18
	Examples—	19
	 walking the area of the permit or licence 	20
	 driving along an existing road or track in the area 	21
	 taking soil or water samples 	22
	 drilling without constructing earthworks 	23
	 geophysical surveying without physical clearing 	24
	 aerial, electrical or environmental surveying 	25
	 seismic surveying without using explosives 	26
	 survey pegging 	27
2	However, the following are not preliminary activities—	28
	(a) an authorised activity carried out on land that—	29
	(i) is less than 100ha; and	30

		(ii) is being used for intensive farming or broadacre agriculture;	1 2
		Examples—	3
		 land used for dryland or irrigated cropping, plantation forestry or horticulture 	4 5
		 a dairy, cattle or sheep feedlot, piggery or poultry farm 	6 7
	(b)	an authorised activity carried out within 600m of a school or an occupied residence;	8 9
	(c)	an authorised activity that affects the lawful carrying out of an organic or bio-organic farming system.	10 11 12
priv	ate la	nd—	13
1	Priv	vate land is—	14
	(a)	freehold land; or	15
	(b)	an interest in land less than fee simple held from the State under another Act.	16 17
2		vever, land is not private land to the extent of an rest in any of the following relating to the land—	18 19
	(a)	a mining interest;	20
	(b)	a petroleum authority or 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	21 22
	(c)	a GHG authority;	23
	(d)	a geothermal tenure;	24
	(e)	an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	25 26
3		o, land owned by a public land authority is not ate land.	27 28
publ	lic lar	ad means land other than—	29
(a)	priv	ate land; or	30

	(b)	to the extent an interest in any of the following relates to the land—		
		(i) a mining interest;	3	
		(ii) a petroleum authority or 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	4 5	
		(iii) a GHG authority;	6	
		(iv) a geothermal tenure;	7	
		(v) an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	8 9	
	notic notic	teant owner or occupier, for a provision about entry tes, means the owner or occupier to whom the entry te is to be given, or would be given, other than for an aption from the requirement to give an entry notice.	10 11 12 13	
	waiv	er of entry notice—	14	
	(a)	for chapter 5, part 2—means a waiver of entry notice mentioned in section 497 that complies with section 498(1); or	15 16 17	
	(b)	for chapter 5, part 3—see section 526(3).'.	18	
(3)	Sche	dule 2, definition occupier, paragraph 1(i)—	19	
	omit,	insert—	20	
		'(i) the person has a right to occupy the place, other than under a mining interest, petroleum authority, 1923 Act petroleum tenure, GHG authority or geothermal tenure; or'.	21 22 23 24	

Part 3 Division 1		Other amendments	1
		Amendment of Aboriginal Land Act 1991	2 3
479		ended s division and schedule 2, part 4 amend the <i>Aboriginal</i> and <i>Act 1991</i> .	4 5 6
480	Replace petrole	ement of s 42 (Reservations of minerals and um)	7 8
	Sec	tion 42—	9
	omi	it, insert—	10
'42	Resour	ce reservations under resource Acts	11
	rese	deed of grant of transferred land must contain the ervations to the State taken to be contained in the grant ler the following—	12 13 14
	•	the Geothermal Energy Act 2010, section 29	15
	•	the Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009, section 28	16
	•	the Mineral Resources Act 1989, section 8	17
	•	the Petroleum Act 1923, section 10	18
	•	the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004, section 27.'.	19 20
481	Replace petrole	ement of s 80 (Reservations of minerals and um)	21 22
	Sec	tion 80—	23
	omi	it. insert—	24

'80	Re	ource reserv	ations under other Acts	1
		contain the re	ant of granted land and an Aboriginal lease must eservations to the State taken to be contained in er the following—	2 3 4
		• the George	thermal Energy Act 2010, section 29	5
		• the Gree	enhouse Gas Storage Act 2009, section 28	6
		• the Mine	eral Resources Act 1989, section 8	7
		• the Petro	oleum Act 1923, section 10	8
			roleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act ection 27.'.	9 10
Divi	sion		mendment of Environmental	11 12
		-		12
482	Ac	amended		13
		This division Protection Ac	and schedule 2, part 4 amend the <i>Environmental</i> t 1994.	14 15
483	Am	endment of s	s 309A (What this chapter is about)	16
	(1)	Section 309A	(1)(b)—	17
		renumber as s	section 309A(1)(c).	18
	(2)	Section 309A	(1)—	19
		insert—		20
			mal activities, unless under the Geothermal Act vities are—	21 22
		pro	othermal exploration for exempt heat pump oduction or to evaluate the feasibility of exempt at pump production; or	23 24 25
		(ii) exe	empt heat pump production; or	26

		(iii) other geothermal production that, under the Geothermal Act, is not of a large-scale; and	1 2
		Notes—	3
		1 The Geothermal Act does not regulate activities mentioned in subparagraphs (i) and (ii). For the exclusions, see sections 16, 35, 77 and 321 of that Act.	4 5 6
		2 However, other legislation may regulate those activities. See the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> and the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> .'.	7 8 9
484		nendment of s 309D (What is a <i>relevant resource</i>	10 11
	(1)	Section 309D(2), definition <i>resource authority</i> , paragraphs (b) to (d)—	12 13
		renumber as paragraphs (c) to (e).	14
	(2)	Section 309D(2), definition resource authority—	15
		insert—	16
		'(b) a geothermal tenure under the Geothermal Act; or'.	17
485	Am	nendment of s 309l (Restriction)	18
		Section 309I—	19
		insert—	20
		'Note-	21
		A person can not apply for an environmental authority (chapter 5A activities) for the following activities because under section 309A(1)(b) they are not a chapter 5A activity—	22 23 24
		(a) geothermal exploration for any of the following—	25
		(i) exempt heat pump production;	26
		(ii) to evaluate the feasibility of exempt heat pump production;	27
		(b) geothermal production that, under the Geothermal Act, section 16 is not of a large-scale.'.	28 29

s	486

486	Ins		n of new ch 13, pt 16 pter 13—	1 2
		inse	•	3
'Paı	rt 16		Transitional provisions for Geothermal Energy Act 2010	4 5
'664			l of requirement for environmental authority ting authorised geothermal activities	6 7
	'(1)	This	s section applies if—	8
		(a)	immediately before the commencement of this section, a geothermal activity was authorised to be carried out under the repealed <i>Geothermal Exploration Act 2004</i> ; and	9 10 11 12
		(b)	a person was carrying out the activity before the commencement.	13 14
	'(2)	Sect	tion 426A does not apply to the person—	15
		(a)	within 12 months after the commencement; and	16
		(b)	if, within the 12 months, the person applies for an environmental authority (chapter 5A activities) for the carrying out of the activity—until the application has been decided.	17 18 19 20
'665			l of requirement for environmental authority sville geothermal lease	21 22
	'(1)	Geo	s section applies for the geothermal lease that, under the thermal Act, section 382(1) Ergon Energy is taken to have a granted on the date of assent of that Act.	23 24 25
	'(2)	pers	tion 426A does not apply to Ergon Energy or another on who, under the Geothermal Act, carries out an aorised activity for the lease—	26 27 28

		_	
		(a) within 12 months after the commencement of this section; and	1 2
		(b) if, within the 12 months, Ergon Energy applies for an environmental authority (chapter 5A activities) for authorised activities for the lease—until the application has been decided.	3 4 5 6
	' (3)	In this section—	7
		<i>Ergon Energy</i> means Ergon Energy Corporation Limited ACN 087 646 062 or anyone else who holds the lease mentioned in subsection (1).'.	8 9 10
487	Am	nendment of sch 4 (Dictionary)	11
	(1)	Schedule 4—	12
		insert—	13
		'Geothermal Act means the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.	14
		geothermal activities means—	15
		(a) activities that, under the Geothermal Act, are authorised activities for a geothermal tenure; or	16 17
		(b) rehabilitating or remediating environmental harm because of activities mentioned in paragraph (a); or	18 19
		(c) actions taken to prevent environmental harm because of activities mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b); or	20 21
		(d) activities required under a condition of an environmental authority for activities mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c); or	22 23 24
		(e) activities required under a condition of an environmental authority for activities mentioned in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) that has ended or ceased to have effect, if the condition—	25 26 27 28
		(i) continues to apply after the authority has ended or ceased to have effect; and	29 30
		(ii) has not been complied with.	31

		Note—	1
		For conditions that continue to apply after the authority has ended, see sections 309Z and 310O (Conditions that may and must be imposed).'.	2 3 4
	(2)	Schedule 4, definition greenhouse gas storage activities, 'an activity'—	5 6
		omit, insert—	7
		'activities'.	8
	(3)	Schedule 4, definition greenhouse gas storage activities, paragraph (c), 'action'—	9 10
		omit, insert—	11
		'actions'.	12
		Storage Act 2009	14
188	Act	t amended	15
		This division, part 1, division 3, part 2, division 1 and schedule 2, parts 1, 2 and 4 amend the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009</i> .	16 17 18
189	Am	nendment of s 183 (What is an <i>overlapping authority</i>)	19
	(1)	Section 183, heading, 'overlapping authority'—	20
		omit, insert—	21
		'overlapping resource authority'.	22
	(2)	Section 192(1)(h) and (a)	23
	(/	Section 183(1)(b) and (c)—	
	()	omit, insert—	24

		(c) a mining lease;	1
		(d) a petroleum lease.'.	2
400	Δ	and mont of a 107 (Other manicians about and offers	2
490	of (endment of s 187 (Other provisions about and effect GHG coordination arrangement)	3 4
		Section 187(1)(c), after 'coordination arrangement under the P&G Act'—	5 6
		insert—	7
		'or a geothermal coordination arrangement under the Geothermal Act'.	8 9
491		endment of s 197 (Content requirements for GHG	10
		tement)	11
	(1)	Section 197(1)(b)—	12
		omit.	13
	(2)	Section 197(2), before paragraph (b)—	14
		omit.	15
492		placement of ch 4, pt 4 (Priority to particular mining or roleum lease applications)	16 17
		Chapter 4, part 4—	18
		omit, insert—	19
'Part	4	Priority to particular lease	20
		applications	21
'214		lier geothermal, mining or petroleum lease	22 23
	чрр	'If—	23
		(a) a GHG lease application is made; and	25

		(b)	before the making of that application, an application (the <i>other application</i>) was made for a geothermal lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>); and	1 2 3 4
		(c)	the other application had not been decided before the making of the GHG lease application; and	5 6
		(d)	the other proposed lease is an overlapping resource authority for the proposed GHG lease;	7 8
			GHG lease application must not be decided until the other e application has been decided.	9 10
215			ed geothermal, mining or petroleum lease h EIS approval given	11 12
	'(1)	This	section applies for a GHG lease application if—	13
		(a)	before the making of the application, an approval under the Environmental Protection Act, chapter 3, part 2 was granted for the voluntary preparation of an EIS; and	14 15 16
		(b)	the EIS is for a project that is or includes a proposed geothermal lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	17 18 19 20
	'(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	21
		(a)	if no application is made for the other proposed lease within 2 years after the granting of the approval—the end of the 2 years; or	22 23 24
		(b)	if an application is made for the other proposed lease within the 2 years—that application is decided.	25 26
216			ed geothermal, mining or petroleum lease d a significant project	27 28
	'(1)	This	section applies for a GHG lease application if—	20

		(a)	before the making of the application, a significant project was declared; and	1 2
		(b)	the project is or includes a proposed geothermal lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	3 4 5
	'(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	6
		(a)	if no application is made for the other proposed lease within 1 year after the making of the declaration—the end of that year; or	7 8 9
		(b)	if an application is made for the other proposed lease within that year—that application is decided.'.	10 11
193		place se)	ment of s 219 (Overlapping mining or petroleum	12 13
		Sect	ion 219—	14
		omit	, insert—	15
219	Ov lea		ping geothermal, mining or petroleum	16 17
	'(1)		section applies if land is in the area of both of the owing—	18 19
		(a)	a GHG permit or GHG data acquisition authority (the <i>GHG authority</i>);	20 21
		(b)	a geothermal lease, mining lease or petroleum lease (a <i>relevant lease</i>).	22 23
	'(2)		vever, this section does not apply if the same person holds GHG authority and the relevant lease.	24 25
	'(3)		authorised activity for the GHG authority may be carried on the land only if—	26 27
		(a)	the relevant lease holder has not, in the way required under subsection (4), objected to—	28 29
			(i) the carrying out of the activity; or	30

		(ii) if the P&G Act safety provisions require a safety management plan for the GHG authority holder—the safety management plan; or	1 2 3
		(b) if an objection under paragraph (a) has been made—the Minister has, under section 221, decided the authorised activity may be carried out.	4 5 6
		Note—	7
		For notice of authorised activities, see section 223.	8
	'(4)	The objection must be in the approved form and given to the Minister and the GHG authority holder.	9 10
		Note—	11
		See also the Mineral Resources Act, section 403 (Offences regarding land subject to mining claim or mining lease).'.	12 13
494	aut	nendment of s 228 (Consistency with overlapping thority's development plan and with any relevant ordination arrangement)	14 15 16
	(1)	Section 228, heading, 'overlapping authority's'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		'overlapping resource authority's'.	19
	(2)	Section 228(1), after 'consistent with any'—	20
		insert—	21
		'geothermal coordination arrangement or'.	22
495		nendment of s 257 (Power to require information or ports about authorised activities to be kept or given)	23 24
	(1)	Section 257(1)(b), after 'notice'—	25
		insert—	26
		'in the approved form'.	27
	(2)	Section 257(3)—	28
		omit, insert—	29

	'(3)	A notice by the chief executive under subsection (1)(b) may state—	1 2
		(a) a format required for giving the information; and	3
		(b) a degree of precision required for the giving of the information.'.	4 5
496		endment of s 263 (Former petroleum wells assumed GHG tenure holder)	6 7
		Section 263, 'under the P&G Act, section 292(3)(c),'—	8
		omit, insert—	9
		', under the 1923 Act, section 75U or the P&G Act, section 292,'.	10 11
497	Am	endment of s 265 (Application of div 2)	12
		Section 265(b), 'under the P&G Act, section 292(3)(c),'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		', under the 1923 Act, section 75U or the P&G Act, section 292,'.	15 16
498	Am	endment of s 316 (Application of pt 9)	17
		Section 316(1)(e)—	18
		omit, insert—	19
		'(e) a geothermal tenure.'.	20
499		nendment of s 317 (Access to land in area of mining se or petroleum lease)	21 22
	(1)	Section 317, heading—	23
		omit, insert—	24
'317	Ace	cess if second authority is a lease'.	25
	(2)	Section 317, 'is a mining lease or a petroleum lease'—	26

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		omit,	, insert—	1	
		'is a	lease'.	2	
500			nent of s 318 (Access to land in area of another authority)	3 4	
	(1)	Secti	ion 318, heading—	5	
		omit,	, insert—	6	
'318	Ac	cess	if second authority is not a lease'.	7	
	(2)	Secti	ion 318(1), 'is not a mining lease or a petroleum lease'—	8	
		omit,	, insert—	9	
		is n	ot a lease'.	10	
501	Amendment of s 386 (Restriction on GHG storage activities)				
		Secti	ion 386(2)(a) and (b)—	13	
		omit,	, insert—	14	
		'(a)	was for the purpose of enhanced petroleum recovery and was authorised under the 1923 Act or the P&G Act; and	15 16	
		(b)	was for the purpose of production testing or geothermal production under the Geothermal Act and was authorised under that Act.'.	17 18 19	
502	Amendment of s 413 (Additional information may be required about application)				
		Secti	ion 413(3)—	22	
		omit,	, insert—	23	
	'(3)		subsection (1)(b), the notice may require the statutory aration—	24 25	
		(a)	to be made by an appropriately qualified independent person or by the applicant; or	26 27	

		(b) if the applicant is a corporation—to be made for the applicant by an executive officer of the applicant.'.	1 2
503	Am	endment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	3
	(1)	Schedule 2, definitions Geothermal Act and geothermal exploration permit—	4 5
		omit.	6
	(2)	Schedule 2—	7
		insert—	8
		'1923 Act petroleum tenure see the 1923 Act, section 2.	9
		Geothermal Act means the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.	10
		geothermal lease see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(b).	11
		geothermal permit see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(a).	12
		geothermal tenure see the Geothermal Act, section 19(2).	13
		resource Act see section 26A.'.	14
	(3)	Schedule 2, definition <i>dangerous situation</i> , 'petroleum or fuel gas or a GHG stream'—	15 16
		omit, insert—	17
		'geothermal activity under the Geothermal Act, a GHG stream or petroleum or fuel gas'.	18 19
	(4)	Schedule 2, definition dangerous situation, after 'inspector'—	20
		insert—	21
		'under the P&G Act'.	22
Divi	sion	4 Amendment of Land Title Act 1994	23
504	Act	t amended	24
		This division amends the Land Title Act 1994.	25

505	Am	endn	nent of s 185 (Exceptions to s 184)	1
	(1)		ion 185(1)—	2
		inse	rt—	3
		'(j)	the interest of a geothermal tenure holder under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> under an access agreement under that Act that—	4 5 6
			(i) was made before the registered proprietor became the registered proprietor of the lot; and	7 8
			(ii) under that Act, binds the registered proprietor.'.	9
	(2)	Sect	ion 185(1), note—	10
		omit	, insert—	11
		'Note	? 	12
			r when an access agreement mentioned in paragraph (h), (i) or (j) and the registered proprietor, see the following—	13 14
		•	for the <i>Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act</i> 2004—sections 507 and 509 of that Act	15 16
		•	for the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009</i> —sections 292 and 294 of that Act	17 18
		•	for the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> —sections 224 and 225 of that Act.'.	19 20
Divis	sion	5	Amendment of Mineral Resources Act 1989	21 22
506	Ac	t ame	ended	23
			division, part 1, division 4, part 2, division 2 and dule 2, part 2 amend the <i>Mineral Resources Act 1989</i> .	24 25
507			ment of s 3B (Relationship with Greenhouse Gas Act 2009)	26 27
		Sect	ion 3B—	28

		omit, insert—	1					
'3B		Relationship with Geothermal Energy Act 2010 and Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009						
		'The relationship between this Act, the <i>Geothermal Energy</i> Act 2010 (the Geothermal Act), the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage</i> Act 2009 (the GHG storage Act) and authorities under them is provided for under—	4 5 6 7					
		(a) part 7AAC; and	8					
		(b) the Geothermal Act, chapter 5; and	9					
		(c) the GHG storage Act, chapter 4.'.	10					
508	Amendment of s 51 (Land for which mining claim not to be granted)							
		Section 51(1)(f)—	13					
		omit.	14					
509		nendment of s 248 (Applicant must obtain consent or ws of existing authority holders)	15 16					
	(1)	Section 248(1), from 'land—'—	17					
		omit, insert—	18					
		'land in the area of an existing exploration permit, mineral development licence or mining lease (the <i>existing authority</i>) held by someone else.'.	19 20 21					
	(2)	Section 248(3), from 'application if—'—	22					
		omit, insert—	23					
		'application if the lease applied for is for different minerals to those covered by the existing authority.'.	24 25					

		endment of s 249 (Later applicant must obtain sent or views of earlier applicant if same land cted)	1 2 3
	(1)	Section 249(1)(a), 'geothermal exploration permit,'—	4
		omit.	5
	(2)	Section 249(3), from 'application if—'—	6
		omit, insert—	7
		'application if the lease applied for in the later application is over land covered by the earlier application and for different minerals to those covered by the earlier application.'.	8 9 10
	(3)	Section 249(6), from 'unless—'—	11
		omit, insert—	12
		'unless the earlier applicant's consent is lodged with the mining registrar.'.	13 14
	(4)	Section 249(7)—	15
		omit.	16
511	Rep	lacement of pt 7AAC (Provisions for GHG authorities)	17
		Part 7AAC—	18
		omit, insert—	19
'Part	: 7 A	- 10 1101010110 101 9 001111011	20
		tenures and GHG authorities	21
'Divis	sion	1 Preliminary	22
'318EL	_AM	Relationship with pts 3 to 7AAB	23
•	'(1)	Requirements and restrictions under this part apply as well as any relevant requirements and restrictions under parts 3 to 7AAB.	24 25 26

'(2)	If this part imposes a requirement for or a restriction on the granting of a mining lease, the mining lease can not be granted if the restriction applies or if the requirement has not been complied with.	1 2 3 4
' (3)	If a provision of this part conflicts with a provision of any of parts 3 to 7AAB the provision of this part prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	5 6 7
'(4)	This part does not otherwise limit or affect the requirements of parts 3 to 7AAB.	8 9
'(5)	Subsection (6) applies if this part imposes a requirement for or a restriction on the carrying out of an authorised activity for a mining tenement.	10 11 12
'(6)	Despite parts 3 and 7, the activity is not an authorised activity for the mining tenement while the restriction applies or if the requirement has not been complied with.	13 14 15
	l What is an <i>overlapping authority (geothermal or</i> HG)	16 17
'(1)	An <i>overlapping authority</i> (<i>geothermal or GHG</i>), for a mining tenement, is any geothermal tenure or GHG authority all or part of the area of which is in the mining tenement's area.	18 19 20
'(2)	An <i>overlapping authority</i> (<i>geothermal or GHG</i>), for a proposed mining tenement, is any geothermal tenure or GHG authority all or part of the area of which will, if the proposed mining tenement is granted, be in the mining tenement's area.	21 22 23 24
	General provision about mining tenements for land bject to geothermal tenure or GHG authority	25 26
	bject to geometrial tenare of arra admonty	
	'Subject to the other provisions of this part and parts 3 to 7AAB, the Geothermal Act, GHG storage Act, a geothermal tenure or a GHG authority does not limit or otherwise affect—	27 28 29

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		(geothermal or GHG) for the proposed mining tenement; or	1 2
	(b)	the carrying out of authorised activities for a mining tenement.	3 4
'Division	2	Obtaining mining lease if overlapping tenure	5 6
'Subdivi	sion	1 Preliminary	7
'318ELAP	Appl	ication of div 2	8
	ʻThi	s division applies if—	9
	(a)	a person (the <i>applicant</i>) wishes to make a mining lease application; and	10 11
	(b)	there is an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for the proposed mining lease; and	12 13
	(c)	the overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) is a geothermal tenure or GHG tenure (the <i>overlapping tenure</i>).	14 15 16
'Subdivi	sion	2 Requirements for application	17
'318ELAQ	Requ	uirements for making application	18
'(1)	The	mining lease application must include—	19
	(a)	a statement complying with section 318ELAR (an <i>information statement</i>); and	20 21
	(b)	other information addressing the matters mentioned in subsection (2) (the <i>assessment criteria</i>).	22 23

	Note—	1
	Part 7AA, division 9 also imposes development plan requirements for a proposed coal mining lease or oil shale mining lease.	2 3
'(2)	The assessment criteria are—	4
	(a) the potential for the parties to make the following for the proposed mining lease—	5 6
	(i) for a geothermal tenure—a geothermal coordination arrangement;	7 8
	(ii) for a GHG tenure—a GHG coordination arrangement; and	9 10
	(b) the economic and technical viability of the concurrent or coordinated carrying out of authorised activities for the proposed mining lease and the overlapping tenure; and	11 12 13
	(c) the public interest.	14
'318ELAR	Content requirements for information statement	15
	'The information statement must assess—	16
	(a) the likely effect of proposed activities under the proposed mining lease on the future carrying out of authorised activities for the overlapping tenure; and	17 18 19
	(b) the technical and commercial feasibility of coordinating the proposed activities and the future carrying out of the authorised activities.	20 21 22
'Subdivi	sion 3 Consultation provisions	23
'318ELAS	Applicant's information obligation	24
'(1)	The applicant must within 10 business days after making the mining lease application give the overlapping tenure holder a copy of the application.	25 26 27

'(2)	com	plied	nister is reasonably satisfied the applicant has not with subsection (1), the Minister may refuse the ase application.	1 2 3	
318ELA	Γ Subr	nissi	ons by overlapping tenure holder	4	
'(1)	the	The overlapping tenure holder may lodge submissions about the mining lease application (<i>holder submissions</i>) at the relevant departmental office.			
'(2)			holder submissions may be lodged only within 4 ter the holder is given a copy of the application.	8 9	
' (3)	Hol	der su	bmissions may do all or any of the following—	10	
	(a)		e that the holder does not object to the granting of proposed mining lease;	11 12	
	(b)		e overlapping tenure is a geothermal permit or GHG nit—	13 14	
		(i)	state that the holder does not wish any priority for the carrying out of authorised activities for any future lease that may arise from the permit (<i>overlapping authority priority</i>); or	15 16 17 18	
		(ii)	include a proposal by the overlapping tenure holder for the authorised activities for which overlapping authority priority is sought;	19 20 21	
	(c)		ade information about authorised activities carried under the overlapping tenure;	22 23	
	(d)	incl	ade information relevant to the assessment criteria.	24	
'(4)		hold missio	er must give the applicant a copy of the holder ns.	25 26	

'Subdivi	sion	4 Resource management decision if overlapping permit	1 2
318ELAU	Appl	ication of sdiv 4	3
'(1)	This	subdivision applies if—	4
	(a)	the overlapping tenure is a geothermal permit or GHG permit (the <i>overlapping permit</i>); and	5 6
	(b)	the overlapping permit holder has lodged holder submissions within 4 months after the holder was given a copy of the application; and	7 8 9
	(c)	the submissions state that the holder wishes overlapping authority priority.	10 11
'(2) However, this subdivision does not apply if under Geothermal Act, chapter 5 or the GHG storage Act, chapte overlapping authority priority has been given for any of relevant land.			
	Note-	_	16
		his subdivision does not apply, the mining lease application proceeds mediately to a decision under part 7 as affected by subdivision 7.	17 18
'318ELAV	Oper	ration of sdiv 4	19
		s subdivision provides for the Minister to make a decision resource management decision) about whether to—	20 21
	(a)	recommend, under section 271, the grant of the mining lease; or	22 23
	(b)	give any overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land; or	24 25
	(c)	not to recommend the granting of the mining lease and not to give any overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land.	26 27 28

'318ELAW	Crite	ria fo	or de	cision	1
	'The Minister must consider the following in making the resource management decision—				
	(a)	the i	nform	ation statement;	4
	(b)	the a	issessi	ment criteria;	5
	(c)	the h	older	submissions;	6
	(d)	the p	ublic	interest.	7
'318ELAX l	Restr	ictio	ns oı	n giving overlapping authority priority	8
'Overlapping authority priority may be given only if th Minister considers—					9 10
	(a)	eithe	er—		11
		(i)		unlikely the applicant and the overlapping it holder will enter into—	12 13
			(A)	for a geothermal permit—a geothermal coordination arrangement; or	14 15
			(B)	for a GHG permit—a GHG coordination arrangement; or	16 17
		(ii)	the p	rangement mentioned in subparagraph (i) for roposed mining lease is not commercially or nically feasible; and	18 19 20
	(b)	-		interest would be best served by not granting ease to the applicant first.	21 22
'Subdivis	sion	5		ocess if resource management	23
				cision is to give overlapping thority priority	24 25
'318ELAY	Appli	catio	n of	sdiv 5	26
	'This	sub	divisi	on applies only if under subdivision 4, a	27

	to g	curce management decision is required and the decision is give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the evant land.	1 2 3
318ELA	Z Noti	ce to applicant and overlapping permit holder	4
'(1)	ovei	chief executive must give the applicant and the clapping permit holder written notice of the resource tagement decision.	5 6 7
'(2)	with <i>auth</i>	notice must invite the overlapping permit holder to, an 6 months after the giving of the notice (the <i>overlapping nority application period</i>), apply for a lease as follows (an <i>clapping lease</i>) for the land mentioned in subsection (3)—	8 9 10 11
	(a)	if the overlapping permit is a geothermal permit—a geothermal lease;	12 13
	(b)	if the overlapping permit is a GHG permit—a GHG lease.	14 15
'(3)	For	subsection (2), the land is—	16
	(a)	if the overlapping authority priority is for all of the land—for all of the land; or	17 18
	(b)	if the priority is for part of the land—for that part.	19
210ELD	Λ Ονο	rlapping lease application for all of the land	20
			20
'(1)) I mis	s section applies if—	21
	(a)	the overlapping authority priority is for all of the land; and	22 23
	(b)	within the overlapping authority application period the overlapping permit holder applies for an overlapping lease for all of the land.	24 25 26

'(2)	A further step can not be taken to decide the mining lease application until after the overlapping lease application has been decided.	1 2 3
	Note—	4
	The Geothermal Act, chapter 5, part 5 and the GHG storage Act, chapter 4, part 5 provide for refusal of the overlapping lease application if it is not pursued in a timely manner.	5 6 7
'(3)	If the decision on the overlapping lease application is to grant an overlapping lease for all of the land, the mining lease application is taken to have lapsed.	8 9 10
318ELBB	Overlapping lease application for part of the land	11
'(1)	This section applies if the overlapping permit holder applies for an overlapping lease for part of the land within the overlapping authority application period.	12 13 14
'(2)	The person who made the mining lease application may amend it so that a mining lease is only sought for all or part of the rest of the land.	15 16 17
'(3)	Unless the amendment is made, a further step can not be taken to decide the mining lease application until after the overlapping lease application has been decided.	18 19 20
'(4)	If—	21
	(a) the amendment has not been made; and	22
	(b) the decision on the overlapping lease application is to grant an overlapping lease for part of the land;	23 24
	the person who made the mining lease application may amend it so that a mining lease is only sought for all or part of the rest of the land.	25 26 27
	Note—	28
	If the mining lease application is not amended, see section 318ELBF (Application may be refused if no reasonable prospects of future geothermal or GHG coordination arrangement).	29 30 31

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'318ELBC No overlapping lease application 'If the overlapping permit holder does not apply for an overlapping lease for any of the land within the overlapping							
au	overlapping lease for any of the land within the overlapping authority application period, the mining lease application may be decided.						
'Subdivisio	to recommend grant and not to give	6 7 8					
ʻ318ELBD La		9					
'The mining lease application is taken to have lapsed if—							
(a) under subdivision 4, a resource management decision is required; and							
(b	the decision was not to recommend the granting of the mining lease and not to give any overlapping authority priority for any of the relevant land.	13 14 15					
'Subdivisio	n 7 Deciding application	16					
318ELBE Ap	olication of sdiv 7	17					
'T	is subdivision applies only if—	18					
(a)	a copy of the application (the submission period) or at	19 20 21 22					
(b	submissions within the submission period stating that the holder does not wish any overlapping authority	23 24 25 26					

	(c)		r subdivision 4, a resource management decision is ired and—	1 2
		(i)	the resource management decision is not to give overlapping authority priority for any of the relevant land; or	3 4 5
		(ii)	the resource management decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land and after subdivision 5 has been complied with the Minister decides to recommend the granting of a mining lease for the land.	6 7 8 9 10
pro	spec	ts of	n may be refused if no reasonable future geothermal or GHG arrangement	11 12 13
'(1)	This	sectio	on applies if—	14
	(a)	overl atten	Minister is satisfied the applicant and the appling tenure holder have made reasonable apts to reach the following (a <i>relevant ingement</i>)—	15 16 17 18
		(i)	if the overlapping tenure is a geothermal permit—a proposed geothermal coordination arrangement;	19 20
		(ii)	if the overlapping tenure is a GHG permit—a proposed GHG coordination arrangement; and	21 22
	(b)	eithe	r—	23
		(i)	the overlapping tenure holder has lodged a written notice at the relevant departmental office stating there are no reasonable prospects of a relevant arrangement being made; or	24 25 26 27
		(ii)	a relevant arrangement has not been lodged for approval by the Minister and the Minister considers the applicant and the overlapping tenure holder have had a reasonable opportunity to make a relevant arrangement.	28 29 30 31 32

'(2)	mak	Minister may decide to refuse the application without ing any recommendation to the Governor in Council at the application.	1 2 3
'318ELBG lea		tional criteria for deciding provisions of mining	4 5
'(1)		aking a recommendation as follows, regard must be had e prescribed criteria—	6 7
	(a)	recommending conditions of the mining lease, to be determined under section 276(1)(n);	8 9
	(b)	recommending, under section 284, the term of the mining lease.	10 11
'(2)	In th	is section—	12
	pres	cribed criteria means all of the following—	13
	(a)	the information statement;	14
	(b)	the assessment criteria;	15
	(c)	any holder submissions;	16
	(d)	the effect of the mining lease on the safe and efficient carrying out of authorised activities for the overlapping tenure;	17 18 19
	(e)	for an overlapping permit—the effect of the mining lease on the safe and efficient carrying out of authorised activities for any future lease that may arise from the permit.	20 21 22 23
'318ELBH	Publ	ication of outcome of application	24
'(1)	the abou	r the Governor in Council decides whether or not to grant mining lease, the chief executive must publish a notice at the outcome of the mining lease application in or on at 1 of the following—	25 26 27 28
	(a)	the gazette;	29

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	(b)	the department's website;	1
	(c)	another publication the chief executive considers appropriate.	2 3
'(2)	The	notice must state—	4
	(a)	the decision; and	5
	(b)	if the decision was to grant the mining lease—all conditions decided by the Governor in Council; and	6 7
	(c)	if, under subdivision 4, a resource management decision is required and the decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the land—the decision and the reasons for it.	8 9 10 11
'(3)	cond may	ever, if the chief executive considers information in a ition is commercial-in-confidence, the chief executive instead of publishing the condition publish a statement t its intent.	12 13 14 15
Division	3	Priority to particular geothermal or GHG lease applications	16 17
		GHG lease applications r geothermal or GHG lease application	17
	Earlie	GHG lease applications r geothermal or GHG lease application	17 18
	Earlie 'If—	GHG lease applications r geothermal or GHG lease application	17 18 19
	Earlie 'If— (a)	GHG lease applications r geothermal or GHG lease application a mining lease application is made; and before the making of that application, an application (the other application) was made for a geothermal lease or GHG lease (the other proposed lease) but not	17 18 19 20 21 22 23

		mining lease application must not be decided until the or application has been decided.	1 2
		osed geothermal or GHG lease for which EIS Il given	3 4
' (1)	This	s section applies for a mining lease application if—	5
	(a)	before the making of the application, an approval under the Environmental Protection Act, chapter 3, part 2 was granted for the voluntary preparation of an EIS; and	6 7 8
	(b)	the EIS is for a project that is, or includes, a proposed geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	9 10 11
'(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	12
	(a)	if no application is made for the proposed lease within 1 year after the granting of the approval—the end of that year; or	13 14 15
	(b)	if an application is made for the proposed lease within that year—that application is decided.	16 17
	Prop ject	oosed GHG lease declared a significant	18 19
'(1)	This	s section applies for a mining lease application if—	20
	(a)	before the making of the mining lease application a significant project was declared; and	21 22
	(b)	the project is, or includes, a proposed geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	23 24 25
'(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	26
	(a)	if no application is made for the proposed lease within 1 year after the making of the declaration—the end of that year: or	27 28 20

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(b)	if an application is made for the proposed lease within that year—that application is decided.	1 2
'Division 4	Mining lease applications in response to invitation under Geothermal Act or GHG storage Act	3 4 5
'318ELBL Appl	ication of div 4	6
'Thi	s division applies if—	7
(a)	a mining lease application is made in response to an invitation given because of a resource management decision under the Geothermal Act or the GHG storage Act; and	8 9 10 11
(b)	the application is made within 6 months after the giving of the invitation.	12 13
'318ELBM Mini	ster may refuse application	14
the refus	Minister may, without making any recommendation to Governor in Council about the application, decide to se the application if satisfied the applicant has not in a ly manner—	15 16 17 18
(a)	taken any step for the application required of the applicant under part 7, part 7AA or this part; or	19 20
(b)	satisfied the Minister about a matter that, under part 7, part 7AA or this part, is required for the Minister to recommend the granting of the mining lease.	21 22 23

'Division 5		Additional provisions for particular mining tenements	1 2
'Subdivi s	sion ⁻	Restrictions on authorised activities for particular mining tenements	3 4
	Prosp G leas	ecting permit overlapping with geothermal or se	5
'(1)	This s	section applies if—	7
		land in the area of a prospecting permit is in the area of a geothermal lease or GHG lease; and	8 9
		the prospecting permit and the geothermal lease or GHG lease are not held by the same person.	10 11
'(2)		uthorised activity for the prospecting permit may be d out on the land only if—	12 13
		the geothermal lease or GHG lease holder has not, in the way required under subsection (3), objected to the carrying out of the activity; or	14 15 16
		if an objection under paragraph (a) has been made—the Minister has, under section 318ELBP, decided the authorised activity may be carried out.	17 18 19
	Note—		20
	For 1	notice of authorised activities, see section 318ELBS.	21
'(3)		objection must be written and given to the prospecting the holder and lodged at the relevant departmental office.	22 23
'318ELBO	Other	overlapping authorities	24
'(1)	and a	section applies if land is in the area of a mining tenement a geothermal tenure or GHG authority and section LBN does not apply.	25 26 27

'(2)		authorised activity for the mining tenement can not be led out on the land if—	1 2
	(a)	carrying out the activity adversely affects the carrying out of an authorised activity for the geothermal tenure or GHG authority; and	3 4 5
	(b)	the authorised activity for the geothermal tenure or GHG authority has already started.	6 7
'318ELBP	Resc	olving disputes	8
'(1)	lease	section applies if, under section 318ELBN, a geothermal e or GHG lease holder has objected to the carrying out of uthorised activity by a prospecting permit holder.	9 10 11
'(2)	This	section also applies if—	12
	(a)	section 318ELBO applies to a mining tenement holder and a geothermal tenure or GHG authority holder; and	13 14
	(b)	there is a dispute between the holders about whether an authorised activity for the mining tenement can be carried out under that section.	15 16 17
'(3)		er of the parties may, by a notice in the approved form, the Minister to decide—	18 19
	(a)	for section 318ELBN—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section; or	20 21
	(b)	for section 318ELBO—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section.	22 23
'(4)	a re	ore making the decision, the Minister must give the parties asonable opportunity to make submissions about the est within a reasonable period.	24 25 26
'(5)	cons	Minister must, after complying with subsection (4) and sidering any submission made under that subsection, de the matter and give the parties notice of the decision.	27 28 29
'(6)	The	Minister's decision binds the parties.	30

(7)		
'(7)	If the request is about a matter mentioned in subsection (1), the Minister may impose conditions on any decision that the authorised activity may be carried out.	1 2 3
'(8)	In this section—	4
	parties means—	5
	(a) for a request about a matter mentioned in subsection (1)—the authority to prospect holder and the geothermal lease or GHG lease holder; or	6 7 8
	(b) for a request about a matter mentioned in subsection (2)—the mining tenement holder and the geothermal tenure or GHG authority holder.	9 10 11
'Subdivi	sion 2 Provisions about conditions	12
pa	Notice by particular mining tenement holders to rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants	13 14 15
pa	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or	14
pa ap	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants	14 15
pa ap	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants This section applies if—	14 15 16
pa ap	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants This section applies if— (a) a mining tenement as follows is granted—	14 15 16 17
pa ap	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants This section applies if— (a) a mining tenement as follows is granted— (i) a mining claim;	14 15 16 17
pa ap	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants This section applies if— (a) a mining tenement as follows is granted— (i) a mining claim; (ii) a mineral development licence;	14 15 16 17 18
pa ap	rticular geothermal tenure or GHG authority holders or plicants This section applies if— (a) a mining tenement as follows is granted— (i) a mining claim; (ii) a mineral development licence; (iii) an exploration permit; and (b) land in the mining tenement's area is in the area of, or in a proposed area under an application for, a geothermal tenure or GHG authority other than a geothermal lease	12 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23

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	(b) the mining tenement holder's name; and	1
	(c) the term of the mining tenement.	2
	Restriction on recommendation to vary conditions particular mining leases	3 4
	'If there is an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for a mining lease, a recommendation under section 294 for the variation of a condition of the mining lease must not be made unless the interests of the authority holder have been considered.	5 6 7 8 9
	Condition to notify particular authority holders of posed start of designated activities	10 11
'(1)	This section applies to a mining tenement holder if there is either of the following (the <i>other authority</i>) for the mining tenement—	12 13 14
	(a) an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG);	15
	(b) a geothermal tenure or GHG authority sharing a common boundary with the mining tenement.	16 17
'(2)	Before the mining tenement holder first starts a designated activity in the other authority's area, the mining tenement holder must give the other authority holder at least 30 business days notice of the activity.	18 19 20 21
'(3)	A notice under subsection (2) must be written and state—	22
	(a) when the designated activity is to start; and	23
	(b) where the designated activity is to be carried out; and	24
	(c) the nature of the activity.	25
'(4)	Before changing the land on which the designated activity is being carried out, the mining tenement tenure holder must give the other authority holder at least 30 business days notice in writing stating where the activity is to be carried out.	26 27 28 29

	'(5)	Compliance with this section is a condition of the mining tenement.					
	'(6)	In this section—	3				
		designated activity means any authorised activity for the mining tenement, other than—	4 5				
		(a) an authorised activity for the mining tenement that is the same as or similar to an incidental activity under the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act, section 33 or 112; or	6 7 8 9				
		(b) an activity only involving selecting places where other authorised activities for the mining tenement may be carried out.	10 11 12				
318E	COC	Requirement to continue geothermal or GHG or	13 14 15				
	'(1)	This section applies if—	16				
		(a) a mining lease has an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) that is a geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>other lease</i>); and	17 18 19				
		(b) a geothermal coordination arrangement or GHG coordination arrangement applies to the mining lease; and	20 21 22				
		(c) a renewal, assignment, consolidation or subletting takes place for the mining lease.	23 24				
	'(2)	It is a condition of the mining lease that its holder must continue to be a party to a GHG coordination arrangement for the mining lease while the other lease continues in force.'.	25 26 27				
512		endment of s 403 (Offences regarding land subject to ling claim or mining lease)	28 29				
		Section 403(1)(d), 'Geothermal Exploration Act 2004'—	30				

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		omit, inser	<i>t</i> —	1		
		'Geotherm	aal Act'.	2		
513	Ins	Insertion of new pt 19, div 13, sdiv 3				
		Part 19, di	vision 13, as inserted under this Act—	4		
		insert—		5		
'Sub	divi	sion 3	Provisions for enactment of Geothermal Energy Act 2010	6 7		
'780	Definitions for sdiv 3					
		'In this sub	odivision—	9		
		permit und	geothermal permit means a geothermal exploration der the repealed Geothermal Exploration Act 2004 or the Geothermal Act, chapter 9, part 2 becomes a l permit.	10 11 12 13		
		<i>start day</i> n	neans the day section 318ELAM commences.	14		
'781	Existing mining tenement applications					
	'(1)	This section	on applies to a mining tenement application if—	16		
		(a) it wa	s made before the start day; and	17		
			e is an overlapping geothermal tenure for the osed mining tenement.	18 19		
	'(2)	-	led coordination provisions cease to apply to the lement application.	20 21		
	'(3)	Part 7AAC	C applies to the mining tenement application.	22		
	'(4)		ning tenement application is for a mining lease, s (5) to (9) apply for the application of part 7AAC section (3).	23 24 25		

'(5)	The mining lease application is taken to have been validly made even though it was made without complying with the requirements under section 318ELAQ.	1 2 3
'(6)	However, the applicant must, as soon as practicable after the start day, lodge with the mining registrar documents for the mining lease application that comply with the requirements.	4 5 6
'(7)	A reference to a mining lease application is taken to be a reference to the mining lease application and the documents.	7 8
'(8)	A reference to the making of a mining lease application is taken to be a reference to the lodgement of the documents.	9 10
'(9)	In this section—	11
	converted geothermal permit application means a tender under the repealed Geothermal Exploration Act 2004 for a proposed geothermal exploration permit that, under the Geothermal Act, chapter 9, part 2 becomes an application for a geothermal permit.	12 13 14 15 16
	overlapping geothermal tenure means a geothermal tenure that is an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for the proposed mining tenement, as defined under section 318ELAN.	17 18 19 20
	repealed coordination provisions means the following provisions as in force before the start day—	21 22
	(a) sections 51 and 248 to the extent they applied for a converted geothermal permit;	23 24
	(b) section 249 to the extent it applied for a converted geothermal permit application.	25 26
	isting mining claims consented to by othermal permit holder	27 28
'(1)	This section applies to a mining claim granted before the start day for land in the area of a converted geothermal permit.	29 30

'782

	'(2)	Part 7AAC, division 5, subdivision 1 does not apply if the permit holder's written consent to the grant was given under section 51(1)(f) as in force before the start day.	1 2 3
		Editor's note—	4
		Part 7AAC, division 5, subdivision 1 (Restrictions on authorised activities for particular mining tenements).'.	5 6
514	Am	nendment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	7
	(1)	Schedule, definitions applicant, second mention, geothermal exploration permit, GHG assessment criteria, GHG public interest, GHG statement, holder submissions, overlapping authority priority, overlapping GHG authority and overlapping GHG lease application period—	8 9 10 11 12
		omit.	13
	(2)	Schedule 2—	14
		insert—	15
		'applicant, for part 7AAC, see section 318ELAP(a).	16
		assessment criteria, for part 7AAC, see section 318ELAQ(1)(b).	17 18
		Geothermal Act see section 3B.	19
		<i>geothermal coordination arrangement</i> see the Geothermal Act, section 137(4).	20 21
		geothermal lease see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(b).	22
		geothermal permit see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(a).	23
		geothermal tenure see the Geothermal Act, section 19(2).	24
		holder submissions see section 318ELAT(1).	25
		<i>information statement</i> , for part 7AAC, see section 318ELAQ(1)(a).	26 27
		<i>overlapping authority application period</i> , for part 7AAC, see section 318ELAZ(2).	28 29

			<i>lappir</i> ELAN	g authority (geothermal o	or GHG) see section	1 2
		over	lappir	g authority priority see secti	ion 318ELAT(3)(b)(i).	3
		over	lappir	g lease, for part 7AAC, see s	section 318ELAZ(2).	4
				g permit , for part 7(1)(a).'.	7AAC, see section	5 6
	(3)	Sche	dule,	definition authorised activity	·—	7
		inse	rt—			8
		'4	activ	nuthorised activity, for a general that its holder is, under the enure, entitled to carry out in	the Geothermal Act or	9 10 11
Divi	Division 6 Amendment of Pest Management Act 2001					12 13
515	Ac	t ame	nded			14
		This	divis	on amends the Pest Manager	ment Act 2001.	15
516	Am	nendr	nent	of s 7 (Non-application of	f Act)	16
		Sect	ion 7(·)—		17
		omit	, inse	<i>t</i> —		18
		'(f)	a pe	t control activity that—		19
			(i)	relates to using a chemica preservation on a commercia		20 21
			(ii)	is an environmentally releve Environmental Protection Act		22 23
			Note-	_		24
				e also section 145 (Non-application servative treatment under authorisms		25 26

517	Amendment of pt 7 hdg (Savings and transitional provisions)					
		Part 7, heading, after 'provisions'—	3			
		insert—	4			
		'for Act No. 103 of 2001'.	5			
518	Insertion of new pt 8					
		After section 144—	7			
		insert—	8			
'Par	t 8	Transitional provision for repeal of Act No. 30 of 1987	9 10			
'145		n-application of Act to use of timber preservative atment under authorisation This Act does not apply to the use by a person of a preservative treatment if—				
		(a) an existing approval for the treatment is in force; and	15			
		(b) the person uses the treatment under an existing authorisation that is in force.	16 17			
		Note—	18			
		Particular existing approvals and authorisations continue in force for a limited period under the <i>Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route) Management Act 2002</i> , chapter 11, part 3 (Savings and transitional provisions for repeal of Act No. 30 of 1987).	19 20 21 22			
	'(2)	In this section—	23			
		existing approval means an approval of a preservative treatment for timber under section 15 of the repealed Act, whether the approval was made on the TUMA chief executive's own volition or because of an application under section 16 of that Act	24 25 26 27 28			

	<i>existing authorisation</i> means an authorisation under section 22(1)(a)(i) of the repealed Act to use a preservative treatment for which there is an existing approval.	1 2 3
	<i>preservative treatment</i> means treatment by a chemical substance to—	4 5
	(a) protect timber from attack by wood-destroying animals, bacteria or fungi; or	6 7
	(b) increase timber's—	8
	(i) resistance to fire, moisture change, decomposition or degradation; or	9 10
	(ii) dimensional stability.	11
	repealed Act means the repealed Timber Utilisation and Marketing Act 1987.	12 13
	Note—	14
	The repealed Act was repealed under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , section 380.	15 16
	<i>timber</i> means the wood of any tree, shrub, palm, grass or vine, including, for example, hardboard, chipboard, particle board, fibre board, insulation board and similar materials and plywood.	17 18 19 20
	TUMA chief executive means the chief executive of the department in which the repealed Act was administered.'.	21 22
Division	7 Amendment of Petroleum Act 1923	23
519 Act	t amended	24
	This division, part 1, division 5, part 2, division 3 and schedule 2, parts 2 and 4 amend the <i>Petroleum Act 1923</i> .	25 26

520	Amendment of s 2 (Definitions)					
	(1)	Section 2, definition first tenure, overlapping GHG authority, second tenure—				
		omit.	4			
	(2)	Section 2—	5			
		insert—	6			
		'first authority, for part 6J, see section 79M(1).	7			
		Geothermal Act see section 4A.	8			
		geothermal activity see the Geothermal Act, section 18.	9			
		<i>geothermal coordination arrangement</i> see the Geothermal Act, section 137(4).	10 11			
		geothermal lease see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(b).	12			
		geothermal permit see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(a).				
		geothermal tenure see the Geothermal Act, section 19(2).				
		overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG), for part 6FA, see section 78CB.	15 16			
		overlapping tenure, for part 6FA, see section 78CH(b).	17			
		second authority, for part 6J, see section 79M(1).'.	18			
	(3)	Section 2, definition authorised activity—	19			
		insert—	20			
		'4 An <i>authorised activity</i> , for a geothermal tenure, is an activity that its holder is, under the Geothermal Act or the tenure, entitited to carry out or exercise in relation to the tenure.'.	21 22 23 24			
521		placement of s 4A (Relationship with Greenhouse Gas brage Act 2009)	25 26			
		Section 4A—	27			
		omit, insert—	28			

'4A	Relationship with Geothermal Act and Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009	1 2
	'The relationship between this Act, the <i>Geothermal Energy</i> Act 2010 (the Geothermal Act) and the <i>Greenhouse Gas</i> Storage Act 2009 (the GHG storage Act) and authorities under them is provided for under—	3 4 5 6
	(a) section 40(1A) and part 6FA; and	7
	(b) the Geothermal Act, chapter 5; and	8
	(c) the GHG storage Act, chapter 4.'.	9
522	Omission of s 24A (Prohibition on carrying out activities prohibited under Geothermal Exploration Act 2003)	10 11
	Section 24A—	12
	omit.	13
523	Amendment of s 40 (Lease to holder of authority to prospect)	14 15
	Section 40(1A), 'or a GHG storage activity'—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	', a GHG authority or a geothermal tenure'.	18
524	Replacement of s 75R (Transfer of well to holder of geothermal exploration permit or mining tenement)	19 20
	Section 75R—	21
	omit, insert—	22
'75R	Transfer of well to holder of geothermal tenure or mining tenement	23 24
	'A 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder may transfer a well in the 1923 Act petroleum tenure's area to the holder of a geothermal tenure or mining tenement if—	25 26 27

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	(a)		well is in the geothermal tenure's or mining ement's area; and	1 2
	(b)		otice in the approved form and the transfer fee scribed under a regulation have been lodged at—	3 4
		(i)	the office of the department for lodging the notice, as stated in a gazette notice by the chief executive; or	5 6 7
		(ii)	if no office is gazetted under subparagraph (i)—the office of the chief executive; and	8 9
	(c)	the l	Minister approves the transfer.'.	10
525 Rei	olace	men	t of pt 6FA (Provisions for GHG authorities)	11
,	Part			12
	omit,	inse	rt—	13
'Part 6F	Α		Provisions for geothermal tenures and GHG authorities	14
			terrares and arra admornies	15
'Division	1		Preliminary	16
'78CA Rel	ation	ship	with other provisions	17
'(1)	any	relev	ents and restrictions under this part apply as well as vant requirements and restrictions under another of this Act.	18 19 20
'(2)		-	t does not otherwise limit or affect relevant ents or restrictions under another provision of this	21 22 23

'78CB	Wh:		an overlapping authority (geothermal or	1 2
		Act auth	overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG), for a 1923 petroleum tenure, is any geothermal tenure or GHG ority all or part of the area of which is in the 1923 Act oleum tenure's area.	3 4 5 6
'78CC	ten	ures	provision about 1923 Act petroleum for land subject to geothermal tenure or thority	7 8 9
		Act, auth	oject to the other provisions of this part, the Geothermal GHG storage Act, a geothermal tenure or a GHG ority does not limit or otherwise affect the carrying out of orised activities for a 1923 Act petroleum tenure.	10 11 12 13
'Divis	ion	2	Restrictions on authorised activities for authorities to prospect	14 15
'78CD	Ove	erlap	ping geothermal or GHG lease	16
4	(1)	This	s section applies if—	17
		(a)	land in the area of an authority to prospect is in the area of a geothermal lease or GHG lease; and	18 19
		(b)	the authority to prospect and the GHG lease are not held by the same person.	20 21
6	(2)		authorised activity for the authority to prospect may be ied out on the land only if—	22 23
		(a)	the geothermal lease or GHG lease holder has not in the way required under subsection (3), objected to the carrying out of the activity; or	24 25 26
		(b)	if an objection under paragraph (a) has been made—the Minister has, under section 78CF, decided the authorised activity may be carried out	27 28

	Note-	_	1
	For	r notice of authorised activities, see section 78CM.	2
'(3)		objection must be written, given to the authority to pect holder and lodged at the relevant departmental office.	3 4
	erlap:	s with geothermal permit or particular GHG ies	5 6
'(1)		section applies if land is in the area of an authority to pect and any of the following (the <i>other authority</i>)—	7 8
	(a)	a geothermal permit;	9
	(b)	a GHG authority other than a GHG lease.	10
'(2)		authorised activity for the authority to prospect can not be led out on the land if—	11 12
	(a)	carrying out the activity adversely affects the carrying out of an authorised activity for the other authority; and	13 14
	(b)	the authorised activity for the other authority has already started.	15 16
'78CF Re	solvir	ng disputes about the restrictions	17
'(1)	lease	section applies if, under section 78CD, a geothermal e or GHG lease holder has objected to the carrying out of uthorised activity by an authority to prospect holder.	18 19 20
'(2)	auth auth	section also applies if there is a dispute between an ority to prospect holder and a geothermal permit or GHG ority holder about whether an authorised activity for the ority to prospect can be carried out under section 78CE.	21 22 23 24
'(3)		er of the parties may by a notice in the approved form ask Minister to decide—	25 26
	(a)	for section 78CD—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section; or	27 28
	(b)	for section 78CE—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section	29

'(4)	a rea	re making the decision, the Minister must give the parties asonable opportunity to make submissions about the est within a reasonable period.	1 2 3			
'(5)	consi	Minister must after complying with subsection (4) and sidering any submission made under that subsection, de the matter and give the parties notice of the decision.				
'(6)	The I	Minister's decision binds the parties.	7			
'(7)	the N	f the request is about a matter mentioned in subsection (1), he Minister may impose conditions on any decision that the authorised activity may be carried out.				
'(8)	In thi	is section—	11			
	parti	es means—	12			
	(a)	for a request about a matter mentioned in subsection (1)—the authority to prospect holder and the geothermal lease or GHG lease holder; or	13 14 15			
	(b)	for a request about a matter mentioned in subsection (2)—the authority to prospect holder and the geothermal permit or GHG authority holder.	16 17 18			
Division	3	Leases with overlapping geothermal tenure or GHG authority	19 20			
Subdivis	sion	1 Continuance of coordination arrangements after renewal or dealing	21 22 23			
		ment to continue geothermal or GHG ition arrangement	24 25			
'(1)	This	section applies if—	26			
	(a)	a lease under this Act has an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) that is a geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>other lease</i>); and	27 28 29			

	(b)	a geothermal coordination arrangement or GHG coordination arrangement applies to the lease under this Act; and	1 2 3
	(c)	any of the following take place for the lease under this Act—	4 5
		(i) a renewal;	6
		(ii) a transfer;	7
		(iii) a subletting of the lease or a share in the lease.	8
'(2)	cont	a condition of the lease under this Act that its holder must inue to be a party to the following for the lease while the r lease continues in force—	9 10 11
	(a)	if the other lease is a geothermal lease—a geothermal coordination arrangement;	12 13
	(b)	if the other lease is a GHG lease—a GHG coordination arrangement.	14 15
'Subdivi	sion	2 Later development plans	16
^{'78CH Op}	eratio	on of sdiv 2	17
		s subdivision imposes additional requirements for a losed later development plan for a lease if—	18 19
	(a)	there is an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for the lease; and	20 21
	(b)	the overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) is a geothermal tenure or a GHG tenure (the <i>overlapping tenure</i>).	22 23 24
	teme der	ent about interests of overlapping tenure	25 26
		e proposed plan must include a statement of how the ets on and the interests of the overlapping tenure holder	27 28

		or have not been considered having regard to the wing—	1 2
	(a)	the provisions of the 2004 Act, chapter 9;	3
	(b)	the attempts made by the applicant to consult with the overlapping tenure holder about the applicant's proposed development plan and proposed safety management plan for the lease;	4 5 6 7
	(c)	any changes to the proposed plans to give effect to any reasonable proposal by the overlapping tenure holder;	8 9
	(d)	the economic and technical viability of the concurrent or coordinated carrying out of authorised activities for the proposed lease and the overlapping tenure;	10 11 12
	(e)	the public interest.	13
dev	/elop	ency with overlapping tenure's ment plan and with any relevant ation arrangement	14 15 16
'(1)	will geotl	ne extent the area of the lease and the overlapping tenure coincide, the proposed plan must be consistent with any hermal coordination arrangement or GHG coordination agement for that area.	17 18 19 20
'(2)		section (3) applies only if the overlapping tenure is a hermal lease or GHG lease.	21 22
'(3)	the o	proposed plan must to the extent the area of the lease and overlapping tenure coincide or will coincide, be consistent the overlapping tenure's development plan.	23 24 25

'Division	4		Provisions for all 1923 Act petroleum tenures	1 2
'Subdivi	sion	1	Safety management plans	3
			s for consultation with particular enure holders	4 5
'(1)	This	section	on applies if—	6
	(a)	opera	rson (an <i>operator</i>) proposes to be an operator of ating plant in the area of a 1923 Act petroleum re; and	7 8 9
	(b)	be ca and o over	ities (<i>relevant activities</i>) carried out, or proposed to arried out, at the plant may adversely affect the safe efficient carrying out of authorised activities for an lapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for the 1923 petroleum tenure; and	10 11 12 13 14
	(c)		overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) is an lapping tenure.	15 16
'(2)	each with	opera	y operator may operate relevant operating plant, ator must have made reasonable attempts to consult verlapping tenure holder about relevant activities for	17 18 19 20
'(3)	tenu	re hol	s more than 1 operator, the 1923 Act petroleum der may coordinate the consultation between the and the overlapping tenure holder.	21 22 23
'(4)			ection (2), an operator is taken to have made attempts to consult if—	24 25
	(a)	of to mana plant	operator gives the overlapping tenure holder a copy the parts of the operator's proposed safety agement plan concerning any relevant operating to the operator proposes to operate for the relevant ities; and	26 27 28 29 30

	(b) the overlapping tenure holder has not within 30 days after the giving of the copy made any proposal to the operator about provisions for the plan.	1 2 3
'(5)	An operator must, before making or remaking a safety management plan for any relevant operating plant the operator operates or proposes to operate, have regard to any reasonable provisions for the plan proposed by the overlapping tenure holder concerning relevant activities for the plant.	4 5 6 7 8
'(6)	However, the obligation under subsection (5) applies only to the extent the provisions are commercially and technically feasible for the operator or any relevant 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder.	9 10 11 12
'(7)	If an operator makes a safety management plan for relevant operating plant and the plan includes provisions proposed by the overlapping tenure holder, the operator must—	13 14 15
	(a) give the overlapping tenure holder a copy; and	16
	(b) lodge at the relevant departmental office a notice stating any provisions proposed under subsection (5) and whether they were included in the plan.	17 18 19
'(8)	In this section—	20
	<i>remaking</i> , a safety management plan, includes an amendment or remaking of the plan of a type required under the 2004 Act, section 678.	21 22 23
dis	plication of 2004 Act provisions for resolving putes about reasonableness of proposed ovision	24 25 26
'(1)	This section applies if a dispute exists between an operator to which section 78CK applies and an overlapping tenure holder about the reasonableness of a provision proposed by the overlapping tenure holder for the operator's proposed safety management plan.	27 28 29 30 31
'(2)	The 2004 Act, section 387, chapter 12 and schedule 1 apply to the dispute as if it were a dispute to which that section applies.	32 33

	Editor's note— 2004 Act, chapter 12 and schedule 1 (Reviews and appeals)	1 2
'Subdivi	sion 2 Other provisions	3
78CM Co	ndition to notify particular authority holders of posed start of designated activities	4 5
'(1)	This section applies to a 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder if there is either of the following (the <i>other authority</i>) for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure—	6 7 8
	(a) an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG);	9
	(b) a geothermal tenure or GHG authority sharing a common boundary with the 1923 Act petroleum tenure.	10 11
'(2)	Before the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder first starts a designated activity in the other authority's area, the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder must give the other authority holder at least 30 business days notice of the activity.	12 13 14 15
'(3)	A notice under subsection (2) must state—	16
	(a) when the designated activity is to start; and	17
	(b) where the designated activity is to be carried out; and	18
	(c) the nature of the activity.	19
'(4)	Before changing the land on which the designated activity is being carried out, the 1923 Act petroleum tenure holder must give the other authority holder at least 30 business days notice stating where the activity is to be carried out.	20 21 22 23
'(5)	Compliance with this section is a condition of the 1923 Act petroleum tenure.	24 25
'(6)	In this section—	26
	<i>designated activity</i> means any authorised activity for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure, other than—	27 28

		(a) an authorised activity for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure that is the same as or similar to an incidental activity under the 2004 Act, section 33 or 112; or	1 2 3
		(b) an activity only involving selecting places where other authorised activities for the 1923 Act petroleum tenure may be carried out.	4 5 6
'78CN	Res	striction on power to amend	7
		'If, for a 1923 Act petroleum tenure, there is an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) that is an overlapping tenure, the 1923 Act petroleum tenure may be amended under section 125 only if the interests of the overlapping tenure holder have been considered.'.	8 9 10 11 12
526	ano	placement of pt 6J hdg (Access to land in area of ther 1923 Act petroleum tenure, a 2004 Act petroleum hority or a mining tenement)	13 14 15
		Part 6J, heading—	16
		omit, insert—	17
'Part	6J	Access to land in area of particular other authorities'.	18 19
527	Am	endment of s 79M (Application of pt 6J)	20
	(1)	Section 79M(1), '(the <i>first tenure</i>)'—	21
		omit, insert—	22
		'(the first authority)'.	23
	(2)	Section 79M(1), after '2004 Act petroleum authority'—	24
		insert—	25
		', a geothermal tenure'.	26
	(3)	Section 70M(1) '(the second tenure)'_	27

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		omit, insert—	1		
		'(the second authority)'.	2		
528		nendment of s 79N (Access to land in area of lease der this Act, a 2004 Act lease or a mining lease)	3 4		
	(1)	Section 79N, heading—	5		
		omit, insert—	6		
'79N	Ac	cess if second authority is a lease'.	7		
	(2)	Section 79N, 'second tenure'—	8		
		omit, insert—	9		
		'second authority'.	10		
	(3)	Section 79N, 'first tenure'—	11		
		omit, insert—	12		
		'first authority'.	13		
	(4)	Section 79N, 'is a lease under this Act, a 2004 Act lease or a mining lease'—	14 15		
		omit, insert—	16		
		'is a lease'.	17		
529		nendment of s 790 (Access to land in area of another be of mining tenement or 1923 Act petroleum tenure)	18 19		
	(1)	Section 79O, heading—	20		
		omit, insert—	21		
'790	Access if second authority is not a lease'.				
	(2)	Section 79O, 'second tenure'—	23		
		omit, insert—	24		
		'second authority'.	25		
	(3)	Section 79O, 'first tenure'—	26		

		omit, insert—	
		'first authority'.	
	(4)	Section 79O(1), 'is not a mining lease, a 2004 Act lease or a petroleum lease'—	
		omit, insert—	
		'is not a lease'.	
Divi	sion	8 Amendment of Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004	;
530	Ac	t amended	
		This division, part 1, division 6, part 2, division 4 and schedule 2, parts 1, 2 and 4 amend the <i>Petroleum and Gas</i> (<i>Production and Safety</i>) <i>Act</i> 2004.	
531	Ge	nendment of s 3A (Secondary purpose—facilitation of othermal Exploration Act 2004 and Greenhouse Gas orage Act 2009)	
	(1)	Section 3A, heading, 'Geothermal Exploration Act 2004'—	
		omit, insert—	
		'Geothermal Energy Act 2010'.	
	(2)	Section 3A(1), 'Geothermal Exploration Act 2004'—	
		omit, insert—	,
		'Geothermal Energy Act 2010 (the Geothermal Act)'.	,
	(3)	Section 3A(2)—	
		omit, insert—	,
	'(2)	The Geothermal Act is facilitated by—	,

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		(a)	applying provisions of this Act about safety to particular authorised activities for geothermal tenures under that Act; and	1 2 3
		(b)	applying provisions of this Act about investigations and some of its provisions about enforcement for that Act.'.	4 5
532	Re	place	ment of s 6B (Relationship with GHG storage Act)	6
		Sect	ion 6B—	7
		omit	t, insert—	8
'6B		atior rage	nship with Geothermal Act and GHG Act	9 10
		the (e relationship between this Act, the Geothermal Act and GHG storage Act and authorities under them is provided under—	11 12 13
		(a)	chapter 3A; and	14
		(b)	the Geothermal Act, chapter 5; and	15
		(c)	the GHG storage Act, chapter 4.'.	16
533	Am		ment of s 22 (What is an <i>authorised activity</i>)	17
		Sect	ion 22—	18
		inse	rt—	19
	' (4)	that	its holder is, under the Geothermal Act or the tenure, ited to carry out or exercise in relation to the tenure.'.	20 21 22
534	hol		ement of s 289 (Transfer of petroleum well to of geothermal exploration permit or mining ont)	23 24 25
		Sect	ion 289—	26
		omit	t, insert—	27

			etroleum well to holder of geothermal ning tenement	1 2
	the	petrol	eum tenure holder may transfer a petroleum well in eum tenure's area to the holder of a geothermal mining tenement if—	3 4 5
	(a)		well is in the geothermal tenure's or mining ment's area; and	6 7
	(b)		otice in the approved form and the transfer fee cribed under a regulation have been lodged at—	8 9
		(i)	the office of the department for lodging the notice, as stated in a gazette notice by the chief executive; or	10 11 12
		(ii)	if no office is gazetted under subparagraph (i)—the office of the chief executive.'.	13 14
535 R	eplace	men	t of ch 3A (Provisions for GHG authorities)	15
	Cha	pter 3	A—	16
	omit	, inse	rt—	17
'Chap	oter 3	BA	Provisions for geothermal tenures and GHG authorities	18 19 20
'Part 1			Preliminary	21
'392AA I	Relatio	nship	o with chs 2 and 3	22
'(1	the	granti	ents and restrictions under this chapter relating to ing of a petroleum tenure apply as well as any equirements under chapter 2 or 3.	23 24 25
'(2	*		pter imposes a requirement for or a restriction on the of a petroleum tenure, it can not be granted if the	26 27

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	restriction applies or if the requirement has not been complied with.	1 2
'(3)	If a provision of this chapter conflicts with a provision of chapter 2 the provision of this chapter prevails to the extent of the inconsistency.	3 4 5
'(4)	This chapter does not otherwise limit or affect the requirements of chapter 2.	6 7
'(5)	Subsection (6) applies if this chapter imposes a requirement for or a restriction on the carrying out of an authorised activity for a petroleum tenure.	8 9 10
'(6)	Despite chapter 2, the activity is not an authorised activity for the petroleum tenure while the restriction applies or if the requirement has not been complied with.	11 12 13
'392AB W <i>GH</i>	hat is an <i>overlapping authority (geothermal or</i> IG)	14 15
'(1)	An <i>overlapping authority</i> (<i>geothermal or GHG</i>), for a petroleum authority, is any geothermal tenure or GHG authority all or part of the area of which is in the petroleum authority's area.	16 17 18 19
'(2)	An <i>overlapping authority</i> (<i>geothermal or GHG</i>), for a proposed petroleum authority, is a geothermal tenure or GHG authority (the <i>existing authority</i>) all or part of the area of which will, if the proposed petroleum authority is granted, be in the existing authority's area.	20 21 22 23 24
	eneral provision about petroleum authorities for discussion discussion about petroleum authorities for discussion and subject to geothermal tenure or GHG authority	25 26
	'Subject to the other provisions of this chapter and chapters 2 and 3, the Geothermal Act, GHG storage Act, a geothermal tenure or a GHG authority does not limit or otherwise affect—	27 28 29
	(a) the power under this Act to grant a petroleum authority; or	30 31

	(b)	the carrying out of authorised activities for a petroleum authority.	1 2
'Part 2		Obtaining petroleum lease if overlapping tenure	3 4
Division	1	Preliminary	5
392AD Ap	plica	tion of pt 2	6
	'This	s part applies if—	7
	(a)	a person (the <i>applicant</i>) wishes to make a petroleum lease application; and	8 9
	(b)	there is an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for the proposed petroleum lease; and	10 11
	(c)	the overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) is a geothermal tenure or GHG tenure (the <i>overlapping tenure</i>).	12 13 14
Division	2	Requirements for application	15
392AE Re	quire	ements for making application	16
'(1)	The	petroleum lease application must include—	17
	(a)	a statement complying with section 392AF (an <i>information statement</i>); and	18 19
	(b)	other information addressing the matters mentioned in subsection (2) (the <i>assessment criteria</i>), other than about attempts to consult with the overlapping tenure holder.	20 21 22 23

'(2)	The	assessment criteria are—	1
	(a)	compliance with the provisions of chapter 9; and	2
	(b)	the additional requirements under part 6 for proposed initial development plans; and	3 4
	(c)	the potential for the parties to make the following for the proposed petroleum lease—	5 6
		(i) for a geothermal tenure—a geothermal coordination arrangement;	7 8
		(ii) for a GHG tenure—a GHG coordination arrangement; and	9 10
	(d)	the economic and technical viability of the concurrent or coordinated carrying out of authorised activities for the proposed petroleum lease and the overlapping tenure; and	11 12 13 14
	(e)	the public interest.	15
392AF Co	nten	t requirements for information statement	16
	'The	e information statement must—	17
	(a)	assess—	18
		(i) the likely effect of proposed authorised activities for the proposed petroleum lease on the future carrying out of authorised activities for the overlapping tenure; and	19 20 21 22
		(ii) the technical and commercial feasibility of coordinating the proposed authorised activities and the future carrying out of the authorised activities; and	23 24 25 26
	(b)	include proposals for the minimisation of potential adverse effects on possible future carrying out of authorised activities for the overlapping tenure.	27 28 29

'Division	3		Consultation provisions	1
'392AG Ap	plica	nt's i	nformation obligation	2
'(1)	petro a cop	leum y of t	eant must within 10 business days after making the lease application give the overlapping tenure holder the application other than any part of the application the capability criteria.	3 4 5 6
'(2)	comp	olied v	nister is reasonably satisfied the applicant has not with an obligation under this division, the petroleum cation may be refused.	7 8 9
'392AH Su	bmis	sions	s by overlapping tenure holder	10
'(1)	the p	etrole	apping tenure holder may lodge submissions about eum lease application (<i>holder submissions</i>) at the epartmental office.	11 12 13
'(2)			holder submissions may be lodged only within 4 ter the holder is given a copy of the application.	14 15
'(3)	Hold	er sul	omissions may do all or any of the following—	16
	(a)		that the holder does not object to the granting of proposed petroleum lease;	17 18
	(b)	if the	e overlapping tenure is a geothermal permit or GHG nit—	19 20
		(i)	state that the holder does not wish any priority for the carrying out of authorised activities for any future lease that may arise from the permit (<i>overlapping authority priority</i>); or	21 22 23 24
		(ii)	include a proposal by the overlapping tenure holder for the activity for which overlapping authority priority is sought;	25 26 27
	(c)		ide information about authorised activities carried under the overlapping tenure;	28 29
	(d)	inclu	ide information relevant to the assessment criteria;	30

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	(e) propose reasonable provisions for the safety management plan for the proposed petroleum lease.	
'(4)	The holder must give the applicant a copy of the holder submissions.	
'Division	4 Resource management decision if overlapping permit	:
'392AI App	olication of div 4	,
'(1)	This division applies if—	;
	(a) the overlapping tenure is a geothermal permit or GHG permit (the <i>overlapping permit</i>); and	
	(b) the overlapping permit holder has lodged holder submissions within 4 months after the holder was given a copy of the application; and	
	(c) the submissions state that the holder wishes overlapping authority priority.	
'(2)	However, this division does not apply if, under the Geothermal Act, chapter 5 or the GHG storage Act, chapter 4, overlapping authority priority has been given for any of the relevant land.	
	Note—	,
	If this division does not apply, the petroleum lease application proceeds immediately to decision under chapter 2 as affected by division 7.	,
'392AJ Res	source management decision	,
	'The Minister must make a decision (the <i>resource management decision</i>) about whether to—	,
	(a) grant the petroleum lease application; or	2
	(b) give any overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land; or	,

	(c)	give	to grant the petroleum lease application and not to any overlapping authority priority for any of the vant land.
'392AK Cri	teria	for d	decision
			nister must consider the following in making the management decision—
	(a)	the i	information statement;
	(b)	the a	assessment criteria;
	(c)	the h	holder submissions;
	(d)	the p	public interest.
	give	n only	oing authority priority may be recommended or y if it is considered—
	(a)	eithe	er—
		(i)	it is unlikely the applicant and the overlapping permit holder will enter into—
			(A) for a geothermal permit—a geothermal coordination arrangement; or
			(B) for a GHG permit—a GHG coordination arrangement; or
		(ii)	an arrangement mentioned in subparagraph (i) for the proposed petroleum lease is not commercially or technically feasible; and
	(b)		public interest would be best served by not granting troleum lease to the applicant first.

'Division	Process if resource management decision is to give overlapping authority priority	1 2 3
'392AM Ap	plication of div 5	4
	'This division applies only if, under division 4, a resource management decision is required and the decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land.	5 6 7 8
'392AN No	tice to applicant and overlapping permit holder	9
'(1)	The chief executive must give the applicant and the overlapping permit holder notice of the resource management decision.	10 11 12
'(2)	The notice must invite the overlapping permit holder to, within 6 months after the giving of the notice (the <i>overlapping authority application period</i>), apply for a lease as follows (an <i>overlapping lease</i>) for the land mentioned in subsection (3)—	13 14 15 16
	(a) if the overlapping permit is a geothermal permit—a geothermal lease;	17 18
	(b) if the overlapping permit is a GHG permit—a GHG lease.	19 20
'(3)	For subsection (2), the land is—	21
	(a) if the overlapping authority priority is for all of the land—for all of the land; or	22 23
	(b) if the priority is for part of the land—for that part.	24
'392AO Ov	erlapping lease application for all of the land	25
' (1)	This section applies if—	26
	(a) the overlapping authority priority is for all of the land; and	27 28

	(b) within the overlapping authority application period the overlapping permit holder applies for an overlapping lease for all of the land.	1 2 3
'(2)	A further step can not be taken to decide the petroleum lease application until after the overlapping lease application has been decided.	4 5 6
	Note—	7
	The Geothermal Act, chapter 5, part 5 and the GHG storage Act, chapter 4, part 5 provide for refusal of the overlapping lease application if it is not pursued in a timely manner.	8 9 10
'(3)	If the decision on the overlapping lease application is to grant an overlapping lease for all of the land, the petroleum lease application is taken to have lapsed.	11 12 13
392AP O	verlapping lease application for part of the land	14
'(1)	This section applies if the overlapping permit holder applies for an overlapping lease for part of the land within the overlapping authority application period.	15 16 17
'(2)	The person who made the petroleum lease application may amend it so that a petroleum lease is only sought for all or part of the rest of the land.	18 19 20
'(3)	Unless the amendment is made, a further step can not be taken to decide the petroleum lease application until after the overlapping lease application has been decided.	21 22 23
' (4)	If—	24
	(a) the amendment has not been made; and	25
	(b) the decision on the overlapping lease application is to grant an overlapping lease for part of the land;	26 27
	the person who made the petroleum lease application may amend it so that a petroleum lease is only sought for all or part of the rest of the land.	28 29 30

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	Note-	_	1
	(Ap	the petroleum lease application is not amended, see section 392AT oplication may be refused if no reasonable prospects of future othermal or GHG coordination arrangement).	2 3 4
'392AQ No	ove	lapping lease application	5
	overl autho	he overlapping permit holder does not apply for an lapping lease for any of the land within the overlapping prity application period, the petroleum lease application be decided.	6 7 8 9
'Division	6	Resource management decision not to grant and not to give priority	10 11
'392AR La _l	psing	g of application	12
	'The	petroleum lease application is taken to have lapsed if—	13
	(a)	under division 4, a resource management decision is required; and	14 15
	(b)	the decision was not to grant the petroleum lease application and not to give any overlapping authority priority for any of the relevant land.	16 17 18
'Division	7	Deciding application	19
'392AS Ap	plica	tion of div 7	20
	'This	s division applies if—	21
	(a)	the overlapping tenure holder has not lodged holder submissions within 4 months after the holder was given a copy of the application (the <i>submission period</i>) or at all; or	22 23 24 25

	(b)	submissions within the submission period stating that the holder does not wish any overlapping authority	1 2 3 4
	(c)	_	5 6
		overlapping authority priority for any of the	7 8 9
		(ii) the resource management decision is to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the relevant land and after division 5 has been complied with the Minister decides to grant a petroleum lease for the land.	10 11 12 13
pros	spect rdina	tion may be refused if no reasonable ts of future geothermal or GHG attion arrangement	15 16 17
		Minister may decide to refuse the petroleum lease cation if—	18 19
	(a)	overlapping tenure holder have made reasonable attempts to reach the following (a <i>relevant</i>	20 21 22 23
			24 25
		11 0	26 27
	(b)	either—	28
		at the relevant departmental office stating there are no reasonable prospects of a relevant arrangement	29 30 31 32

		(ii) a relevant arrangement has not been lodged for approval by the Minister and the Minister considers the applicant and the overlapping tenure holder have had a reasonable opportunity to make a relevant arrangement.	1 2 3 4 5
		onal criteria for deciding provisions of um lease	6 7
		deciding the provisions of the petroleum lease the Minister at consider all of the following—	8 9
	(a)	the information statement;	10
	(b)	the assessment criteria;	11
	(c)	any holder submissions;	12
	(d)	the effect of the petroleum lease on the safe and efficient carrying out of authorised activities for the overlapping tenure;	13 14 15
	(e)	for an overlapping permit—the effect of the petroleum lease on the safe and efficient carrying out of authorised activities for any future lease that may arise from the permit.	16 17 18 19
'392AV Pu	blica	ation of outcome of application	20
'(1)	petro abou	er the Minister decides whether or not to grant the oleum lease, the chief executive must publish a notice ut the outcome of the petroleum lease application in or on east 1 of the following—	21 22 23 24
	(a)	the gazette;	25
	(b)	the department's website;	26
	(c)	another publication the chief executive considers appropriate.	27 28
'(2)	The	notice must state—	29
	(a)	the decision; and	30

	(b)	if the decision was to grant the petroleum lease—all the petroleum lease's conditions other than the mandatory conditions; and	1 2 3
	(c)	if, under division 4, a resource management decision is required and the decision was to give overlapping authority priority for all or part of the land—the decision, and the reasons for it.	4 5 6 7
'(3)	cond may	vever, if the chief executive considers information in a dition is commercial-in-confidence, the chief executive is, instead of publishing the condition, publish a statement at its intent.	8 9 10 11
Part 3		Priority to particular	12
		geothermal or GHG lease applications	13 14
392AW E	arlier	geothermal or GHG lease application	15
	'If—	-	16
	(a)	a petroleum lease application is made; and	17
	(b)	before the making of that application, an application (the <i>other application</i>) was made for a geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>other proposed lease</i>) but not decided; and	18 19 20 21
	(c)	the other application had not been decided before the making of the petroleum lease application; and	22 23
	(d)	the other proposed lease would, if it were granted, be an overlapping authority for the proposed petroleum lease;	24 25
		petroleum lease application must not be decided until the er application has been decided.	26 27

		sed geothermal or GHG lease for which EIS al given	1 2
'(1)	This	s section applies for a petroleum lease application if—	3
	(a)	before the making of the application, an approval under the Environmental Protection Act, chapter 3, part 2 was granted for the voluntary preparation of an EIS; and	4 5 6
	(b)	the EIS is for a project that is, or includes, a proposed geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	7 8 9
'(2)	The	application must not be decided until—	10
	(a)	if no application is made for the proposed lease within 1 year after the granting of the approval—the end of that year; or	11 12 13
	(b)	if an application is made for the proposed lease within that year—that application is decided.	14 15
		ed geothermal or GHG lease declared a ant project	16 17
'(1)	This	s section applies for a petroleum lease application if—	18
	(a)	before the making of the application, a significant project was declared; and	19 20
	(b)	the project is, or includes, a proposed geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>proposed lease</i>) for land the subject of the application.	21 22 23
'(2)	The application must not be decided until—		
	(a)	if no application is made for the proposed lease within 1 year after the making of the declaration—the end of that year; or	25 26 27
	(b)	if an application is made for the proposed lease within that year—that application is decided.	28 29

'Part 4	Petroleum lease applications in response to invitation under Geothermal Act or GHG storage Act	1 2 3 4
'392AZ Ap	plication of pt 4	5
	'This part applies if—	6
	(a) a petroleum lease application is made in response to an invitation given because of a resource management decision under the Geothermal Act or the GHG storage Act; and	7 8 9 10
	(b) the application is made within 6 months after the giving of the invitation.	11 12
'392BA Ac	ditional ground for refusing application	13
'(1)	The Minister may decide to refuse the application if satisfied the applicant has not in a timely manner—	14 15
	(a) taken any step for the application required of the applicant under chapter 2 or 3 or this chapter; or	16 17
	(b) satisfied the Minister about a matter that under chapter 2 or 3 or this chapter is required for the granting of the application.	18 19 20
'(2)	Subsection (1) does not limit section 843.	21
	Editor's note—	22
	section 843 (Additional information may be required about application)	23

'Part 5	Additional provisions for petroleum authorities	1 2
'Division	1 Restrictions on authorised activities for particular petroleum authorities	3 4
'392BB Ov	erlapping geothermal or GHG lease	5
'(1)	This section applies if land in the area of any of the following petroleum authorities is in the area of a geothermal lease or GHG lease—	6 7 8
	(a) an authority to prospect;	9
	(b) a data acquisition authority;	10
	(c) a water monitoring authority.	11
'(2)	However, this section does not apply if the same person holds the petroleum authority and the geothermal lease or GHG lease.	12 13 14
'(3)	An authorised activity for the petroleum authority may be carried out on the land only if—	15 16
	(a) the geothermal lease or GHG lease holder has not, in the way required under subsection (4), objected to—	17 18
	(i) the carrying out of the activity; and	19
	(ii) if chapter 9 requires a safety management plan for the petroleum authority—the safety management plan; or	20 21 22
	(b) if an objection under paragraph (a) has been made—the Minister has, under section 392BD, decided the authorised activity may be carried out.	23 24 25
	Note—	26
	For notice of authorised activities, see section 302BF	27

'(4)	The objection must be written, given to the petroleum authority holder and lodged at the relevant departmental office.	1 2 3			
	verlapping geothermal permit or particular GHG	4 5			
'(1)	This section applies if land in the area of any of the following petroleum authorities is in the area of a geothermal permit or a GHG authority other than a GHG lease—				
	(a) an authority to prospect;	9			
	(b) a data acquisition authority;	10			
	(c) a water monitoring authority.	11			
'(2)	An authorised activity for the petroleum authority can not be carried out on the land if—	12 13			
	(a) carrying out the activity adversely affects the carrying out of an authorised activity for the geothermal permit or GHG authority; and	14 15 16			
	(b) the authorised activity for the geothermal permit or GHG authority has already started.	17 18			
'392BD Re	esolving disputes	19			
'(1)	This section applies if, under section 392BB, a geothermal lease or GHG lease holder has objected to the carrying out of an authorised activity by a petroleum authority holder.	20 21 22			
'(2)	This section also applies if there is a dispute between a petroleum authority holder and a geothermal permit or GHG authority holder about whether an authorised activity for the petroleum authority can be carried out under section 392BC.	23 24 25 26			
'(3)	Either of the parties may, by a notice in the approved form, ask the Minister to decide—	27 28			
	(a) for section 392BB—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section; or	29 30			

	(b)	for section 392BC—whether the authorised activity may be carried out under that section.	1 2
'(4)	a re	ore making the decision, the Minister must give the parties easonable opportunity to make submissions about the lest within a reasonable period.	3 4 5
'(5)	cons	Minister must, after complying with subsection (4) and sidering any submission made under that subsection, de the matter and give the parties notice of the decision.	6 7 8
'(6)	The	Minister's decision binds the parties.	9
'(7)	the 1	ne request is about a matter mentioned in subsection (1), Minister may impose conditions on any decision that the corised activity may be carried out.	10 11 12
'(8)	In th	nis section—	13
	part	ies means—	14
	(a)	for a request about a matter mentioned in subsection (1)—the petroleum authority holder and the geothermal lease or GHG lease holder; or	15 16 17
	(b)	for a request about a matter mentioned in subsection (2)—the petroleum authority holder and the geothermal permit or GHG authority holder.	18 19 20
Division	2	Additional conditions	21
ged		by authority to prospect holder to particular mal tenure or GHG authority holders or nts	22 23 24
'(1)	This	s section applies if—	25
	(a)	an authority to prospect is granted (the ATP); and	26
	(b)	land in the authority to prospect's area is in the area of, or in a proposed area under an application for any of the following (the <i>other authority</i>)—	27 28 29
		(i) a geothermal permit;	30

			(ii)	a GHG permit;	1
			(iii)	a GHG data acquisition authority under the GHG storage Act.	2 3
	'(2)	must of the	, with e gran	ndition of the authority to prospect that its holder nin 20 business days after the holder receives notice nt of the ATP, give the holder of, or the applicant for, authority a notice stating—	4 5 6 7
		(a)	the A	ATP has been granted; and	8
		(b)	the A	ATP holder's name; and	9
		(c)	the t	erm of the ATP.	10
392E	aut	hority	/ hol	notify particular geothermal tenure or GHG ders of proposed start of particular ctivities	11 12 13
	'(1)		r of tl	on applies to a petroleum authority holder if there is the following (the <i>other authority</i>) for the petroleum —	14 15 16
		(a)	an o	verlapping authority;	17
		(b)	_	eothermal tenure or GHG authority sharing a mon boundary with the petroleum authority.	18 19
	'(2)	activ	ity in er mu	e petroleum authority holder first starts a designated a the other authority's area, the petroleum authority est give the other authority holder at least 30 business be of the activity.	20 21 22 23
	' (3)	A no	tice u	under subsection (2) must state—	24
		(a)	whe	n the designated activity is to start; and	25
		(b)	whe	re the designated activity is to be carried out; and	26
		(c)	the r	nature of the activity.	27
	'(4)	being the c	g carrother	anging the land on which the designated activity is ried out, the petroleum authority holder must give authority holder at least 30 business days notice here the activity is to be carried out.	28 29 30 31

'(5)		apliance with this section is a condition of the petroleum sority.	1 2
'(6)	In th	nis section—	3
		gnated activity means any authorised activity for the oleum authority, other than—	4 5
	(a)	an incidental activity under section 33 or 112; or	6
	(b)	an activity only involving selecting places where other authorised activities for the petroleum authority may be carried out.	7 8 9
co	ordin	ement to continue geothermal or GHG ation arrangement after renewal of or with petroleum lease	10 11 12
'(1)	This	s section applies if—	13
	(a)	a petroleum lease has an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) that is a geothermal lease or GHG lease (the <i>other lease</i>); and	14 15 16
	(b)	a geothermal coordination arrangement or GHG coordination arrangement applies to the petroleum lease; and	17 18 19
	(c)	any of the following take place for the petroleum lease—	20 21
		(i) a renewal;	22
		(ii) a transfer;	23
		(iii) a subletting of the lease or a share in the petroleum lease.	24 25
'(2)	cont	a condition of the petroleum lease that its holder must tinue to be a party to the following for the lease while the er lease continues in force—	26 27 28
	(a)	if the other lease is a geothermal lease—a geothermal coordination arrangement;	29 30

	(b)	if the other lease is a GHG lease—a GHG coordination arrangement.	1 2
'Division	3	Restriction on Minister's power to amend petroleum lease if overlapping tenure	3 4 5
	erest iside	s of overlapping tenure holder to be red	6 7
	petro the M	here is an overlapping tenure for a petroleum tenure, the bleum tenure may be amended under section 848 only if Minister has considered the interests of the overlapping re holder.	8 9 10 11
'Part 6		Additional provisions for	12
		development plans if overlapping tenure	13 14
'392BI Ope	eratio	on of pt 6	15
	for v	s part imposes additional requirements for the following which there is an overlapping authority (geothermal or G) that is an overlapping tenure—	16 17 18
	(a)	a proposed initial development plan for a proposed initial development plan for a petroleum lease;	19 20
	(b)	a proposed later development plan for a petroleum lease.	21
'392BJ Sta hole		ent about interests of overlapping tenure	22 23
		proposed development plan or amendment must include attement of how the effects on and the interests of the	24 25

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	overlapping tenure holder have or have not been considered having regard to the assessment criteria.	1 2
	onsistency with overlapping tenure's development in and with any relevant coordination arrangement	3 4
'(1)	To the extent the area of the petroleum lease and the overlapping tenure coincide or will coincide, the proposed development plan must be consistent with any geothermal coordination arrangement or GHG coordination arrangement for that area.	5 6 7 8 9
'(2)	Subsection (3) applies only if the overlapping tenure is an overlapping lease.	10 11
'(3)	The proposed plan must, to the extent the area of the petroleum lease and the overlapping lease coincide, or will coincide, be consistent with the development plan for the overlapping lease.	12 13 14 15
'392BL Ad	Iditional criteria for approval	16
	'In deciding whether to approve the proposed development plan, the Minister must consider the assessment criteria.	17 18
'Part 7	Additional provisions for safety management plans	19 20
	rant of petroleum lease does not affect obligation make plan	21 22
'(1)	This section applies if an information statement accompanies a petroleum lease application as required under this chapter.	23 24
'(2)	The deciding of the application or the grant of the petroleum lease—	25 26

	(a)	does not affect the obligation to make a safety management plan for any operating plant in the petroleum lease's area; and	1 2 3
	(b)	is not of itself evidence that a safety management plan or purported safety management plan for an operating plant on the petroleum lease's area complies with chapter 9.	4 5 6 7
		ements for consultation with particular ping tenure holders	8 9
'(1)	This	section applies if—	10
	(a)	a person (an <i>operator</i>) proposes to be an operator of operating plant in the area of a petroleum tenure; and	11 12
	(b)	activities (<i>relevant activities</i>) carried out, or proposed to be carried out, at the plant may adversely affect the safe and efficient carrying out of authorised activities for an overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) for the petroleum tenure; and	13 14 15 16 17
	(c)	the overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG) is an overlapping tenure.	18 19
'(2)	each with	ore any operator may operate relevant operating plant, operator must have made reasonable attempts to consult the overlapping tenure holder about relevant activities for plant.	20 21 22 23
'(3)	may	ere is more than 1 operator, the petroleum tenure holder coordinate the consultation between the operators and the lapping tenure holder.	24 25 26
'(4)		subsection (2), an operator is taken to have made onable attempts to consult if—	27 28
	(a)	the operator gives the overlapping tenure holder a copy of the relevant parts of the operator's proposed safety management plan concerning any relevant operating plant the operator proposes to operate for the relevant activities; and	29 30 31 32 33

	(b)	after the giving of the copy made any proposal to the operator about provisions for the plan.	2 3
'(5	man oper prov	operator must, before making or remaking a safety agement plan for any relevant operating plant the operator rates or proposes to operate, have regard to any reasonable visions for the plan proposed by the overlapping tenure ler concerning relevant activities for the plant.	4 5 6 7 8
'(6	the	vever, the obligation under subsection (5) applies only to extent the provisions are commercially and technically ible for the operator or any relevant petroleum tenure ler.	9 10 11 12
'(7	oper	n operator makes a safety management plan for relevant rating plant and the plan includes provisions proposed by overlapping tenure holder, the operator must—	13 14 15
	(a)	give the overlapping tenure holder a copy; and	16
	(b)	lodge at the relevant departmental office a notice stating any provisions proposed under subsection (5) and whether they were included in the plan.	17 18 19
'(8	3) In th	nis section—	20
		aking, a safety management plan, includes an amendment emaking of the plan of a type required under section 678.	21 22
		ation of provisions for resolving disputes easonableness of proposed provision	23 24
'(1	which which which which which will be a second with the second	s section applies if a dispute exists between an operator to ch section 392BN applies and an overlapping tenure ler about the reasonableness of a provision proposed by tenure holder for the operator's proposed safety agement plan.	25 26 27 28 29
'(2	*	ion 387, chapter 12 and schedule 1 apply to the dispute as were a dispute to which those provisions apply.	30 31

		Editor's note—
		chapter 12 and schedule 1 (Reviews and appeals)'.
536		nendment of s 400 (Restriction if there is an existing ning lease or GHG lease)
	(1)	Section 400, heading, 'mining lease or GHG lease'—
		omit, insert—
		'geothermal, GHG or mining lease'.
	(2)	Section 400, 'mining lease or GHG lease'—
		omit, insert—
		'geothermal lease, GHG lease or mining lease'.
537		section 528(1), after '1923 Act petroleum tenure'— insert—
		', a geothermal tenure'.
538		nendment of s 529 (Access to land in area of mining se, a 1923 Act lease or a petroleum lease)
	(1)	Section 529, heading—
		omit, insert—
'529	Ac	cess if second authority is a lease'.
	(2)	Section 529, 'is a mining lease, a 1923 Act lease or a petroleum lease'—
		omit, insert—
		'is a lease'.

539	Amendment of s 530 (Access to land in area of another type of mining tenement or petroleum authority)				
	(1)	Section 530, heading—	3		
		omit, insert—	4		
'530	Ac	cess if second authority is not a lease'.	5		
	(2)	Section 530(1), 'is not a mining lease, a 1923 Act lease or a petroleum lease'—	6 7		
		omit, insert—	8		
		'is not a lease'.	9		
540	Am	nendment of s 669 (Making safety requirement)	10		
		Section 669—	11		
		insert—	12		
		'(d) about geothermal activities, other than wet geothermal production.'.	13 14		
541	Amendment of s 670 (What is an <i>operating plant</i>)				
	(1)	Section 670(2)(b) to (h)—	16		
		renumber as section 670(2)(c) to (i).	17		
	(2)	Section 670(2)—	18		
		insert—	19		
		'(b) a facility that—	20		
		(i) is related to the exploration, production or processing of petroleum; and	21 22		
		(ii) is used to take, interfere with or treat associated water;'.	23 24		
	(3)	Section 670(2)(h) and (i), as renumbered—	25		
		omit insert—	26		

	'(h)		cility that is in the area of a geothermal tenure and is I for—	1 2
		(i)	geothermal exploration other than for wet geothermal production; or	3 4
		(ii)	geothermal production other than wet geothermal production;	5 6
		Exan	nples—	7
			e following facilities if they are not used for wet geothermal roduction—	8 9
		•	a drilling rig for a geothermal well	10
		•	equipment used for injecting into, maintaining or repairing a geothermal well	11 12
		•	pipes and associated valves used in the geothermal production process	13 14
	(i)	a fac	cility that is in the area of a GHG authority and is—	15
		(i)	used for GHG storage exploration or GHG stream storage; or	16 17
		(ii)	involved in GHG storage injection testing;	18
	(j)	a GI	HG stream pipeline under the GHG storage Act.'.	19
(4)	Sect	ion 6	70(5)(d)—	20
	omit	, inse	rt—	21
	'(d)		uthorised activity under an authority if the activity is ophysical survey for data acquisition;'.	22 23
(5)	Sect	ion 6	70(6)—	24
	omit			25
(6)	Sect	ion 6	70(7)—	26
` /			as section 670(9).	27
(7)		ion 6'		28
\· <i>)</i>	insei			29
(6)		-	tina plant is also	
(U)	$A_{\rm H} 0$	perai	ting plant is also—	30

	(a)	all of the authorised activities for a petroleum authority, geothermal tenure or GHG authority; or	1 2
	(b)	all of the authorised activities for a mineral hydrocarbon mining lease that are not a coal mining operation or an on-site activity under the Coal Mining Safety and Health Act.	3 4 5 6
'(7)	For	subsection (6)(a) and (b)—	7
	(a)	the operating plant is all of the authorised activities jointly; and	8 9
	(b)	the authorised activities are an operating plant severally only if they are an operating plant under subsection (2) or (5).	10 11 12
'(8)		emove any doubt, for subsection (2) it is declared that the owing are not an operating plant—	13 14
	(a)	a facility relating to geothermal energy to the extent any part of its processes happen after an isolation valve or distribution point where the pipeline transporting the energy ends at the entry to the facility;	15 16 17 18
	(b)	a facility that produces a GHG stream at its source before the stream enters a GHG pipeline that transports the stream, or the stream is otherwise transported, to a GHG storage site under the GHG storage Act.	19 20 21 22
(10)	In th	nis section—	23
	geot	thermal exploration see the Geothermal Act, section 13.	24
	geot	thermal well see the Geothermal Act, schedule 3.	25
	GH 0 15.	G storage exploration see the GHG storage Act, section	26 27
		G storage injection testing see the GHG storage Act, ion 16.	28

542	Amendment of s 672 (What is a <i>stage</i> of an operating plant)		
		Section 672—	3
		insert—	4
	'(2)	A <i>stage</i> , of an operating plant, also includes construction work for an operating plant or proposed operating plant if—	5 6
		(a) the work is within or part of an existing operating plant; or	7 8
		(b) the work is adjacent to existing operating plant and the safety management plan for the plant provides that the plan applies to the work.'.	9 10 11
543		nendment of s 675 (Content requirements for safety nagement plans)	12 13
		Section 675(1)(f), after 'the same petroleum tenure'—	14
		insert—	15
		', geothermal tenure'.	16
544		nendment of s 687 (Who is the <i>executive safety</i> anager of an operating plant)	17 18
	(1)	Section 687(2) to (4)—	19
		renumber as section 687(3) to (5).	20
	(2)	Section 687—	21
		insert—	22
	'(2)	For authorised activities for a petroleum authority, geothermal tenure or GHG authority that, under section 670(6)(a) and (7), are jointly an operating plant, the executive safety manager is—	23 24 25 26
		(a) if the holder of the authority or tenure is an individual—the holder; or	27 28

ſs	545

		(b)	the senior managing officer of the corporation or organisation responsible for the management and safe operation of the authorised activities for the authority or tenure.'.	1 2 3 4
545	Ins	ertio	n of new s 687A	5
		Afte	er section 687—	6
		inse	rt—	7
'687 <i>A</i>			ment of joint holders to give information xecutive safety manager	8 9
	'(1)	This	section applies if—	10
		(a)	there is more than 1 holder of a petroleum authority, geothermal tenure or GHG tenure; and	11 12
		(b)	1 or more of the holders is a corporation; and	13
		(c)	operating plant is being operated or is proposed to be operated in the authority's or tenure's area.	14 15
	'(2)	stati	holders must ensure the chief inspector is given a notice ng which corporation or organisation is responsible for management and safe operation of operating plant in the	16 17 18 19
		Max	imum penalty—500 penalty units.	20
	'(3)	evid resp	proceeding under or in relation to this Act, the notice is ence of which corporation or organisation is the onsible for the management and safe operation of rating plant in the area.'.	21 22 23 24
546		nendr oorts)	ment of s 690 (Content requirements for safety	25 26
	(1)	Sect	ion 690(1)(h)—	27
		omit		28

	(2)	Section 690(1)(i)— renumber as section 690(1)(h).	1 2
547		placement of s 691 (Obligation to give information to rticular authority holders)	3 4
		Section 691—	5
		omit, insert—	6
'691		ligation to give information to coal or oil shale ploration tenement holder	7 8
	'(1)	This section applies if an executive safety manager for an operating plant gives a safety report containing information mentioned in section $690(1)(g)$.	9 10 11
	'(2)	The executive safety manager must, as soon as practicable, give the relevant tenement holder the information in the report mentioned in section $690(1)(g)$.	12 13 14
		Maximum penalty—500 penalty units.	15
	'(3)	Chapter 3, part 8, applies to any information given under this section as if the information were given for the purposes of chapter 3.	16 17 18
		Editor's note—	19
		chapter 3 (Provisions for coal seam gas), part 8 (Confidentiality of information)	20 21
	'(4)	In this section—	22
		relevant tenement holder means the holder of any coal or oil shale exploration tenement if the safe and efficient mining of coal or oil shale under the tenement may have been affected by the operation of the operating plant.'.	23 24 25 26
548		nendment of s 699A (Operator's obligation for ricular adjacent or overlapping authorities)	27 28
	•	Section 699A(b), after 'petroleum tenure'—	29

[s 549	
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		insert—	1
		', geothermal tenure'.	2
549	Am	nendment of s 705 (Application of sdiv 1)	3
	(1)	Section 705(a)(i) to (iii)—	4
		omit, insert—	5
		'(i) in the area of a coal or oil shale mining lease; or	6
		(ii) in an area adjacent to the area of a coal or oil shale mining lease; and'.	7 8
	(2)	Section 705(b), 'or GHG storage activities under the GHG lease'—	9 10
		omit.	11
550	haz	nendment of s 705A (Requirement to have principal zard management plan)	12 13
	(1)	Section 705A, 'mining lease or GHG lease holder'—	14
		omit, insert—	15
		'mining lease holder'.	16
	(2)	Section 705A(3), 'or GHG tenure holder'—	17
		omit.	18
551		nendment of s 705B (Content requirements for ncipal hazard management plan)	19 20
	(1)	Section 705B(b)(ii), examples, item 2, 'a mining lease holder'—	21 22
		omit, insert—	23
		'the mining lease holder'.	24

	(2)	Section 705B(c), 'or GHG wells under the GHG storage Act'—	1 2
		omit.	3
552		nendment of s 705C (Resolving disputes about ovision proposed by mining lease or GHG lease holder)	4 5
		Section 705C, 'or GHG lease'—	6
		omit.	7
553		nendment of s 708B (Chief inspector may issue safety rts and instructions)	8
	(1)	Section 708B(3), after 'petroleum or fuel gas industry'—	10
		insert—	11
		', to geothermal activities'.	12
	(2)	Section 708B(4)(a), 'the petroleum or fuel gas industry'—	13
		omit, insert—	14
		'a matter mentioned in subsection (3)'.	15
554	Am	endment of s 736 (Functions)	16
	(1)	Section 736, 'Geothermal Exploration Act 2004'—	17
		omit, insert—	18
		'Geothermal Act'.	19
	(2)	Section 736(1)(c), 'geothermal energy activity or GHG streams'—	20 21
		omit, insert—	22
		'geothermal activity or GHG storage activity'.	23

555		Amendment of s 744 (Inspector's additional entry power for emergency or incident)					
		Section 744(1), 'geothermal energy activity or a GHG stream'—	3 4				
		omit, insert—	5				
		'geothermal activity or a GHG storage activity'.	6				
556	ent	nendment of s 746 (Authorised officer's additional try power for petroleum authority, geothermal ploration permit or GHG authority)	7 8 9				
		Section 746, 'geothermal exploration permit'—	10				
		omit, insert—	11				
		'geothermal tenure'.	12				
557	Am	nendment of s 769 (Testing seized things)	13				
	(1)	Section 769(2)(a), after 'petroleum or fuel gas'—	14				
		insert—	15				
		', geothermal energy'.	16				
	(2)	Section 769—	17				
		insert—	18				
	'(7)	In this section—	19				
		geothermal energy means energy in the form of heat produced from beneath the surface of solid earth.'.	20 21				
558		nendment of s 780 (Power to give compliance ection)	22 23				
	(1)	Section 780(1)(a)(ii) and (iii)—	24				
		renumber as section 780(1)(a)(iii) and (iv).	25				
	(2)	Section 780(1)(a)—	26				

		insert—	1
		'(ii) the Geothermal Act;'.	2
559	An	nendment of s 781 (Requirements for giving mpliance direction)	3 4
		Section 781(1)(a), 'Geothermal Exploration Act 2004'—	5
		omit, insert—	6
		'Geothermal Act'.	7
560	An	nendment of sch 2 (Dictionary)	8
	(1)	Schedule 2, definitions applicant, geothermal energy activity, geothermal exploration permit, GHG assessment criteria, GHG public interest, GHG statement, holder submissions, overlapping authority priority, overlapping GHG authority, overlapping GHG lease application period and the public interest—	9 10 11 12 13 14
		omit.	15
	(2)	Schedule 2—	16
		insert—	17
		'applicant, for chapter 3A, part 2, see section 392AD(a).	18
		assessment criteria, for chapter 3A, see section 392AE(1)(b).	19
		Geothermal Act see section 3A(1).	20
		geothermal activity see the Geothermal Act, section 18.	21
		<i>geothermal coordination arrangement</i> see the Geothermal Act, section 137(4).	22 23
		geothermal lease see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(b).	24
		geothermal permit see the Geothermal Act, section 19(1)(a).	25
		geothermal production see the Geothermal Act, section 14.	26
		geothermal tenure see the Geothermal Act, section 19(2).	27

	<i>holder submissions</i> , for chapter 3A, see section 392AH(1).	1
	<i>information statement</i> , for chapter 3A, see section 392AE(1)(a).	2 3
	<i>operate</i> , for operating plant that, under section 670(6) and (7), consists of joint authorised activities, means to carry out all or any of the activities.	4 5 6
	<i>overlapping authority application period</i> , for chapter 3A, part 2, division 5, see section 392AN(2).	7 8
	<i>overlapping authority (geothermal or GHG)</i> , for chapter 3A, see section 392AB.	9 10
	overlapping authority priority, for chapter 3A, see section 392AH(3)(b)(i).	11 12
	overlapping lease, for chapter 3A, see section 392AN(2).	13
	overlapping permit, for chapter 3A, see section 392AI(1)(a).	14
	overlapping tenure, for chapter 3A, see section 392AD(c).	15
	wet geothermal production means geothermal production by the extraction of hot water from a subartesian basin.'.	16 17
(3)	Schedule 2, definition dangerous situation, 'geothermal energy activity'—	18 19
	omit, insert—	20
	'geothermal activity'.	21
(4)	Schedule 2, definition occupier, paragraph 1(i)—	22
	omit, insert—	23
	'(i) the person has a right to occupy the place, other than under a mining interest, petroleum authority, 1923 Act petroleum tenure, GHG authority or geothermal tenure; or'.	24 25 26 27

Division 9		Amendment of Torres Strait Islander Land Act 1991	1 2
561	Act am	ended	3
		s division and schedule 2, part 4 amend the <i>Torres Strait</i> under Land Act 1991.	4 5
562	Replace petrole	ement of s 39 (Reservations of minerals and um)	6 7
	Sec	tion 39—	8
	omi	it, insert—	9
'39	Resour	ce reservations under other Acts	10
	rese	deed of grant of transferred land must contain the ervations to the State taken to be contained in the grant ler the following—	11 12 13
	•	the Geothermal Energy Act 2010, section 29	14
	•	the Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009, section 28	15
	•	the Mineral Resources Act 1989, section 8	16
	•	the Petroleum Act 1923, section 10	17
	•	the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004, section 27.'.	18 19
563	Replace petrole	ement of s 77 (Reservations of minerals and um)	20 21
	Sec	tion 77—	22
	omi	it, insert—	23
'77	Resour	ce reservations under other Acts	24
	leas	deed of grant of granted land and a Torres Strait Islander se must contain the reservations to the State taken to be stained in the grant under the following—	25 26 27

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	•	the Geothermal Energy Act 2010, section 29	1
	•	the Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009, section 28	2
	•	the Mineral Resources Act 1989, section 8	3
	•	the Petroleum Act 1923, section 10	4
	•	the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004, section 27.'.	5 6
Divis	sion 10	Amendment of Valuation of Land Act 1944	7 8
564	Act ame	ended	9
		s division and schedule 2, part 4 amend the <i>Valuation of d Act 1944</i> .	10 11
565	Replace	ement of s 16 (Exclusion of timber and minerals)	12
	Sect	tion 16—	13
	omi	t, insert—	14
'16	Exclusion	on of particular resources	15
		valuation of the unimproved value of land is not to include value of any of the following on or in the land—	16 17
	(a)	geothermal energy as defined under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> ;	18 19
	(b)	GHG storage reservoirs as defined under the Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009;	20 21
	(c)	minerals;	22
	(d)	petroleum as defined under the <i>Petroleum and Gas</i> (<i>Production and Safety</i>) <i>Act</i> 2004;	23 24
	(e)	timber.'.	25

Division 11		11 Amendment of Water Act 2000	1
566	Act	t amended	2
		This division amends the Water Act 2000.	3
567	Am	nendment of s 203 (Definitions for pt 6)	4
		Section 203, definition owner, paragraph (e)—	5
		omit, insert—	6
		'(e) the holder of a geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> relating to the land;	7 8
		(ea) the holder of a GHG tenure under the <i>Greenhouse Gas</i> Storage Act 2009 relating to the land.'.	9 10
568	Am	nendment of sch 4 (Dictionary)	11
	(1)	Schedule 4, definition owner, paragraphs (a)(v) and (vi)—	12
		renumber as paragraphs (a)(ix) and (x).	13
	(2)	Schedule 4, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph (a)—	14
		insert—	15
		'(v) the holder of a geothermal tenure under the Geothermal Energy Act 2010 relating to the land;	16 17
		(vi) the holder of a GHG tenure under the <i>Greenhouse</i> Gas Storage Act 2009 relating to the land;	18 19
		(vii) the holder of a 1923 Act petroleum tenure under the <i>Petroleum Act 1923</i> relating to the land;	20 21
		(viii) the holder of a petroleum tenure under the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004 relating to the land.	22 23 24

Division 12			Amendment of Workplace Health and Safety Act 1995		
569	Act	ame	nded		3
		This 1995		on amends the Workplace Health and Safety Act	4 5
570	Am	endr	nent o	of s 3 (Application of Act)	6
	(1)	Sect	ion 3(1)(c) and (d)—	7
		omit	, insert	<u>. </u>	8
		'(c)	(Prod	ting plant under the <i>Petroleum and Gas</i> duction and Safety) Act 2004 (the P&G Act), other operating plant under section 670(6)(a) and (7) of Act, for any of the following—	9 10 11 12
				a 1923 Act petroleum tenure under the <i>Petroleum Act 1923</i> ;	13 14
			(ii) a	a petroleum authority under the P&G Act;	15
				a GHG authority under the <i>Greenhouse Gas</i> Storage Act 2009;	16 17
				a geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> ;	18 19
				a mining tenement under the <i>Mineral Resources</i> Act 1989.'.	20 21
	(2)	Sect	ion 3(2	a) and (3)—	22
		renu	mber a	s section 3(3) and (4).	23
	(3)	Sect	ion 3—	-	24
		inse	<i>t</i> —		25
	'(2)	Desp	oite sub	osection (1)(c)—	26
		(a)		act applies to construction work for operating plant the P&G Act, unless the work is—	27 28

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			(i)	the commissioning of an operating plant; or	1
			(ii)	the moving of a drill rig; or	2
			. ,	the process called 'rigging up and down' of a drill rig; and	3 4
		(b)	work opera unles	this Act and the P&G Act apply to construction for a stage of operating plant or proposed ating plant mentioned in section 672(2) of that Act, is the work is work mentioned in paragraph (a)(i), ir (iii).'.	5 6 7 8 9
Divi	sion	13		Amendment of other Acts	10
571	Act	ts am	ende	d in sch 2	11
	(1)	Sche	edule 2	amends the Acts it mentions.	12
	(2)	parti	cular	subsection (1) does not apply in relation to a Act if another provision of this Act states that amends the particular Act.	13 14 15

Schedule 1 Decisions subject to appeal

section 329(1) 2

1

Section reference	Description of decision
Geothermal per	rmits
57	refusal to approve proposed later work program
62	refusal to approve work program amendment
66	refusal of application for declaration of potential geothermal commercial area
73	decision to take proposed action under section 72
	for geothermal permit
120	refusal to approve proposed test plan for production testing
120	imposition of condition on approval of proposed test plan other than a condition agreed to or requested by the relevant geothermal permit holder
Geothermal lea	ses
80	decision not to grant a geothermal lease
97	refusal to approve proposed later development plan
102	refusal to approve development plan amendment

cancellation of geothermal coordination arrangement

143

Geothermal coordination arrangements

Section reference	Description of decision						
Decisions unde	Decisions under chapter 6						
203	decision to require security for geothermal tenure other than security in the form and amount prescribed under section 203(2)						
204	decision to require increase in total security required to more than the prescribed amount under section 203(2) when the requirement is made						
232	decision to give direction to ease concerns of owner or occupier						
236	decision to give road use direction						
241	imposition of condition on entry on public land, other than a condition agreed to or requested by the relevant geothermal tenure holder						
281	refusal to approve and register third party transfer or sublease						
288	refusal to renew geothermal tenure						
297	refusal to approve surrender of geothermal tenure						
297	decision to approve partial surrender of geothermal tenure subject to the applicant's written agreement to the Minister amending the conditions applying to the rest of the tenure in a stated way, if the applicant has not agreed in writing to the amendment						
346	decision to take action to ensure compliance with a requirement under this Act of a geothermal tenure holder other than action to which the holder has agreed						
348	refusal to replace instrument for geothermal tenure						

Schedule 1

Section reference	Description of decision
Miscellaneous	
318	decision to take noncompliance action for geothermal tenure

Scl	hedule 2	Minor and consequential amendments of Acts	1 2
	sections 401, 4	13, 417, 419, 429, 440, 457, 466, 479, 482, 488 506, 519, 530 561, 564 and 57	
Par	rt 1	Amendments commencing on date of assent	5 6
Gre	enhouse Ga	s Storage Act 2009	7
1	Long title, fr	rom 'and to amend'—	8
	omit.		9
2	Section 72(3	B)(b), 'lodgement under paragraph (a)'—	10
	omit, inse	ert—	11
	'the notic	ce is given'.	12
3	Sections 10 ⁻ report'—	1, 104(3)(b), 245, 246 and 247(1) 'GHG viability	y 13 14
	omit, inse	ert—	15
	'GHG sto	orage viability report'.	16
4	Section 102	(1), 'a part'—	17
	omit, inse	ert—	18
	'an area'.		19

5	Section 157(1), 'to for'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'for'.	3
6	Section 172(6), definition relevant fee, 'lodgement'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'giving'.	6
7	Section 184(b)(iii), 'or'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	"; or".	9
8	Section 189(3)(c), 'GHG tenure'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'GHG lease'.	12
9	Section 189(4), 'GHG tenure'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	'GHG lease'.	15
10	Section 212, 'affect'—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'effect'.	18
11	Section 267(3)(c), 'responsible person'—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	'GHG tenure holder'	21

10	O ti 000/0\ (th Minister ti ti ti	
12	Section 290(3), 'the Minister must consider the following'—	1 2
	omit, insert—	3
	'the following must be considered'.	4
13	Section 294(3), 'Subsection (4)'—	5
	omit, insert—	6
	'Subsection (2)'.	7
14	Section 381, heading, 'other than immediate suspension'—	8 9
	omit.	10
15	Section 381(2)(c)—	11
	omit.	12
16	Section 381(3)—	13
	omit.	14
17	Section 384(3), 'or suspend'—	15
	omit.	16
18	Section 402—	17
	omit.	18
19	Section 406(e)(iii), 'or suspended'—	19
	omit.	20

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20	Section 420, heading, 'authority-related'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'GHG storage'.	3
21	Schedule 2, definition GHG viability report—	4
	omit.	5
22	Schedule 2—	6
	insert—	7
	'GHG storage viability report see section 245(1).	8
	relinquishment notice see section 72(3)(a).'.	9
Pet	roleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004	10
1	Section 90(1), 'a part'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'an area'.	13

Par	t 2 Amendments relating to land access and owners and occupiers	1 2 3
Gre	enhouse Gas Storage Act 2009	4
1	Section 268(3), 'Parts 7, 8 and 10'—	5
	omit, insert—	6
	'Parts 7 and 8 and part 10, division 1'.	7
2	Chapter 5, part 7, divisions 4 to 7—	8
	renumber as chapter 5, part 7, divisions 2 to 5.	9
3	Section 286, heading, 'div 4'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'div 2'.	12
4	Chapter 5, part 8, division 1, subdivision 3, heading—	13
	omit.	14
5	Sections 305 to 311—	15
	<i>relocate</i> and <i>renumber</i> in chapter 5, part 10, division 2 as inserted under this Act, as sections 325F to 325L.	16 17
6	Section 325F(3)(b), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 311'—	18 19
	omit, insert—	20
	'section 325I'	21

7	Section 325J(3), as relocated and renumbered, 'Sections 307 and 308'—	1 2
	omit, insert—	3
	'Sections 325H and 325I'.	4
8	Section 325J(5)(c), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 308(1)'—	5 6
	omit, insert—	7
	'section 325I(1)'.	8
9	Section 325L(2), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 309'—	9 10
	omit, insert—	11
	'section 325J'.	12
10	Section 393(5), definition <i>designated provision</i> , first dot point, ', 285'—	13 14
	omit.	15
11	Chapter 8, after heading—	16
	insert—	17
Part	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	18
	No. 3 of 2009'.	19
12	Section 430, heading, 'ch 8'—	20
	omit, insert—	21
	'pt 1'.	22

10	Continue 420, 422(1) and 426 (aboutou)	1
13	Sections 430, 433(1) and 436, 'chapter'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'part'.	3
14	Schedule 2, definition <i>mining lease</i> , 'schedule'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'schedule 2'.	6
Min	eral Resources Act 1989	7
1	Sections 5 and 423, 'the schedule'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'schedule 2'.	10
2	Section 491(2), 'Sections 169 to 174 apply'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'Part 10, division 1B applies'.	13
3	Section 491(2), 'section 169(1)(a)'—	14
	omit, insert—	15
	'section 335F(b)'.	16
4	Section 491(3), 'section 170(3)'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'section 335H(3)'	10

5	Section 491(4), 'section 174'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'section 335I'.	3
6	Section 547(2), 'Sections 217 to 222 apply'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'Part 10, division 1B applies'.	6
7	Section 547(2), 'section 217(1)(a)'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	'section 335F(b)'.	9
8	Section 547(3), 'section 218(3)'—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'section 335H(3)'.	12
9	Section 547(4), 'section 222'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	'section 335I'.	15
Dot	roleum Act 1923	1.0
rel	IOIEUIII ACL 1923	16
1	Section 2, definition mining lease, 'schedule'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'schedule 2'.	19

2	Sections 75IZC(2) and 75IZG(4), 'part 6K'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'part 6K, division 1'.	3
3	Part 6H, divisions 4 to 6—	4
	renumber as part 6H, divisions 2 to 4.	5
4	Part 6I, division 1, subdivision 3, heading—	6
	omit.	7
5	Sections 79B to 79H—	8
	relocate and renumber in part 6K, division 2 as inserted under this Act, as sections 79VF to 79VL.	9 10
6	Section 79VF(3)(b), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 79H'—	11 12
	omit, insert—	13
	'section 79VL'.	14
7	Section 79VJ(3) as relocated and renumbered, 'Sections 79D and 79E'—	15 16
	omit, insert—	17
	'Sections 79VH and 79VI'.	18
8	Section 79VJ(5)(c) as relocated and renumbered, 'section 79E(1)'—	19 20
	omit, insert—	21
	'section 79VI(1)'	22

9	Section 79VL(2) as relocated and renumbered, 'section 79F'—	$\frac{1}{2}$
	omit, insert—	3
	'section 79VJ'.	4
Pet	roleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004	5
1	Sections 272(2) and 276(4), 'chapter 5, part 5'—	6
	omit, insert—	7
	'chapter 5, part 5, division 1'.	8
2	Sections 279(3) and 293(3), 'Chapter 5, parts 2, 3 and 5'—	9
	omit, insert—	10
	'Chapter 5, part 5, division 1 and parts 2 and 3'.	11
3	Chapter 5, part 2, divisions 3 to 6—	12
	renumber as divisions 2 to 5.	13
4	Chapter 5, part 3, division 1, subdivision 3, heading—	14
	omit.	15
5	Sections 519 to 525—	16
	<i>relocate</i> and <i>renumber</i> in chapter 5, part 5, division 2 as inserted under this Act, as sections 537F to 537L.	17 18
6	Section 537F(3)(b), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 525'—	19 20
	omit, insert—	21
	'section 537L'.	22

7	Section 537J(3), as relocated and renumbered, 'Sections 521 and 522'—	1 2
	omit, insert—	3
	'Sections 537H and 537I'.	4
8	Section 537J(5)(c), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 522(1)'—	5 6
	omit, insert—	7
	'section 537I(1)'.	8
9	Section 537L(2), as relocated and renumbered, 'section 523'—	9 10
	omit, insert—	11
	'section 537J'.	12
10	Schedule 2, definition <i>mining lease</i> , 'schedule'—	13
	omit, insert—	14
	'schedule 2'.	15
Wild	d Rivers Act 2005	16
1	Section 31(3), definition mining claim, 'schedule'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'schedule 2'	10

Part	3 Amendments of this Act	1
1	Long title, from ', to amend this Act,'— omit.	2 3
2	Section 10, 'schedule 3'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'schedule 2'.	6
3	Schedule 3—	7
	renumber as schedule 2.	8
Part	4 Other amendments	9
Abor	iginal Land Act 1991	10
1	Section 41(5), definition relevant purpose—	11
	insert—	12
	'(d) the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	13
2	Section 78(5), definition relevant purpose—	14
	insert—	15
	'(d) the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	16
3	Section 88(1), 'or the <i>Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004</i> '—	17 18
	omit insert—	10

			oleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004 or ermal Energy Act 2010'.	1 2
4	Section	131(1)(a) and (4)(a)—	3
	omit	inser	<i>t</i> —	4
	'(a)	the in	nterest is a—	5
		(i)	mining interest; or	6
		(ii)	geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> ; or	7 8
		(iii)	GHG authority under the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage</i> Act 2009; or'.	9 10
5	Schedul	e, de	finition <i>interest</i> , paragraph (e)—	11
	omit	inser	<i>t</i> —	12
	'(e)	_	othermal tenure under the Geothermal Energy Act 0; and	13 14
	(f)	a GH 2009	IG authority under the <i>Greenhouse Gas Storage Act</i> 2	15 16
Coa	stal Prote	ectio	on and Management Act 1995	17
1	Schedul	e, de	finition <i>interest</i> —	18
	insei	't		19
	'(d)		eothermal production lease granted under the hermal Energy Act 2010.'.	20 21

Dar	ngerous Goods Safety Management Act 2001	1
1	Section 3(1)—	2
	insert—	3
	'(g) land that, under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , is used to carry out geothermal production.'.	4 5
Enν	vironmental Protection Act 1994	6
1	Chapter 5A, part 5, division 5, heading, 'petroleum activities'—	7 8
	omit, insert—	9
	'other chapter 5A activities'.	10
2	Section 311Z, 'petroleum activities'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'geothermal activities or petroleum activities'.	13
3	Section 579(4)—	14
	insert—	15
	'(e) the Geothermal Act, section 253.'.	16

Fire	e and Rescue Service Act 1990	1
1	Section 95(1)(c), after entry for <i>Petroleum and Gas</i> (<i>Production and Safety</i>) <i>Act 2004</i> —	2 3
	insert—	4
	'◆ Geothermal Energy Act 2010'.	5
For	eign Ownership of Land Register Act 1988	6
1	Section 4(1), definition interest in land, paragraph (o), after 'Coal Mining Safety and Health Act 1999,'—	7 8
	insert—	9
	'the Geothermal Energy Act 2010,'.	10
For	estry Act 1959	11
1	Section 37(1), after 'Mining Acts'—	12
	insert—	13
	', a geothermal tenure under the Geothermal Act'.	14
2	Section 37(3) and (4), after 'Mining Acts'—	15
	insert—	16
	', the Geothermal Act'.	17
3	Section 39(1)(a), after 'Mining Acts'—	18
	insert—	19
	', the Geothermal Act'.	20

4	Section 44(2), after 'Mining Acts'—	1
	insert—	2
	', the Geothermal Act'.	3
5	Section 45(1)(f), after 'Mining Acts'—	4
	insert—	5
	', the Geothermal Act'.	6
6	Section 47, heading, 'forests'—	7
	omit, insert—	8
	'forest'.	9
7	Section 47(b), after 'Mining Acts'—	10
	insert—	11
	', the Geothermal Act'.	12
8	Section 53(1), after 'Mining Acts'—	13
	insert—	14
	', the Geothermal Act'.	15
9	Section 102(1)(f)—	16
	omit.	17
10	Schedule 3—	18
	insert—	19
	'Geothermal Act means the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	20

Gree	enhouse Gas Storage Act 2009	1
1	Chapter 1, part 3—	2
	insert—	3
'26A	What is a resource Act	4
	A resource Act is any of the following—	5
	• this Act;	6
	• the Geothermal Act;	7
	• the Mineral Resources Act;	8
	• the 1923 Act;	9
	• the P&G Act.'.	10
2	Chapter 4, heading—	11
	omit, insert—	12
'Ch	apter 4 Coordination with particular	13
	authorities under other	14
	resource Acts'.	15
3	Section 184(c)—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'(c) a geothermal permit.'.	18
4	Section 185, heading—	19
	omit, insert—	20
'185	Relationship with other resource Acts and overlapping resource authorities'.	21 22
5	Section 185, from 'another Act' to 'that Act'—	23
	omit insert—	24

	'another resource Act or an authority, tenement or tenure under a resource Act'.	1 2
6	Section 199, heading, 'overlapping authority'—	3
	omit, insert—	4
	'overlapping resource authority'.	5
7	Chapter 4, part 3, division 4, heading—	6
	omit, insert—	7
'Div	Resource management decision'.	8
8	Section 200(1)(a), 'other than a geothermal exploration permit'—	9 10
	omit.	11
9	Section 200(2), 'under another Act about the overlapping authority'—	12 13
	omit, insert—	14
	', under another resource Act'.	15
10	Section 212(d)—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'(d) the effect of the GHG lease on safe and efficient use of resources under any overlapping resource authority for the GHG lease if the overlapping resource authority is a lease;'.	18 19 20 21
11	Chapter 4, part 5, heading, 'another Act'—	22
	omit, insert—	23
	'resource Act'.	24

12	Sections 217(a) and 339(2), 'another Act'—	1
-	omit, insert—	2
	'a resource Act'.	3
13	Section 221(1), ', a mining lease or petroleum lease	4
	holder'—	5
	omit, insert—	6
	'a relevant lease holder'.	7
14	Section 221, 'GHG permit'—	8
	omit, insert—	9
	'GHG authority'.	10
15	Section 221(8), definition <i>parties</i> , paragraph (a), 'lease'—	11
	omit, insert—	12
	'relevant lease'.	13
16	Section 223(1)(a)(ii), 'geothermal exploration permit'—	14
	omit, insert—	15
	'geothermal permit'.	16
17	Section 231, heading, 'overlapping authority'—	17
	omit, insert—	18
	'overlapping resource authority'.	19
18	Section 231(4)(a), editor's note—	20
	omit.	21

19	Section 347(a)(i), 'to'—	1
	omit, insert—	2
	'as'.	3
20	Section 380(2)(d)(i)(A), 'chapter 4, part 5'—	4
	omit, insert—	5
	'chapter 5, part 5'.	6
21	Schedule 2, definition <i>area</i> , paragraph 2, from 'an authority' to 'the authority'—	7 8
	omit, insert—	9
	'an authority, tenement or tenure granted under another resource Act is its area as defined under that Act or the area to which the authority, tenement or tenure'.	10 11 12
Lan	d Act 1994	13
1	Section 20, heading, after 'mining interests'—	14
	insert—	15
	', geothermal tenures'.	16
2	Section 20(1) and (2), after 'mining interest'—	17
	insert—	18
	', geothermal tenure'.	19
3	Section 20(2)(b), after 'Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004'—	20 21
	insert—	22
	', the Geothermal Energy Act 2010'.	23

4	Section 20(3)—	1
	insert—	2
	'geothermal tenure means a geothermal tenure under the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	3 4
5	Section 43(8), definition relevant purpose—	5
	insert—	6
	'(d) the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	7
Lar	nd Court Act 2000	8
1	Section 32J(1)(b), entry for <i>Geothermal Exploration Act</i> 2004—	9 10
	omit.	11
2	Section 32J(1)(b)—	12
	insert—	13
	Geothermal Energy Act 2010	14
	• Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009'.	15
lor	ad Drotoction (Post and Stock Pouts Management)	1.0
	nd Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) 2002	16 17
1	Section 17(1)(b)—	18
	omit.	19

2	Section	17(1)(c) and (d)—	1
	reni	umber as section 17(1)(b) and (c).	2
3	Chapte	r 11, part 2, heading, after 'provisions'—	3
	inse	ert—	4
	'for	Act No. 12 of 2002'.	5
4	Chapter	r 11, after section 328—	6
	inse	ert—	7
'Part	3	Savings and transitional	8
		provisions for repeal of Act No.	9
		30 of 1987	10
'Divis	ion 1	Saving provision	11
'329	Saving	of operation of particular provisions	12
		ch of the following provisions is declared to be a law to ch the <i>Acts Interpretation Act 1954</i> , section 20A applies—	13 14
	(a)	the <i>Timber Utilisation and Marketing Act 1987</i> , section 43;	15 16
		Editor's note—	17
		section 43 (Damage upon seizure or removal) of that Act	18
	(b)	division 2.	19
'Divis	ion 2	Transitional provisions	20
'330	Definition	ons for div 2	21
	'In t	this division—	22
		ociated brand, for an existing authorisation, means a brand stered under section 22(1)(a)(ii) of the repealed Act for	23 24

		by a person to brand timber that is chemically treated or the authorisation.	1 2
	treati whet exec	ing approval means an approval of a preservative ment for timber under section 15 of the repealed Act, ther the approval was given on the TUMA chief utive's own volition or because of an application under on 16 of that Act.	3 4 5 6 7
	22(1)	ing authorisation means an authorisation under section $h(a)(i)$ of the repealed Act to chemically treat timber g a preservative treatment for which there is an existing oval.	8 9 10 11
	_	ervative treatment means a preservative treatment under on 6 of the repealed Act.	12 13
	-	aled Act means the repealed Timber Utilisation and keting Act 1987.	14 15
	Note-	_	16
		e repealed Act was repealed under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , tion 380.	17 18
		AA chief executive means the chief executive of the rement in which the repealed Act was administered.	19 20
331	Applicat	ion of div 2	21
	'This	s division applies if—	22
	(a)	an existing approval for a preservative treatment was in force immediately before the repeal of the repealed Act; and	23 24 25
	(b)	an existing authorisation had been granted to a person to use the preservative treatment; and	26 27
	(c)	the existing authorisation and registration of the associated brand were in force immediately before the repeal of the repealed Act; and	28 29 30
	(d)	the person to whom the existing authorisation was granted is not—	31 32

			(i)	a registered operator under the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> for carrying out chemical treatment of timber to which the authorisation relates; or	1 2 3 4
			(ii)	acting under a registration certificate under that Act for carrying out the treatment.	5 6
'332	Exi	sting a	appı	roval continues	7
	'(1)			ng approval continues in force until 31 July 2011 sooner cancelled.	8 9
	'(2)		led A	section, sections 17(1) and 18(a) and (b) of the Act continue to apply as if the repealed Act had not aled.	10 11 12
		Editor'	's not	2 <u>—</u>	13
				7 (Cancellation of approval) and 18 (Notice of cancellation to of the repealed Act	14 15
'333	Exi	sting a	auth	orisation and registration continue	16
	'(1)			ng authorisation and registration of the associated tinue in force until 31 July 2011 unless—	17 18
			the a	authorisation and registration are sooner cancelled;	19 20
				existing approval for the preservative treatment to the authorisation relates is sooner cancelled.	21 22
	'(2)	under subse	sec ction	if registration of an associated brand is suspended ation 24 of the repealed Act as applied under a (3)(a)(i), the registration is suspended during the the suspension under the applied section.	23 24 25 26
	'(3)			ection, the following provisions continue to apply as aled Act had not been repealed—	27 28
		(a)	the f	following provisions of the repealed Act—	29
			(i)	section 24, other than subsection (1)(b);	30
			(ii)	section 28(a) and (d), to the extent it relates to a brand registered under section 22(1)(a) of that Act:	31

		(iii) section 29, other than subsection (1)(e) and (f);	1
		(iv) sections 30 and 32;	2
		(v) section 36(2), (5), (6), (6A), (7), (8), (9) and (12);	3
		(vi) sections 38, 39, 40, 41, 44(1), 49 and 53(1) and (3);	4
		(vii) section 6, to the extent it contains definitions relevant to the provisions mentioned in subparagraphs (i) to (vi);	5 6 7
	(b)	the repealed <i>Timber Utilisation and Marketing Regulation 1998</i> , section 10 and schedule 4.	8 9
	Edito	r's note—	10
	•	section 24 (Cancellation of authorisation and cancellation or suspension of registration) of the repealed Act	11 12
	•	sections 28 (Use of registered brands), 29 (Sale of preservative-treated timber), 30 (Certain timber not to be removed from preservative treatment plant) and 32 (Exceptions to the provisions of ss 30 and 31) of the repealed Act	13 14 15 16
	•	sections 36 (Implied conditions), 38 (Powers of forest officers), 39 (Entry into dwelling house), 40 (Forest officer may require name and address), 41 (Obstruction of forest officer etc.), 44 (Offences), 49 (Sale of untreated timber branded with H level) and 53 (Regulation making power) of the repealed Act	17 18 19 20 21
	•	repealed <i>Timber Utilisation and Marketing Regulation 1998</i> , section 10 (Assignable H levels and conditions—Act, s 53(3)) and schedule 4 (H levels and conditions)'.	22 23 24
5	Schedul	le 3, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph (a)(vi) to (viii)—	25
	renu	mber as paragraph (a)(vii) to (ix).	26
6		le 3, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph (a)—	27
	inse		28
		'(vii)for land subject to a geothermal production lease under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> —the holder of the lease; or'.	29 30 31

Loc	eal Government Act 2009	1
1	Schedule 4, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph (a)(viii)—	2
	omit, insert—	3
	'(viii)a lessee of land under any of the following Acts—	4
	• the Geothermal Energy Act 2010	5
	• the Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009	6
	• the Petroleum Act 1923	7
	• the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004; or'.	8 9
Nat	ure Conservation Act 1992	10
1	Section 27, heading, after 'mining'—	11
	insert—	12
	', geothermal activities'.	13
2	Section 27(1), after 'mining interest'—	14
	insert—	15
	', geothermal tenure'.	16
3	Section 45(2)(a), after 'mining interest'—	17
	insert—	18
	', geothermal tenure'.	19
4	Section 45(2)(a), 'or GHG authority holder'—	20
	omit, insert—	21
	'or authority holder'.	22

5	Section 70QA, heading, after 'mining'—	1
	insert—	2
	', geothermal activities'.	3
6	Section 70QA, after 'section 27'—	4
	insert—	5
	', a geothermal tenure'.	6
7	Schedule—	7
	insert—	8
	'geothermal tenure see the Geothermal Energy Act 2010, section 19(2).'.	9 10
8	Schedule, definition interest, after 'mining interest'—	11
	insert—	12
	', geothermal tenure'.	13
9	Schedule, definition <i>State land</i> , paragraph (d), after 'mining interest'—	14 15
	insert—	16
	', geothermal tenure'.	17
Pet	roleum Act 1923	18
1	Section 75W(6)(a)(ii), 'geothermal exploration permit'—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	'geothermal tenure'	21

2	Section 80U((2)(e)	(i)—	1		
	omit, inse	omit, insert—				
	'(i)	unde	ot an authorised activity for the tenure or that, er any of the following, can not be carried out ne land—	3 4 5		
		(A)	the Geothermal Act, chapter 5;	6		
		(B)	the GHG storage Act, chapter 4;	7		
		(C)	the Mineral Resources Act, section 3A or part 7AAC; and'.	8 9		
Peti	roleum and G	ias (Production and Safety) Act 2004	10		
1			efinition resource Acts, dot points for oration Act 2004 and Geothermal Energy	11 12 13		
	omit, inse	rt—		14		
	'• Geothe	rmal A	Act'.	15		
2	Section 294(6)(a)((ii), 'geothermal exploration permit'—	16		
	omit, inse	omit, insert—				
	'geothermal tenure'.			18		
3	Section 791(2)(d)((i)—	19		
	omit, inse	omit, insert—				
	'(i)	that,	ot an authorised activity for the authority or under any of the following, can not be carried on the land—	21 22 23		
		(A)	the Geothermal Act, chapter 5;	24		
		(B)	the GHG storage Act, chapter 4;	25		

	(C) the Mineral Resources Act, section 3A or part 7AAC; and'.	1 2
Qu	nsland Heritage Act 1992	3
1	Schedule, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph 1, after second occurring paragraph (d)—	4 5
	insert—	6
	'(da) for land in the area of a geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> —the person who holds the tenure; or'.	
2	Schedule, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph 1(d), first occurring, to paragraph (g)—	10 11
	renumber as paragraphs (c) to (h).	12
3	Schedule, definition <i>owner</i> , paragraph 1(c) as renumbered, '.'—	13 14
	omit, insert—	15
	'; or'.	16
Sta Act	Development and Public Works Organisation	17
ACI	97 i	18
1	Section 26(7)—	19
	omit, insert—	20
	(7) If the project involves a proposed geothermal production lease under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> , the coordinator-general must also give a copy of the gazette	22

		notice to the Minister for the time being administering that Act.'.	1 2
2	Sec	etion 35(4)(b), 'or 49E'—	3
		omit, insert—	4
		', 49E or 49G'.	5
3	Sec	etion 35I(2)(a), 'or 49E'—	6
		omit, insert—	7
		', 49E or 49G'.	8
4	Par	t 4—	9
		insert—	10
'Divi	sion	6C Relationship with Geothermal Energy Act 2010	11 12
'49F	App	olication of div 6C	13
		'This division applies if the project involves a proposed geothermal production lease under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> .	14 15 16
'49G		plication of coordinator-general's report to posed lease	17 18
	'(1)	The coordinator-general's report for the EIS for the project may state conditions for the proposed lease.	19 20
	'(2)	If conditions under subsection (1) are included in the report, the coordinator-general must give the Minister of the department in which the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> is administered a copy of the report.'.	21 22 23 24

Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003		1
1	Section 21(2)(b)—	2
	insert—	3
	'(vi) a geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act</i> 2010.'.	4 5
Sus	stainable Planning Act 2009	6
1	Section 632(4), after 'Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004'—	7 8
	insert—	9
	', the Geothermal Energy Act 2010'.	10
2	Section 642(2), after 'Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004'—	11 12
	insert—	13
	', the Geothermal Energy Act 2010'.	14
Tor	res Strait Islander Land Act 1991	15
1	Section 3, definition interest, paragraph (e)—	16
	omit, insert—	17
	'(e) a geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act</i> 2010; and'.	18 19

2	Section 38(5), definition relevant purpose—	1
	insert—	2
	(c) the Greenhouse Gas Storage Act 2009; or	3
	(d) the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	4
3	Section 85(1), 'or the <i>Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004</i> '—	5 6
	omit, insert—	7
	', the Petroleum and Gas (Production and Safety) Act 2004 or the Geothermal Energy Act 2010'.	8 9
4	Section 128(1)(a)(ii) and (3)(a)(ii)—	10
	omit, insert—	11
	'(ii) geothermal tenure under the <i>Geothermal Energy Act 2010</i> ; or'.	12 13
Valı	uation of Land Act 1944	14
1	Section 2—	15
	insert—	16
	'geothermal lease means a geothermal production lease under the Geothermal Energy Act 2010.'.	17 18
2	Section 7(2)(d), after 'occupier of a'—	19
	insert—	20
	'geothermal lease.'.	2.1

3	Section 26, heading—	1
'26	omit, insert— Valuation of geothermal, GHG and petroleum leases'.	2
4	Section 26(1), 'comprised in a petroleum lease or GHG lease shall be'—	4 5
	omit, insert—	6
	'in the area of a geothermal lease, GHG lease or petroleum lease is'.	7 8
5	Section 26(2), definition <i>yearly rent</i> —	9
	omit, insert—	10
	'yearly rent, for a geothermal lease, GHG lease or petroleum lease is the annual rent under the Act under which the lease is granted on the date at which all lands in the lease's area are required to be valued.'.	11 12 13 14
Whi	stleblowers Protection Act 1994	15
1	Schedule 2—	16
	insert—	17
	Geothermal Energy Act 2010	18
	• All provisions for which a contravention is an offence'.	19 20

Schedule 3 Dictionary

1

2

section 10

1923 Act see section 8(c).	3
1923 Act petroleum tenure see the 1923 Act, section 2.	4
access agreement see section 220(2).	5
access land, for a geothermal tenure, see section 219(3).	6
access rights see section 219(2).	7
advanced activity, for a provision about a geothermal tenure, means an authorised activity for the tenure other than a preliminary activity for the tenure.	8 9 10
Examples—	11
 levelling of drilling pads and digging sumps 	12
 earthworks associated with pipeline installation 	13
vegetation clear-felling	14
 constructing an exploration camp, concrete pad, sewage or water treatment facility or fuel dump 	15 16
 geophysical surveying with physical clearing 	17
 carrying out a seismic survey using explosives 	18
 constructing a track or access road 	19
 changing a fence line 	20
appeal period, for a decision, means the period provided for under section 330 for starting an appeal against the decision.	21 22
applicant, for chapter 5, part 3, see section 145(a).	23
application period, for a released area, see section 34(4).	24
appropriately qualified, for the performance of a function or exercise of a power, includes having the qualifications, experience and competence to perform the function or exercise the power.	25 26 27 28
annroved form means the form annroved under section 377	20

area	<u> </u>	1
1	The <i>area</i> , of a geothermal tenure, is the land to which the tenure is subject as recorded in the geothermal register.	2 3 4
2	The <i>area</i> of an authority, tenement or tenure granted under another resource Act is its area as defined under that Act or the area to which the authority, tenement or tenure is subject under that Act.	5 6 7 8
auth	orised activity, for a geothermal tenure, see section 22.	9
auth	orised person, for chapter 6, part 14, see section 299(2).	10
auth Act.	orised officer means an authorised officer under the P&G	11 12
	ority to prospect means an authority to prospect under the Act or the P&G Act.	13 14
bloci	k see section 26(1).	15
сара	bility criteria—	16
(a)	for a geothermal permit or proposed geothermal permit—see section 41(b); or	17 18
(b)	for a geothermal lease or proposed geothermal lease—see section 81(j).	19 20
	pensation agreement, for chapter 6, part 8, division 2, see on 258(1).	21 22
_	pensation application, for chapter 6, part 8, division 2, and application made under section 259(1).	23 24
comp	pensation liability—	25
(a)	for chapter 6, part 8, division 1—see section 246(2); or	26
(b)	for chapter 6, part 8, division 2—see section 257(2).	27
cond	litions, of a geothermal tenure, see section 20.	28
cond	duct and compensation agreement see section 247(1).	29
	duct and compensation agreement requirement see on 215(2).	30 31
cons	<i>truct</i> , a structure, includes placing the structure.	32

	<i>iction</i> includes a finding of guilt or the acceptance of a of guilty by a court, whether or not a conviction is rded.	1 2 3
	s, incurred by the State, includes the cost of services the e provides for itself.	4 5
geotl whic mate	gerous situation means a situation relating to a hermal activity, a GHG stream or petroleum or fuel gas in the han inspector reasonably believes an imminent risk of the brial harm to persons or property is likely if action is not in to avoid, eliminate or minimise the risk.	6 7 8 9 10
deali	<i>ing</i> , with a geothermal tenure, see section 272.	11
defei	rral agreement see section 216(c)(i).	12
deve	<i>lopment plan</i> , for a geothermal lease, see section 25(1).	13
deve	lopment plan criteria see section 91(2).	14
drill	includes to bore.	15
eligi	ble claimant, for compensation, see section 246(1).	16
eligi	ble person see section 23.	17
	r, a place, includes to exercise, in relation to the place, ss rights or the rights under section 372.	18 19
entry	y notice—	20
(a)	for chapter 6, part 5—see section 210(1); or	21
(b)	for chapter 6, part 6—see section 238(2)(b).	22
	ronmental Protection Act means the Environmental ection Act 1994.	23 24
excli	uded land—	25
(a)	for a particular geothermal tenure—means excluded land for the tenure decided under section 185; or	26 27
(b)	generally—means any excluded land mentioned in paragraph (a).	28 29
	utive officer, of a corporation, means a person who is erned with or takes part in its management, whether or	30 31

not the person is a director or the person's position is given the name of executive officer.	1 2
exempt heat pump production see section 15.	3
exploration authority (non-geothermal) see section 135.	4
fee includes tax.	5
<i>first authority</i> , for chapter 6, part 7, see section 242(1).	6
geothermal activity see section 18.	7
geothermal assessment criteria see section 146(1)(b).	8
geothermal coordination arrangement see section 137(4).	9
geothermal energy see section 11.	10
geothermal exploration see section 13.	11
geothermal exploration permit (also called a geothermal permit) see section 19(1)(a).	12 13
geothermal heat pump means a system for central heating or air conditioning that actively pumps heat to or from below ground of no more than 200m, using a fluid circulation medium.	14 15 16 17
Example of a fluid circulation medium—	18
water	19
Note—	20
Geothermal heat pumps are known by a variety of other names, including geoexchange heat pumps, earth-coupled heat pumps, earth energy heart pumps, ground-source heat pumps and water-source heat pumps.	21 22 23 24
geothermal lease means a geothermal production lease.	25
geothermal permit means a geothermal exploration permit.	26
geothermal producer see section 104(1).	27
geothermal production see section 14.	28
geothermal production lease (also called a geothermal lease) see section 19(1)(b).	29 30
<i>geothermal register</i> means the register the chief executive keeps under section 266.	31 32

geo	thermal resources see section 12.	1
_	thermal royalty means the geothermal royalty mentioned ection 104(1).	2 3
geo	thermal statement see section 146(1)(a).	4
geo	thermal tenure see section 19(2).	5
geo	thermal viability report see section 378(2)(a)(i).	6
geo	thermal well—	7
1	A <i>geothermal well</i> is a hole in the ground made or being made by drilling or any other means to carry out geothermal exploration or geothermal production.	8 9 10
2	A <i>geothermal well</i> includes the casing for the well and any of the following attached to the well—	11 12
	 the casing head 	13
	 a casing hanger or spool or tubing hanger 	14
	• flow control equipment up to and including the wing valves.	15 16
3	To remove any doubt, it is declared that a <i>geothermal</i> well does not include a seismic shot hole or shallow hole drilled to work out a geological structure.	17 18 19
GH	G means greenhouse gas.	20
GH	G authority see the GHG storage Act, section 18(3).	21
GH	G lease see the GHG storage Act, section 18(1)(b).	22
GH	G permit see the GHG storage Act, section 18(1)(a).	23
GH	G storage see the GHG storage Act, section 3(2).	24
GH	G storage Act see section 8(a).	25
GH	G stream see the GHG storage Act, section 12.	26
	der, of a geothermal tenure, means each person recorded as nolder in the geothermal register.	27 28
hole	der submissions see section 149(1).	29
ind	on and ant via hility assessment see section 378(2)(2)(ii)	20

	rmation notice, for a decision, means a notice stating the owing—	1 2
(a)	the decision, and the reasons for it;	3
(b)	the rights of appeal under this Act;	4
(c)	the period in which any appeal under this Act must be started;	5 6
(d)	how rights of appeal under this Act are to be exercised;	7
(e)	that a stay of a decision the subject of an appeal under this Act may be applied for under this Act.	8 9
initi	al development plan requirements see section 87.	10
initi	al work program requirements see section 45.	11
insp	ector means an inspector under the P&G Act.	12
land	includes—	13
(a)	land covered by Queensland waters; and	14
(b)	subterranean land.	15
land	access code see the P&G Act, section 24A.	16
prod	e-scale, for geothermal production, means geothermal luction that is of a large-scale as that term is affected by on 16.	17 18 19
later	development plan requirements see section 93.	20
later	work program requirements see section 51.	21
	e, for an application, means made at the place provided under section 356.	22 23
man 20(2	datory condition, of a geothermal tenure, see section ().	24 25
	datory provision, of the land access code, means a rision of that code that the code requires compliance with.	26 27
Min	eral Resources Act see section 8(b).	28
mini	imum negotiation period see section 250(2)(a).	29
mini	ing interest means—	30
(a)	a mining tenement under the Mineral Resources Act; or	31

(b)	a tenure held from the State under another Act about mining under which tenure the holder is authorised to carry out mining under the Mineral Resources Act or a related mineral or energy resources activity.	1 2 3 4
mini	ing lease see the Mineral Resources Act, schedule 2.	5
nego	otiation notice see section 249(1).	6
	compliance action means action of a type mentioned in on 314.	7 8
notic	ce means a written notice.	9
<i>notif</i> 234(fiable road use, for a geothermal tenure, see section 1).	10 11
осси	pier, of a place, means—	12
(a)	a person who has a right to occupy the place other than under a mining interest, petroleum authority, 1923 Act petroleum tenure, GHG authority or geothermal tenure; or	13 14 15 16
(b)	a person who has been given a right to occupy the place by a person mentioned in paragraph (a).	17 18
	land or another place, includes across, attached to, in, er or over the land or place.	19 20
oper	ating plant see the P&G Act, section 670.	21
oper	ator, of an operating plant, see the P&G Act, section 673.	22
over	lapping authority application period see section 155(2).	23
over	lapping authority priority see section 149(3)(b).	24
over	lapping resource authority see section 134.	25
own	er—	26
1	An <i>owner</i> , of land, means each person as follows in relation to the land—	27 28
	(a) for freehold land—a registered owner;	29
	(b) for land for which a person is, or will be on performing conditions, entitled to a deed of grant in fee simple—the person:	30 31 32

(c)	from the State—the purchaser;	1 2
(d)	for a public road—the public road authority for the road;	3 4
(e)	for land that is busway land, light rail land, rail corridor land or a cane railway or other railway—the public land authority for the land;	5 6 7
(f)	for required land under the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> , section 436—the chief executive of the department in which that Act is administered;	8 9 10 11
(g)	for a forest entitlement area, State forest or timber reserve under the <i>Forestry Act 1959</i> —the chief executive of the department in which that Act is administered;	12 13 14 15
(h)	for a conservation park or resources reserve under the <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i> (the <i>NCA</i>) for which there are trustees—	16 17 18
	(i) if, under the NCA, the park or reserve has trustees whose powers are not restricted—the trustees; or	19 20 21
	(ii) otherwise—the chief executive of the department in which the NCA is administered;	22 23 24
(i)	for DOGIT land under the <i>Aboriginal Land Act</i> 1991 or the <i>Torres Strait Islander Land Act</i> 1991—a trustee for the land;	25 26 27
(j)	for land held under a lease under the <i>Local Government (Aboriginal Lands) Act 1978</i> , section 3—a local government in whose area the land is situated;	28 29 30 31
(k)	for Torres Strait Islander land under the <i>Torres Strait Islander Land Act 1991</i> that is taken to be a reserve because of section 84(2) or 84(4)(b) of that Act—each grantee of the land:	32 33 34 35

(1)		and under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> for which there rustees—a trustee;	1 2
(m)	and (ransport land under the <i>Transport Planning Coordination Act 1994</i> —the chief executive of epartment in which that Act is administered;	3 4 5
(n)		and vested in the Minister administering the vation (General Provisions) Act 2006—that ster;	6 7 8
(0)	Com	land vested in the Queensland Housing mission or another Minister or a chief ative responsible for constructing public ings—the Minister administering the relevant	9 10 11 12 13
(p)	under than	and held from the State under another Act r an interest that is less than fee simple (other occupation rights under a permit under the Act 1994)—the person who holds the est;	14 15 16 17 18
(q)	for a	ny of the following land under the NCA—the	19 20
	(i)	a national park;	21
	(ii)	a national park (Aboriginal land);	22
	(iii)	a national park (scientific);	23
	(iv)	a national park (Torres Strait Islander land);	24
	(v)	a national park (recovery);	25
	(vi)	a forest reserve.	26
Also	, a mo	ortgagee of land is the owner of land if—	27
(a)	of the	nortgagee is acting as mortgagee in possession e land and has the exclusive management and rol of the land; or	28 29 30
(b)	mort	mortgagee or a person appointed by the gagee is in possession of the land and has the sive management and control of the land.	31 32 33

2

3	If land or another thing has more than 1 owner, a reference in this Act to the owner of the land or thing is a reference to each of its owners.	1 2 3
P&G	Act see section 4.	4
P&G	Act safety provisions see section 4(a).	5
parti	ies—	6
(a)	for chapter 6, part 8, division 1, subdivision 4, see section 250(1); or	7 8
(b)	for chapter 7, part 1, see section 307.	9
pena	alty relinquishment means a relinquishment that is—	10
(a)	made under a requirement under section 314(1)(b); and	11
(b)	more than the blocks or sub-blocks required to be relinquished under the relinquishment condition.	12 13
petro	pleum authority see the P&G Act, section 18(2).	14
_	pleum lease means a petroleum lease under the P&G Act lease under the 1923 Act.	15 16
_	pleum tenure means any authority to prospect or any pleum lease.	17 18
pipel	line licence see the P&G Act, section 18(1)(f).	19
place	e includes land.	20
_	<i>period</i> , for a development plan, means the period for the plan applies.	21 22
perm	ntial geothermal commercial area, for a geothermal nit, means an area declared under section 66 to be a nitial geothermal commercial area for the permit.	23 24 25
preli	minary activity—	26
1	Subject to paragraphs 2 to 4, a <i>preliminary activity</i> , for a provision about a geothermal tenure, means an authorised activity for the tenure that will have no impact, or only a minor impact, on the business activities of any owner or occupier of the land on which the activity is to be carried out. Examples—	27 28 29 30 31 32 33

	•	walking the area of the permit or licence	1
	•	driving along an existing road or track in the area	2
	•	taking soil or water samples	3
	•	drilling without constructing earthworks	4
	•	geophysical surveying without physical clearing	5
	•	aerial, electrical or environmental surveying	6
	•	seismic surveying without using explosives	7
	•	survey pegging	8
2	acti	authorised activity for the geothermal tenure ationed in paragraph 1 ceases to be a preliminary vity if it is carried out by or for the tenure holder for antinuous period of 6 months.	9 10 11 12
3	para resu	wever, if after the 6 month period mentioned in agraph 2 the authorised activity ceases and is med, on the resumption it becomes a preliminary vity.	13 14 15 16
4	The	following are not preliminary activities—	17
	(a)	an authorised activity carried out on land that—	18
		(i) is less than 100ha; and	19
		(ii) is being used for intensive farming or broadacre agriculture;	20 21
		Examples—	22
		 land used for dryland or irrigated cropping, plantation forestry or horticulture 	23 24
		 a dairy, cattle or sheep feedlot, piggery or poultry farm 	25 26
	(b)	an authorised activity carried out within 600m of a school or an occupied residence;	27 28
	(c)	an authorised activity that affects the lawful carrying out of an organic or bio-organic farming system.	29 30 31
priv	ate la	nd—	32
1	Priv	vate land is—	33

	(a)	freehold land; or	1
	(b)	an interest in land less than fee simple held from the State under another Act.	2 3
2		vever, land is not private land to the extent of an rest in any of the following relating to the land—	4 5
	(a)	a mining interest;	6
	(b)	a petroleum authority or 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	7 8
	(c)	a GHG authority;	9
	(d)	a geothermal tenure;	10
	(e)	an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	11 12
3		o, land owned by a public land authority is not ate land.	13 14
_		<i>n commencement day</i> , for a geothermal lease, see $2(5)(c)$.	15 16
prod	luctio	n testing see section 17.	17
		<i>period</i> , for a work program, means the period for program applies.	18 19
prop	osed	action see section 72(1)(a).	20
prop	osed	activities for—	21
(a)	a pr or	oposed initial work program—see section 47(1)(b);	22 23
(b)	-	roposed initial development program—see section (1)(a).	24 25
		, of a geothermal tenure, means a provision of the that term is affected by section 21.	26 27
publ	lic lan	ad means land other than—	28
(a)	priv	ate land; or	29
(b)		ne extent an interest in any of the following relates to land—	30 31

	(i) a mining interest;	1
	(ii) a petroleum authority or 1923 Act petroleum tenure;	2 3
	(iii) a GHG authority;	4
	(iv) a geothermal tenure;	5
	(v) an occupation right under a permit under the <i>Land Act</i> 1994.	6 7
pub	ic land authority means—	8
(a)	for a public road—the public road authority for the road; or	9 10
(b)	if a local government or other authority is, under an Act, charged with the control of the land—the local government or other authority; or	11 12 13
(c)	otherwise—the chief executive of the department administering the Act under which entry to the land is administered.	14 15 16
pub	ic road means an area of land that—	17
(a)	is open to or used by the public; and	18
(b)	is developed for or has as one of its main uses—	19
	(i) the driving or riding of motor vehicles; or	20
	(ii) pedestrian traffic; and	21
(c)	is controlled by a public road authority.	22
Exan	ples of an area of land that may be included in a road—	23
•	a bridge, culvert, ford, tunnel or viaduct	24
•	a pedestrian or bicycle path	25
pub	ic road authority, for a public road, means—	26
(a)	for a State-controlled road—the chief executive of the department in which the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act</i> 1994 is administered; or	27 28 29
(b)	for another public road—the local government having the control of the road	30 31

<i>publ</i> way	<i>lish</i> , a notice, means to publish it in any of the following s—	1 2
(a)	in a journal published by the department or under the Minister's authority;	3 4
(b)	in another publication the Minister considers appropriate;	5 6
(c)	on the department's website;	7
(d)	by placing it on a public notice board, established and maintained by the department at—	8 9
	(i) the department's head office; and	10
	(ii) other places the chief executive considers appropriate.	11 12
	onably believes means to believe on grounds that are onable in the circumstances.	13 14
	onably considers means to consider on grounds that are onable in the circumstances.	15 16
	onably satisfied means to be satisfied on grounds that are onable in the circumstances.	17 18
<i>regi</i> regis	stration, for a dealing, means recorded in the geothermal ster.	19 20
rele	ased area see section 34(3).	21
	want authority, for a geothermal coordination agement, see section 137(2).	22 23
prop auth issue prop	content environmental authority, for a geothermal tenure or cosed geothermal tenure, means the environmental cority required under the Environmental Protection Act and for all of the authorised activities for the tenure or cosed tenure that are environmentally relevant activities for that Act.	24 25 26 27 28 29
geot	thermal tenure or proposed geothermal tenure, means a lition of the relevant environmental authority for the re or proposed tenure.	30 31 32 33

<i>relevant land</i> , for a geothermal lease application, means the land the subject of the application.	1 2
<i>relevant lease</i> , for a geothermal lease application, see section 155(2).	3
relevant owner or occupier, for a provision about entry notices, means the owner or occupier to whom the entry notice is to be given, or would be given, other than for an exemption from the requirement to give an entry notice.	5 6 7 8
relevant Water Act authorisation, for a provision about a geothermal tenure or proposed geothermal tenure, means any authorisation required under the Water Act to take or interfere with water needed for activities carried out or proposed to be carried out under the tenure.	9 10 11 12 13
<i>relinquishment condition</i> , for a geothermal permit, is the relinquishment condition under section 109(1).	14 15
relinquishment notice see section 109(2)(a).	16
remedial powers see section 299(2).	17
report means a written report.	18
<i>required information</i> , for chapter 6, part 2, division 3, see section 194.	19 20
<i>required way</i> , for giving reports to the chief executive, see section 189(5).	21 22
resource Act see section 27.	23
resource management decision see section 151.	24
restricted area see section 33(1).	25
road use direction see section 236(1).	26
safety management plan see the P&G Act, schedule 2.	27
second authority, for chapter 6, part 7, see section 242(1).	28
security includes a bond, deposit of an amount as security, guarantee, indemnity or other surety, insurance, mortgage and undertaking.	29 30 31

rela	tices of the State has the same meaning that the term has in tion to the State of Queensland under the Copyright Act 8 (Cwlth), section 183(1).	1 2 3
share, of a geothermal tenure, means any interest held by a person as a holder of the tenure in all of the tenure's area.		4 5
Dev	cificant project means a project declared under the State elopment and Public Works Organisation Act 1971, ion 26, to be a significant project.	6 7 8
	e-controlled road see Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, edule 6.	9 10
	cture means anything built or constructed, whether or not ched to land.	11 12
sub-	<i>block</i> see section 26(2).	13
sublease, for chapter 6, part 11, means a sublease of a geothermal lease.		14 15
subi	mission means a written submission.	16
suri	render, for chapter 6, part 13, see section 295(2).	17
surrender application see section 295(1)(a).		18
thir	d party transfer, of a geothermal tenure, see section 274.	19
wai	ver of entry notice—	20
(a)	for chapter 6, part 5—means a waiver of entry notice mentioned in section 212 that complies with section 213(1); or	21 22 23
(b)	for chapter 6, part 6—see section 238(3).	24
Wat	er Act means the Water Act 2000.	25
wet geothermal production means geothermal production by the extraction of hot water from a subartesian basin.		26 27
wor	k program, for a geothermal permit, see section 24.	28
wor	k program criteria see section 49(2).	29

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